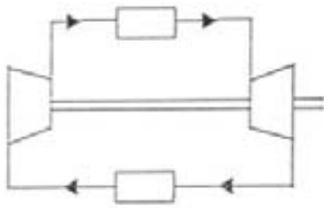


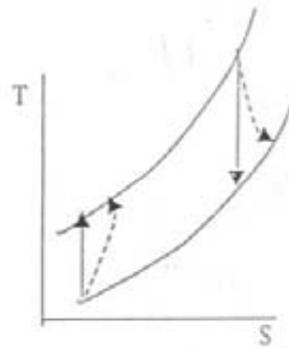
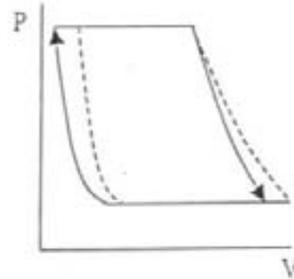


**(SI)**

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**(151)**



**(307)**

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(257)

(151)

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. 2000/10/11 847

" " . 2000/10/16  
. 2000/10/30 609 /

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**2003-**

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II	.....	
X	.....	
XI	.....	

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**(25-1)**

1	.....	-1.1
1	.....	-1.2
9	.....	
10	.....	-1.3
18	.....	
20	.....	-1.4
21	.....	-1.5
21	.....	-1.5.1
21	.....	-1.5.2
22	.....	-1.6
23	.....	-1.7
23	.....	-1.8
25	.....	-1.9

**.2**

**( 44- 26 )**

26	.....	-2.1
27	.....	-2.2
27	.....	-2.3
28	.....	-2.4
30	.....	-2.5
32	.....	
33	.....	-2.6
33	.....	-2.7
34	.....	-2.8

35	.....	-2.8.1
35	.....	-2.8.2
39	.....	

**(71 -45)**

45	.....	-3.1
45	.....	-3.2
46	.....	-3.2.1
49	.....	-3.2.2
49	.....	-3.3
52	.....	-3.4
52	.....	- 3.4.1
53	.....	-3.4.2
54	.....	-3.4.3
57	.....	-3.5
57	.....	-3.5.1
58	.....	-3.5.2
59	.....	-3.5.3
61	.....	-3.5.4
61	.....	-3.5.5
63	.....	-3.6
64	.....	-3.7
67	.....	

**.4**

**(84-72)**

72	.....	-4.1
74	.....	-4.2
75	.....	-4.3
77	.....	-4.4
78	.....	-4.5
80	.....	-4.6

81 .....	-4.7
82 .....	

**.5**

**(159-85)**

85 .....	-5.1
85 .....	-5.2
86 .....	-5.3
88 .....	-5.4
89 .....	-5.5
90 .....	-5.6
91 .....	-5.7
92 .....	
98 ..... (            )	-5.8
99 .....	-5.9
99 .....	-5.9.1
100 .....	-5.9.2
101 .....	-5.9.3
101 .....	-5.9.4
106 .....	-5.9.5
111 .....	

**.6**

**(216-160)**

160 .....	-6.1
160 .....	-6.2
161 .....	-6.2.1
161 .....	-6.2.2
163 .....	-6.3
165 .....	-6.4
165 .....	-6.4.1
167 .....	-6.4.2
168 .....	-6.4.3

172	.....	-6.4.4
173	..... ( ) ( )	-6.4.5
175	..... ( )	-6.4.6
179	.....	-6.4.7
179	.....	-6.4.8
185	.....	

**.7**

**(239-217)**

217	.....	-7.1
218	.....	-2.7
219	.....	-7.3
221	.....	-7.4
222	.....	-7.5
224	.....	-7.6
225	..... ( )	-7.7
226	.....	-7.8
227	.....	-7.9
229	.....	-7.10
230	..... ( )	-7.11
232	.....	

**.8**

**(276-240)**

240	.....	-8.1
240	.....	-8.2
242	.....	-8.3
243	.....	-8.4
245	.....	-8.5
246	.....	-8.6
247	.....	

.9

(324-277)

277	.....	-9.1
277	..... (T-S) -	-9.2
280	.....	-9.3
281	.....	-9.4
283	.....	-9.5
284	.....	-9.6
287	.....	
294	.....	-9.7
299	..... (T-S)	-9.8
300	.....	

.10

(370-325)

325	.....	-10.1
325	..... ( )	-10.2
325	..... ( )	10.3
326	.....	-10.4
327	.....	-10.5
327	.....	-10.6
328	.....	-10.7
328	.....	-10.8
329	..... ( )	-10.9
330	.....	-10.10
331	..... ( )	-10.11
333	..... ( )	-10.12
333	.....	-10.13
334	.....	
335	.....	-10.14
336	..... ( )	-10.15

337	.....	-10.16
338	.....	-10.17
339	.....	-10.18
340	.....	
371	.....	

# Introduction to Thermodynamics

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(Joule)

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		SI	BU
A	Area	$m^2$	$ft^2$
a	Acceleration	$m/s^2$	$ft/sec.^2$
C	Velocity	$m/s$	$ft/sec.$
C	Specific heat	$J/kg.k$	$Btu/lbm.$
D	Diameter	$m$	$ft$
E	Energy	$J=N.m$	$Ft.lb,Btu$
F	Force	$N=kg.m/s^2$	$Lb_f=slug.ft/sec^2$
g	Local acceleration of gravity	$m/s^2$	$ft/sec^2$
H	Enthalpy	$kJ$	$Btu$
h	Specific enthalpy	$kJ/kg$	$Btu/lbm$
J	Mechanical equivalent of heat	$kcal=427kg.m$	$778,2ft.lbf/Btu$
M	Molecular weight	$kg/kg.mol$	$Lbm/lbm.mole$
m	Mass	$kg$	$Slug,lbm$
$\dot{m}$	Mass flow rate	$kg/s$	$Slug/sec,lbm/sec.$
N	Mole		
n	Polytropic index		
P	Pressure	$Pa = N/m^2$	$Lb_f/in^2=psi$
P	Power	$W = J/s$	$Ft.lb/s,h.p$
Q	Heat	$kJ$	$Btu$
$\dot{Q}$	Heat rate	$kJ/s = kW$	$Btu/sec.$
q	Heat per unit	$kJ/kg$	$Btu/Lbm$

(System International) (SI)

(English) (British units) (Bu)

R	Gas Constant		$\text{kJ}/\text{kg}\cdot\text{K}$	Btu/ Lb. F
$\bar{R}$	Universal Gas Constant		$8.314\text{kJ}/\text{kmol}\cdot\text{K}$	1545 ft.lbf/mole.R
S	Entropy		$\text{kJ} / \text{K}$	Btu /F
s	Specific Entropy		$\text{kJ} / \text{kg} \cdot \text{k}$	Btu/Lbm.ft
T	Absolute Temperature		K	F
T	Torque		N.m	Lbf . Ft
U	Internal Energy		kJ	Btu
u	Specific Internal E .		$\text{kJ} / \text{kg}$	Btu / Lbm
V	Volume		$\text{m}^3$ , Liter	$\text{Ft}^3$
W	Work		$\text{J} = \text{N}\cdot\text{m}$	Ft . Lb
$\dot{W}$	Work Rate		$\text{kJ}/\text{s} = \text{kW}$	Lbf . Ft/s
w	Work per Unit mass		$\text{kJ}/\text{kg}$	Btu / Lbm
X	Displacement.		m	Ft
Z	Hight		m	Ft

:

$\alpha$	Alpha	$\phi$	Function , ph
$\beta$	Beta	$\pi$	( )
$\gamma$	Gamma, Ratio of Specific heat	d	Differential,(derivative) ( )
$\Delta$	Delta	$\theta$	Theta
$\eta$	Efficiency , Etta	$\int$	Integration
$\rho$	Density , Rho	$\Sigma$	Sigma , Summation

# Introduction to Thermodynamics

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(Fluid) .2

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(Joule)

**Dimensions, Units & Symbols**

-(1.1)

(Properties)

(Units)

(1.1)

(1.1)

<b>SI</b>			<b>( )</b>	
s	s		t	
$10^{-3} \text{ m}^3$	L		V	
kg	kg		m	
$\text{kg.m/s}^2$	N		F	
$\text{N/m}^2$	Pa		P	
N.m	J		E	
J/s	W		P	
N.m	J		W	
N.m	J		Q	

**International System of Units**

-(1.2)

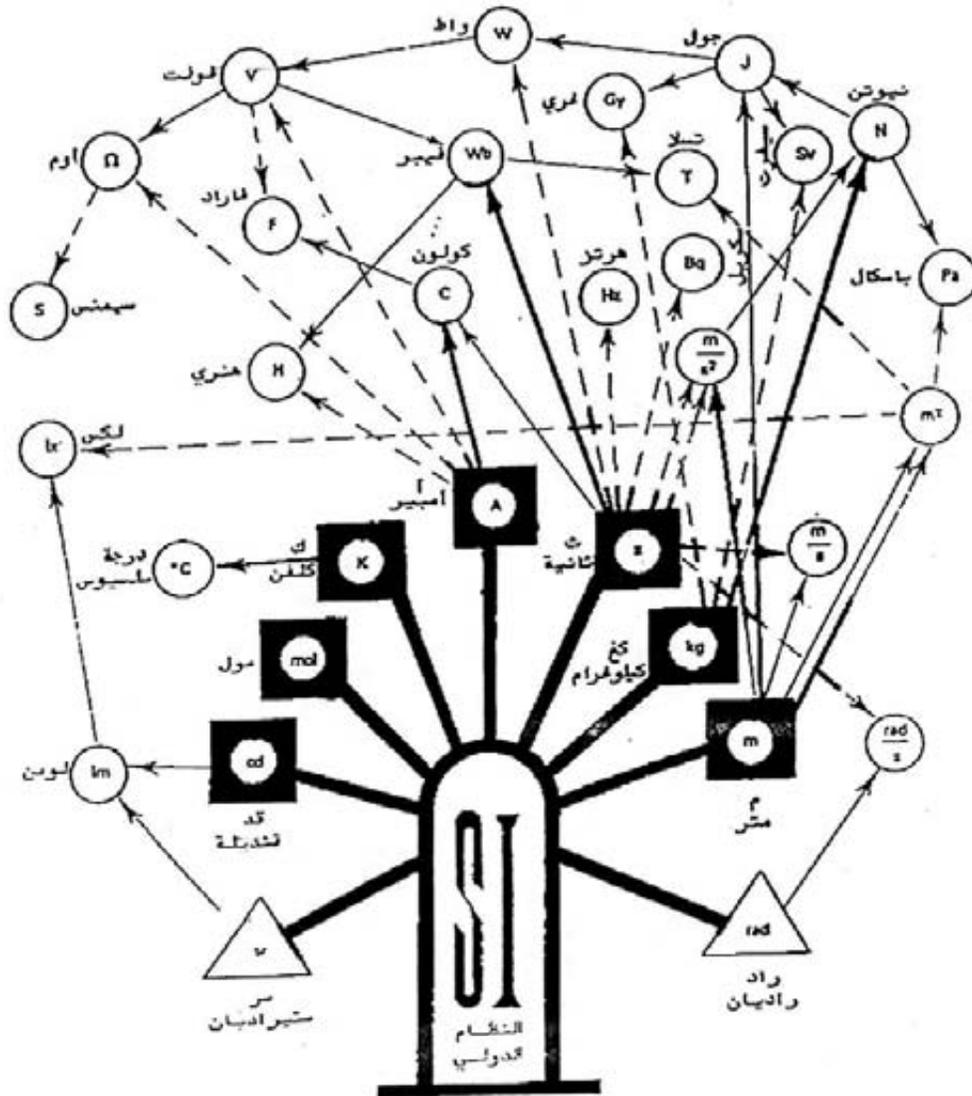
(1960)

(SI)

(1)

(1.2)

	Quantity		Units			
			SI		English	
<b>A</b>						
1.	Length	L	meter	m	foot	ft
2.	Mass	m	Kilogram	kg	Slug or pound	Lbm
3.	Time	t	second	S	second	sec.
4.	Electric current	I	ampere	A	Ampere	A
5.	Absolute Temperature	T	Kelvin	K	RanKine	°R
6.	Amount of substance			kg-mole	Pound-mole	Lbm-mole
7.	Luminous intensity  ( )		candela	Cd	Candela	Cd
<b>B</b>						
1.	Plane angle		radian	Rad	Radian	Rad
2.	Solid angle		steradian	Sr	Steradian	Sr



Bases Unit	وحدات أساسية	
Derived Unit	وحدات مشتقة	
Supplementary Units	وحدات مكملية	
Multiplication	ضرب	
Division	تقسيم	

تتبع الوحدة المشتقة من الوحدات الواقعة في بداية الاسهم الواردة الى الوحدة المشتقة المحلية. وذلك بضرب الوحدات الواقعة في بداية الاسهم المتصلة. وتقسيم الناتج على الوحدات الواقعة في بداية السهم المتقطعة. مثلا: 1 واط = 1 جول/ثانية

-(1.1)

(3)

(7)

.(1.2)

.(1.3) (1.1)

(N = kg.m/s<sup>2</sup>)

(N)

.(m/s<sup>2</sup>)

(kg)

. ... (N.m)

. .... (Pa = N/m<sup>2</sup>)

(W = J/s)

(J = N.m)

.(British Units)

(SI)

(Lbm)

(Pound – mass)

.(kg.m)

(Kilogram – mass)

(N)

(SI)

.(Lbf)

(Pound – Force)

.(1.3)

(SI)

(1.4)

(1.3) (1.2)

.(1.5)

## (1.3)

Quantity		Dimensions	Units	
			SI	English
Area	A	$L^2$	$m^2$	$ft^2$
Volume	V	$L^3$	$m^3$	$ft^3$
Velocity	C	$L/t$	$m/s$	$ft/sec.$
Acceleration	a	$L/t^2$	$m/s^2$	$ft/sec^2$
Angular Velocity	$\omega$	$t^{-1}$	$s^{-1}$	$sec^{-1}$
Force	F	$m.L/t^2$	$kg.m/s^2$ = N (newton)	$slug.ft/sec^2$ = Lb (pound)
Density	$\rho$	$m/L^3$	$kg/m^3$	$Slug/ft^3$
Specific weight		$m/L^2.t^2$	$N/m^3$	$Lb/ft^3$
Frequency	$f$	$t^{-1}$	$s^{-1}$	$Sec^{-1}$
Pressure	P	$m/Lt^2$	$N/m^2$ = Pa (pascal)	$Lb/ft^2$
Energy, Work, Torque	E W T	$mL^2/t^2$	$N.m = J$ (Joule)	$Ft.Lb$
Heat rate, Power	$\dot{Q}$	$mL^2/t^3$	$J/s$ = W (watt)	$Btu/sec.$
Mass Flux	$\dot{m}$	$m/t$	$kg/s$	$Slug/sec.$
Flow rate	$\dot{V}$	$L^3/t$	$m^3/s$	$Ft^3/sec.$
Specific heat	C	$L^2/t^2.T$	$J/kg.K$	$Btu/slug.^{\circ}R$

(1.4)

Btu	British-Thermal Unit	h.p	Horse-Power
Cal	Calorie	in	Inch -
Ft	Foot	mi	Mile Statute
Ft.P	Foot-Pound	nmi	Mile Nautical -
Fath	Fatham	oz	Ounce

:

.(159 L) Barel  
. (35 L) Bushel  
Carat  
. (36.4 L) Chaldron  
. (128 ft<sup>3</sup>) Cord  
. ( ) Grain  
. (9.092 L) Peck  
Poundal (PdL) = Lb.ft/s<sup>2</sup>

## (1.5)

Quantity	Units		to Convert from		Conversion
	English (E.)	SI	E. to SI	SI to E	
	multiply by				
Area	in <sup>2</sup> ft <sup>2</sup> acre	cm <sup>2</sup> m <sup>2</sup> ha	6,452 0,093 0,405	0,1550 10,76 2,471	m <sup>2</sup> =1550 in <sup>2</sup> = 10.76 ft <sup>2</sup> = 1.2 yd <sup>2</sup> = 2.471.10 <sup>-4</sup> acres = 10 <sup>-4</sup> ha
Length	In Ft Mile	cm m km	2,54 0,305 1,609	0,394 3,281 0,622	m =1.05.10 <sup>-6</sup> = 5.4.10 <sup>-4</sup> nmi = 1.1 yd = 0.55 fath yd = 3 ft nmi = 1.85 km
Volume	in <sup>3</sup> ft <sup>3</sup> US gallon =	cm <sup>3</sup> m <sup>3</sup> m <sup>3</sup> L	16.387 0.028 0.004 3.785	0.061 35.32 264.2 0.264	m <sup>3</sup> = 10 <sup>3</sup> L=10 <sup>6</sup> cm <sup>3</sup> = 1.31 yd <sup>3</sup> = 4 barely L =10 <sup>3</sup> cm <sup>3</sup> =dcm <sup>3</sup> Br.gal. = 4.546 L
Mass	Lbm Slug	kg kg	0.454 14.59	2,205 0,069	kg = 35.274 Ounce = 10 <sup>-3</sup> Lbm = 16 Ounce Carat = 1/24 kg Grain = 0.065 g
Force	Lbf Kip(10 <sup>3</sup> Lb)	N N	4,448 4448	0,225	N = 10 <sup>5</sup> Dyn = 3.6 Ounce
Density	slug/ft <sup>3</sup>	kg/m <sup>3</sup>	515,4	1,94.10 <sup>-3</sup>	kg/m <sup>3</sup> =0.001 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Density	Lbf/ft <sup>3</sup>	N/m <sup>3</sup>		0.064	= 0.063 Lbm/ft <sup>3</sup> = 0.008 Lbm/US gal.
WorK, Energy, Heat	ft.Lb <sub>f</sub> BTU BTU therm	J kJ kWh kWh	1.356 1.054 0.0003 29.3	0.738 0.948 3413 0.034	J = 0.239 Cal. = 10 <sup>7</sup> dyn.cm = 10 <sup>7</sup> Eng. = 0.102 kg.m therm = 10 Btu = 105.5 MJ Btu = 0.252kcal Lb <sub>f</sub> .ft = 0.138 kg.m
Power	h.p	kw	0.746	1.341	W = 0.239 cal/s
Heat Rate	ft. Lbf/sec. BTU/hour	W W	1.356 0.293	0.738 3.414	= 0,057 BTU/min. metric h.p. = 0,736 kw 1Tref = 3kW=12000 BTU
Flow Rate	ft <sup>3</sup> /sec =	m <sup>3</sup> /s L/s	0.028 28.32	35.32 0.035	
Pressure	Lb <sub>f</sub> /in <sup>2</sup> Lb <sub>f</sub> /ft <sup>2</sup> Foot of H <sub>2</sub> O Inches of Hg	kPa kPa kPa kPa	6.895 0.048 2.983 3.374	0.145 20.89 0.335 0.296	kPa = 10.2 cm H <sub>2</sub> O = 4.015 in H <sub>2</sub> O = 0.75 cm Hg = 0.01 atm. = 10 <sup>-2</sup> bar

Quantity	Units		to Convert from		Conversion
	English (E.)	SI	E. to SI	SI to E	
	multiply by				
					Pa = 7.5 torr = 10 dyn/cm <sup>2</sup> atm. = 76 cm Hg = 1034 cm H <sub>2</sub> O torr = mm Hg = 1/760 atm. kg/cm <sup>2</sup> = 98100 Pa ≅ 0.1 MN/m <sup>2</sup>
Velocity	ft/sec. Mile/hr =	m/s m/s km/hr	0.305 0.447 1.609	3.281 2.237 0.622	m/s = 3.6 km/h = 6.2.10 <sup>-4</sup> mi/s = 1.944 nmi
Acceleration	ft/sec <sup>2</sup> .	m/s <sup>2</sup>	0.305	3.281	
Temperature	F	C	0.55 (F-32)	1.8°C-32	
	F	K	0.55 (F-460)	1.8K-460	
Torque	Lb <sub>f</sub> .ft	N.m	1.356	0.738	
	Lb <sub>f</sub> .in	N.m	0.113	8.85	
Viscosity, Kinematic, Viscosity	Lb <sub>f</sub> .sec/ft <sup>2</sup>	N.s/m <sup>2</sup>	47.88	0.021	
	Ft <sup>2</sup> /sec.	m <sup>2</sup> /s	0.093	10.76	
C	Btu/Lbm.R	kJ/kg.K			Btu/Lbm.R=4.2 kJ/kg.K
μ	Btu/Lbm	kJ/kg			Btu/Lbm=2.326 kJ/kg
υ	m <sup>3</sup> /kg	Ft <sup>3</sup> /slug			m <sup>3</sup> /kg=515.384 ft <sup>3</sup> /slug

(1.1)

-:

$$1 \text{ Lb}_f = 4.448 \text{ N} = 4.448 \times 10^{-3} \text{ kN}, 1 \text{ in} ( ) = 2.54 \text{ cm} = 0.0254 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{h.p} = 550 \text{ Lb}_f \cdot \text{ft/s}, 1 \text{ Lbm} = 0.454 \text{ kg}, 1 \text{ bar} = 10^5 \text{ N/m}^2$$

$$1 \text{ kW} = \text{kJ} / \text{s} = \text{kN} \cdot \text{m/s}, , 1 \text{ ft} ( ) = 12 \text{ in}$$

-:

1- bar  $\rightarrow$  PSI =  $\text{Lb}_f / \text{in}^2$

2- h.p  $\rightarrow$  kW =  $\text{kN} \cdot \text{m/s}$

3- KW  $\rightarrow$  h.p

4-  $\rho_{\text{Hg}} \rightarrow \text{Lb}_m / \text{in}^3$

5- kW h  $\rightarrow$  kJ

6- kW h  $\rightarrow$  kcal

$$1 - 1 \text{ bar} = 10^5 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{m}^2} = 10^5 \times \frac{\frac{1}{4.448} \text{ Lb}_f}{\left(\frac{1}{0.0254}\right)^2 \text{ in}^2} = 10^5 \times \frac{0.225 \text{ Lb}_f}{1550 \text{ in}^2} = 14.5 \text{ Lb}_f / \text{in}^2$$

$$2 - \text{h.p} = 550 \times \text{Lb}_f \times \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}} = 550 \times 4.448 \times 10^{-3} \text{ kN} \times 12 \times 0.0254 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}} = 0.74 \text{ kN} \cdot \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$$

$$3 - \text{k W} = \text{kN} \cdot \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}} = \frac{1}{4.448 \cdot 10^{-3}} \text{ Lb}_f \times \frac{1}{12 \times 0.0254} \text{ ft/s} = \frac{1000}{4.448} \text{ Lb}_f \times \frac{1}{0.3048} \text{ ft}$$
$$= 737.5 \text{ Lb}_f \times \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}}$$

$$4 - \rho_{\text{Hg}} = 13600 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3} = 13600 \times \frac{1}{0.454} \text{ Lb}_m \times \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{0.0254}\right)^3 \text{ in}^3}$$
$$= 13600 \times 2.2 \text{ Lb}_m \times \frac{1}{61023.744 \text{ in}^3} = 0.49 \text{ Lb}_m / \text{in}^3$$

$$5 - \text{kWh} = \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{s}} \times \text{h} = \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{s}} \times 3600 \text{ S} = 3600 \text{ kJ}$$

$$6 - \text{kWh} = 3600 \text{ kJ} = 3600 \times \frac{1}{4.1868} = 859.845 \text{ kcal}$$

(9)

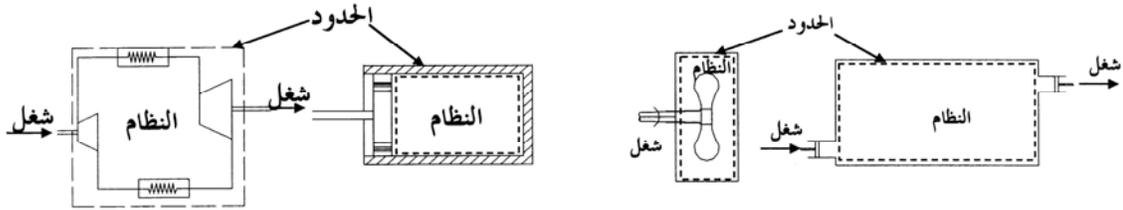
**Fundamental Concepts & Definitions**

- (1.3)

**Thermodynamic System**

- (1.3.1)

(envelope)



- (1.3)

(Boundary)

. (1.3)

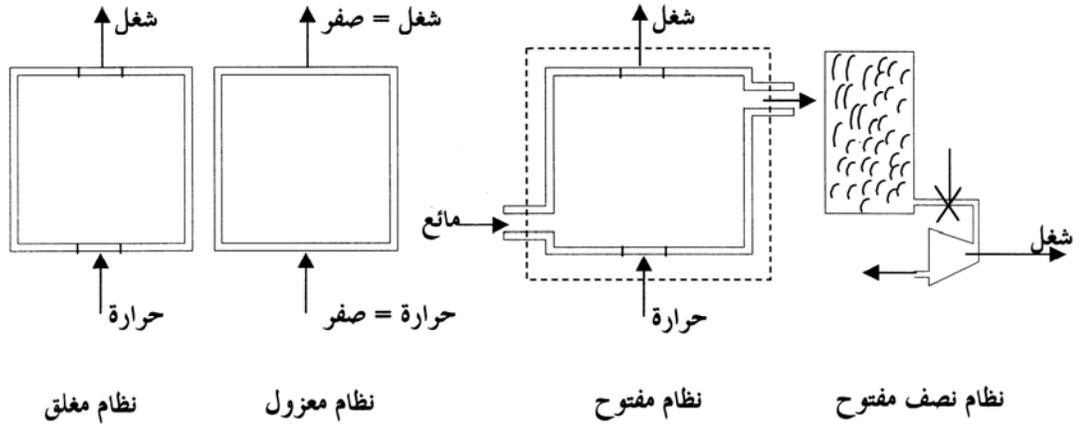
(Surroundings)

(Surroundings)

(1.4)

**Closed System ( )**

( )



-(1.4)

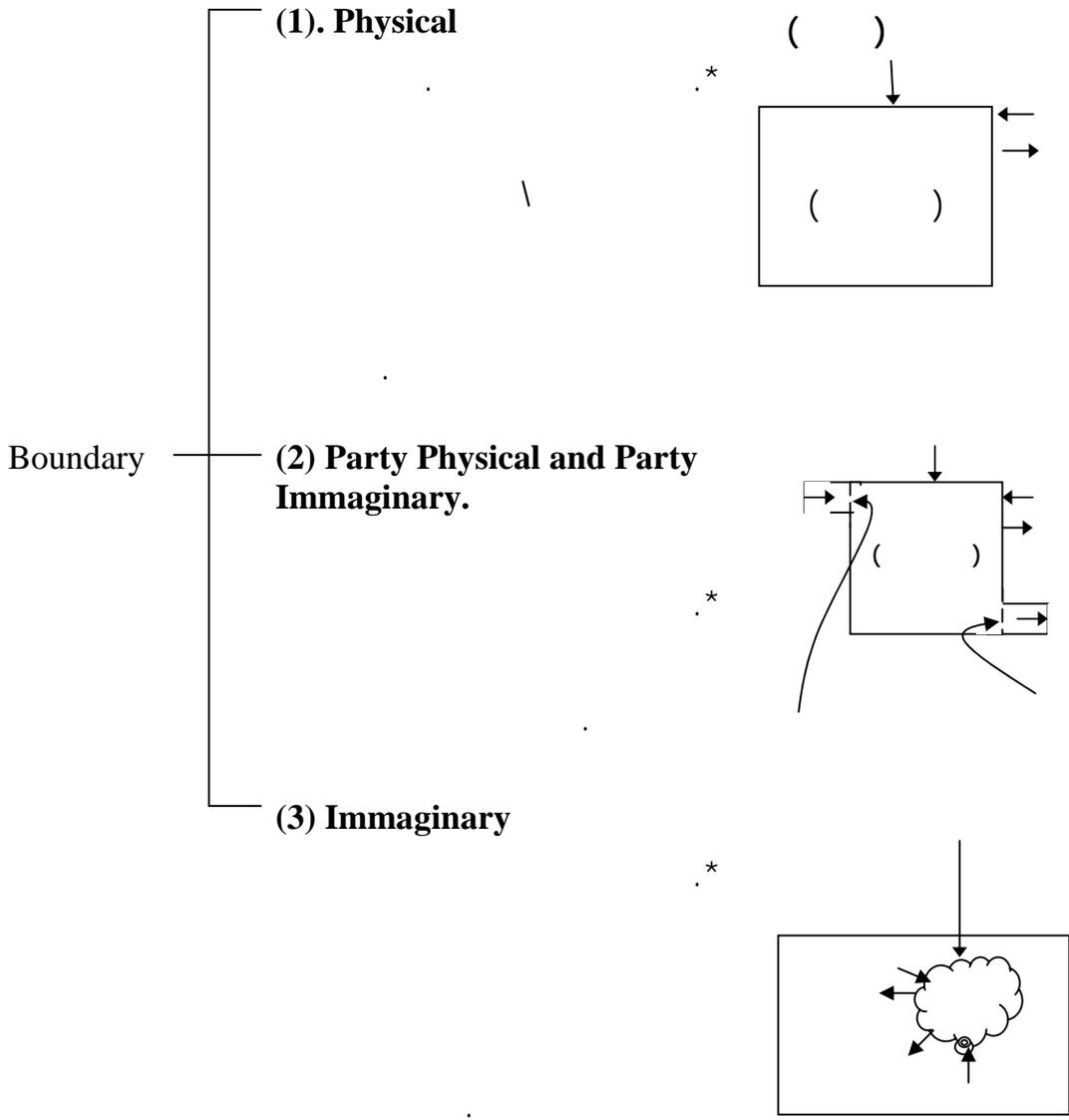
Isolated System -

Open System -

( )

(Total System)

( ... )



**Area** - (1.3.2)

(D)

(m<sup>2</sup>)

: (A)

$$A = \frac{\pi \times D^2}{4} \dots\dots\dots(1.1)$$

**(Volume)** - (1.3.3)

( )

(1 Liter = 1dm<sup>3</sup> = 10<sup>-3</sup> m<sup>3</sup>)

(m<sup>3</sup>)

(A( (L)

: (V)

$$V = A \times L \dots\dots\dots(1.2)$$

$$= m^2 \times m = m^3$$

: (v) (m) ( Specific Volume)

$$v = \frac{V}{m} \dots\dots\dots(1.3)$$

(Specific Gravity )

**Mass Density** - (1.3.4)

: (kg/m<sup>3</sup>) (ρ)

$$\rho = \frac{m}{V} = \frac{1}{v} \dots\dots\dots(1.4)$$

(13600kg/m<sup>3</sup>) (1000kg/m<sup>3</sup>)

**Velocity** **-(1.3.5)**

:

: .1

(s) (t) (m)

(L)

(C)

$$C = \frac{L}{t} \left( \frac{m}{s} \right) \dots\dots\dots(1.5)$$

: .2

**Acceleration** **-(1.3.6)**

: (m/s<sup>2</sup>) (a)

(C)

$$a = \frac{C}{t} = \frac{\frac{L}{t}}{t} = \frac{L}{t^2} \dots\dots\dots(1.6)$$

or

$$a_{aver} = \frac{C_2^2 - C_1^2}{t} \dots\dots\dots(1.7)$$

( )

**Force** **-(1.3.7)**

)

·((

:

)

$$: \quad \cdot(( \quad \cdot(1)$$

$$\cdot(2)$$

$$\cdot(3)$$

$$\cdot(F) \quad \cdot(4)$$

**Mass - (1.3.8)**

$$\cdot(kg) \quad (m)$$

$$(m) \quad (a) \quad (F)$$

:

$$m = \frac{F}{a} \Rightarrow \frac{N}{m/s^2} = \frac{kg \cdot m/s^2}{m/s^2} = kg \dots \dots \dots (1.8)$$

(SI)

(Inertia)

(aridum-Platinum )

(kg)

(Severs)

(Mg) (Megagramme)

: (t) (tonne)

$$1Mg=1t=10^3 kg=10^6g$$

**Acceleration du to gravity - (1.3.9)**

(g)

(9.88m/s<sup>2</sup>)

(9.832m/s<sup>2</sup>)

(9.78m/s<sup>2</sup>) (%5)

(9.81m/s<sup>2</sup>)

(Force Gravity)

(W)

: (m)

$$W = m \times g \dots\dots\dots(1.9)$$

**Weight**      **-(1.3.10)**

(g)

: (W)      (F)

$$F = W = m \times g \Rightarrow kg \times m/s^2 = N \dots\dots\dots(1.10)$$

(80kg)

.(80×9.81=784.8N)

(80kg)

**Momentum**      **-(1.3.11)**

( )

$$\text{Mometum} = m \times C \dots\dots\dots(1.11)$$

-      **-(1.3.12)**

·((      ))

:      (C<sub>2</sub>)      (C<sub>1</sub>)      (t)      (m)      (F)

$$\Delta\text{Momentum} = m(C_2 - C_1) \dots\dots\dots(1.12)$$

:

$$\Delta \text{Momentum} = \frac{m(C_2 - C_1)}{t} \dots\dots\dots(1.13)$$

:

$$F \propto \frac{m(C_2 - C_1)}{t} \dots\dots\dots(1.14)$$

$$\therefore \text{Acceleration (a)} = \frac{C_2 - C_1}{t}$$

$$\therefore F \propto ma \dots\dots\dots(1.15)$$

(F)

(1kg)

(N)

(SI)

: (1m/s<sup>2</sup>)

$$1N = 1kg \times 1m/s^2$$

(a)

(m)

(F)

: (m/s<sup>2</sup>)

$$F = m \times a \quad \left( kg \times \frac{m}{s^2} = N \right) \dots\dots\dots(1.16)$$

(1.1)

(0.67mm)

$$A = \frac{\pi \times D^2}{4} = \frac{3.14 \times (6.7)^2}{4} = 35.2 \text{ cm}^2$$

(1.2)

(90mm)

(67mm)

$$A = \frac{\pi \times D^2}{4} = \frac{3.14 \times (6.7)^2}{4} = 35.2 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$V = A \times L = 35.2 \times 9 = 316.8 \text{ cm}^3$$

(1.3)

(30)

(200mm)

(Sp)

$$Sp = \frac{L}{t} = \frac{0.2 \times 30}{1} = 6 \text{ m/s}$$

(1.4)

(5)

(3000m/min)

$$a = \frac{C}{t} = \frac{3000/60}{5} = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$$

(1.5)

(0.04kg)

(0.2 m/s<sup>2</sup>)

$$F = m \times a = 0.04 \times 0.2 = 0.008 \text{ N}$$

(1.6)

(9.81 m/s<sup>2</sup>)

(180N)

$$m = \frac{W}{g} = \frac{180}{9.81} = 18.35 \text{ kg}$$

(1.7)

( $\frac{1}{6}$ )

(60kg)

$$W = m \times g_{\text{moon}} = 60 \times \frac{9.81}{6} = 98 \text{ N}$$

(1.8)

$$\dots (72\text{km/h}) \quad (2t)$$

$$\text{Momentum} = m \times C = 2 \times 10^3 \times \frac{72 \times 10^3}{3600} = 40000 \text{kg} \cdot \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$$

(1.9)

$$\dots (20\text{s}) \quad (72\text{km/h}) \quad (27\text{km/h}) \quad \dots (2)$$

$$\dots ( \quad )$$

$$F = m \times a = m \times \frac{C_2 - C_1}{t} = 2000 \times \frac{\frac{72 \times 10^3}{3600} - \frac{27 \times 10^3}{3600}}{20} = 2000 \times \frac{20 - 7.5}{20} = 1.250 \text{kN}$$

$$(L) = \left( \frac{C_1 + C_2}{2} \right) \times t = \left( \frac{7.5 + 20}{2} \right) \times 20 = 275 \text{m}$$

$$W = F \times L = 1.25 \times 275 = 343.75 \text{kJ}$$

$$P = \frac{W}{t} = \frac{343.75}{20} = 17.187 \text{kW}$$

(1.10)

$$\dots (90\text{km/h}) \quad (1500\text{kg})$$

$$\dots (0.8)$$

$$(4) \quad (3) \quad (2) \quad (1)$$

$$(1) F = \mu W = \mu \times m \times g \\ = 0.8 \times 1500 \times 9.81 = 11.772 \text{kN}$$

$$(2) a = \frac{F}{m} \quad (F = ma) \\ = \frac{11772}{1500} = 7.848 \text{m/s}^2$$

$$(3) \eta = \frac{a}{g} \times 100 = \frac{7.848}{9.81} \times 100 = 80\%$$

$$(4) C_1 = \frac{90 \times 1000}{3600} = 25 \text{m/s}$$

$$C_2 = 0$$

$$a = -7.484 \text{m/s}^2$$

$$F = m \cdot a = \frac{m(C_2 - C_1)}{t}$$

$$\therefore t = \frac{C_2 - C_1}{a} = \frac{0 - 25}{-7.848} = 3.185 \text{s}$$

(19)

**Macroscopic & Microscopic Analysis**

**-(1.4)**

( )

:

: -1

: -2

: -3

: -4

:

-

-

:

-

-

**Thermodynamic Properties** -(1.5)

-:

(1) (T) (V) (P) -1  
-2

(Two Property Rule)

$$[V = \emptyset (P, T)] \quad ( \quad )$$

(T) (P) (T P)  
 (dP)<sup>(2)</sup> (T) (P)  
 : (2) (1)

$$\int_1^2 dP = P_2 - P_1 \quad \dots\dots (1.17)$$

**Independent & dependent Properties** 1.5.1

(Independent)  
 (T,P) (T,P)

(U) (H) (1)  
 (S)

( ) (dP) (2)

(Exact or Perfect Differential)

# Intensive & Extensive Properties

1.5.2

(Intensive)

(Extensive)

(v)

(V)

: (m)

$$v = \frac{V}{m} \dots\dots (1.18)$$

$$\rho = \frac{m}{V} = \frac{1}{V/m} = \frac{1}{v} \dots\dots (1.19)$$

(A)

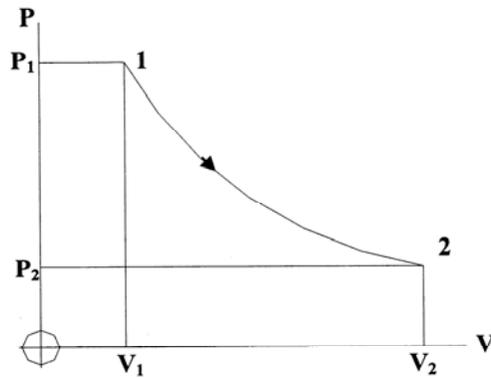
(F)

$$\left( P = \frac{F}{A} \right)$$

State Diagram

-(1.6)

(1.5)



-(1.5)

**State, Path Function** -(1.7)

(T V P)

(dT dV dP) (Exact Differential)

(V)

(V)

:

$$\left( \int_{V_1}^{V_2} dV \right)$$

(dV)

$$\int_{V_1}^{V_2} dV = \Delta V = V_2 - V_1 \dots\dots\dots(1.20)$$

(Q)

(W)

(dW dQ) (Inexact Differential)

(dW) (dQ)

:

$$\int_1^2 dQ = Q_{12} \text{ OR } Q$$

,

$$\int_1^2 dW = W_{12} \text{ OR } W \dots\dots\dots(1.21)$$

# Thermodynamic Equilibrium

-(1.8)

-:

-

-

:

-1

-2

( ) (C) (B) (A)

(C) (B) (A) (1.6-a) (1.6)

(A) (1.6-b) (B) (A)

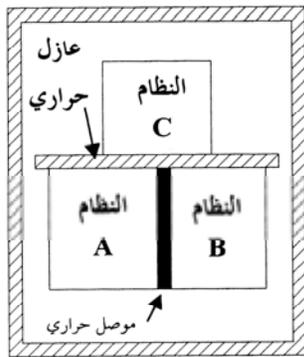
(B) (A) (C) (B)

(The Zeroth Law)

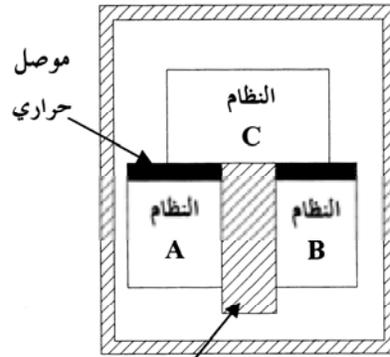
( . . )

" :

"



(b)



(a)

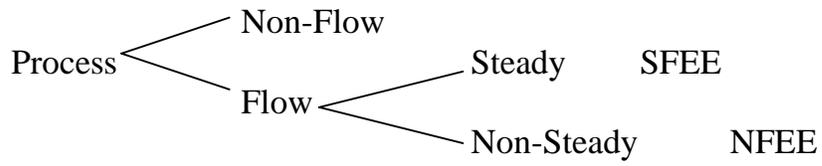
-(1.6)

**Process** -(1.9)

.....

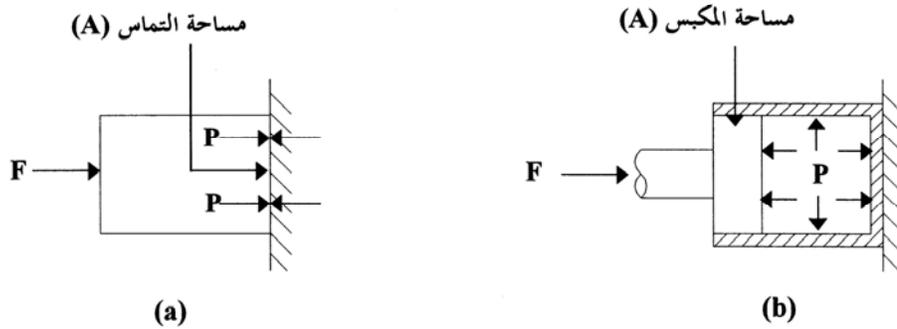
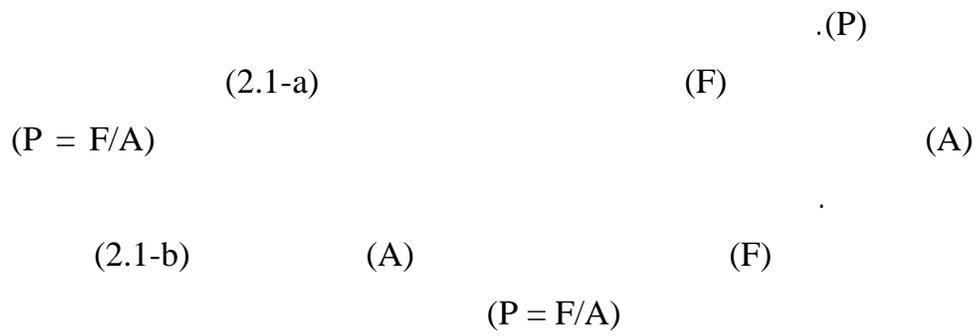
∴

(Non Flow)	-1
(Flow)	-2
⋮	
(Steady Flow)	-
(Non Steady Flow)	-
⋮	



-( 2.1)

## Mechanical Concept of Pressure



-(2.1)

(m<sup>2</sup>) (A) (N) (F)  
 (Pa) (SI) (N/m<sup>2</sup>) (P)  
 (Pascal)

-: (MPa) (kPa)

$$\text{MPa (MN/m}^2\text{)} = 10^3 \text{ kPa (kN/m}^2\text{)}$$

$$= 10^6 \text{ Pa (N/m}^2\text{)}$$

$$= 1\text{N/mm}^2$$

: (bar)

**hectobar = 10<sup>2</sup> bar**  
**= 10<sup>4</sup> kPa**  
**= 10<sup>7</sup> Pa**

(750mm)

\*( )

(in<sup>2</sup>)

(Lb)

: (atm.)

(PSI)

(Lb/in<sup>2</sup>)

$$1\text{atm.} = 14.7 \text{ PSI} \left( \frac{\text{Lb}}{\text{in}^2} \right)$$

-(2.2)

**Pressure due to a head of fluid**

(A)

(h)

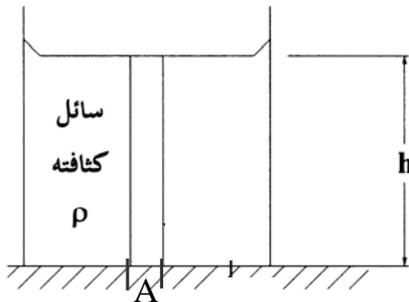
(ρ)

:

(V=A ×h)

(m=ρV)

(2.2)



-(2.2)

$$P = \frac{F}{A} = \frac{m \times g}{A} = \frac{\rho \times A \times h \times g}{A} = \rho \times g \times h \dots\dots\dots (2.1)$$

$$= \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3} \times \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} \times \text{m} = \frac{\text{N}}{\text{m}^2} = \text{Pa}$$

**Atmospheric Pressure**

-(2.3)

(SI)

(bar)

\*

.(Patm.)

(101.325 kN/m<sup>2</sup>)

(40 KN/m<sup>2</sup>)

:(standard)

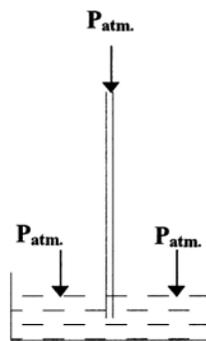
**Patm. = 760 mmHg**  
**= 14.7 Lb/in<sup>2</sup>**  
**= 1.013 bar**  
**= 1.01325 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>**

**The Barometer**

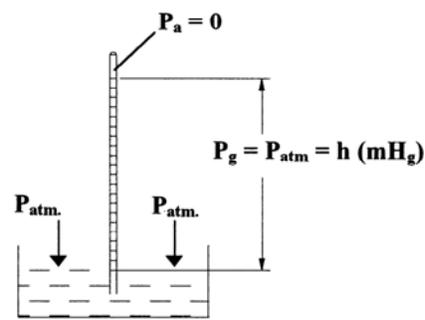
**-(2.4)**

) (1638)

(



(a)



(b)

**-(2.3)**

(1608 - 1644)

-:

(2.3)

(2.3-a) (Patm.)

(h)

(2.3-b) (Patm.)

: (13600kg/m<sup>3</sup>)

(h)

$$h = \frac{P_{atm.}}{\rho g} = \frac{101.3 \times 10^3}{13600 \times 9.81} = 0.76 \text{ mHg}$$

: (10<sup>3</sup> Kg/m<sup>3</sup>) (101.3kN/m<sup>2</sup>)

$$h = \frac{P}{\rho g} = \frac{101.3 \times 10^3}{10^3 \times 9.81} = 10.326 \text{ m H}_2\text{O}$$

(10.326m)

(13.6)

: ( $\frac{1}{13.6}$ )

$$h = \frac{10.326}{13.6} = 0.76 \text{ m}$$

(Hg)

(Pa)

(760 mmHg)

-: (h=mm)

$$\begin{aligned} P &= \rho g h = 13600 \times 9.81 \times \frac{h}{10^3} = 133.4 h \text{ (N/m}^2\text{)} \\ &= 133.4 \times 10^{-3} h \text{ (kN/m}^2\text{)} \\ &= 133.4 \times 10^{-6} h \text{ (MN/m}^2\text{)} \\ &= 133.4 \times 10^{-5} h \text{ (bar)} \end{aligned}$$

**The Manometer** -(2.5)

(U)

.(Absolute Press.. Pa)

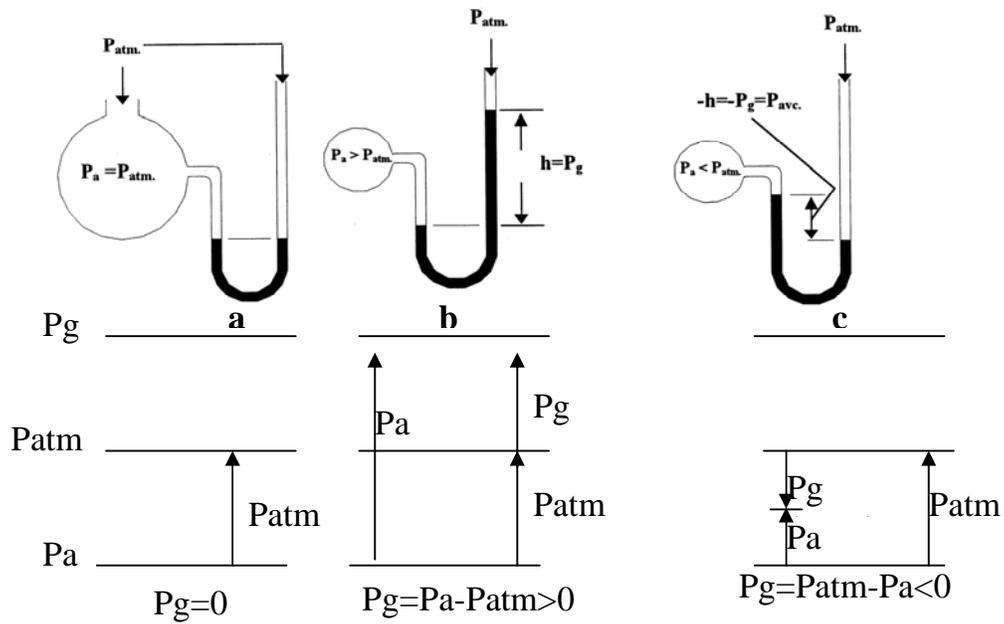
(50mm )

.(Inclined Manometer)

(250kPa)

.(250 kPa. Pa)

(Patm.)



-(2.4)

	(2.4-a)	(Pa = Patm.)	-1
(Gauge Pressure. Pg)			
		:	
<b>Pg = 0</b>	..... (2.2)		
	(2.4-b)	(Pa > Patm.)	-2
		(Pg) (+h)	
		:	
<b>Pg = Pa - Patm. &gt; 0</b>	..... (2.3)		
	(2.4-c)	(Pa < Patm.)	-3
	(Pvac.) (-Pg) (-h)		
	(Gauge Vacuum)		
		:	
<b>Pg = Patm. - Pa &lt; 0</b>	..... (2.4)		
(Pg)		(Pa)	
		:	(Patm.)

$$(127\text{kPa}) \quad -1$$

$$: \quad (740 \text{ mmHg})$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{Pa} &= \mathbf{Patm. + Pg} \\ &= (13600 \times 9.81 \times 0.74) \times 10^{-3} + 127 = 225.728 \text{ kPa} \end{aligned}$$

$$(740 \text{ mmHg}) \quad (660 \text{ mmHg})$$

:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{Pa} &= \mathbf{Patm. - Pg} \\ &= (13600 \times 9.81 \times 0.74 - 13600 \times 9.81 \times 0.66) \times 10^{-3} = 10.673 \text{ kPa} \end{aligned}$$

$$(740\text{mm Hg}) \quad (150\text{mm H}_2\text{O})$$

:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{Pa} &= \mathbf{Patm + Pg} \\ &= (13600 \times 9.81 \times 0.74 + 1000 \times 9.81 \times 0.15) \times 10^{-3} = 100.2 \text{ kPa} \end{aligned}$$

$$.(0.85) \quad -4$$

$$: \quad (96\text{kPa}) \quad (55\text{cm})$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{Pa} &= \mathbf{Patm + Pg} \\ &= 96\text{kPa} + 0.85 \times 10^3 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3} \times 9.81 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} \times 0.55 \text{ m} \times \frac{1\text{kPa}}{10^3 \text{ Pa}} \\ &= 100.6 \text{ kPa} \end{aligned}$$

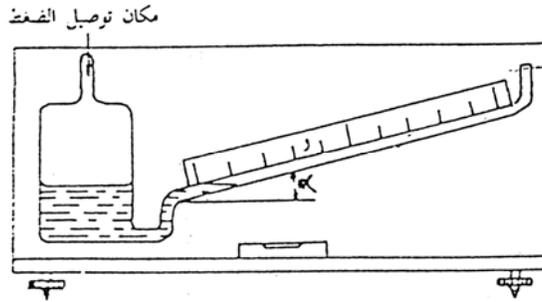
**The Inclined Manometer** -(2.6)

(50mm H<sub>2</sub>O)

( $\alpha$ ) .(2.5)

: ( $\alpha=10^\circ$ ) (30mm)

$$\frac{30}{\sin 10^\circ} = \frac{30}{0.1737} = 173\text{mm}$$



-(2.5)

(0.8)

**The Bourdon Gauge** -(2.7)

(2.6)



-(2.6)

(Patm.)

(Pg)

(0.12 MPa)

.(Pa)

(Indicator)

**Temperature**

**-(2.8)**

.( )

**-(2.8.1)**

**Scales of Temperature**

**-(2.8.2)**

(Thermometers)

(760 mmHg)

:

**.(Relative Temperature Scale) -1**

**(Celsius Scale) -**

(1742) (°C) (Centigrade Scale)

.(1744 – 1701)

(1948)

.(100°C) (0°C)

.(°C) .(t) (t°C)

**(Fahrenheit Scale) -**

(1736 – 1686)

.(212°F) (32 °F)

.(°F) (t°F)

(180)

(100)

(t°C)

$\left(\frac{9}{5}\right)$

(t°F)

:

$$t \text{ } ^\circ\text{F} = \frac{9}{5} t \text{ } ^\circ\text{C} + 32 = 1.8 t \text{ } (^\circ\text{C}) + 32 \text{ } (^\circ\text{F}) \text{ ..... (2.5)}$$

(2.5)

:

(50°C) -1

$$t \text{ } ^\circ\text{F} = 1.8 t \text{ } ^\circ\text{C} + 32 = 1.8 \times 50 + 32 = 122 \text{ } ^\circ\text{F}$$

:

(176 °F) -2

$$t \text{ } ^\circ\text{C} = \frac{t \text{ } ^\circ\text{F} - 32}{1.8} = \frac{176 - 32}{1.8} = 80 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

( )

( )

-(2)

### Absolute Temperature Scale

(1954)

-:

### Kelvin Scale

-

(1907 - 1824)

(1851)

(K)

(T)

(TK)

(-273.16 °C)

(273 K)

(273.16 K)

:

$$T_K = t\text{ }^\circ\text{C} + 273 \text{ (K) or } T = t + 273 \text{ [K]}$$

..... (2.6)

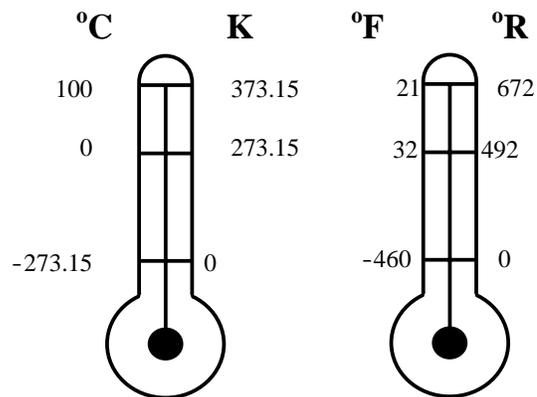
:

( $\Delta T = \Delta t$ )

$$\Delta T = T_2 - T_1 = (t_2 + 273) - (t_1 + 273) = t_2 - t_1 = \Delta t$$

.... (2.7)

(1atm)



-(2.7)

**Rankine Scale** -

(T°R)

(-459.67 °F)

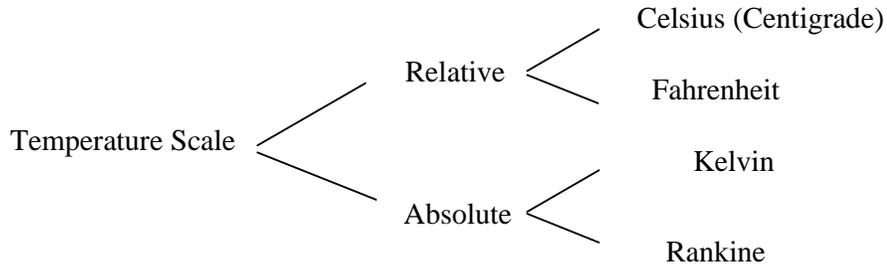
(492 °R)

:

(°R)

(460 °F)

(2.7)



-:

**T°R = 1.8 TK = t °F + 460 ..... (2.8)**

(°R °F K °C)

(deg. R deg. F K deg. C)

**(2.6)**

(-1°C)

**t °F = 1.8 t °C + 32 = 1.8 . (-1) + 32 = 30.2 (°F)**

**T °R = t °F + 460 = 30.2 + 460 = 490.2 °R**

**TK = t °C + 273 = -1 + 273 = 272 K**

$$P = \frac{F}{A} = \frac{7500}{\frac{\pi \times D^2}{4}} = \frac{7500 \times 4}{\pi \times (0.1)^2} = 956 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

(2.7)

$$P = \rho g h$$

$$= 0.8 \times 9.81 \times 2$$

$$= 15.7 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

(2.8)

$$P = \rho g h = 13600 \times 9.81 \times 0.765$$

$$= 102063.24 \text{ N/m}^2$$

$$= 0.102 \text{ MN/m}^2$$

(2.9)

$$P_a = P_{atm.} + P_g = 13600 \times 9.81 \times 0.758 + 13600 \times 9.81 \times 0.26$$

$$= 135817.48 \text{ N/m}^2$$

$$= 0.1358 \text{ MN/m}^2$$

$$= 1.358 \text{ bar}$$

(2.10)

(2.11)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{(400mm)} \\
 & \text{(kN/m}^2\text{)} \qquad \qquad \qquad \text{(763 mmHg)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathbf{Pa} &= \mathbf{Patm. - Pg = 13600 \times 9.81 \times 0.763 - 1000 \times 9.81 \times 0.4} \\
 &= \mathbf{97872.41N/m^2} \\
 &= \mathbf{97.87 \text{ kN/m}^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

(2.12)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{(1.75 MN/m}^2\text{)} \\
 & \text{(757 mmHg)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathbf{Pa.} &= \mathbf{Patm. + Pg} \\
 &= \mathbf{13600 \times 9.81 \times 0.757 \times 10^{-6} + 1.75} \\
 &= \mathbf{1.851 \text{ MN/m}^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

(2.13)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{(284 mmHg)} \\
 & \text{(Pa)} \qquad \qquad \qquad \text{(742 mmHg)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathbf{Pa} &= \mathbf{Patm. - Pg} \\
 &= \mathbf{13600 \times 9.81 (0.742 - 0.284)} \\
 &= \mathbf{61104.53 \text{ Pa}}
 \end{aligned}$$

(2.14)

$$\text{(101325N/m}^2\text{)}$$

$$\mathbf{h_{1w} = \frac{P}{\rho_w \times g} = \frac{101325}{1000 \times 9.81} = 10.329 \text{ m H}_2\text{O}}$$

$$\mathbf{h_2Hg = \frac{\rho_{1w} \times h_{1w}}{\rho_2 \text{Hg}} = \frac{1000 \times 10.329}{13600} = 0.76 \text{ m Hg}}$$

(2.15)

.1mm 750mm 760mm :

$$\begin{aligned}
 P &= \rho g h = 13600 \times 9.81 \times 0.76 = 101.396 \text{ kPa} \\
 &= 13600 \times 9.81 \times 0.75 = 100 \text{ kPa} \\
 &= 13600 \times 9.81 \times 0.001 = 0.133 \text{ kPa}
 \end{aligned}$$

(2.16)

(200 Pa)

( $\rho_{\text{Hg}}=13600\text{kg/m}^3$ )

( $\rho_{\text{alc.}} = 800 \text{ kg/m}^3$ ) ( $\rho_{\text{w}} = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ )

$$\begin{aligned}
 h &= \frac{P}{\rho \times g} = \frac{200}{13600 \times 9.81} = 1.5 \text{ mmHg} \\
 &= \frac{200}{1000 \times 9.81} = 20.4 \text{ mm W} \\
 &= \frac{200}{800 \times 9.81} = 25.5 \text{ mm Alc}
 \end{aligned}$$

(2.17)

(757 mmHg)

(1.75 MPa)

(mmHg) (MPa)

$$\begin{aligned}
 P_a &= P_{\text{atm.}} + P_g = 1.75 + 13600 \times 9.81 \times 0.757 \\
 &= 1.851 \text{ MPa}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$h = \frac{1.851 \times 10^6}{13600 \times 9.81} = 13.874 \text{ mHg} = 13874 \text{ mmHg}$$

(2.18)

( + ) (24cm) (750mmHg) (2kg)

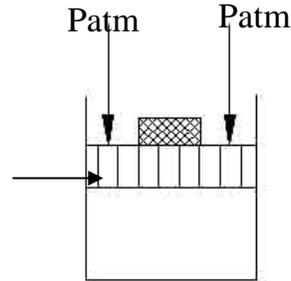
.mmHg PSI bar kPa :

$$P_g = \frac{F}{A} = \frac{m \times g}{\frac{\pi \times D^2}{4}} = \frac{2 \times 9.81 \times 4}{3.14 \times (0.24)^2} = 434 \text{ Pa}$$

$$= 0.434 \text{ kPa}$$

$$= 0.434 \times 10^{-2} \text{ bar}$$

$$= 0.434 \times 10^{-2} \times 14.7 = 0.063 \text{ PSI}$$



$$h_{Hg} = \frac{P_g}{\rho_{Hg} \times g} = \frac{434}{13600 \times 9.81} = 3.253 \text{ mmHg}$$

$$P_a = P_{atm.} + P_g = 13600 \times 9.81 \times 0.75 + 434 = 100496 \text{ Pa}$$

$$= 100.496 \text{ kPa} = 1.00496 \text{ bar}$$

$$h_{Hg} = \frac{P_{abs.}}{\rho_{Hg} \times g} = \frac{100496}{13600 \times 9.81} = 0.7532 \text{ mmHg}$$

(2.19)

(15 cm Hg) ( )  
 (1.01 (10 cm Hg) ( )  
 .bar)  
 .bar (2) kN/m<sup>2</sup> (1)  
 -1

$$P_a = P_{atm.} + P_g = 1.01 \times 10^5 + 13600 \times 0.15 \times 9.81$$

$$= 121012.4 \text{ Pa}$$

$$= 121.0124 \text{ kPa} = 1.21 \text{ bar}$$

$$P_a = P_{atm.} - P_g = 1.01 \times 10^5 - 13600 \times 0.1 \times 9.81$$

$$= 87658.4 \text{ Pa}$$

$$= 87.6524 \text{ kPa}$$

$$= 0.876584 \text{ bar}$$

(2.20)

(.740 mmHg)

( $\rho_a=1.225 \text{ kg/m}^3$ ) :

(.590 mmHg)

$$\mathbf{P = \rho g \Delta h = 13600 \times 9.81 \times (0.74 - 0.59) \times 10^{-3}}$$
$$\mathbf{= 20.013 \text{ kPa}}$$

$$\mathbf{h = \frac{p}{\rho_a \times g} = \frac{20.013 \times 10^3}{1.225 \times 9.81} = 1665\text{m}}$$

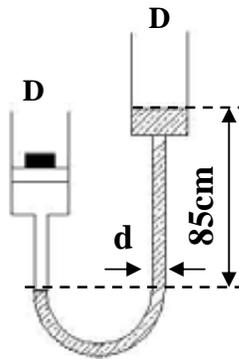
(2.21)

(.60kg) (0.04m<sup>2</sup>)

(.0.97 bar)

$$\mathbf{P_a = P_{atm.} + P_g = P_{atm.} + \frac{F}{A} = P_{atm.} + \frac{m \times g}{A}}$$
$$\mathbf{= 0.97 \text{ bar} + \frac{60 \text{ kg} \times 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2}{0.04\text{m}^2} \left( \frac{1\text{N}}{1\text{kg} \cdot \text{m/s}^2} \right) \left( \frac{1 \text{ bar}}{10^5 \text{ Pa}} \right)}$$
$$\mathbf{= 1.117 \text{ bar}}$$

(2.1)



.(d=2 cm) (D=20 cm)

(1.01bar)

.(13.6 g/cm<sup>3</sup>)

(3560.87 N ) :

(2.2)

.(0.5 bar)

( )

.(0.8 MPa)

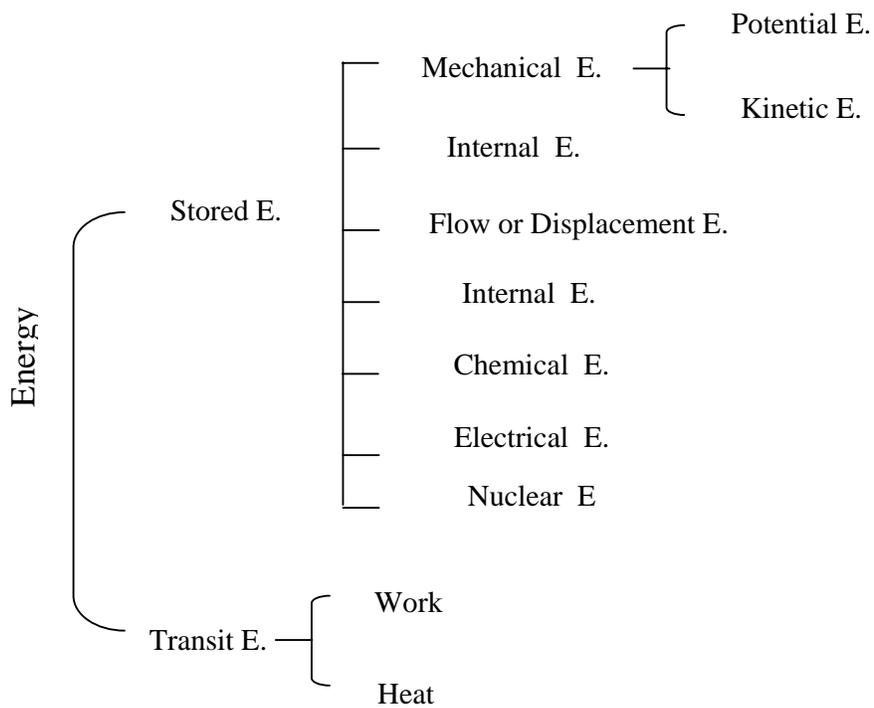
(760 mmHg)

(U)

.(13600 kg/m<sup>3</sup>)

.(0.64 cm Hg 901.3 kPa 51.3 kPa) :





**Stored Energy** -(3.2.1)

:

**Potential Energy** -

(PE)

(Z) ( )

(g) (F= m×g)

: (Z) ( )

$$PE = F \times Z = m \times g \times z \quad \dots\dots (3.1)$$

:

$$\Delta PE = mg \times \Delta Z \quad \dots\dots (3.2)$$

:

$$PE = g \times Z \quad \dots\dots (3.3)$$

**Kinetic Energy** -  
(KE)

(a) (m) (t) (C) . ....  
: (dL)

$$F = m \cdot a = m \frac{dc}{dt} \dots\dots\dots (3.4)$$

$$W_t = \int FdL \dots\dots\dots (3.5) \quad : \quad (C)$$

$$= \int m \frac{dc}{dt} \cdot dL = \int m \frac{dc}{dt} \cdot dc = \int mc dc$$

$$= \int \frac{m}{2} d(c)^2 = m \left[ \frac{c^2}{2} \right]_0^c = \Delta \frac{mc^2}{2}$$

$$\therefore KE = \frac{mc^2}{2} \dots\dots\dots (3.6) \quad :$$

$$\Delta KE = \frac{m\Delta c^2}{2} \dots\dots\dots (3.7) \quad :$$

$$\Delta KE = \frac{\Delta c^2}{2} \dots\dots\dots (3.8)$$

: (KE)

$$\frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}} = 10^3 \frac{\text{J}}{\text{kg}} = 10^3 \frac{\text{N}\cdot\text{m}}{\text{kg}} = 10^3 \frac{\text{kg} \times \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} \times \text{m}}{\text{kg}} = 10^3 \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{s}^2} \dots\dots\dots (3.9)$$

: (3.8) (kJ/kg) (KE)

$$\Delta KE = \frac{\Delta c^2}{2} = \frac{\text{m}^2/\text{s}^2}{2} \cdot \frac{\text{kJ/kg}}{10^3 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}^2} = \frac{\Delta c^2}{2 \times 10^3} \text{ (kJ/kg)} \dots\dots\dots (3.10)$$

**Internal Energy**

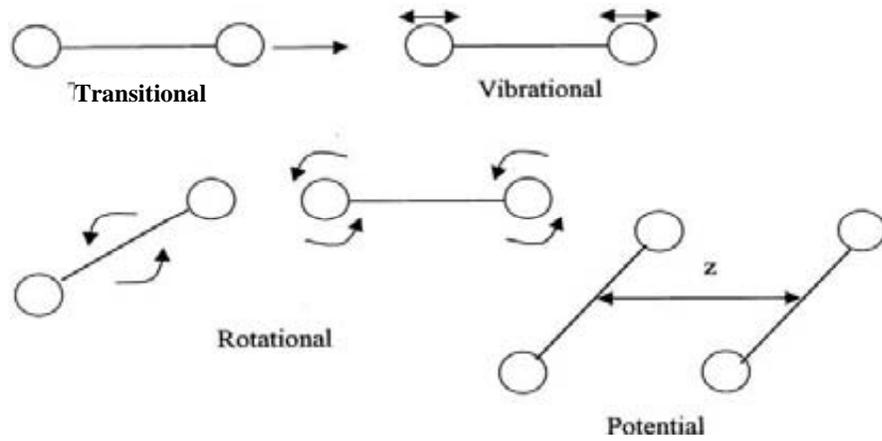
-

(Rotation)

(Vibration)

(Transition)

.(3.1)



-(3.1)

(U)

.(μ)

.(T P)

(4.1)

.(4.2)

.(ΔU<sub>12</sub>=U<sub>2</sub>-U<sub>1</sub>)

**Flow or Displacement Energy ( )** -  
 ( )

(V<sub>1</sub>) ( ) (P)  
 (W) (V<sub>2</sub>)  
 : (V<sub>2</sub>) (V<sub>1</sub>)

$$W_{12} = P\Delta V_{12} = P(V_2 - V_1)$$

**Transit Energy** **-(3.2.2)**

**The Conservation of Energy** **-(3.3)**

.(Electrical generator)

Solar Power Plant (3.2-a)	-1
Diesel Engine Power Plant (3.2-b)	-2
Gas Turbine Power Plant (3.3-a)	-3
Steam Power Plant (3.3-b)	-4
Nuclear Gas Turbine Power Plant (3.4-a)	-5
Hydraulic Power Plant (3.4-b)	-6

-1

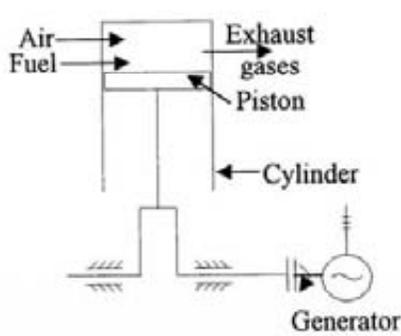
(Product of Combustion)

(Rotary)

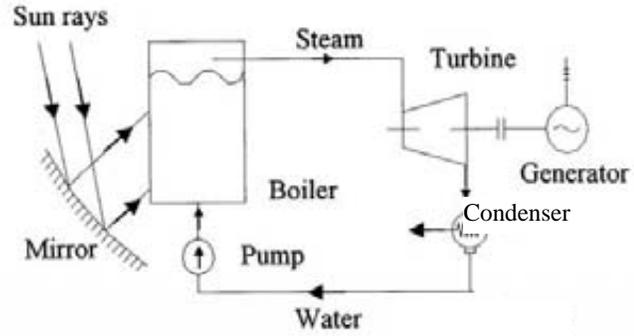
(Reciprocating)

(Crank Connecting rod mechanism)

← ← ← ←



محطة ديزل (b)



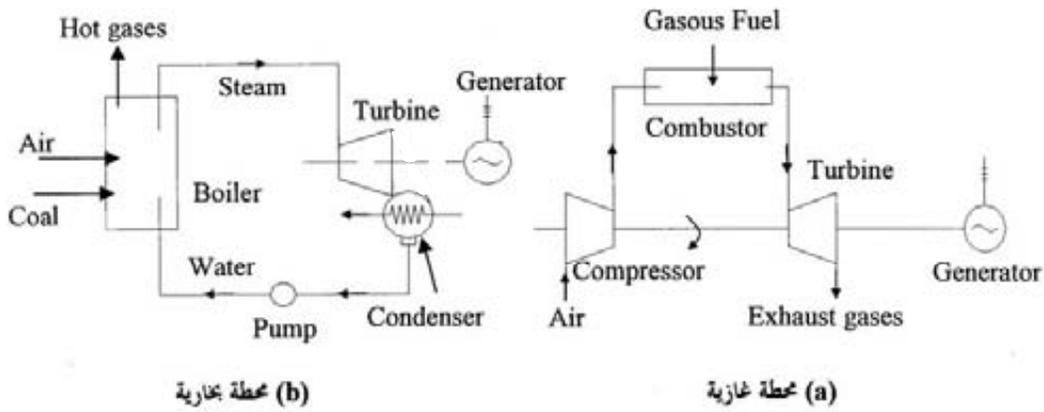
محطة شمسية (a)

-(3.2)

(Compressor)

(Turbine)

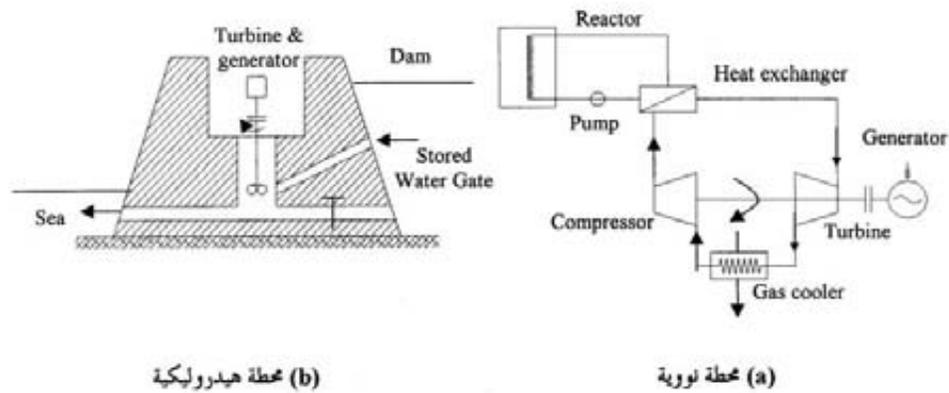
(Combustor)



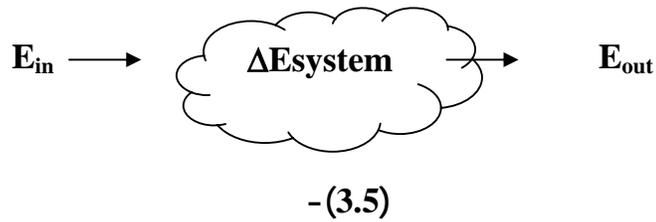
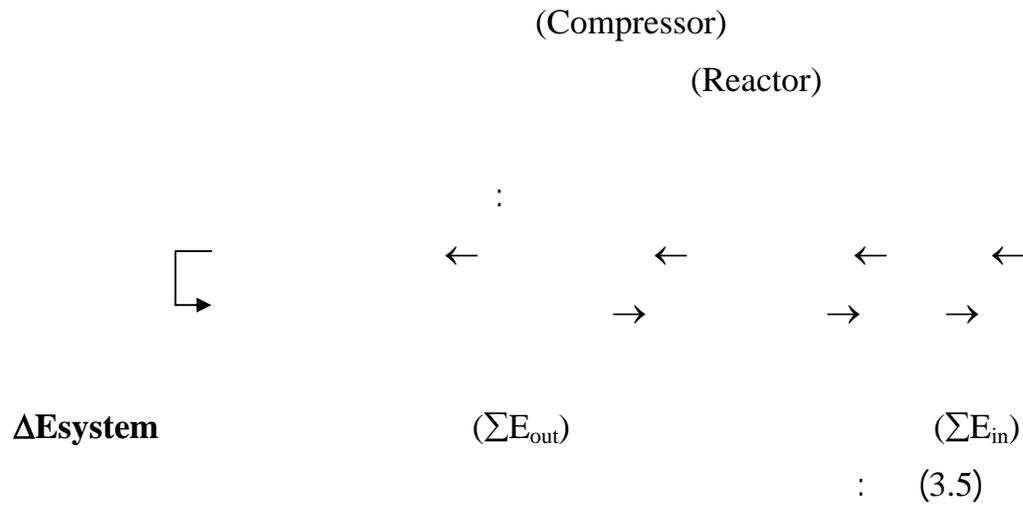
– (3.3)

(Boiler)

( )



– (3.4)



$\Sigma E_{\text{in}} = \Sigma E_{\text{out}} + \Delta \Sigma E_{\text{system}}$                       ..... (3.11)  
:  $(\Delta \Sigma E_{\text{system}} = 0)$

$\Sigma E_{\text{in}} = \Sigma E_{\text{out}} = \Sigma E_{\text{constant}}$   
: (Isolated)

$E_{\text{system}} = \text{Constant}$

**Work and Heat**                      -(3.4)

**Historical Background**                      -(3.4.1)

(2)

(1)

(3)

(1798)

(1889 – 1818)

(1843)

(W/Q=J)

(J=4.186 kJ/kcal)

(Kcal)

(Q)

(J)

(W)

(J=N.m)

(J)

(SI)

**Relationship between Heat & Work**

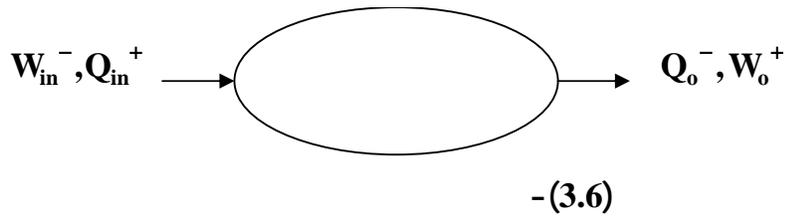
**-(3.4.2)**

( )

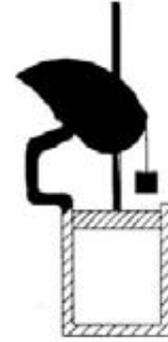
**Sign. of Heat & Work**

-(3.4.3)

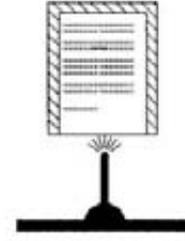
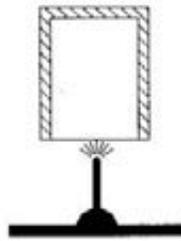
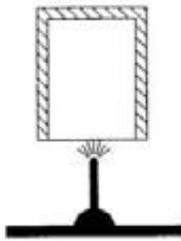
(Q)  $(w=W/m)$   $(w)$   $(W)$   
 $(q=Q/m)$   $(q)$  (1Kg)  
 $(W_{out})$  (External Work)  
 $(W_{in})$  (Internal Work)  
 .(3.6)



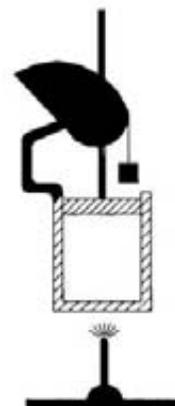
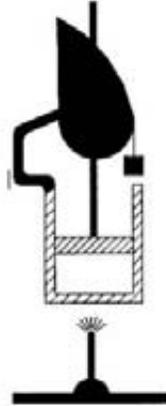
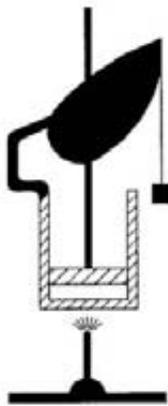
(Q)  $(W)$   $(\dot{W} = W/t \text{ "KW"})$   
 $(\dot{Q} = Q/t \text{ "KW"})$   
 ( ) (3.7)  
 ( )  
 ( )



(أ) شغل أدياباتي

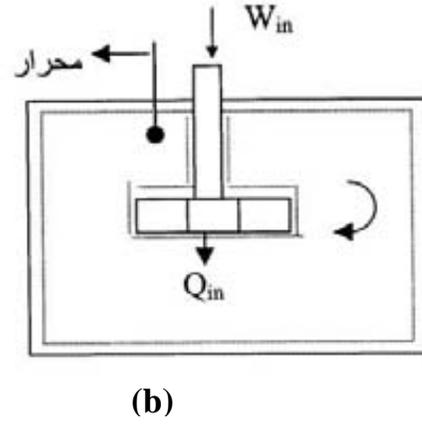
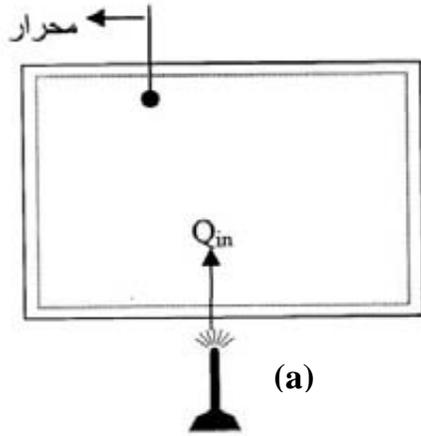


(ب) حرارة بدون شغل



(ج) شغل وحرارة

شكل (3.7) - التمييز بين الحرارة والشغل



شكل (3.8) - الشغل والحرارة شكلان متبادلان من اشكال الطاقة

(3.8)

(b)

(a)

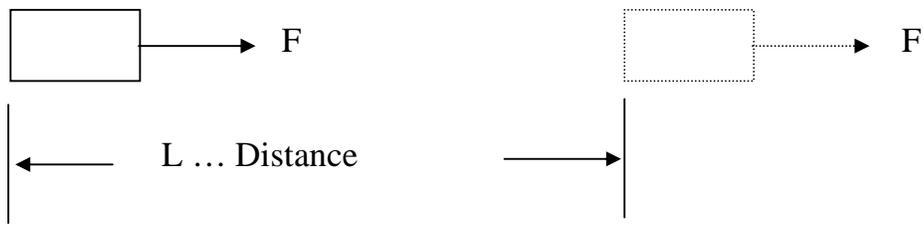
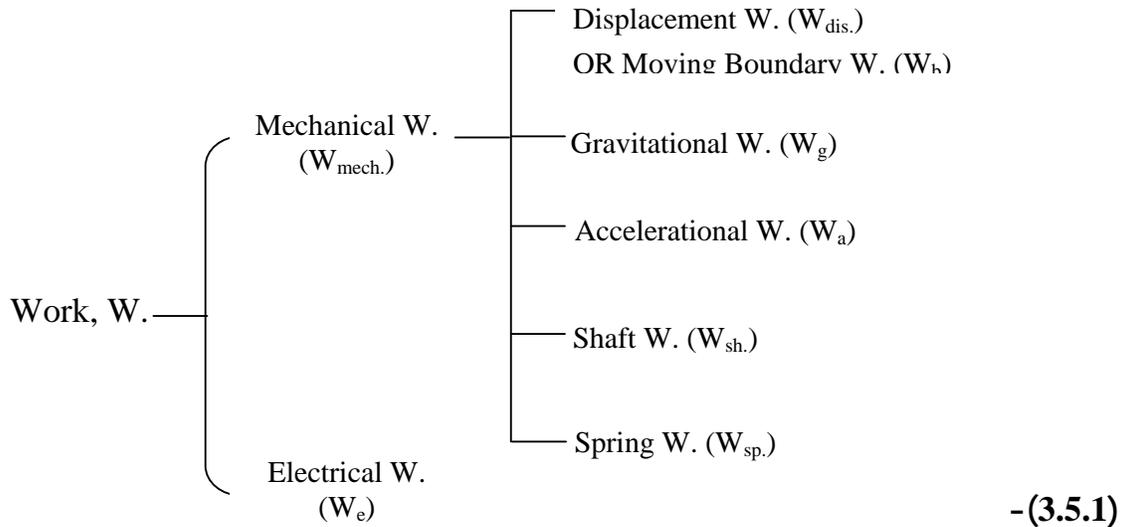
(J)

(m)

(N)

.(J=N.m) :

**Forms of Work** -(3.5)



-(3.9)

(F)

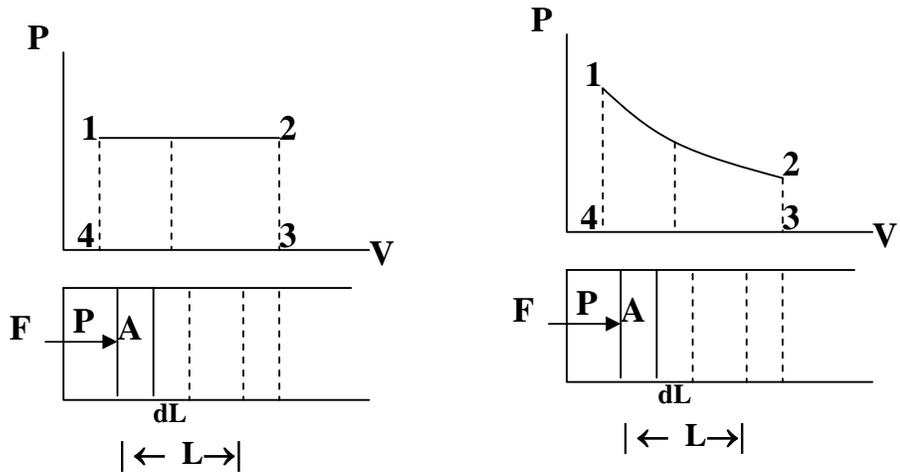
(3.9)

: .(L)

$$W_{\text{mech.}} = F \cdot L = \int_1^2 F dL \quad \dots\dots\dots (3.12)$$

Displacement Work

-(3.5.2)

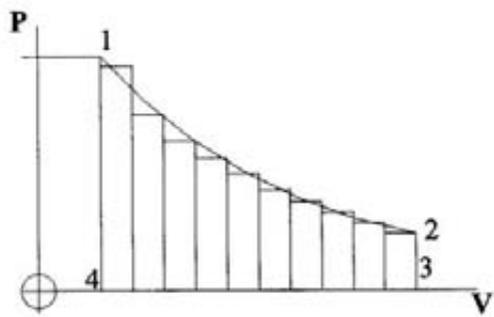


-(3.10)

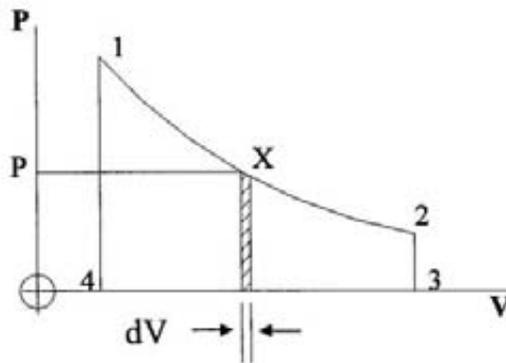
$$dW = F \cdot dL = PA \, dL = P \, dV \quad \dots \dots \dots (3.13)$$

$$\int dW = \int P \, dV \quad \dots \dots \dots (3.14)$$

$$W_{dis.} = P \Delta V = \text{area } 1234 \quad \dots \dots \dots (3.15)$$



(b)



(a)

-(3.11)

(P-V)

(3.11-b)

(3.11-a)

(X)

(dW)

: (Inexact Differential)

$dW = P dV =$

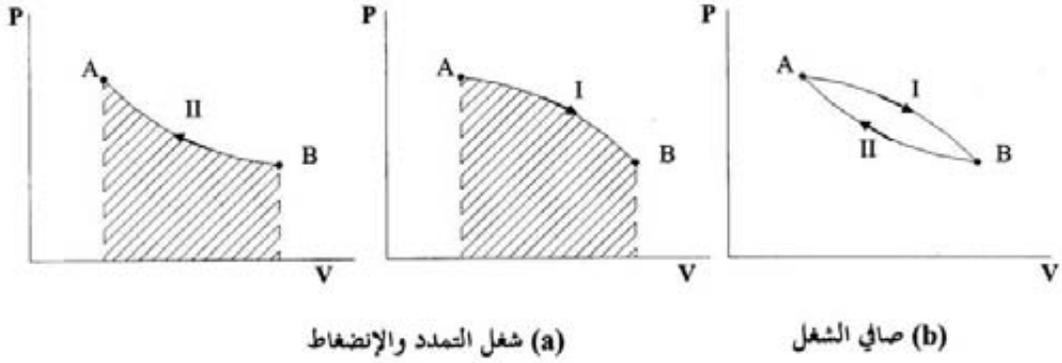
$\int dW = \int_{V_1}^{V_2} P dV = \sum P dV \dots\dots\dots(3.16)$

$\therefore W = P \Delta V_{12} = \text{area } 1234 \dots\dots\dots (3.17)$

$= W_{\text{Friction}} + W_{\text{atm}} + W_{\text{crank}} = \int_1^2 (\text{Friction} + P_{\text{atm}} A + F_{\text{crank}}) dL \dots\dots (3.18)$

Net Work -(3.5.3)

(P-V)



-(3.12)

$$\int_A^B P \, dV \quad (3.12-a) \quad \int_B^A P \, dV \quad (I)$$

$$(3.12-b) \quad (A \rightarrow I \rightarrow B \rightarrow II \rightarrow A)$$

$$\int_A^B P \, dV = \int_B^A P \, dV \quad (3.12-b)$$

$$\int_1^2 dW = \Delta W_{12} = W_2 - W_1 \quad \int_1^2 dV = \Delta V_{12} = V_2 - V_1$$

\*•

$$\int_1^2 dW = W_{12} \text{ (or } W) \quad \int_1^2 dQ = Q_{12} \text{ (or } Q)$$

$$(1) \quad (Z_2, m) \quad (2) \quad (Z_1, m)$$

$$(2) \quad (1) \quad (Z_2 - Z_1)$$

$$( \quad ) \quad \frac{dW, dQ}{\quad}$$

**Mechanical Power** -(3.5.4)

(MW) (KW) (W)

$$(P = \frac{W}{t})$$

$$(W = \frac{J}{s}) \quad (s) \quad (J)$$

(1814-1736)

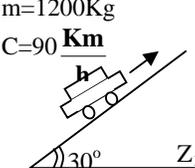
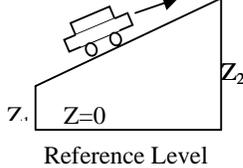
(HP)

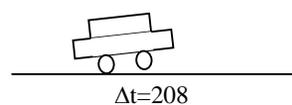
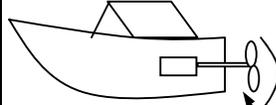
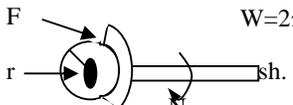
**Mechanical Forms of Work**

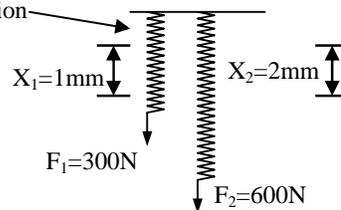
**3.5.5**

(3.1)

(3.1)

Work	
1- Displacement W.	$W_{dis.} = \int FdL = \int PadL = \int PdV = P\Delta V_{12}$
2- Gravitational W.	$\dot{W}_g = \sum_1^2 FdZ = \sum_1^2 mgdz = mg\Delta Z$ $\dot{W}_g = mg \frac{\Delta Z}{\Delta t} = mg \cdot C_{vertical}$ $= 1200Kg \times 9.81 \frac{m}{s^2} \times 90 \frac{Km}{h} \times \sin 30$ $\times \left( \frac{m/s}{3.6Km/h} \right) \times \left( \frac{KJ/Kg}{10^3 m^2/s^2} \right) = 147 KW$ <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: flex-end; margin-top: 20px;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>m=1200Kg C=90 Km/h</p>  <p><math>30^\circ</math> <math>Z_1</math></p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>Reference Level</p> </div> </div>

<p>3- Accelerational W.</p>	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <span>(t)</span> <span>(L)</span> <span>(C)</span> </div> <p style="text-align: right;">:</p> <p><math>F = ma = m \frac{dc}{dt} \quad (\because a = \frac{dc}{dt})</math></p> <p><math>dL = Cdt \quad (\because c = \frac{dL}{dt})</math></p> <p><math>W_a = \int_1^2 FdL = \int_1^2 (m \frac{dc}{dt}) \cdot (Cdt) = m \int_1^2 cdc</math></p> <p><math>= \frac{1}{2} m (c_2^2 - c_1^2)</math></p> <p><math>= \frac{1}{2} \times 900 \text{ kg} \cdot \left[ \left( \frac{80000\text{m}}{3600} \right)^2 - 0^2 \right] \left( \frac{\text{kJ/kg}}{1000\text{m}^2/\text{s}^2} \right)</math></p> <p><math>= 222.2 \text{ kJ}</math></p> <p><math>\dot{W}_a = \frac{W_a}{\Delta t} = \frac{222.2}{20\text{s}} = 11.1 \text{ kW}</math></p> <div style="text-align: right;"> <p><math>M=900\text{kg}</math>  <math>0 \frac{\text{Km}}{\text{h}} \rightarrow 80 \frac{\text{Km}}{\text{h}}</math></p>  <p><math>\Delta t=20\text{s}</math></p> </div>
<p>4- Shaft W.</p>	<p><math>F = \frac{T}{r} \quad (\because T = F \cdot r)</math></p> <p><math>L = 2\pi rN</math></p> <p><math>W_{sh.} = F \times L = \frac{T}{r} (2\pi rN) = 2\pi NT \text{ (kJ)}</math></p> <p><math>\dot{W}_{sh.} = 2\pi NT =</math></p> <p><math>= 2\pi (4000 \frac{1}{\text{min}}) (200 \text{ N.m}) (\frac{1\text{min}}{60\text{s}}) (\frac{1\text{kJ}}{1000\text{N.m}})</math></p> <p><math>= 83.7 \text{ kW}</math></p> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;">  <div style="margin-left: 20px;">  <p><math>W=2\pi NT</math></p> </div> </div> <p><math>N=4000\text{rpm}</math>  <math>T=200 \text{ N.M}</math></p>

<p>5- Spring W.</p>	<p>K ... Spring Constant <math>\left(\frac{KN}{m}\right)</math>  X ... Displacement  <math>F = K \cdot X</math></p> <p><math>W_{sp.} = \frac{1}{2} k (X_2^2 - X_1^2)</math></p>  <p>The diagram shows two vertical springs hanging from a horizontal line labeled 'Rest Position'. The left spring is displaced downwards by <math>X_1 = 1\text{mm}</math> and has a downward force <math>F_1 = 300\text{N}</math> applied. The right spring is displaced downwards by <math>X_2 = 2\text{mm}</math> and has a downward force <math>F_2 = 600\text{N}</math> applied.</p>
---------------------	---

**Thermodynamic Concept of Heat**

**-(3.6)**

(Q)

(J)

(q)

(1kg)

### The Specific Heat Capacity

-(3.7)

(1kg)

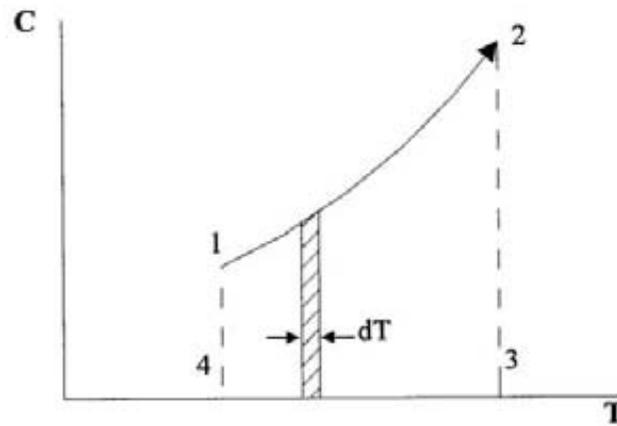
(kJ/kg.K)

(C)

$$C = \phi(T)$$

(3.13)

(800K) (300K)

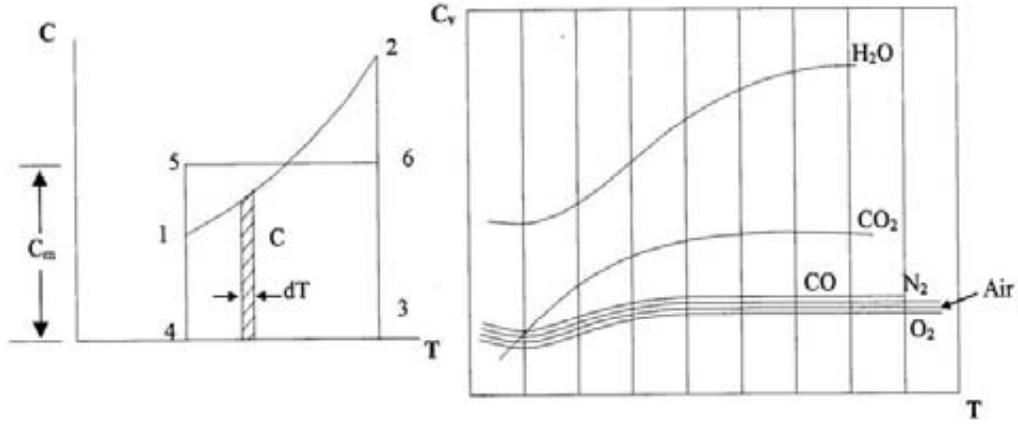


-(3.13)

\*

$$(3500\text{K}) \quad (3000\text{K})$$

$$(C) \quad (Q) \quad (\Delta T) \quad \dots (3.14-a)$$



(b) القيمة الوسطية

(a) زيادة الحرارة النوعية

$$-(3.14)$$

$$(T2) \quad (T1) \quad (Cm)$$

$$(3456) \quad (1234) \quad (3.14-b)$$

$$(3.15)$$

( )

### The Specific Heat at Constant Volume

-1

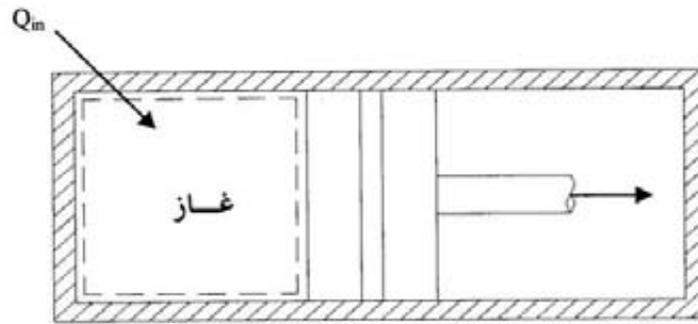
(1kg)

: (T) (Cv)

$$Cv = \phi (T)$$

$$Cv = \left( \frac{\partial u}{\partial T} \right)_v \quad \text{OR} \quad (du)_v = Cv (dT)_v \quad \dots (3.19)$$

(65)



-(3.15)

**The Specific Heat at Constant Pressure**

-2

(1kg)

: (T)

.(Cp)

$$C_p = \phi(T)$$

$$C_p = \left( \frac{\partial h}{\partial T} \right)_p \quad \text{OR} \quad dh_p = C_p (dT)_p \quad \dots\dots\dots (3.20)$$

(γ)

(Cv) (Cp)

$$\gamma = \frac{C_p}{C_v} \quad \dots\dots\dots (3.21)$$

(Cv) (Cp)

:

$$C_w = 4.2 \text{ kJ / kg} \cdot \text{K}$$

:

(3.1)

---

(h) \*

(50m)

(4.2 kJ/kg.K)

$$PE = Q$$

$$m g z = m c \Delta T$$

$$\Delta T = \frac{g \times z}{c} = \frac{9.81 \times 50}{4.2 \times 10^3} = 0.117K \tag{3.2}$$

(100m)

(80%)

(4.2 kJ/kg. K)

$$0.8 PE = Q$$

$$0.8 \times m g z = m c \Delta T$$

$$\Delta T = \frac{0.8 \times 9.81 \times 100}{4.2 \times 10^3} = 0.187K \tag{3.3}$$

(20°C)

(3kg)

(1200W)

(Cw = 4.2 kJ / kg.K)

(100°C)

$$\text{time} = \frac{W}{P} = \frac{m c \Delta T}{P} = \frac{3 \times 4.2 \times (100 - 20)}{1.2} = 840s \tag{3.4}$$

(520m)

(1200m)

(7kJ)

$$PE = m g \Delta Z = 7$$

$$m = \frac{7}{g \Delta Z} = \frac{7}{9.81 (1200 - 520) \times 10^{-3}} = 1.05kg \tag{3.5}$$

(32m)

(585 kg)

$$PE = W = m g z = 585 \times 9.81 \times 32 = 183.6 \text{ J} \quad (3.6)$$

(34s) (1min.) (24.5m) (210kg)

$$PE = W = m g z = 210 \times 9.81 \times 24.5 = 50.5 \text{ J}$$

$$P = \frac{W}{t} = \frac{50 \times 5}{94} = 0.537 \text{ W} \quad (3.7)$$

(15%) (1050 kWh)

$$P = \frac{\dot{W}}{t} = \frac{1050}{30 \times 24} = 1.458 \text{ kW}$$

$$\therefore P = \frac{1.458}{0.15} = 9.72 \text{ kW} \quad (3.8)$$

(750kW)

(1Kg) (2.250 . 10<sup>3</sup> kg/h)

$$\dot{m}_s = \frac{2.250 \times 10^3}{3600} = 0.625 \text{ kg/s}$$

$$w = \frac{\dot{W}}{\dot{m}_s} = \frac{750}{0.625} = 1200 \text{ J/kg} \quad (3.9)$$

(1800kW) (545 km/h)

(N)

$$\dot{W} = F \times a$$

$$F = \frac{\dot{W}}{a} = \frac{P}{a} = \frac{1800 \times 1000}{\frac{545 \times 1000}{3600}} = 11.89 \text{ N}$$

(3.10)

(64 km/h) (23kW)

$$P = \frac{W}{t} = \frac{F \times a}{t} = F \times C$$

$$F = \frac{P}{C} = \frac{23 \times 3600}{64 \times 1000} = 1.29 \text{ kN} \left( \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{s}} \times \text{s} \times \frac{1}{\text{m}} \right) = \frac{\text{kN} \cdot \text{m}}{\text{s}} \times \text{s} \times \frac{1}{\text{m}} = \text{kN}$$

(3.11)

(1kg) (kWh) (kcal)

.(1200m)

$$PE = F \times z = mgz = 1 \times 9.81 \times 1200 = 11.772 \text{ kJ}$$

$$= \frac{11.772}{4.1868} = 2.812 \text{ kcal} = \frac{11.772}{3600} = 0.0033 \text{ kWh} \quad (3.12)$$

.(300m/s)

(1kg)

.(kcal)

$$KE = \frac{mc^2}{2} = \frac{1 \times 300^2}{2} = 45 \text{ kJ} = \frac{45}{4.1868} = 10.748 \text{ kcal} \quad (3.13)$$

.(85%)

(0.08 MW)

.(63 kg/min.)

$$\eta = \frac{Q}{P} \Rightarrow Q = \eta P \Rightarrow mc\Delta T = \eta P$$

$$\Delta T = \frac{\eta P}{mc} = \frac{0.85 \times 0.08 \times 10^3}{4.2 \times 63 \times 60} = 4.3 \times 10^{-3} \text{ K}$$

(3.14)

.(496 m/min.)

(30L)

(82%)

.(10<sup>3</sup> kg/m<sup>3</sup>)

$$0.82 PE = KE = \frac{mc^2}{2} = \frac{30 \times \left( \frac{396}{60} \right)^2}{2000}$$

$$PE = \frac{2050.13}{1640} = 1.25 \text{ kg}$$

(69)

(3.15)

(kJ)

(Lb<sub>f</sub> . ft)

(0.75 mmHg)

(0.568 m<sup>3</sup>)

$$\begin{aligned}
 W_{\text{Flow}} &= P \Delta V = 0.75 \times 13600 \times 9.81 \times (0.568) \\
 &= 56.8 \text{ kJ} \\
 &= 41800 \text{ Lb}_f \cdot \text{ft}
 \end{aligned}$$

(3.16)

(100J)

(1kg)

$$KE = \frac{mC^2}{2}$$

$$100 = \frac{1 \times C^2}{2}$$

$$C = 14.14 \text{ m/s}$$

(3.17)

(100m)

:(1kg)

a-  $PE = mgz = 1 \times 9.81 \times 100 = 981 \text{ J/kg}$

b-  $KE = PE = 981 \text{ J/kg}$

c-  $\Delta U = \Delta KE = 981 \text{ J/kg} = m c \Delta T$

$$\Delta T = \frac{\Delta U}{mc} = \frac{981}{4186} = 0.234 \text{ K}$$

(3.18)

(900N)

(50 km/h)

$$P = \frac{W}{t} = \frac{F \times a}{t} = \frac{900 \times 50 \times 10^3 \times 10^{-3}}{3600} = 12.5 \text{ kW}$$

(3.19)

(1000J)

(1kg)

$$PE = m g z$$

$$1000 = 1 \times 9.81 \times z$$

$$z = 101.9 \text{ m}$$

(10°C)

(2kg)

(100°C)

(45kJ)

.(4.2 kJ/kg.K)

.(**0.89 kW**) :

Real or Ideal and Perfect Gases \*

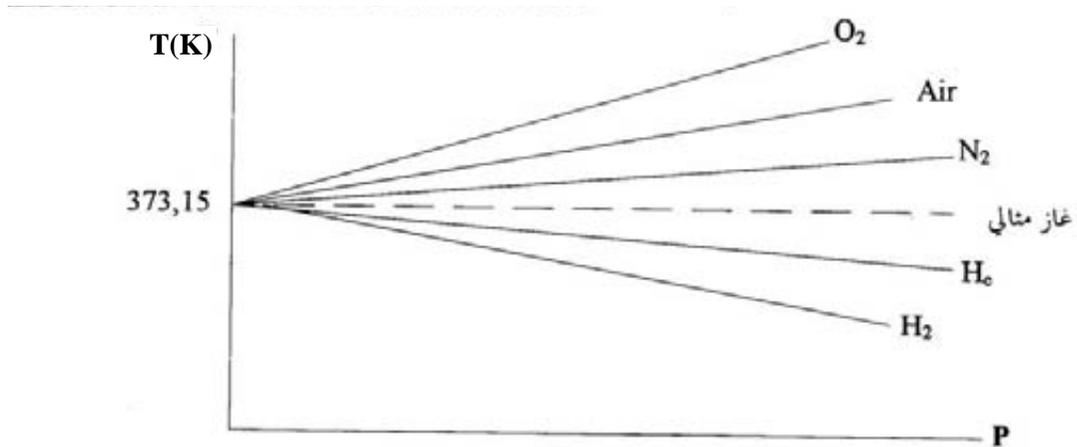
-(4.1)

-1

(Permanent Gas) ( )

(4.1)

.(373.15K)



-(4.1)

.(C = Const.)

-2

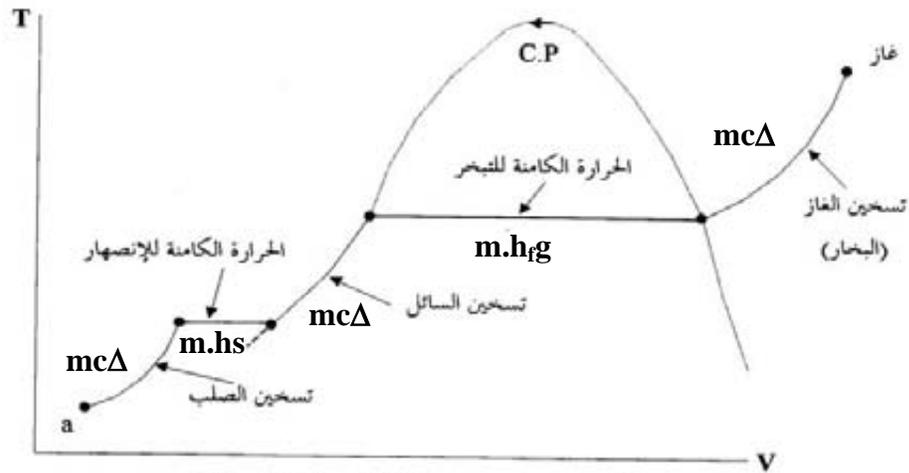
.C = Ø (T)

\*

(Perfect or Ideal Gases)

(C.P)

(4.2) (a) ( )



( ) -(4.2)

(4.1)

(-10°C) (20kg) - : (120°C)

$$2.1 \text{ kJ/kg.K} =$$

$$336 \text{ kJ/kg} = (h_s L)^*$$

$$1.95 \text{ kJ/kg.K} =$$

$$2256 \text{ kJ/kg} = (h_{fg})^*$$

$$4.2 \text{ kJ/kg.K} =$$

- (s) (Latent Heat of Liquidization) (hsL) \*
- (f) (Latent Heat of Evaporation) (hfg) \*
- (Liquid) (L) (Solid)
- (Gas) (g) (fluid)

$$\begin{aligned}
 Q_T &= Q_{12} + Q_{23} + Q_{34} + Q_{45} + Q_{56} \\
 &= 20 \times 2.1 \times [0 - (-10)] + 20.336 + 20 \times 4.2 \times (100 - 0) + 20.2256 + 20 \times 1.95 \times (120 - 100) \\
 &= 420 + 6720 + 8400 + 45120 + 780 = 62220 \text{ J}
 \end{aligned}$$

### Latent Heat of Liquidization

$$\begin{aligned}
 &(1\text{kg}) \\
 &(1\text{kg}) \cdot (h_s L) \quad .(\text{kJ/kg})
 \end{aligned}$$

### Latent Heat of Evaporation

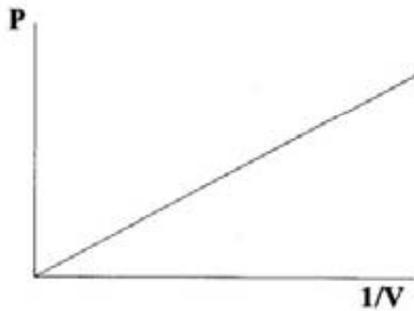
$$\begin{aligned}
 &(\text{kJ/kg}) \quad (1\text{kg}) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad (h_{fg})
 \end{aligned}$$

### Boyle's Law - (4.2)

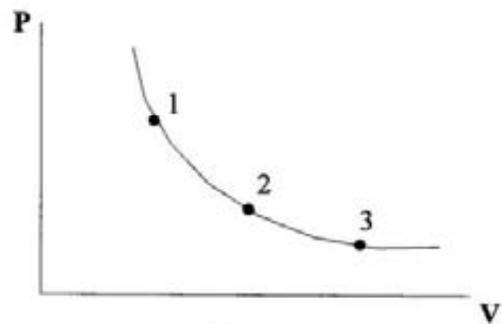
$$(4.3-a) \quad (P-V)$$

.(Const.)

$$: \quad (3 \ 2 \ 1)$$



علاقة طردية (b)



علاقة عسكية (a)

شكل (4.3) - قانون بويل

$$P_1 V_1 = P_2 V_2 = P_3 V_3 = PV = \text{Const.} \quad \dots\dots\dots (4.1)$$

(91-1627)

:(1660)

(4.3-b)

(P . 1/V)

.(Const.)

### 4.3

### Charle's Law and Absoulte Temperature

(V)

.(4.4-a)

(V-t)

(V<sub>0</sub>)

(C)

(t)

:

$$V = C t + V_0$$

..... (4.2)

:

$$V = C T$$

..... (4.3)

.(4.4-b)

(4.4-c)

(-273°C)

(T)

.(K)

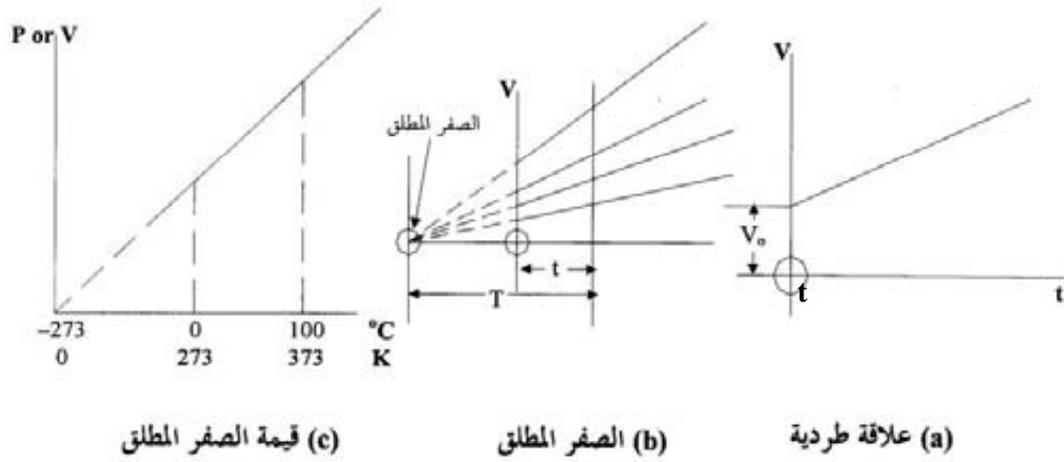
(T)

:

(t)

$$T = t + 273$$

..... (4.4)



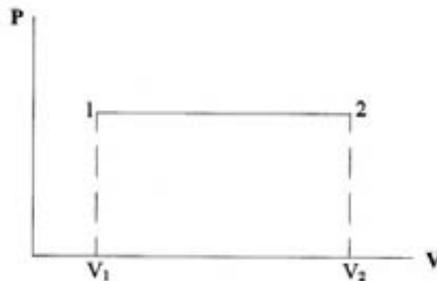
-(4.4)

.(4.2)

$$\frac{V_1}{T_1} = \frac{V_2}{T_2} = \frac{V}{T} = \text{Const.} \quad \dots\dots (4.5) \quad (2) \quad (1)$$

(1823-1746)

(1850-1778) -



-(4.5)

$$\frac{P}{T} = \text{Const.} \quad \dots\dots (4.6)$$

(76)

-(4.4)

$$\left( \frac{1}{100} \right)$$

V = Const.	P = Const.
$P = P_0 \cdot \frac{T}{T_0}$ $= P_0 \cdot \frac{t + 273}{273}$ $= P_0 \cdot \left( \frac{1}{273} t + 1 \right)$ $= P_0 \cdot (\beta t + 1)$	$V = V_0 \cdot \frac{T}{T_0} \dots\dots (4.7)$ $= V_0 \cdot \frac{t + 273}{273}$ $= V_0 \cdot \left( \frac{1}{273} t + 1 \right)$ $= V_0 \cdot (\alpha t + 1) \dots\dots (4.8)$

(α) (β) (0°C) (°)

(α) (β)

$$\left( \frac{1}{273} \right) \dots\dots (4.1)$$

$$\left( \frac{1}{273} \right) \dots\dots ($$

(4.1)

β	α	
0.00367	0.00367	
0.00366	0.00366	
0.00367	0.00367	
0.00367	0.00367	
0.00373	0.00374	

( )

: (t=-273)

$$V_0 = [1 - \alpha(t_0 - t)] = \left[ 1 - \frac{1}{273}(0 - (273)) \right] \dots\dots (4.9)$$

$$= 1 - \left( + \frac{273}{273} \right) = 1 - 1 = 0 \dots\dots (4.10)$$

$$V_1 = V_0 [1 + \alpha(t_1 + t_0)] \dots\dots (4.11)$$

$$V_2 = V_0 [1 - \alpha(t_0 - t_1)] \dots\dots (4.12)$$

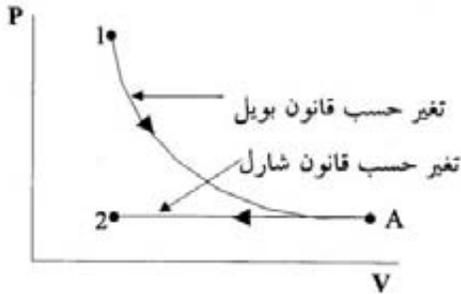
### The General Equation of Perfect Gas

-(4.5)

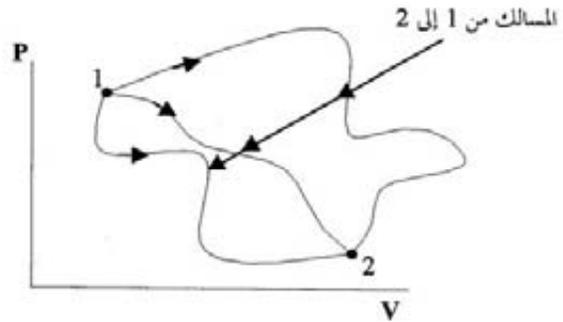
(Equation of State)

(4.6-a)

(2) (1)



(b) تطبيق قانوني بويل وشارل



(a) من 1 إلى 2 عدد لانهائي من المسالك

-(4.6)

(4.6-b)

$$(T_2 \ V_2 \ P_2) \quad (T_1 \ V_1 \ P_1)$$

(A) (2) (1)

∴

∴ (A) (1) -1

$$P_1 V_1 = P_A V_A = P_2 V_A$$

$$V_A = \frac{P_1 V_1}{P_2} \quad \dots\dots\dots (4.13)$$

∴ (2) (A) -2

$$\frac{V_A}{T_A} = \frac{V_2}{T_2} = \frac{V_A}{T_1}$$

$$\therefore V_A = \frac{V_2 T_1}{T_2} \quad \dots\dots\dots (4.14)$$

∴ (4.13) (4.14)

$$\frac{P_1 V_1}{P_2} = \frac{V_2 T_1}{T_2} \quad \dots\dots\dots (4.15)$$

∴ ( ... 4 3)

$$\frac{P_1 V_1}{T_1} = \frac{P_2 V_2}{T_2} = \frac{P_3 V_3}{T_3} = \frac{P V}{T} = \text{Const} \quad \dots\dots\dots (4.16)$$

∴ (1Kg) (v)

$$\frac{P V}{T} = \text{Const} \quad \dots\dots\dots (4.17)$$

∴ (R) (Const.)

$$\frac{P V}{T} = R \quad \dots\dots\dots (4.18)$$

∴ (m)

$$P V = m R T \quad \dots\dots\dots (4.19)$$

$$\left(P + \frac{a}{v^2}\right)(v - b) = RT \quad \dots\dots\dots (4.20)$$

$$(P + O)(v - O) = RT$$

$$Pv = RT \quad \dots\dots\dots (4.21)$$

(Gas Constant) (R)

(R) (mkg)

$$R = \frac{PV}{mT} = \frac{kN}{m^2} \times m^3 \times \frac{1}{kg} \times \frac{1}{K} = \frac{kN \cdot m}{Kg \cdot K} = kJ/kg \cdot K \quad \dots\dots\dots (4.22)$$

Enthalpy - (4.6)

(Pv) (μ)  
(kJ) (H)

(kJ/kg) (h)

$$h = \mu + Pv \quad \dots\dots\dots (4.23)$$

$$dh = d\mu + dPv$$

$$= d\mu + dPv + v dP$$

(dP = 0) (P = Const.)

$$dh = d\mu + Pdv$$

$$\int dh = \int d\mu + \int Pdv$$

$$\Delta h = \Delta\mu + P\Delta v \quad \dots\dots\dots (4.24)$$

**Relationship between the Specific Heats** -(4.7)

(Cv)

:

(Cp)

$$C_v = \left( \frac{\partial \mu}{\partial T} \right)_v \dots\dots\dots (4.25)$$

or

$$(d \mu)_v = C_v (dT)_v$$

or

$$d \mu = C_v d T$$

$$\Delta \mu = C_v \Delta T \dots\dots\dots (4.26)$$

$$C_p = \left( \frac{\partial h}{\partial T} \right)_p \dots\dots\dots (4.27)$$

or

$$(dh)_p = C_p (dT)_p$$

or

$$dh = C_p dT$$

$$\Delta h = C_p \Delta T \dots\dots\dots (4.28)$$

$$h = \mu + Pv$$

$$\Delta h = \Delta \mu + P \Delta v$$

$$C_p \Delta T = C_v \Delta T + R \Delta T$$

$$R = C_p - C_v \dots\dots\dots (4.29)$$

(Cp)

$$C_p > C_v$$

(R)

(Cv)

(4.2)

$$(1) \quad (0.3\text{m}^3) \quad (1 \text{ bar}) \quad (0.9 \text{ m}^3)$$

(2)

$$1 - P_2 = \frac{P_1 V_1}{V_2} = \frac{1 \times 0.9}{0.3} = 3 \text{ bar}$$

$$2 - P_2 = \frac{P_1 V_1}{V_2} \times \frac{T_2}{T_1} = \frac{1 \times 0.9}{0.3} \times \frac{1.2}{1} = 3.6 \text{ bar}$$

(4.3)

$$(25^\circ\text{C}) \quad (0.1\text{m}^3) \quad (40\text{kN/m}^2)$$

$$(60^\circ\text{C}) \quad (700\text{kN/m}^2)$$

$$V_2 = \frac{P_1}{P_2} \times \frac{T_2}{T_1} \times V_1 = \frac{140}{700} \times \frac{333}{298} \times 0.1 = 0.02223 \text{ m}^3$$

(4.4)

$$(35^\circ\text{C}) \quad (0.03\text{m}^3) \quad (350\text{kN/m}^2)$$

$$: \quad (1.05 \text{ MN/m}^2)$$

$$R = 0.29 \text{ kJ/kg} \cdot \text{K}$$

$$m = \frac{PV}{RT} = \frac{350 \times 0.03}{0.29 \times 308} = 0.118 \text{ kg}$$

$$T_2 = T_1 \times \frac{P_2}{P_1} = 308 \frac{1.05}{0.35} = 924 \text{ K} = 651^\circ\text{C}$$

(4.5)

$$(92^\circ\text{C}) \quad (12\text{bar}) \quad (\text{CO}_2) \quad (4.2\text{kg})$$

$$:(\text{CO}_2) \quad R = 0.189 \text{ kJ/kg} \cdot \text{K}$$

$$V = \frac{mTR}{P} = \frac{4.2 \times 365 \times 0.189}{12 \times 100} = 0.2414 \text{ m}^3$$

(4.6)

$$R=0.26 \text{ kJ/kg.K} \quad (410^\circ\text{C}) \quad (15.5 \text{ bar})$$

$$\rho = \frac{P}{TR} = \frac{15.5 \times 10^2}{683 \times 0.26} = 8.728 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

$$\begin{array}{lll}
 (15^\circ\text{C}) & (1.013\text{bar}) & (0.2\text{m}^3) \\
 & & (0.2\text{kg})
 \end{array} \tag{4.7}$$

$$R = 296.9 \text{ J/kg} \cdot \text{K} :$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 m_1 &= \frac{P_1 V_1}{RT_1} = \frac{1.013 \times 10^2 \times 0.2}{0.2969 \times 288} = 0.237 \text{ kg} \\
 m_2 &= m_1 + 0.2 = 0.337 + 0.2 = 0.437 \text{ kg} \\
 P_2 &= \frac{mRT_2}{V_2} = \frac{0.437 \times 0.2969 \times 288}{0.2} = 1.87 \text{ bar}
 \end{aligned} \tag{4.8}$$

$$\begin{array}{lll}
 (7\text{bar}) & (0.003\text{m}^3) & (0.01\text{Kg}) \\
 (0.02\text{m}^3) & (1\text{bar}) & (131^\circ\text{C})
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 R &= \frac{P_1 V_1}{mT_1} = \frac{7 \times 10^2 \times 0.003}{0.01 \times 404} = 0.52 \text{ kJ/kg} \cdot \text{K} \\
 T_2 &= \frac{P_2 V_2}{mR} = \frac{100 \times 0.02}{0.01 \times 0.52} = 384.5 \text{ K} = 111.52^\circ \text{C}
 \end{aligned} \tag{4.9}$$

$$\begin{array}{llll}
 (73.5 \text{ bar}) & (20^\circ\text{C}) & (\text{CO}_2) & (12\text{L}) \\
 & & R_{\text{CO}_2} = 0.189 \text{ kJ/kg} \cdot \text{K} : & (\text{CO}_2)
 \end{array}$$

$$m = \frac{P_1 V_1}{RT_1} = \frac{73.5 \times 10^2 \times 0.012}{0.189 \times 293} = 1.593 \text{ kg}$$

(4.1)

(100°C) (b) a)  
 (5 bar) (20°C) (10L) (a)  
 (20L) (b) (10 bar)

$R=0.25 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$  :

(6.658 bar) :

(4.2)

(25°C) (0.75kg) (0.5m<sup>3</sup>)  
 (2) (mmHg) (1) : (1bar)  
 (mmHg) (15kJ)

$C_p = 1.005 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$ .  $C_v = 0.717 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$ .  $\rho_{Hg} = 13600 \text{ kg/m}^3$

(305 mmHg. 215 mmHg) :

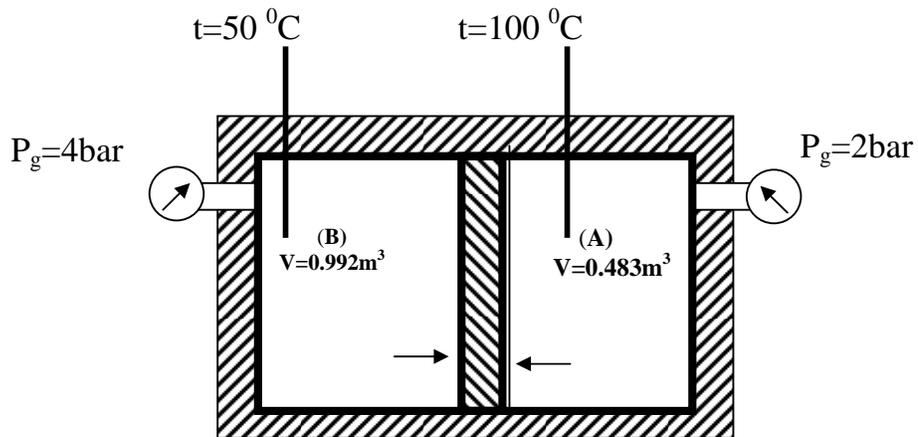
(4.3)

(A) (O<sub>2</sub>)  
 (5.2 kg) (B) (N<sub>2</sub>) (1.5kg)

(Cp) (60.19°C) (B) (A)

(760mmHg)

(Cv N<sub>2</sub> = 0.744 kJ/kg.K) (13600 kg/m<sub>3</sub>)



**The First Law of Thermodynamics**

**-(5.1)**

**Joule's Experiment**

**-(5.2)**

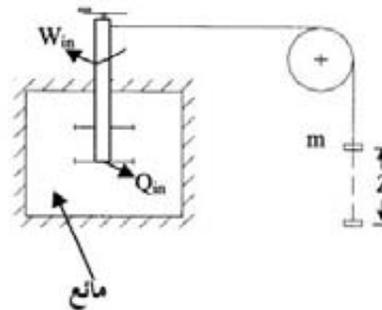
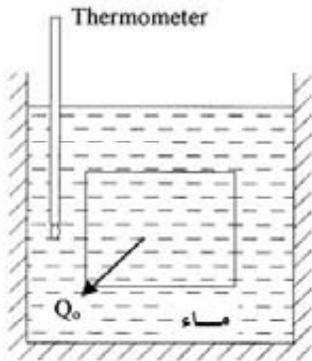
(5.1)

(mgz)

(W<sub>in</sub>)

(Z)

(m)

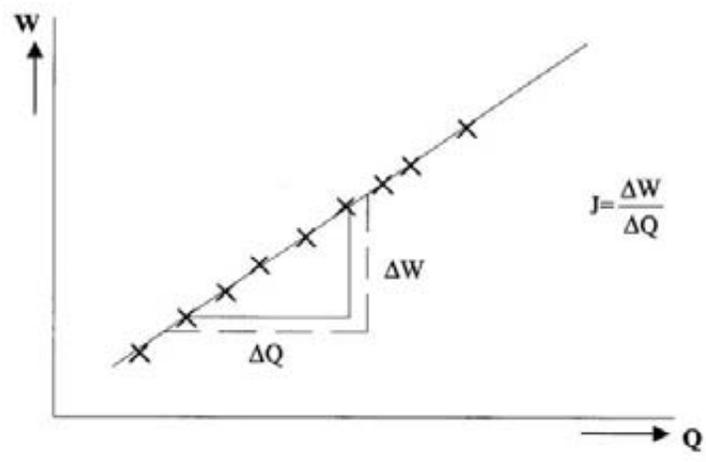


**-(5.1)**

$$Q_{out} \propto W_{in}$$

$$Q_{out} = W_{in}$$

$$\oint dQ = \oint dW \Rightarrow \sum Q = \sum W \quad \dots\dots(5.1)$$



$$J = \frac{\Delta W}{\Delta Q} \quad \dots\dots(5.2)$$

$$J = 4.2 \text{ kJ/kcal}$$

(kcal)

**The First Law Statement**

$$\dots\dots(5.3)$$

$$Q=W$$

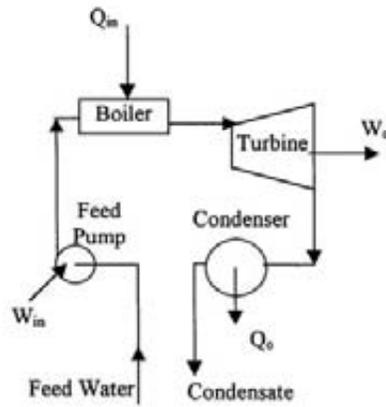
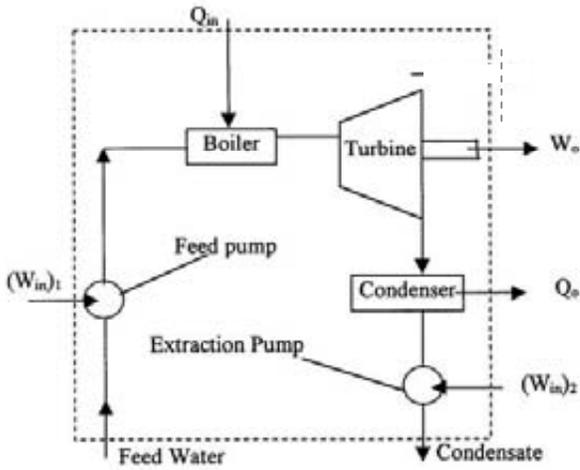
.(Q↔W)

$$\oint dQ = \oint dW \Rightarrow \sum Q = \sum W \quad \dots\dots (5.2)$$

$$(5.3)$$

.(W<sub>in</sub>)

(Q<sub>in</sub>)



$$\sum Q = \sum W$$

$$(Q_{in}) + (-Q_o) = W_o + (-W_{in}) = W_o - W_{in}$$

$$Q_{in} - Q_o = W_o - [(W_{in})_1 + (W_{in})_2]$$

$$Q_{in} - Q_o = W_o - W_{in}$$

$$\sum Q = \sum W$$

$$(Q_{in}) + (-Q_o) = W_o + (-W_{in})$$

$$Q_{in} - Q_o = W_o - W_{in}$$

- (5.3)

(Q<sub>o</sub>)

(W<sub>out</sub>)

$$\sum Q = \sum W$$

$$Q_{in} + (-Q_o) = W_o + (-W_{in})$$

$$Q_{in} - Q_o = W_o - W_{in} \quad \dots\dots\dots (5.3)$$

$$W_{in} = (W_p)_1 + (W_p)_2$$

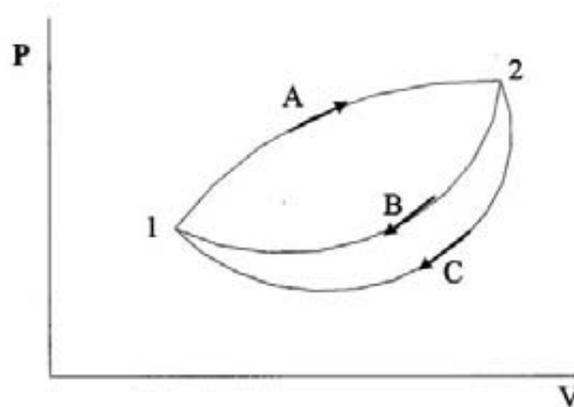
Energy Equation -(5.4)

( )

(Stored Energy) (ΔE<sub>se</sub>)

(A) (2) (1) (1) (2)

(5.4) (C) (B)



-(5.4)

$$\Sigma Q = \Sigma W$$

$$(Q_{12})_A + (Q_{21})_B = (W_{12})_A + (W_{21})_B \quad \dots (1)$$

$$\pm (Q_{12})_A \pm (Q_{21})_C = \pm (W_{12})_A \pm (W_{21})_C \quad \dots (2)$$

$$\dots (2) \quad (1)$$

$$(Q_{21})_B - (Q_{21})_C = (W_{21})_B - (W_{21})_C$$

$$\therefore (W_{21})_B - (W_{21})_C = (Q_{21})_C - (Q_{21})_B \quad \dots (5.4)$$

(B)  $(Q-W) = (\Delta E_{se})$  ..... (1) (C)

(A)  $(Q-W) = (\Delta E_{se})$  ..... (2)

$(Q-W) = (\Delta E_{se})$  ..... (3)

**$Q - W = \Delta E_{se}$  ..... (5.5)**

(Q-W)

**$Q - W = \Delta E_{se} = \Delta U + \Delta KE + \Delta PE$  ..... (5.6)**

: (Q-W)

( $\Delta E_{se}$ )

.(The General Energy Equation)

( )

**$Q - W = \Delta U$  ..... (5.7)**

(Non-Flow Energy Equation)

.(NFEE)

**$dQ - dW = dU$  ..... (5.8)**

: (NFEE)

(NFEE)

( $\Delta U=0$ )

**$Q = W$  ..... (5.9)**

-(5.5)

(Q W U)

.(dQ dW dU)

: (Exact)

$$\int_{T_1}^{T_2} dT = T_2 - T_1 = \Delta T \quad \text{and} \quad \int_{U_1}^{U_2} dU = U_2 - U_1 = \Delta U \quad \text{.....(5.10)}$$

$$\int dQ = Q \quad \text{and} \quad \int dW = W \quad \text{..... (5.11)} \quad \text{: (Inexact)}$$

(d)

$$dQ - dW = dU$$

$$\int dQ - \int dW = \int dU$$

$$\therefore Q - W = \Delta U \quad \text{..... (5.12)}$$

(Evaporators)                      (Heat Exchangers)  
 (Engines)                              (Turbines)                      (Compressors)

-(5.6)

-1

(U)                                      (5.4)

$$dQ - dW = dU$$

$$\int dQ - \int dW = \int dU$$

$$Q - W = \Delta U \quad \text{or} \quad \sum (dQ - dW) = \Delta U \quad \text{..... (5.13)}$$

(Non-Flow Energy Equation)

-2

-3

**Internal Energy or Joule's Law**

-(5.7)

$[\mu = \emptyset (T)]$

-:

-1

.(5.5)

-2

-3

-4

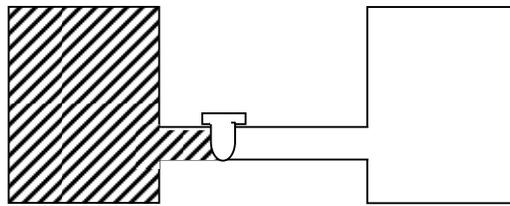
$(Q = 0)$

$(W = 0)$

-5

:

$Q - W = \Delta U$   
 $\Delta U = 0$



-(5.5)

(2) (1)

-6

-7

$[\mu = \emptyset (T)]$

: (1 kg)

$d\mu = C_v dT$

$\Delta\mu = C_v \Delta T$  ..... (5.14)

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{(43.5kJ)} & \text{(5.1)} \\ & & \text{(0.5kg)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta U &= -W = -43.5 \text{ kJ} \\ \Delta\mu &= \frac{\Delta U}{m} = \frac{43.5}{0.5} = -87 \text{ kJ} \end{aligned} \tag{5.2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{(5283 kJ/hr)} \\ & \text{(1672 kJ/hr)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Delta U = Q - W = -1672 - (-5283) = 3611 \text{ kJ/hr} \tag{5.3}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{(0.1m}^2\text{)} \\ & \text{(17}^\circ\text{C)} \\ & \text{(1.5bar)} \end{aligned}$$

$\begin{aligned} T_2 &= T_1 \left( \frac{V_2}{V_1} \right) = 290 \left( \frac{3 \times 0.1}{1 \times 0.1} \right) \\ &= 870 \text{ K} \\ W &= P(V_2 - V_1) \\ &= 150(0.3 - 0.1) \\ &= 30 \text{ kJ/kg} \end{aligned}$	$\begin{aligned} T_3 &= \frac{P_3}{P_2} \cdot T_2 \\ &= \frac{2P_1}{P_1} T_2 = 2 \times 870 = 1740 \text{ K} \\ \sum W &= 30 + 0 = 30 \text{ kJ} \end{aligned}$
---	---

(5.4)

(100kJ)	(2)	(1)
(80kJ)	(1)	(2)
	(1)	(2)

$\begin{aligned} \sum Q &= \sum W \\ Q_{12} + Q_{21} &= W_{12} + W_{21} \end{aligned}$	$\begin{aligned} 100 + Q_{21} &= 150 + (-80) \\ Q_{21} &= -30 \text{ kJ} \end{aligned}$
--	---

(5.5)

$$\begin{aligned} & (700\text{kJ}) & (250 \text{ kJ/kg}) \\ & & (200\text{kJ}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\Delta U_{12} = Q_{12} - W_{12} = 700 - 200 = 500 \text{ kJ}$$

$$m = \frac{\Delta U_{12}}{\Delta \mu_{12}} = \frac{500}{250} = 2 \text{ kg}$$

(5.6)

$$(690\text{kN/m}^2)$$

$$(0.024\text{m}^3) \quad (0.003\text{m}^3)$$

$$(6 \text{ kJ})$$

$$\Delta U_{12} = Q - W = Q - P\Delta V_{12} = (-6) - [690 (0.024 - 0.003)] = -20.49 \text{ kJ}$$

(5.7)

$$(1055\text{kJ})$$

$$(210\text{kJ})$$

$$Q - W = \Delta U$$

$$-1055 - W = 210 \Rightarrow \therefore W = -1265 \text{ kJ}$$

(5.8)

$$(3\text{m}^3)$$

$$(0.5\text{kg})$$

$$(900\text{kJ})$$

$$(0.028\text{m}^3)$$

$$(\text{bar})$$

$$(81.6\text{kJ})$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta U_{12} &= Q_{12} - W_{12} \\ &= (-900) - (-81.6) \\ &= -818.4 \text{ kJ} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta \mu_{12} &= \frac{\Delta U_{12}}{m} = \frac{-818.4}{0.5} \\ &= -1636.8 \text{ kJ/kg} \end{aligned}$$

$$W_{12} = P\Delta V_{12}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P &= \frac{W_{12}}{\Delta V_{12}} = \frac{-31.6}{0.028 - 3} \\ &= 0.2746 \text{ bar} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{(kJ)} & \text{(180 kJ/kg)} & \text{(120 kJ/kg)} & \text{(5.9)} \\
 & & & & \text{(2 kg)} \\
 \mathbf{q} &= \Delta \mu = 180 - 120 = \mathbf{60 \text{ kJ/kg}} \\
 \mathbf{Q} &= m \times q = 2 \times 60 = \mathbf{120 \text{ kJ}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{(75 kJ/kg)} & & & \text{(5.10)} \\
 & & & & \text{(42 kJ/kg)} \\
 \Delta \mu &= Q - w = (-42) - (-75) = \mathbf{33 \text{ kJ/kg}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{(3 bar)} & & & \text{(5.11)} \\
 & & \text{(0.03 m}^3\text{)} & \text{(0.1 m}^3\text{)} & \\
 & & & & \text{(16.72 kJ)} & \text{(4.18 kJ)} \\
 \mathbf{W} &= P \Delta V = 300 (0.03 - 0.1) = \mathbf{-21 \text{ kJ}} \\
 \mathbf{Q} &= \Delta U + W = (16.72 - 4.18) + (-21) = \mathbf{-8.46 \text{ kJ}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & & & & \text{(5.12)} \\
 & \text{(2m}^3\text{)} & & & \\
 & \text{(5m}^3\text{)} & & \text{(300K)} & \text{(5 bar)} \\
 & \text{(1) :} & & & \\
 & \text{(4) .} & & \text{(3) .} & \text{(2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{(1) } \mathbf{W} &= \mathbf{0} & \text{(2) } \mathbf{Q} &= \mathbf{0} \\
 \text{(3) } \because T_1 &= T_2 = 300 \therefore \Delta T = 0 \therefore Q - W = \Delta U = \mathbf{0} \\
 \text{(4) } P_2 &= \frac{P_1 V_1}{V_2} = \frac{5 \times 2}{7} = \mathbf{1.43 \text{ bar}}
 \end{aligned}$$

(5.1)

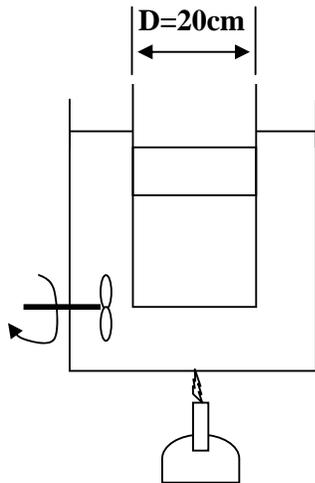
$\gamma=1.66$  (5kJ)

:

(2) (1)

(7.57 12.57 kJ) :

(5.2)



(0.5kg)

(1kg)

(1kW)

(0.1kW)

(10%)

(20 min.)

(10kJ)

(20cm)

(1.01 bar)

(1177.364 kJ) :

(5.3)

(500kJ)

(1) : (3)

(140kJ)

(2) (320kJ)

(3) (200kJ)

(-120kJ) :

(5.4)

(320 000 kJ/hr)

(20)

(25kW)

(100W)

(85%)

(40 MJ/kg)

(6.553 kg/hr) :

(5.5)

(150 kPa) (25°C) (0.1m<sup>3</sup>)  
(150°C) (1MPa)  
(27.8 kJ)

**Cp = 1.04 kJ/kg . K**

**γ = 1.4**

**(-12.06 kJ 0.0213 m<sup>3</sup>) :**

(5.6)

(V ≡ m<sup>3</sup>) (P ≡ kN/m<sup>2</sup>) (U ≡ kJ) (U = 34 + 3.15 PV)  
(0.06 m<sup>3</sup>) (400 kPa) (0.03 m<sup>3</sup>) (170 kPa)  
(P-V)

**(68.05 kJ 8.55 kJ) :**

(5.7)

(0.5kg) (0.5m<sup>3</sup>) (a)  
(1kg) (0.25m<sup>3</sup>) (b) (1.35bar)  
( ) (c) (4.25 bar)

**Cp = 1.005 kJ/kg . K**

**Cv = 0.717 kJ/kg .K**

**(2.316 bar 402.18 K) :**

(5.8)

(2kg)  
(600K)

**Cp = 1.005 kJ/kg.K**

**Cv = 0.718 kJ/kg.K**

**(861.6 kJ 1723.2 kJ) :**

(5.9)

( ) (100g)  
:(1 bar) .(50cm)  
(103°C) (5.95kJ) -

.(50cm) -

:(P-V)

**Cp = 1.005 kJ/kg.K** . **Cv = 0.717 kJ/kg.K**

(26.96 kJ 10.829 kJ 37.79 kJ 0.861 bar) :

(5.10)

(100°C) . (0.2kg)  
(γ=1.4) .(5.3kJ) .(19.7kJ)

.(R)

**(0.295 kJ/kg.K) :**

Non-Flow Processes (Closed System) ( ) - (5.8)

$$Q - W = \Delta U$$

$$q - w = \Delta u \quad \dots\dots\dots (5.15) \quad (1\text{kg})$$

$$(Pv^n = C.)$$

- 1
- 2
- 3

$$R=0.287 \text{ kJ/kg.K} \quad C_v=0.718 \text{ kJ/kg.K} \quad C_p = 1.005 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

.(Non-Flow Processes)

-(5.9)

**Application of the First Law of Thermodynamics on the Closed System**

**Constant Volume Process**

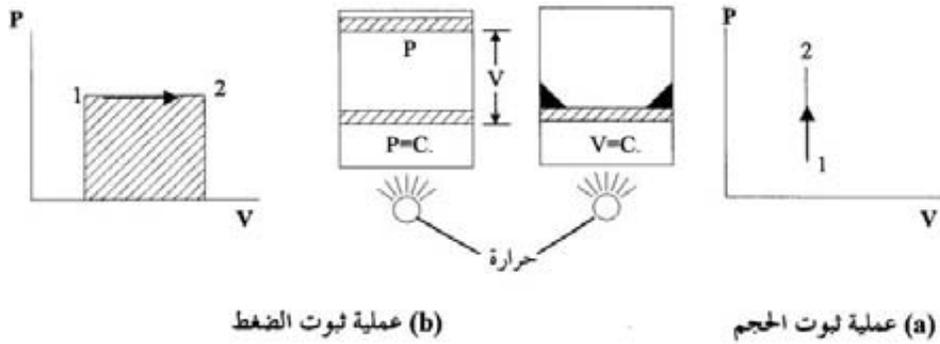
-(5.9.1)

(Iso-Choric)

(Cv)

(5.6-a)  $(P-V)$  (2) (1)

:  $(dV=0)$   $(V_1-V_2)$



-(5.6)

$\frac{P}{T} = \text{Const.}$

$w_{12} = \int_1^2 Pdv = 0$  ..... (5.16)

$\Delta\mu = Cv \int_1^2 dT = Cv(T_2 - T_1)$  (kJ/kg) ..... (5.17)

$q - w = \Delta\mu$

$q = \Delta\mu = Cv (T_2 - T_1)$  (kJ/kg) ..... (5.18)

$\therefore Cv = \frac{\Delta\mu}{\Delta T}$

**Constant Pressure Process** -(5.9.2)

(Iso-baric)

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{(P-V)} & & \text{(Cp)} \\ & & & (2) \quad (1) \\ & \text{:} & & \text{(P}_1\text{=P}_2\text{)} & \text{.(5.6-b)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{v}{T} = \text{Const.} \quad \text{:} \quad -$$

$$w_{12} = \int_1^2 P dv = P(v_2 - v_1) = R(T_2 - T_1) \quad (\text{kJ/kg}) \quad \text{..... (5.19)} \quad \text{:} \quad -$$

$$\begin{aligned} q &= \Delta\mu + w \\ &= C_v (T_2 - T_1) + R(T_2 - T_1) \\ &= C_p (T_2 - T_1) \quad \text{..... (5.20)} \end{aligned} \quad \text{(q)} \quad -1$$

$$\text{..... (5.21)} \quad \text{(\Delta h)} \quad -2$$

$$\begin{aligned} dq &= d\mu + dPv \\ &= d(\mu + Pv) \\ \therefore dq &= dh \end{aligned} \quad \text{:}$$

$$\begin{aligned} q &= \Delta h \\ \therefore q &= \Delta h = C_p \Delta T \quad \text{..... (5.22)} \end{aligned} \quad \text{:}$$

$$C_p = \Delta h / \Delta T \quad \text{..... (5.23)} \quad \text{(Cp)}$$

(R) -3

$$\begin{aligned} q &= \Delta\mu + w \\ C_{p\Delta T} &= C_{v\Delta T} + R\Delta T \\ R &= C_p - C_v \end{aligned}$$

**Constant Temperature Process**

**-(5.9.3)**

(Isothermal)

$$(P-V) \quad (2) \quad (1)$$

$$: \quad (T_1=T_2) \quad (5.7-a)$$

$$Pv = \text{Const.} : \quad -$$

$$: \quad -$$

$$\therefore PV = mRT = C \quad \text{or} \quad P = \frac{C}{V} \Rightarrow C = PV \quad \dots\dots (5.24)$$

$$w = \int P dV = \int_1^2 \frac{C}{V} dV = C \int_1^2 \frac{dV}{V} = C \ln \frac{V_2}{V_1} = P_1 V_1 \ln \frac{V_2}{V_1} = RT \ln \frac{V_2}{V_1} \left[ \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}} \right]$$

$$\text{Or} = P_1 v_1 \ln \frac{v_2}{v_1} \dots\dots\dots (5.25)$$

$$w = \int P dv = \int_{v_1}^{v_2} RT \frac{dv}{v} = RT \ln \frac{v_2}{v_1} = P_1 v_1 \ln \frac{v_2}{v_1}$$

$$\Delta\mu = Cv \int_1^2 dT = 0 \quad : \quad -$$

$$: \quad -$$

$$q - w = \Delta\mu$$

$$\therefore q = w \quad \dots\dots\dots (5.26)$$

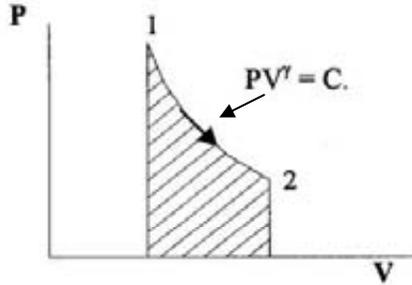
**Adiabatic Process**

**-(5.9.4)**

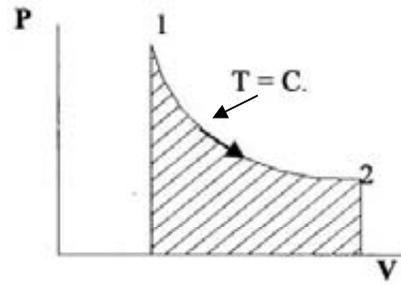
.(q=0)

(P-V) (2) (1)

(5.7-b)



عملية أدياباتيّة (b)



عملية آيزوثيرمالية (a)

-(5.7)

: (γ) -

$$\gamma = C_p / C_v$$

: (Cp Cv)

$$R = C_p - C_v = C_p - \frac{C_p}{\gamma} = \frac{C_p \gamma - C_p}{\gamma} = \frac{C_p(\gamma - 1)}{\gamma}$$

$$\therefore C_p = \frac{R\gamma}{\gamma - 1} \quad \dots\dots\dots (5.27)$$

$$R = C_p - C_v = \gamma C_v - C_v = C_v(\gamma - 1)$$

$$\therefore C_v = \frac{R}{\gamma - 1} \quad \dots\dots\dots (5.28)$$

.(5.1)

(5.1)

Gas	N	M	(S.T.P) ρ kg/m <sup>3</sup>	kJ/kg.K			γ
				Cp	Cv	R	
Air	-	29	1.293	1.01	0.72	0.287	1.4
He	1	4	0.179	5.19	3.11	2.08	1.67
H <sub>2</sub>	2	2	0.09	14.20	10.08	4.12	1.41
N <sub>2</sub>	2	28	1.253	1.04	0.74	0.297	1.4
O <sub>2</sub>	2	32	1.430	0.92	0.66	0.260	1.4
CO	2	28	1.151	1.04	0.74	0.297	1.4
CO <sub>2</sub>	3	44	1.975	0.82	0.63	0.189	1.31
SO <sub>2</sub>	3	61	2.90	0.61	0.48	0.13	1.26
CH <sub>4</sub>	5	16	0.718	2.23	1.71	0.52	1.31
C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>6</sub>	8	30	1.358	1.75	1.47	0.277	1.19
		28.15		1.03	0.74	0.295	1.4

:

(21%O<sub>2</sub>) (79% N<sub>2</sub>) :

(23.2%O<sub>2</sub>) (76.8% N<sub>2</sub>) :

. ... N<sub>2</sub>

:

-

$$\Delta\mu = C_v \int dT = C_v (T_2 - T_1) \quad \text{..... (5.29)}$$

:(v) (P)

( )

-

$$Pv^\gamma = \text{Const.} \quad \text{..... (5.30)}$$

:(T v P)

-

$$\frac{T_2}{T_1} = \left(\frac{v_1}{v_2}\right)^{\gamma-1} = \left(\frac{P_2}{P_1}\right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} \quad \text{..... (5.31)}$$

: (5.31)

$$y = x^a$$

$$\text{Ln } y = a \text{ Ln } x$$

$$\therefore a = \frac{\text{Ln } y}{\text{Ln } x}$$

$$\therefore \gamma - 1 = \frac{\text{Ln } \frac{T_2}{T_1}}{\text{Ln } \frac{v_2}{v_1}}$$

$$\therefore \frac{\gamma - 1}{\gamma} = \frac{\text{Ln } \frac{T_2}{T_1}}{\text{Ln } \frac{P_2}{P_1}}$$

(Ln)\*

: (Ln y = x)

$$\text{Ln } y = x$$

$$\therefore y = e^x$$

: ( ) ( )

$$q - w = \Delta\mu$$

$$-w = \Delta\mu$$

$$-\int_1^2 P dv = \int_1^2 C_v dT$$

$$-RT \int_1^2 \frac{dv}{v} = C_v \int_1^2 dt$$

$$\therefore P = \frac{RT}{v}$$

$$\therefore R = C_v(\gamma - 1)$$

(Log) .(e) : (Ln) \*

Ln = 2.3 log

(10)

: (T)

$$-C_v(\gamma - 1) \int_1^2 \frac{dv}{v} = C_v \int_1^2 \frac{dT}{T}$$

$$-(\gamma - 1) \text{Ln} \frac{v_2}{v_1} = \text{Ln} \frac{T_2}{T_1}$$

$$\text{Ln} \left( \frac{v_2}{v_1} \right)^{-(\gamma-1)} = \text{Ln} \frac{T_2}{T_1}$$

$$\left( \frac{v_1}{v_2} \right)^{\gamma-1} = \frac{T_2}{T_1} \quad \text{..... (5.32)}$$

$$X^a = y$$

$$\text{Ln} X^a = \text{Ln} y$$

$$a \text{Ln} X = \text{Ln} y$$

$$\therefore \frac{v_1}{v_2} = \frac{P_2 T_1}{P_1 T_2}$$

$$\frac{T_2}{T_1} = \left( \frac{P_2}{P_1} \right)^{\gamma-1} \cdot \left( \frac{T_2}{T_1} \right)^{\gamma-1}$$

$$\frac{T_2}{T_1} \cdot \left( \frac{T_2}{T_1} \right)^{\gamma-1} = \left( \frac{P_2}{P_1} \right)^{\gamma-1}$$

$$\left( \frac{T_2}{T_1} \right)^{\gamma} = \left( \frac{P_2}{P_1} \right)^{\gamma-1}$$

$$\frac{T_2}{T_1} = \left( \frac{P_2}{P_1} \right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} \quad \text{..... (5.33)}$$

: (5.32) (5.33)

$$\frac{T_2}{T_1} = \left( \frac{v_1}{v_2} \right)^{\gamma-1} = \left( \frac{P_2}{P_1} \right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} \quad \text{..... (5.34)}$$

:

$$P_1 v_1^{\gamma} = P_2 v_2^{\gamma} = P v^{\gamma} = \text{Const.}$$

..... (5.35)

.(C.) (Const.)

$$\therefore PV^\gamma = C \Rightarrow P = CV^{-\gamma} \Rightarrow C = P_1 V_1^\gamma = P_2 V_2^\gamma \quad \text{.....(5.36)}$$

$$W = \int PdV = \int CV^{-\gamma} dV = C \left[ \frac{V^{-\gamma+1}}{-\gamma+1} \right]_{V_1}^{V_2} = C \left( \frac{V_2^{-\gamma+1} - V_1^{-\gamma+1}}{-\gamma+1} \right) =$$

$$= \frac{P_2 V_2^\gamma V_2^{-\gamma+1} - P_1 V_1^\gamma V_1^{-\gamma+1}}{-\gamma+1} = \frac{P_1 V_1 - P_2 V_2}{\gamma-1} \quad :$$

$$= \frac{R(T_1 - T_2)}{\gamma-1} \text{ (kJ/kg)} \quad \text{..... (5.37)}$$

$$q - w = \Delta\mu$$

$$-w = \Delta\mu$$

$$-\frac{P_1 v_1 - P_2 v_2}{\gamma-1} = C_v (T_2 - T_1) \quad \text{..... (5.38)}$$

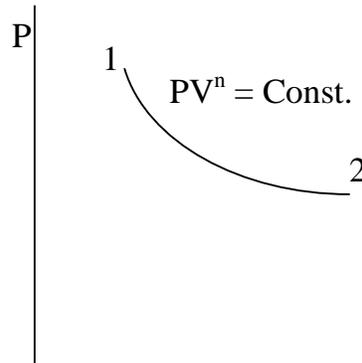
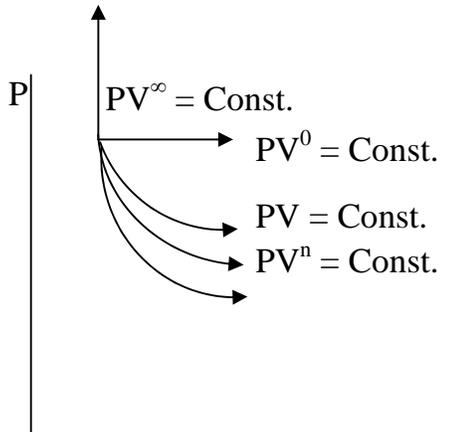
**Polytropic Process** -(5.9.5)

.(5.8-a) (P-v)

.(5.8-b)

(5.8-b)

.(P-V)



$$PV^\gamma = \text{Const.}$$

(b) V

(a) V

-(5.8)

...  $(0-\infty)$   $(\gamma - 1)$   $:(n)$  -

$PV^0 = \text{Const.} \quad \therefore P = \text{Const.}$   $:(n=0)$  .1

$PV^\infty = \text{Const.} \Rightarrow P^{1/\infty}V = \text{Const.} \Rightarrow P^0V = \text{Const.} \therefore V = \text{Const.}$   $:(n=\infty)$  .2

$PV = \text{Const.}$   $:(n=1)$  .3

$PV^\gamma = \text{Const.}$   $:(n=\gamma)$  .4

$Pv^n = \text{Const.}$   $:(v, P)$  -

..... (5.39)

$\frac{P_1 v_1}{T_1} = \frac{P_2 v_2}{T_2} = \text{Const.}$  ..... (5.40)

$\frac{T_2}{T_1} = \left(\frac{V_1}{V_2}\right)^{n-1} = \left(\frac{P_2}{P_1}\right)^{\frac{n-1}{n}}$  ..... (5.41)

$\Delta\mu = C_v \int_1^2 dT = C_v (T_2 - T_1)$  (kJ/kg) ..... (5.42)

$$\therefore PV^n = C \Rightarrow P = CV^{-n} \Rightarrow C = P_1 V_1^n = P_2 V_2^n \quad \dots\dots (5.43)$$

$$\begin{aligned} W &= \int PdV = \int CV^{-n}dV = C \left[ \frac{V^{-n+1}}{-n+1} \right]_{V_1}^{V_2} \\ &= C \left( \frac{V_2^{-n+1} - V_1^{-n+1}}{-n+1} \right) = \frac{P_2 V_2^n V_2^{-n+1} - P_1 V_1^n V_1^{-n+1}}{-n+1} \\ &= \frac{P_1 V_1 - P_2 V_2}{n-1} = \frac{R(T_1 - T_2)}{n-1} \quad (\text{kJ/kg}) \quad \dots\dots (5.44) \end{aligned}$$

$$q = \Delta\mu + w$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= C_v(T_2 - T_1) + \frac{R(T_1 - T_2)}{n-1} \quad \because C_v = \frac{R}{\gamma-1} \\ &= \frac{R}{\gamma-1}(T_2 - T_1) + \frac{R}{n-1}(T_1 - T_2) \\ &= \frac{R}{n-1}(T_2 - T_1) - \frac{R}{\gamma-1}(T_1 - T_2) \\ &= \left( \frac{1}{n-1} - \frac{1}{\gamma-1} \right) R(T_1 - T_2) \\ &= \left[ \frac{(\gamma-1) - (n-1)}{(n-1)(\gamma-1)} \right] R(T_1 - T_2) \\ &= \frac{\gamma-n}{\gamma-1} \cdot \frac{R(T_1 - T_2)}{n-1} \quad \dots\dots (5.45) \end{aligned}$$

$$q = \frac{\gamma-n}{\gamma-1} \cdot w \quad (\text{kJ/kg}) \quad \dots\dots (5.45)$$

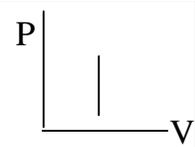
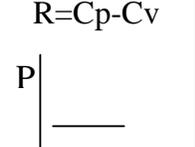
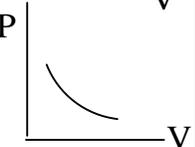
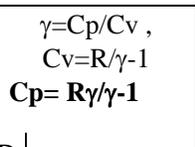
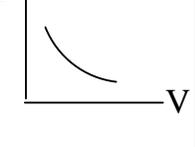
:			
(q=0)	$\left( \frac{\gamma-\gamma}{\gamma-1} = 0 \right)$	(n=γ)	-1
(q=w)	$\left( \frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma-1} = 0 \right)$	(n=1)	-2

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad : \quad (5.45) \qquad \qquad \qquad : (Cn) \qquad \qquad \qquad - \\
 q &= \frac{(\gamma - n)}{(\gamma - 1)} \cdot R \frac{(T_1 - T_2)}{(n - 1)} \qquad \qquad \qquad \because R = C_v (\gamma - 1) \\
 &= \frac{(\gamma - n)}{(\gamma - 1)} \cdot C_v (\gamma - 1) \frac{T_1 - T_2}{n - 1} \\
 &= C_v \frac{(\gamma - n)}{(n - 1)} (T_1 - T_2) \qquad \qquad \qquad : \\
 q &= C_n (T_1 - T_2) \qquad \qquad \qquad \dots\dots\dots (5.47) \\
 C_n &= C_v \frac{(\gamma - n)}{(n - 1)} \qquad \qquad \qquad \dots\dots\dots (5.48)
 \end{aligned}$$

.(5.2)

"

" (5.2)

	$w=0$	$(\Delta\mu)$	$w$			
	$q - w=0 = \Delta\mu$	$C_v(T_2-T_1)$	0	$\frac{P}{T} = C.$		.1
$R=C_p-C_v$ 	$q=\Delta\mu+w$ $=(\mu_2+P_2v_2) - (\mu_1+P_1v_1)$ $q=\Delta h_{12}=C_p\Delta T$	$C_v(T_2-T_1)$	$P\Delta V=R\Delta T$	$\frac{v}{T} = C.$		.2
	$q = w + \Delta\mu = 0$	0	$P_1v_1Ln\frac{v_2}{v_1}$ $RT_1Ln\frac{v_2}{v_1}$	$Pv=C.$		.3
$\gamma=C_p/C_v,$ $C_v=R/\gamma-1$ $C_p=R\gamma/\gamma-1$ 	$q=0 - w = \Delta\mu$	$C_v(T_2-T_1)$	$\frac{P_1v_1 - P_2v_2}{\gamma - 1}$ $\frac{R(T_1 - T_2)}{\gamma - 1}$	$Pv^\gamma = C.$ $\frac{T_2}{T_1} = \left(\frac{v_1}{v_2}\right)^{\gamma-1}$ $= \left(\frac{P_2}{P_1}\right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}}$		.4
$C_n=C_v(\frac{\gamma-n}{n-1})$ 	$q = \Delta\mu + w$ $= \frac{\gamma - n}{\gamma - 1} \cdot w$	$C_v(T_2-T_1)$	$(n)$ $(\gamma)$ $\frac{Pv}{T} = C.$			.5

(5.13)

$$\begin{array}{rcl}
 (2) \cdot (2 \text{ kJ}) & (8 \text{ kJ}) & (1) : (3) \\
 (\Delta U) & (3 \text{ kJ}) & (3) \cdot \\
 & & : (2 \text{ kJ}) \\
 & & \Delta U - 1 \\
 & & - 2 \\
 & & - 3
 \end{array}$$

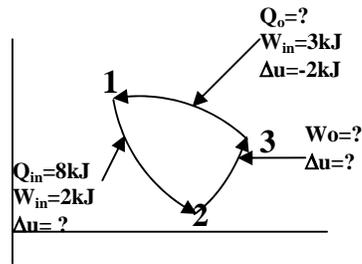
$$\begin{aligned}
 \Delta U_{12} &= Q_{12} - W_{12} = 8 - 2 = 6 \text{ kJ} \\
 Q_{31} &= W_{31} + \Delta U_{31} = -3 + (-2) = -5 \text{ kJ}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\oint dQ = \oint dW$$

$$\int_1^2 dQ + \int_2^3 dQ + \int_3^1 dQ = \int_1^2 dW + \int_2^3 dW + \int_3^1 dW$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 Q_{12} + Q_{23} + Q_{31} &= W_{12} + W_{23} + W_{31} \\
 8 + 0 + (-5) &= 2 + W_{23} + (-3)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore W_{23} = -4 \text{ kJ}$$



$$\Delta U_{23} = Q_{23} - W_{23} = 0 - 4 = -4 \text{ kJ}$$

(5.14)

$$\begin{array}{rcl}
 (15^\circ\text{C}) & (275 \text{ kN/m}^2) & (0.85 \text{ m}^3) \\
 & & (1.6 \text{ kg}) \\
 & & (15^\circ\text{C}) \\
 & & (0^\circ\text{C})
 \end{array}$$

$$C_v = 0.715 \text{ kJ/kg.K} \quad C_p = 1.005 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 R &= C_p - C_v = 1.005 - 0.715 \\
 &= 0.29 \text{ kJ/kg.K}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 m_1 &= \frac{P_1 V_1}{RT_1} = \frac{275 \times 0.85}{0.29 \times 288} = 2.8 \text{ kg} \\
 m_2 &= 2.8 + 1.7 = 4.5 \text{ kg}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{P_2}{P_1} = \frac{m_2 RT_2 / V_2}{m_1 RT_1 / V_1} = \frac{m_2}{m_1}$$

$$P_2 = P_1 \left( \frac{m_2}{m_1} \right) = 275 \frac{4.5}{2.8} = 442 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Delta h &= C_p (T_2 - T_1) \\
 &= 1.005 (288 - 273) \\
 &= 15.075 \text{ kJ/kg}
 \end{aligned}$$

(5.15)

(3 bar) (20°C) (5 kg)  
( ) ( ) (500 kJ)

R = 0.29 kJ/kg.K Cv = 0.715 kJ/kg.K

$\Delta T = \frac{Q}{mC_v} = \frac{500}{5 \times 0.715} = 139.86K$ $T_2 = \Delta T + T_1 = 139.86 + 20 = 159.86 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ $V_1 = \frac{mRT_1}{P_1} = \frac{5 \times 0.29 \times 293}{300} = 1.42 \text{ m}^3$	$P_2 = \frac{P_1 T_2}{T_1} = \frac{300 \times 432.86}{293} = 443.2 \text{ kN/m}^2$ $C_p = R + C_v = 0.29 + 0.715 = 1.005 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$ $Q_{23} = m C_p (T_3 - T_2) = 5 \times 1.005 (20 - 159.86) = -702.796 \text{ kJ}$
---	---

(5.16)

(15°C) (0.7m³) (2kg)  
(135°C)

Cv = 0.72 kJ/kg.K R = 0.29 kJ/kg.K

Q = m Cv (T2 - T1) = 2 x 0.72 (135 - 15) = 172.8 kJ

P1 = (mRT1)/V1 = (2 x 0.29 x 288) / 0.7 = 238.6 kN/m²

P2 = P1 (T2/T1) = 238.6 (408/288) = 338.1 kN/m²

(5.17)

$$(30^{\circ}\text{C}) \quad (0.9\text{m}^3) \quad (2\text{bar})$$

$$: \quad (180^{\circ}\text{C})$$

$$R = 0.29 \text{ kJ/kg.K} \quad C_p = 1.005 \text{ kJ / kg.K}$$

$$m = \frac{P_1 V_1}{R T_1} = \frac{200 \times 0.9}{0.29 \times 293} = 2.11 \text{ kg}$$

$$Q_{12} = m C_p \Delta T$$

$$= 2.11 \times 1.005 (180 - 20)$$

$$= 339.29 \text{ kJ}$$

$$V_2 = \frac{V_1 T_2}{T_1} = \frac{0.9 \times 453}{293} = 1.39 \text{ m}^3$$

$$W_{12} = P (V_2 - V_1)$$

$$= 2 (1.39 - 0.9)$$

$$= 98.2 \text{ kJ}$$

(5.18)

$$(18.5^{\circ}\text{C}) \quad (0.09 \text{ m}^3) \quad (275 \text{ kN/m}^2)$$

$$: \quad (15^{\circ}\text{C})$$

$$R = 0.29 \text{ kJ/kg.K} \quad C_v = 1.005 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$m = \frac{P_1 V_1}{R T_1} = \frac{275 \times 0.09}{0.29 \times 458} = 0.186 \text{ kg}$$

$$Q = m C_p (T_2 - T_1)$$

$$= 0.186 \times 1.005 (288 - 458)$$

$$= -31.78 \text{ kJ}$$

$$W = P(V_2 - V_1) = 275 (0.0566 - 0.09)$$

$$= -9.19 \text{ kJ}$$

$$V_2 = V_1 \frac{T_2}{T_1} = 0.09 \frac{288}{458} = 0.0566 \text{ m}^3$$

(5.19)

$$(7\text{bar}) \quad (0.1\text{m}^3) \quad (2.25 \text{ kg})$$

$$: \quad (0.2 \text{ m}^3) \quad (280\text{kJ/kg}) \quad (210\text{kJ/kg})$$

$$: \quad ( ) \quad ( )$$

$$Q = \Delta H = m (h_2 - h_1)$$

$$= 2.25 (280 - 210)$$

$$= 157.5 \text{ kJ}$$

$$\Delta U = Q - P\Delta V$$

$$= 157.5 - [700 (0.2 - 0.1)]$$

$$= 87.5 \text{ kJ}$$

(5.20)

$$(\gamma = 1.66) \quad (5 \text{ kJ})$$

(2) (1) :

$$Q = m C_p \Delta T$$

$$= m \frac{R\gamma}{\gamma - 1} \Delta T = P\Delta V \frac{\gamma}{\gamma - 1} = W \frac{\gamma}{\gamma - 1}$$

$$\therefore Q = 5 \times \frac{1.66}{1.66 - 1} = 12.575 \text{ kJ}$$

$$\Delta U = Q - W = 12.575 - 5 = 7.575 \text{ kJ}$$

(5.21)

$$(3000\text{L}) \quad (14^\circ\text{C}) \quad (0.4 \text{ MN/m}^2)$$

: ( ) ( ) ( ) :

$$R = 0.26 \text{ kJ/kg.K} \quad C_p = 1.005 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$m_1 = \frac{P_1 V_1}{RT_1} = \frac{400 \times 3}{0.26 \times 287} = 16.08 \text{ kg}$$

$$m_2 = \frac{P_2 V_2}{RT_2} = \frac{2 \times 400 \times 3}{0.26 \times 287} = 30.66 \text{ kg}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta m &= m_2 - m_1 \\ &= 30.66 - 16.08 \\ &= 14.59 \text{ kg} \end{aligned}$$

$$\rho = \frac{m}{V} = \frac{14.59}{3} = 4.86 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

$$\begin{aligned} C_v &= C_p - R \\ &= 1.005 - 0.26 = 0.745 \text{ kJ/kg.K} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} Q_{12} &= m C_v \Delta T \\ &= 14.59 \times 0.745 (28-14) \\ &= 152.17 \text{ kJ} \end{aligned}$$

$$Q_{12} = \Delta U_{12} = 152.17 \text{ kJ}$$

(5.22)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (85^\circ\text{C}) \quad (1.4 \text{ MN/m}^2) \\
 & (2.7\text{kg}) \\
 & (60^\circ\text{C}) \quad (700\text{kN/m}^2)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$C_p = 0.88 \text{ kJ/kg.K} \quad C_v = 0.67 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 q &= \Delta u - w \\
 &= C_v (T_2 - T_1) - RT_1 \\
 &= C_v (T_2 - T_1) - (C_p - C_v) T_1 \\
 &= 0.67 \times (333 - 358) - (0.88 - 0.67) \times 358 \\
 &= -91.93 \text{ kJ/kg}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 Q &= q \times m \\
 &= 91.93 \times 2.7 \\
 &= 248.2 \text{ kJ}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 P_1 v_1 &= RT_1 \\
 v_1 &= (C_p - C_v) \frac{T_1}{P_1} \\
 &= \frac{(0.88 - 0.67) \times 358}{1400} = 0.0537 \frac{\text{m}^3}{\text{kg}} \\
 V_1 &= v_1 \times m = 0.0537 \times 2.7 = 0.145 \text{ m}^3 \\
 V_2 &= \frac{P_1 T_2}{P_2 T_1} \times V_1 = \frac{1400 \times 333 \times 0.145}{700 \times 358} \\
 &= 0.27 \text{ m}^3
 \end{aligned}$$

(5.23)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (2.25 \text{ kg}) \quad (0.1 \text{ m}^3) \quad (7 \text{ bar}) \\
 & (0.2 \text{ m}^3) \\
 & ( ) \quad ( ) : \quad (280 \text{ kJ/kg}) \quad (210 \text{ kJ/kg})
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 Q &= \Delta H = m (h_2 - h_1) \\
 &= 2.25 (280 - 210) \\
 &= 157.5 \text{ kJ}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 W &= P (V_2 - V_1) \\
 &= 700 (0.2 - 0.1) \\
 &= 70 \text{ kJ} \\
 \Delta U &= Q - W \\
 &= 157.5 - 70 \\
 &= 87.5 \text{ kJ}
 \end{aligned}$$

(5.24)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (R) \quad (1.855 \text{ kg/m}^3) \quad (15^\circ\text{C}) \quad (1 \text{ bar}) \\
 & \quad (250^\circ\text{C}) \quad (15^\circ\text{C}) \quad (0.9 \text{ kg}) \\
 & \quad (C_v) \quad (C_p) \quad (175 \text{ kJ})
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 R &= \frac{PV}{mT} = \frac{100 \times 1}{1.875 \times 278} \\
 &= 0.185 \text{ kJ/kg.K}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$C_p = \frac{Q}{m(T_2 - T_1)} = \frac{175}{0.9(250 - 15)}$$

$$= 0.828 \text{ kJ/kg} \cdot \text{K}$$

$$C_v = C_p - R$$

$$= 0.828 - 0.185$$

$$= 0.643 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Delta U &= m C_v (T_2 - T_1) \\
 &= 0.9 \times 0.643 (250 - 15)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$= 136 \text{ kJ}$$

$$W = Q - \Delta U$$

$$= 175 - 136$$

$$= 39 \text{ kJ}$$

(5.25)

(15.5°C)

(100mm)

(15N)

(150mm)

(150mm)

(1.013 bar)

$$C_p = 1 \text{ kJ/kg.K} \quad R = 0.287 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

(2)

(1) :

$$A = \frac{\pi \cdot D^2}{4} = \frac{\pi \times (0.1)^2}{4} = 0.007854 \text{ m}^2$$

$$V_1 = A \times L_1 = 0.007854 \times 0.15 = 0.00118 \text{ m}^3$$

$$V_2 = A \times L_2 = 0.007854 \times 0.3 = 0.00236 \text{ m}^3$$

$$\therefore P_g = \frac{F}{A}$$

$$P_{abs} = P_{atm} + P_g$$

$$= 1.013 \times 10^5 + \frac{15}{0.007854}$$

$$= 1.03 \text{ bar}$$

$$m = \frac{PV}{RT} = \frac{1.032 \times 10^2 \times 0.00118}{0.287 \times 288.5}$$

$$= 0.00147 \text{ kg}$$

$$(3.1 \text{ MN/m}^2)$$

$$\gamma = 1.4 \quad (1.429 \text{ kg/m}^3)$$

$$R = \frac{PV}{mT} = \frac{0.101325 \times 10^3 \times 1}{1.429 \times 273}$$

$$= 0.26 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$m_1 = \frac{P_1 V_1}{RT_1} = \frac{3.1 \times 10^3 \times 300 \times 10^{-3}}{0.26 \times 291}$$

$$= 12.3 \text{ kg}$$

$$m_2 = \frac{P_2 V_2}{RT_2} = \frac{1.7 \times 10^3 \times 300 \times 10^{-3}}{0.26 \times 288}$$

$$= 6.8 \text{ kg}$$

$$T_2 = T_1 \cdot \frac{V_2}{V_1}$$

$$= 288.15 \times \frac{0.0236}{0.00118} = 577 \text{ K}$$

$$Q = m C_p (T_2 - T_1)$$

$$= 0.00147 \times 1 \times (577 - 288.15)$$

$$= 0.425 \text{ kJ}$$

$$W = P (V_2 - V_1)$$

$$= 1.032 \times 10^2 (0.00236 - 0.00118)$$

$$= 0.122 \text{ kJ}$$

$$\Delta U = Q - W$$

$$= 0.424 - 0.122$$

$$= 0.3021 \text{ kJ}$$

(5.26)

$$(300 \text{ Litre})$$

$$(18^\circ \text{C})$$

$$(15^\circ \text{C})$$

$$(1.7 \text{ MN/m}^2)$$

$$(0.101325 \text{ MN/m}^2) \quad (0^\circ \text{C})$$

$$12.3 - 6.8 = 5.5 \text{ kg}$$

$$C_v = \frac{R}{\gamma - 1} = \frac{0.26}{0.4} = 0.65 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$Q = \Delta U = m C_v (T_2 - T_1)$$

$$= 5.5 \cdot 0.65 (291 - 288)$$

$$= 10.725 \text{ kJ}$$

(5.27)

$$(0.8856 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}) \quad (2 \text{ bar}) \quad (0.05 \text{ kg})$$

$$.(0.0658 \text{ m}^3)$$

:

$$.(300^\circ\text{C}) \quad ( )$$

$$: \quad (130^\circ\text{C}) \quad ( )$$

$$.(2707 \text{ kJ/kg.K}) \quad (2 \text{ bar})$$

$$.(307 \text{ kJ/kg.K}) \quad (300^\circ\text{C})$$

(a)

$$v_2 = \frac{V_2}{m} = \frac{0.0658}{0.05}$$
$$= 1.316 \text{ m}^3 / \text{kg}$$

$$Q_{\text{in}} = m (h_2 - h_1)$$
$$= 0.05 (3072 - 2707)$$
$$= 18.25 \text{ kJ}$$

$$w = P\Delta v = P (v_2 - v_1)$$
$$= 200 (1.316 - 0.8856)$$
$$= 86.08 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$W = m \times w = 0.05 \times 86.08$$
$$= 4.304 \text{ kJ}$$

(b)

$$T_2 = \frac{P_2 V_2}{mR} = \frac{200 \times 0.0658}{0.05 \times 0.287}$$
$$= 917 \text{ K}$$

$$Q = m C_p \Delta T$$
$$= 0.05 \times 1.005 (917 - 403)$$
$$= 25.83 \text{ kJ}$$

$$w = R (T_2 - T_1)$$
$$= 0.287 (917 - 403)$$
$$= 147.52 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$W = m \times w$$
$$= 0.05 \times 147.52 = 7.38 \text{ kJ}$$



(5.29)

(1.0133 bar) .(1023.67 kJ/kg)

.Δh Δμ : .(1.67 m³/kg) (0.00104 m³/kg)

Δμ = q - w = q - PΔv
= 1023.67 - [101.33 (1.67 - 0.00104)]
= 854.55 kJ/kg

q = Δh = 1023.67 kJ/kg

(5.30)

(290K) (1kg)

(0.2m³/kg) (0.8m³/kg)

(bar) (P) (PV¹.²⁵=0.75) (500K)

: .(m³/kg) (v)

Cp=0.287 kJ/kg.K

W = m ∫ PdV = m ∫ C dV / V^γ = m ∫ C.V^-γ dV
= mc [ V^-γ+1 / -γ+1 ]\_0.8^0.2 = mc ( V2^-γ+1 - V1^-γ+1 / -γ+1 )
= 1 x 0.75 ( 0.2^-1.5+1 - 0.8^-1.5+1 / -1.5+1 )
= 0.75 ( 0.2^-0.5 - 0.8^-0.5 / -0.5 ) = 0.75 ( -2 / (sqrt(0.2) - sqrt(0.8)) )
= -2 x 0.75 ( 1/sqrt(0.2) - 1/sqrt(0.8) )
= -1.5 ( 1/0.447 - 1/0.894 ) = -1.5(2.237 - 1.12)
= 1.5 x 1.12 = -1.68 bar . m³ = 168 kJ

Δμ = m Cv ΔT = 1 x 0.718 (580 - 290) = 208.2 kJ

Q = ΔU + W = 208.2 - 168 = 40.2 kJ

(5.31)

$$.(0.02\text{m}^3) \quad (1 \text{ bar}) \quad (20^\circ\text{C})$$

.(5 bar)

:

$$R=0.287 \text{ kJ/kg.K} \quad C_p=1.01 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$C_v = C_p - R$$

$$= 1.01 - 0.287$$

$$= 0.723 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$m = \frac{P_1 V_1}{RT_1} = \frac{100 \times 0.02}{0.287 \times 298}$$

$$= 0.0238 \text{ kg}$$

$$T_2 = T_1 \cdot \frac{P_2}{P_1}$$

$$= 293 \frac{5}{1} = 1465 \text{ K}$$

$$Q_{12} = m C_v (T_2 - T_1)$$

$$= 0.0238 \times 0.723 \times (1465 - 293)$$

$$= 19.9 \text{ kJ}$$

$$V_3 = V_2 \cdot \frac{T_1}{T_2}$$

$$= 0.02 \times \frac{293}{1465} = 0.004 \text{ m}^3$$

$$W_{23} = P_3 (V_3 - V_2)$$

$$= 500(0.004 - 0.02) = -8 \text{ kJ}$$

$$Q_{23} = m C_p (T_3 - T_2)$$

$$= 0.0238 \times 1.01 (20 - 1465)$$

$$= -34.7 \text{ kJ}$$

$$\Sigma W = 0 + (-8) = -8 \text{ kJ}$$

$$\Sigma Q = 20 + (-34.7) = -14.7 \text{ kJ}$$

(5.32)

$$.(0.007\text{m}^3)$$

$$(0.056\text{m}^3)$$

$$(100 \text{ kN/m}^2)$$

$$P_2 = P_1 \frac{V_1}{V_2}$$

$$= 100 \times \frac{0.056}{0.007} = 800 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$W.D = P_1 V_1 \text{Ln} \frac{V_1}{V_2}$$

$$= 100 \times 0.056 \text{Ln} \frac{0.007}{0.056} = -11.65 \text{ kJ}$$

(5.33)

$$(427^\circ\text{C}) \quad (2 \text{ bar}) \quad (1\text{kg})$$

$$(1) \quad \cdot \quad (5 \text{ bar})$$

(2) .

$$R=0.287 \text{ kJ/kg.K} \quad C_v=0.72 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$Q_{12} = W_{12} = mRT_1 \ln \frac{P_1}{P_2}$$

$$= 1 \times 0.287 \times 700 \ln \frac{2}{5}$$

$$= -184.1 \text{ kJ}$$

$$T_3 = \frac{P_3 T_2}{P_2}$$

$$= \frac{200 \times 700}{500} = 280 \text{ K}$$

$$Q_{23} = m C_v (T_3 - T_2)$$

$$= 1 \times 0.72 (280 - 427) = -302.4 \text{ kJ}$$

$$\sum W = -184.1 + 0 = -184.1 \text{ kJ}$$

$$\sum Q = -184.1 + (-302.4) = -486.5 \text{ kJ}$$

(5.34)

$$.(300^\circ\text{C}) \quad (1\text{kg})$$

$$C_p=1.01 \text{ kJ/kg.K} \quad R=0.287 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$Q_{12} = mRT_1 \ln \frac{V_2}{V_1}$$

$$= 1 \times 0.287 \times 573 \ln \frac{V_2}{V_1}$$

$$= 114 \text{ kJ}$$

$$T_3 = T_2 \times \frac{V_3}{V_2} = 573 \times \frac{2V_1}{V_1}$$

$$= 286.5 \text{ K}$$

$$Q_{23} = m C_v (T_3 - T_2)$$

$$= 1 \times 1.01 (286.5 - 573)$$

$$= -289.37 \text{ kJ}$$

$$\sum Q = 114 + (-289.37)$$

$$= -175.4 \text{ kJ}$$

(5.35)

$$(90 \text{ kN/m}^2) \quad .(0.112 \text{ m}^3) \quad (138 \text{ kN/m}^2)$$

.(PV<sup>1.4</sup>=C.)

$$V_2 = V_1 \left( \frac{P_1}{P_2} \right)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} = 0.112 \left( \frac{138}{690} \right)^{\frac{1}{1.4}} = 0.0348 \text{ m}^3$$

(5.36)

$$(360^\circ\text{C}) \quad (1.4 \text{ MN/m}^2)$$

(100kN/m<sup>2</sup>)  
.(200kN/m<sup>2</sup>)  
( ) (γ)                      ( )                      (P-v)

**Cp=1.005 kJ/kg.K**

$$C_p = 1.005 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$\frac{P_1}{P_3} = \frac{V_3}{V_1} = \frac{1400}{220} = 6.36$$

$$\frac{P_1}{P_2} = \left( \frac{V_2}{V_1} \right)^\gamma = \left( \frac{V_3}{V_1} \right)^\gamma$$

$$\frac{1400}{100} = (6.36)^\gamma \Rightarrow \ln 14 = \gamma \ln 6.36$$

$$\therefore \gamma = 1.425$$

$$C_v = \frac{C_p}{\gamma} = \frac{1.005}{1.425} = 0.705 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$T_2 = \frac{P_2}{P_3} T_3 = \frac{100}{220} \times 633 = 288 \text{ K}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta U &= U_2 - U_1 \\ &= m C_v (T_2 - T_1) \\ &= 0.23 \times 0.705 (288 - 633) \\ &= -55.9 \text{ kJ} \end{aligned}$$

(5.37)

(1 bar) (300 K)  
(200W)

( $\gamma=1.4$ ) .

$$T_2 = T_1 \left( \frac{P_2}{P_1} \right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}}$$

$$= 300 \left( \frac{2}{1} \right)^{\frac{0.4}{1.4}} = 365.7 \text{ K}$$

$$W = \frac{mR(T_2 - T_1)}{\gamma - 1}$$

$$mR = \frac{W(\gamma - 1)}{T_2 - T_1}$$

$$= \frac{0.2 \times 0.4}{65.7} = 1.2177 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\dot{V} = \frac{mRT}{P}$$

$$= \frac{0.0012 \times 365.7}{200} = 0.0022 \text{ m}^3 / \text{s}$$

(5.38)

(6.7bar) (0.45kg)  
(138 kN/m<sup>2</sup>) (185°C)  
(Cv) (Cp) (53 kJ) (165K)

$$T_2 = \Delta T + T_1$$

$$= (-165) + 458 = 293 \text{ K}$$

$$W_{12} = - \Delta U_{12} = - m C_v (T_2 - T_1)$$

$$53 = - 0.45 C_v (293 - 458)$$

$$C_v = 0.714 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$\frac{T_1}{T_2} = \left( \frac{P_1}{P_2} \right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} \Rightarrow \frac{458}{293} = \left( \frac{670}{138} \right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}}$$

$$\text{Ln } 1.565 = \frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma} \text{ Ln } 1.58$$

$$\gamma = 1.4$$

$$C_p = C_v \cdot \gamma = 0.74 \times 1.4$$

$$= 0.999 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

(5.39)

(538°C)

(8.3bar)

(0.225kg)

:

.(149°C)

**R=0.287 kJ/kg.K Cp=1.005 kJ/kg.K**

$$C_v = C_p - R$$

$$= 1.005 - 0.287$$

$$= 0.718 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$\gamma = \frac{C_p}{C_v} = \frac{1.005}{0.718} = 1.4$$

$$P_2 = P_1 \left( \frac{T_2}{T_1} \right)^{\frac{\gamma}{\gamma-1}} = 830 \left( \frac{422}{811} \right)^{\frac{1.4}{1.4-1}}$$

$$= 80.3 \text{ kPa}$$

$$V_2 = \frac{mRT_2}{P_2} = \frac{0.225 \times 0.287 \times 422}{80.3}$$

$$= 0.33 \text{ m}^3$$

$$W_{12} = \frac{mR(T_1 - T_2)}{\gamma - 1}$$

$$= \frac{0.225 \times 0.287 \times (811 - 422)}{1.4 - 1}$$

$$= 62.799 \text{ kJ}$$

(5.40)

 $\left(\frac{1}{5}\right)$ .( $\gamma$ ) (Cp)

.(R=0.3 kJ/kg.K)

(1.5)

$$\frac{T_2}{T_1} = \left( \frac{P_2}{P_1} \right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}}$$

$$\text{Ln} \frac{T_2}{T_1} = \frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma} \text{Ln} \frac{P_2}{P_1}$$

$$\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma} = \frac{\text{Ln} \frac{T_2}{T_1}}{\text{Ln} \frac{P_2}{P_1}} = \frac{\text{Ln} \frac{1}{1.5}}{\text{Ln} \frac{1}{5}} = 0.252$$

$$C_p = \frac{R\gamma}{\gamma-1}$$

$$= \frac{0.3 \times 1.336}{0.336} = 1.193 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$\gamma = \frac{1}{1-0.252} = 1.336$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{(33kJ)} & \text{(15°C)} & \text{(0.2kg)} & \text{(N}_2\text{)} & \text{(5.41)} \\ & & \text{(237°C)} & & & \\ & & & & \text{(R)} & \text{(\gamma)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{T_1}{T_2} = \left( \frac{V_2}{V_1} \right)^{\gamma-1} \Rightarrow \frac{288}{510} = (0.25)^{\gamma-1}$$

$$\text{Ln}(0.5647) = (\gamma - 1) \text{Ln}(0.25)$$

$$\gamma = 1.412$$

$$W_{12} = \frac{mR(T_1 - T_2)}{\gamma - 1} =$$

$$-33 = \frac{0.2 \times R(15 - 273)}{1.412 - 1}$$

$$R = 0.2634 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

(5.42)

$$\text{(140 kN/m}^2\text{)} \quad \text{(0.015 m}^3\text{)} \quad \text{(700kN/m}^2\text{)}$$

:

$$C_p = 1.046 \text{ kJ/kg.K} \quad C_v = 0.752 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$\gamma = C_p / C_v$$

$$= \frac{1.046}{0.752} = 1.39$$

$$V_2 = V_1 \left( \frac{P_1}{P_2} \right)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}}$$

$$= 0.015 \left( \frac{700}{140} \right)^{\frac{1}{1.39}} = 0.048 \text{ m}^3$$

$$W = \frac{P_1 V_1 - P_2 V_2}{\gamma - 1}$$

$$= \frac{700 \times 0.015 - 140 \times 0.048}{1.39 - 1} = 9.69 \text{ kJ}$$

$$\Delta U = -W = -9.69 \text{ kJ}$$

(5.43)

(20°C)

(100 kN/m<sup>2</sup>)

(0.3 m<sup>3</sup>)

( )

(500 kN/m<sup>2</sup>)

( )

( )

**C<sub>p</sub> = 1 kJ/kg.K    γ = 1.4**

$$V_2 = V_1 \frac{P_1}{P_2} = 0.3 \frac{100}{500} = 0.06 \text{ m}^3$$

$$Q = W = PVLn \frac{P_1}{P_2} = 100 \times 0.3 \text{Ln} \frac{100}{500} = -48.3 \text{ kJ}$$

$$P_3 = P_2 \left( \frac{V_2}{V_3} \right)^\gamma = 500 \times \left( \frac{0.06}{0.3} \right)^{1.4} = 52.6 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$\Delta U = -W = \frac{-(P_2 V_2 - P_1 V_1)}{\gamma - 1} = \frac{-(500 \times 0.06 - 100 \times 0.3)}{1.4 - 1} = -35.5 \text{ kJ}$$

( )

$$R = \frac{C_p(\gamma - 1)}{\gamma} = \frac{1(1.4 - 1)}{1.4} = 0.286 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$m = \frac{P_1 V_1}{RT_1} = \frac{100 \times 0.3}{0.286 \times 293} = 0.358 \text{ kg}$$

( )

(5.44)

$$(0.3\text{m}^3) \quad (20^\circ\text{C}) \quad (5\text{bar})$$

$$: \quad (C_p = 1 \text{ kJ/kg.K}) \quad (\gamma=1.4) \quad (1\text{bar})$$

$$. \quad ( ) \quad ( ) \quad ( )$$

$$R = \frac{C_p(\gamma - 1)}{\gamma}$$

$$= \frac{1(1.4 - 1)}{1.4} = 0.286 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$m = \frac{P_1 V_1}{RT_1}$$

$$= \frac{500 \times 0.3}{0.286 \times 293} = 1.79 \text{ kg}$$

$$W_{12} = mRT \ln \frac{P_1}{P_2}$$

$$W_{12} = 1.79 \times 0.286 \times 293 \ln \frac{5}{1}$$

$$= 241.41 \text{ kJ}$$

$$V_2 = \frac{P_1 V_1}{P_2} = \frac{5 \times 0.3}{1} = 1.5 \text{ m}^3$$

(5.45)

$$(0.014\text{m}^3) \quad (1.38 \text{ bar}) \quad (0.056\text{m}^3)$$

$$R=0.287 \text{ kJ/kg.K} \quad \gamma=1.4$$

$$W = P_1 V_1 \ln \frac{V_2}{V_1}$$

$$= 138 \times 0.056 \ln \frac{0.014}{0.056} = 10.7 \text{ kJ}$$

$$P_2 = P_1 \left( \frac{V_1}{V_2} \right)^\gamma$$

$$= 138 \times \left( \frac{0.056}{0.014} \right)^{1.4} = 9.64 \text{ bar}$$

$$W = \frac{P_1 V_1 - P_2 V_2}{\gamma - 1}$$

$$= \frac{138 \times 0.056 \times 964 \times 0.014}{1.4 - 1}$$

$$= -14.42 \text{ kJ}$$

(5.46)

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 (30^{\circ}\text{C}) & (5 \text{ bar}) & (0.2\text{m}^3) \\
 \cdot(5 \text{ bar}) & & (0.1\text{m}^3) \\
 & & \vdots \\
 & & ( ) \quad ( )
 \end{array}$$

$$R = 0.787 \text{ kJ/kg.K} \quad C_p = 1.005 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

(1)

$$C_v = C_p - R$$

$$= 1.005 - 0.287$$

$$= 0.718 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$\gamma = C_p / C_v$$

$$= 1.005 / 0.718 = 1.399$$

$$T_2 = T_1 \left( \frac{V_1}{V_2} \right)^\gamma$$

$$= 300 \times \left( \frac{0.2}{0.1} \right)^{1.4} = 400 \text{ K}$$

$$m = \frac{PV_1}{RT_1}$$

$$= \frac{500 \times 0.2}{0.787 \times 300} = 1.15 \text{ kg}$$

$$W = -\Delta U = -mC_v\Delta T$$

$$= -1.15 \times 0.718 (400 - 300)$$

$$= -80.1 \text{ kJ}$$

(2)

$$P_2 = P_1 \left( \frac{V_1}{V_2} \right)^\gamma$$

$$= 500 \times \left( \frac{0.2}{0.1} \right)^{1.4} = 1320 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$T_3 = \frac{T_2 P_3}{P_2}$$

$$= \frac{400 \times 500}{1320} = 1055 \text{ K}$$

$$W_{31} = P(V_1 - V_3)$$

$$= 500(0.2 - 0.1) = 50 \text{ kJ}$$

$$Q_{23} = m v (T_3 - T_2)$$

$$= 1.15 \times 0.718 (151.5 - 400)$$

$$= -205 \text{ kJ}$$

$$Q_{31} = m C_p \Delta T$$

$$= 1.15 \times 1.005 (151.2)$$

$$= 175 \text{ kJ}$$

$$W_T = (-80) + 0 + 50$$

$$= -30 \text{ kJ}$$

$$Q_T = 0 + (-205) + 175$$

$$= -30 \text{ kJ}$$

$$\Delta U_T = Q_T - W_T$$

$$= -30 - (-30) = 0 \text{ kJ}$$

(5.47)

$$\begin{aligned}
 (\gamma) \quad & \cdot (130^\circ\text{C}) \quad (220^\circ\text{C}) \quad (0.45\text{kg}) \quad (27\text{kJ}) \\
 & \cdot (\text{R})
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{T_1}{T_2} = \left( \frac{P_1}{P_2} \right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} \Rightarrow \frac{493}{403} = (2)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}}$$

$$\text{Ln } 1.223 = \frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma} \text{Ln } 2$$

$$\gamma = 1.41$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 R &= \frac{W(\gamma-1)}{m(T_1 - T_2)} \\
 &= \frac{27(1.41-1)}{0.45(220-130)} = 0.273 \text{ kJ/kg.K}
 \end{aligned}$$

(5.48)

$$\cdot (1.48 \text{ bar}) \quad (6 \text{ bar})$$

$$: \quad \cdot (\text{R}) \quad \cdot (2.21 \text{ bar})$$

$$C_p = 1.005 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$1 \rightarrow 2 \Rightarrow \frac{T_2}{T_1} = \left( \frac{P_2}{P_1} \right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} \quad \dots(1)$$

$$2 \rightarrow 3 \Rightarrow \frac{T_2}{T_1} = \frac{P_2}{P_3} \quad \dots(2)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \gamma &= \frac{\text{Ln } P_1 - \text{Ln } P_2}{\text{Ln } P_1 - \text{Ln } P_3} \\
 &= \frac{\text{Ln } 6 - \text{Ln } 1.48}{\text{Ln } 6 - \text{Ln } 2.21} = 1.47
 \end{aligned}$$

$$C_v = \frac{C_p}{\gamma} = \frac{1.005}{1.47} = 0.68$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 R &= C_p - C_v \\
 &= 1.005 - 0.68 \\
 &= 0.325 \text{ kJ/kg.K}
 \end{aligned}$$

(5.49)

$$\begin{aligned} & (1.0133 \text{ bar}) & (20^\circ\text{C}) & (0.12\text{m}^3) \\ ( ) & & ( ) & ( ) \cdot (0.024\text{m}^3) \end{aligned}$$

$$C_p = 1.005 \text{ kJ/kg.K} \quad C_v = 0.718 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$R = C_p - C_v$$

$$= 1.005 - 0.715 = 0.287 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$m = \frac{PV}{RT} = \frac{101.33 \times 0.12}{0.287 \times 293} = 0.144 \text{ kg}$$

$$\gamma = C_p/C_v = 1.4$$

$$\begin{aligned} P_2 &= P_1 \left( \frac{V_1}{V_2} \right)^\gamma = 1.0133 \times \left( \frac{0.12}{0.024} \right)^{1.4} \\ &= 9.64 \text{ bar} \end{aligned}$$

$$T_2 = \frac{T_1 P_2 V_2}{P_1 V_1}$$

$$= \frac{293 \times 964 \times 0.024}{101.33 \times 0.12}$$

$$= 557.7 \text{ K}$$

$$W = \frac{101.33 \times 0.12 - 964 \times 0.024}{1.4 - 1}$$

$$= -85.283 \text{ kJ}$$

(5.50)

$$\begin{aligned} & (27^\circ\text{C}) & (2 \text{ bar}) & (1.8 \text{ kg}) \\ (3) & & (2) & (1) \cdot (3.5 \text{ bar}) \\ & & & (4) \end{aligned}$$

$$R = 0.3 \text{ kJ/kg.K} \quad \gamma = 1.4$$

$$V_1 = \frac{mRT_1}{P_1} = \frac{1.8 \times 0.3 \times 300}{200}$$

$$= 0.81 \text{ m}^3$$

$$V_2 = V_1 \left( \frac{P_1}{P_2} \right)^\frac{1}{\gamma} = 0.81 \times \left( \frac{2}{3.5} \right)^\frac{1}{1.4}$$

$$= 0.543 \text{ m}^3$$

$$T_2 = T_1 \left( \frac{V_1}{V_2} \right)^{\gamma-1} = 200 \times \left( \frac{0.81}{0.543} \right)^{1.4-1}$$

$$= 352 \text{ K}$$

$$W_{12} = \frac{mR(T_1 - T_2)}{\gamma - 1}$$

$$= \frac{1.8 \times 0.3 \times (200 - 352)}{1.4 - 1}$$

$$W_{12} = -70.2 \text{ kJ}$$

$$-W_{12} = \Delta U_{12} = 70.2 \text{ kJ}$$

$$\Delta U_{12} = -70.2 \text{ kJ}$$

(5.51)

(2.4 bar)

(320 kN/m<sup>2</sup>)

(700 kN/m<sup>2</sup>)

(R=0.262 kJ/kg.K)

$$1 \rightarrow 2 \Rightarrow \frac{T_2}{T_1} = \frac{P_2}{P_1} \quad \dots(1)$$

$$2 \rightarrow 3 \Rightarrow \frac{T_2}{T_3} = \left(\frac{P_2}{P_3}\right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} \quad \dots(2)$$

$$\therefore T_1 = T_3$$

$$\therefore \frac{P_2}{P_1} = \left(\frac{P_2}{P_3}\right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}}$$

$$\frac{2.4}{3.2} = \left(\frac{20.4}{7}\right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}}$$

$$\gamma = 1.37$$

$$C_p = \frac{R\gamma}{\gamma-1} = \frac{0.262 \times 1.37}{1.37-1} = 0.97 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

(5.52)

(450L)

(PV<sup>1.4</sup>=C.)

(44°C)

(35°C)

(m<sup>3</sup>)

$$W_{12} = W_{23}$$

$$\frac{mR(T_1 - T_2)}{\gamma - 1} = mR(T_3 - T_2)$$

$$\frac{44 - t_2}{0.4} = 35 - t_2$$

$$t_2 = 50^\circ \text{C} = 323 \text{ K}$$

$$V_3 = \frac{V_2}{T_2} \times T_3 = \frac{450}{323} \times 308$$

$$= 429 \text{ L} = 0.429 \text{ m}^3$$

(5.53)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (0.225 \text{ kg}) \quad (8.3 \text{ bar}) \quad (538^\circ\text{C}) \\
 & : \\
 & \quad \quad \quad (149^\circ\text{C})
 \end{aligned}$$

$$R = 0.287 \text{ kJ/kg.K} \quad C_p = 1.005 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 P_2 &= P_1 \left( \frac{T_2}{T_1} \right)^{\frac{\gamma}{\gamma-1}} = 8.3 \left( \frac{422}{811} \right)^{\frac{1.4}{1.4-1}} \\
 &= 0.839 \text{ bar}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 V_1 &= \frac{mRT_1}{P_1} = \frac{0.225 \times 0.287 \times 811}{8.3 \times 10^2} \\
 &= 0.0631 \text{ m}^3
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 V_2 &= V_1 \left( \frac{T_1}{T_2} \right)^{\frac{1}{\gamma-1}} = 0.0631 \left( \frac{811}{422} \right)^{\frac{1}{1.4-1}} \\
 &= 0.324 \text{ m}^3
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 W &= -\Delta U = mC_v (T_1 - T_2) \\
 &= 0.225 \times 0.718 (811 - 422) \\
 &= 62.9 \text{ kJ}
 \end{aligned}$$

(5.54)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (0.4 \text{ m}^3) \quad (1.2 \text{ bar}) \quad (0.5 \text{ kg}) \\
 & : \\
 & \quad \quad \quad (200^\circ\text{C})
 \end{aligned}$$

$$C_p = 1.005 \text{ kJ/kg.K} \quad C_v = 0.718 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 T_1 &= \frac{P_1 V_1}{mR} = \frac{120 \times 0.4}{0.5 \times 0.287} \\
 &= 334.5 \text{ K}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$W_{12} = W_{23}$$

$$mRT_1 \ln \frac{P_1}{P_2} = \frac{mR(T_2 - T_3)}{\gamma - 1}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \ln \frac{P_1}{P_2} &= \frac{334.5 - 473}{(1 - 1.4)(334.5)} \\
 &= -1.0377
 \end{aligned}$$

$$e^{\ln \frac{P_1}{P_2}} = e^{-1.0377}$$

$$\frac{P_1}{P_2} = 0.354 \Rightarrow \frac{1.2}{P_2} = 0.354$$

$$P_2 = 3.389 \text{ bar}$$

$$V_2 = \frac{P_1 V_1}{P_2} = \frac{1.2 \times 0.4}{3.389} = 0.141 \text{ m}^3$$

$$V_3 = V_2 \left( \frac{T_2}{T_3} \right)^{\frac{1}{\gamma-1}}$$

$$= 0.141 \left( \frac{334.5}{473} \right)^{\frac{1}{1.399-1}}$$

$$= 0.06 \text{ m}^3$$

(5.55)

$$\begin{array}{lll} (2 \text{ bar}) & (300 \text{ K}) & (1 \text{ bar}) \\ \gamma=1.4 : & (\text{m}^3/\text{s}) & (200 \text{ W}) \end{array}$$

$$T_2 = T_1 \left( \frac{P_2}{P_1} \right)^{\gamma-1} = 300 \times \left( \frac{2}{1} \right)^{0.4}$$

$$= 365.7 \text{ K}$$

$$W = \frac{mR\Delta T}{\gamma - 1}$$

$$200 = \frac{mR(365.7 - 300)}{0.4}$$

$$mR = 1.2177$$

$$V = \frac{mRT}{P} = \frac{1.2177 \times 365.7}{200}$$

$$= 0.0022 \frac{\text{m}^3}{\text{s}}$$

(5.56)

$$\begin{array}{lll} (1/4) & (15^\circ\text{C}) & (0.2 \text{ kg}) \\ .(33\text{kJ}) & (222\text{K}) & \\ . & (2) \text{ Cp} \cdot \text{Cv} (1) & . \end{array}$$

1 → 2 :

$$T_2 = \Delta T_{12} + T_1 = 222 + 288$$

$$= 510 \text{ K}$$

$$-W_{12} = -\Delta U_{12} = -mC_v(T_2 - T_1)$$

$$C_v = \frac{-W}{m(T_1 - T_2)} = \frac{-33}{0.2(15 - 237)}$$

$$= 0.74 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$\frac{T_1}{T_2} = \left( \frac{V_2}{V_1} \right)^{\gamma-1} \Rightarrow \frac{288}{510} = \left( \frac{1}{4} \right)^{\gamma-1}$$

$$\Rightarrow \gamma = 1.41$$

$$R = \frac{W_{12}(\gamma - 1)}{m(T_1 - T_2)} = \frac{-33(1.41 - 1)}{0.2(15 - 237)}$$

$$= 0.304 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$C_p = R + C_v = 0.304 + 0.74$$

$$= 1.044 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

2 → 3 :

$$Q_{23} = mC_p(T_3 - T_2)$$

$$= 0.2 \times 1.044 (15 - 237)$$

$$= -46.356 \text{ kJ}$$

$$\Delta U_{23} = mC_v(T_3 - T_2)$$

$$= 0.2 \times 0.74 (15 - 237)$$

$$= -32.856 \text{ kJ}$$

$$W_{23} = -(\Delta U_{23} - Q_{23})$$

$$= -[-32.856 - (-46.356)]$$

$$= -(-32.856 + 46.356)$$

$$= -13.5 \text{ kJ}$$

(5.57)

(3.5m<sup>3</sup>)

(27°C)

(1 bar)

(600kN/m<sup>2</sup>)

$\gamma=1.4$

$$Q_{12} = PVLn \frac{P_1}{P_2} = 100 \times 0.5 Ln \frac{100}{600}$$

$$= -89.6 \text{ kJ}$$

$$V_2 = V_1 \cdot \frac{P_1}{P_2} = 0.5 \frac{100}{600}$$

$$= 0.083 \text{ m}^3$$

$$P_3 = P_2 \left( \frac{V_2}{V_3} \right)^\gamma = 600 \left( \frac{0.083}{0.5} \right)^{1.4}$$

$$= 48.84 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$W_{23} = \frac{P_2 V_2 - P_3 V_3}{\gamma - 1}$$

$$= \frac{600 \times 0.083 - 48.84 \times 0.5}{1.4 - 1}$$

$$= 63.95 \text{ kJ}$$

$$\Delta U_{23} = -W_{23} = -63.95 \text{ kJ}$$

(5.58)

(20°C)

(3 kg)

(100 kJ)

(100kJ)

$\gamma=1.4 \quad C_v = 0.72 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$

$$R = C_v(\gamma - 1) = 0.72(1.4 - 1)$$

$$= 0.288 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$W_{12} = \frac{mR(T_1 - T_2)}{\gamma - 1}$$

$$100 = \frac{3 \times 0.288(293 - T_2)}{1.4 - 1}$$

$$T_2 = 339.4 \text{ K}$$

$$W_{23} = mR(T_3 - T_2)$$

$$100 = 3 \times 0.288(T_3 - 339.4)$$

$$T_3 = 455 \text{ K}$$

$$\Delta U_{23} = mC_v(T_3 - T_2)$$

$$= 3 \times 0.72(455 - 339.3)$$

$$= 250 \text{ kJ}$$

$$Q_{23} = \Delta U_{23} + W_{23} = 250 + 100$$

$$= 350 \text{ kJ}$$

(5.59)

(38 °C)

(1.03 bar)

(0.336 m<sup>3</sup>).(Pv<sup>1.3</sup>=C.)

(16.5 bar)

(1) :

(2)

**R=0.287 kJ/kg.K Cv=0.718 kJ/kg.K**

(1)

$$V_2 = V_1 \left( \frac{P_1}{P_2} \right)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}}$$

$$= 0.336 \left( \frac{1.03}{16.5} \right)^{\frac{1}{1.3}} = 0.0396 \text{ m}^3$$

$$T_2 = \frac{T_1 \times V_2 P_2}{P_1 V_1}$$

$$= \frac{311 \times 0.0396 \times 16.5}{0.336 \times 1.03} = 588 \text{ K}$$

$$W_{12} = \frac{P_1 V_1 - P_2 V_2}{n - 1}$$

$$= \frac{103 \times 0.336 - 16.5 \times 0.0396}{1.3 - 1}$$

$$= -103 \text{ kJ}$$

$$m = \frac{P_1 V_1}{RT_1}$$

$$= \frac{103 \times 0.336}{0.287 \times 311} = 0.387 \text{ kg}$$

$$\Delta U_{12} = m C_v (T_2 - T_1)$$

$$= 0.387 \times 0.718 (588 - 311)$$

$$= 77 \text{ kJ}$$

$$Q_{12} = \Delta U_{12} + W_{12}$$

$$= 77 + (-103) = -26 \text{ kJ}$$

(2)

$$P_2 = P_1 \left( \frac{V_1}{V_2} \right)^{\gamma}$$

$$= 103 \left( \frac{0.336}{0.0396} \right)^{1.4} = 20.4 \text{ bar}$$

$$T_2 = \frac{T_1 V_2 P_2}{P_1 V_1}$$

$$= \frac{311 \times 0.0396 \times 20.4}{103 \times 0.336} = 75 \text{ K}$$

$$W_{12} = \frac{P_1 V_1 - P_2 V_2}{\gamma - 1}$$

$$= \frac{103 \times 0.336 - 20.4 \times 0.0396}{1.4 - 1}$$

$$= -115 \text{ kJ}$$

$$T_2 = T_1 \left( \frac{V_1}{V_2} \right)^{\gamma - 1}$$

$$= 311 \left( \frac{0.336}{0.0396} \right) = 725 \text{ K}$$

$$m = \frac{P_1 V_1}{RT_1}$$

$$= \frac{103 \times 0.336}{0.287 \times 311} = 0.387 \text{ kg}$$

$$\Delta U_{12} = m C_v (T_2 - T_1)$$

$$= 0.387 \times 0.718 (414)$$

$$= 115 \text{ kJ} = -W$$

(5.60)

$$(1.2\text{m}^3) \quad (0.3\text{m}^3) \quad (45^\circ\text{C}) \quad (1\text{MN/m}^2)$$

$$(\quad) \quad (\quad) \quad (\quad) \quad (\quad) \quad (PV^{1.25}=C.)$$

:

$\gamma=1.4$

$$P_2 = P_1 \left( \frac{V_1}{V_2} \right)^{1.25}$$

$$= 1 \times \left( \frac{0.3}{1.2} \right)^{1.25} = 0.177 \text{ MN/m}^2$$

$$W = \frac{P_1 V_1 - P_2 V_2}{n - 1}$$

$$= \frac{1 \times 0.3 - 0.177 \times 1.2}{1.25 - 1}$$

$$= \frac{0.088}{0.25} = 0.352 \text{ MJ}$$

$$\Delta U = -W$$

$$= \frac{-0.088}{0.4} = -0.22 \text{ MJ}$$

$$Q = \Delta U + W$$

$$= -0.22 + 0.352 = 0.132 \text{ MJ}$$

(5.61)

$$(15^\circ\text{C}) \quad (10.7 \text{ m}^3) \quad (1 \text{ bar})$$

$$-: \quad (15^\circ\text{C}) \quad (5 \text{ bar})$$

(1)

(2)

(3)

( )

( )

( )

:

$C_p = 0.293 \text{ kJ/kg.K} \quad C_v = 0.21 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$

(1)

1→2

$$R = C_p - C_v = 0.083 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$m = \frac{P_1 V_1}{RT_1} \\ = \frac{100 \times 10.7}{0.083 \times 288} = 44.76 \text{ kg}$$

$$T_2 = \frac{P_2 V_2}{mR} \\ = \frac{500 \times 10.7}{44.7 \times 0.083} = 1440 \text{ K}$$

$$Q_{12} = \Delta U_{12} = mC_v(T_2 - T_1) \\ = 44.76 \times 0.21(1440 - 288) \\ = 10847.1 \text{ kJ}$$

$$\Delta H_{12} = mC_p(T_2 - T_1) \\ = 44.76 \times 0.293(1440 - 288) \\ = 15108.1 \text{ kJ}$$

2→3

$$V_3 = \frac{mRT_3}{P_3} \\ = \frac{44.76 \times 0.083 \times 288}{500} = 2.14 \text{ m}^3$$

$$W_{23} = P_2(V_3 - V_2) \\ = 500(2.14 - 10.7) = -4280 \text{ kJ}$$

$$Q_{23} = mC_p(T_3 - T_2) \\ = 44.76 \times 0.293(288 - 1440) \\ = -15134.34 \text{ kJ}$$

$$\Delta U_{23} = Q_{23} - W_{23} \\ = -15134 - (-4280) \\ = -10854.34 \text{ kJ}$$

$$\Delta H_{23} = mC_p(T_3 - T_2) = Q_{23} \\ = -15134.34 \text{ kJ}$$

(2)

$$\Delta U_{12} = 0$$

$$\Delta H_{12} = 0$$

$$Q_{12} - W_{12} = 0$$

$$Q_{12} = W_{12} = mRT_1 \text{Ln} \frac{P_1}{P_2} \\ = 44.76 \times 0.083 \times 288 \text{Ln} \frac{1}{5} \\ = -1722 \text{ kJ}$$

(3)

$$\gamma = C_p / C_v = 1.395$$

$$\frac{P_3}{P_2} = \frac{T_3}{T_2} = \frac{T_1}{T_2}$$

$$\frac{P_3}{P_2} = \left( \frac{P_1}{P_2} \right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}}$$

$$\frac{5}{P_2} = \left( \frac{1}{P_2} \right)^{0.283}$$

$$P_2 = 9.436 \text{ bar}$$

$$T_2 = T_3 \left( \frac{P_2}{P_3} \right) = 543.5 \text{ K}$$

$$W_{12} = \frac{mR(T_1 - T_2)}{\gamma - 1} = -2403$$

$$\Delta U_{12} = -W_{12} = 2403 \text{ kJ}$$

$$\Delta H_{12} = mC_p(T_2 - T_1) \\ = 3350.8 \text{ kJ}$$

$$Q_{23} = \Delta U_{23} = mC_v(T_3 - T_2) \\ = -2401.6 \text{ kJ}$$

$$\Delta H_{23} = mC_p(T_3 - T_2) \\ = -3350.8 \text{ kJ}$$

(5.62)

$$(PV^{1.4}=C) \quad (25^{\circ}\text{C}) \quad (300 \text{ kN/m}^2)$$

$$. (180^{\circ}\text{C})$$

$$P_2 = P_1 \left( \frac{T_2}{T_1} \right)^{\frac{n}{n-1}} = 300 \left( \frac{453}{298} \right)^{\frac{1.4}{0.4}} = 1299 \text{ kN/m}^2 = 1.299 \text{ MN/m}^2$$

(5.63)

$$(PV^{1.35}=C) \quad (0.04 \text{ m}^3) \quad (2070 \text{ kN/m}^2)$$

$$. (207 \text{ kN/m}^2)$$

$$V_2 = V_1 \left( \frac{P_1}{P_2} \right)^{\frac{1}{n}} = 0.014 \left( \frac{2070}{207} \right)^{\frac{1}{1.35}} = 0.077 \text{ m}^3$$

$$W = \frac{P_1 V_1 - P_2 V_2}{n-1} = \frac{2070 \times 0.014 - 207 \times 0.077}{1.35 - 1} = 37.3 \text{ kJ}$$

(5.64)

$$. (200 \text{ kJ/kg}) \quad (0.07 \text{ kg}) \quad (0.06 \text{ m}^3) \quad (1 \text{ bar})$$

$$(0.0111 \text{ m}^3) \quad (9 \text{ bar})$$

$$. ( ) \quad ( ) : . (370 \text{ kJ/kg})$$

$$\frac{P_2}{P_1} = \left( \frac{V_1}{V_2} \right)^n \Rightarrow \left( \frac{9}{1} \right) = \left( \frac{0.06}{0.0111} \right)^n$$

$$\ln 9 = n \ln 5.4$$

$$n = 1.302$$

$$W = \frac{P_1 V_1 - P_2 V_2}{n-1}$$

$$= \frac{100 \times 0.06 - 9 \times 0.0111}{1.302 - 1}$$

$$= -13.2 \text{ kJ}$$

$$Q - W = m (\mu_2 - \mu_1)$$

$$Q - (-13.2) = 0.07 (370 - 200)$$

$$Q = -1.3 \text{ kJ}$$

(5.65)

$$(PV^{1.35}=C) \quad (28.5^\circ\text{C}) \quad (0.015 \text{ m}^3) \\ (0.09 \text{ m}^3)$$

$$T_2 = T_1 \left( \frac{V_1}{V_2} \right)^{n-1} = 558 \left( \frac{0.015}{0.09} \right)^{1.35-1} = 298.4 \text{ K} = 25.4^\circ\text{C}$$

(5.66)

$$(280^\circ\text{C}) \quad (1.4 \text{ MN/m}^2) \quad (0.675 \text{ kg}) \\ (1) \quad (PV^{1.3}=C) \\ ( ) \quad ( )$$

**R=0.278 kJ/kg.K**

$$V_1 = \frac{mRT_1}{P_1} = \frac{0.675 \times 0.287 \times 553}{1.4 \times 10^3} = 0.0675 \text{ m}^3$$

$$V_2 = 4V_1 = 4 \times 0.0675 = 0.270 \text{ m}^3$$

$$P_2 = P_1 \left( \frac{V_1}{V_2} \right)^n = 1.4 \left( \frac{1}{4} \right)^{1.3} = 0.231 \text{ MN/m}^2 = 231 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$T_2 = \frac{P_2}{P_1} \cdot \frac{V_2}{V_1} \cdot T_1 = \frac{0.231}{1.4} \times 4 \times 553 = 365 \text{ K} = 92^\circ\text{C}$$

(5.67)

$$(4\text{MN/m}^2) \quad (0.15 \text{ m}^3) \quad (140 \text{ kN/m}^2) \quad (0.25 \text{ kg}) \\ ( ) \quad ( ) \quad (1) \quad (PV^{1.25}=C)$$

**Cv = 0.718 kJ/kg.K    Cp = 1.005 kJ/kg.K****R = Cp - Cv = 1.005 - 0.718 = 0.287 kJ/kg.K**

$$T_1 = \frac{P_1 V_1}{mR} = \frac{140 \times 0.15}{0.25 \times 0.287} = 292.7 \text{ K}$$

$$T_2 = T_1 \left( \frac{P_2}{P_1} \right)^{\frac{n-1}{n}} = 292.7 \left( \frac{1.4 \times 10^3}{140} \right)^{\frac{0.25}{1.25}} \\ = 463.9 \text{ K}$$

$$\Delta U = mCv\Delta T \\ = 0.25 \times 0.718 (463.9 - 292.7) \\ = 30.73 \text{ kJ}$$

$$W = \frac{mR(T_1 - T_2)}{n-1} \\ = \frac{0.25 \times 0.287 (292.7 - 463.9)}{1.25 - 1} \\ = -49.1 \text{ kJ}$$

$$Q = \Delta U + W \\ = 30.73 - 49.1 = -18.37 \text{ kJ}$$

(5.68)

$$\begin{array}{lll}
 (PV^{1.37}=C_1) & (7 \text{ bar}) & (0.75 \text{ kg}) \\
 .(33 \text{ kJ}) & (0.25 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}) & .(1.4 \text{ bar})
 \end{array}$$

$$V_1 = v_1 \cdot m = 0.25 \times 0.75 = 0.1875 \text{ m}^3$$

$$V_2 = V_1 \left( \frac{P_1}{P_2} \right)^{\frac{1}{n}} = 0.25 \left( \frac{7}{1.4} \right)^{\frac{1}{1.37}} = 0.66 \text{ m}^3$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 W_{12} &= \frac{P_1 V_1 - P_2 V_2}{n-1} \\
 &= \frac{700 \times 0.1875 - 140 \times 0.66}{1.37 - 1} \\
 &= 140.778 \text{ kJ}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Delta U &= Q - W \\
 &= 33 - 140.778 \\
 &= -107.778 \text{ KJ} \\
 \Delta \mu &= \frac{\Delta U}{m} = \frac{-107.778}{0.75} \\
 &= -143.7 \text{ kJ}
 \end{aligned}$$

(5.69)

$$\begin{array}{lll}
 (20 \text{ kJ}) & (3) & (2 \text{ kg}) \\
 (100 \text{ kJ}) & & (60^\circ\text{C}) \quad (300^\circ\text{C}) \\
 & & C_p (2) \quad C_v (1)
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Delta U &= Q - W \\
 &= 20 - 100 = -80 \text{ kJ} \\
 C_v &= \frac{\Delta U}{m(T_2 - T_1)} = \frac{-80}{2(333 - 573)} \\
 &= 0.166 \text{ kJ/kg.K}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{T_1}{T_2} = \left( \frac{V_2}{V_1} \right)^{n-1}$$

$$\frac{573}{333} = \left( \frac{3V_1}{V_1} \right)^{n-1}$$

$$\ln 1.72 = (n-1) \ln 3$$

$$n = 1.494$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 W &= \frac{mR(T_1 - T_2)}{n-1} \\
 100 &= \frac{2R(573 - 333)}{1.494 - 1} \\
 R &= 0.103 \text{ kJ/kg.K} \\
 C_p &= R + C_v \\
 &= 0.13 + 0.166 \\
 &= 0.27 \text{ kJ/kg.K}
 \end{aligned}$$

(5.70)

$$\begin{aligned} & \cdot (100^\circ\text{C}) & (12\text{L}) & (1.4 \text{ bar}) \\ (2) \text{ (n)} & (1) & \cdot (1.2 \text{ L}) & (28 \text{ bar}) \\ & & (4) & (3) \end{aligned}$$

$$R=0.287 \text{ kJ/kg.K} \quad \gamma=1.4$$

$$\frac{P_1}{P_2} = \left(\frac{V_2}{V_1}\right)^n \Rightarrow \frac{1.4}{28} = \left(\frac{1.2}{12}\right)^n$$

$$\ln 0.05 = n \ln 0.1$$

$$n = 1.3$$

$$\begin{aligned} T_2 &= T_1 \left(\frac{V_1}{V_2}\right)^{n-1} \\ &= 373 \left(\frac{12}{1.2}\right)^{1.3-1} = 744 \text{ K} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} W_{12} &= \frac{P_1 V_1 - P_2 V_2}{n-1} \\ &= \frac{140 \times 12 \times 10^{-3} - 2800 \times 1.2 \times 10^{-3}}{1.3-1} \\ &= -5.6 \text{ kJ} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} C_v &= \frac{R}{\gamma-1} = \frac{0.287}{1.4-1} \\ &= 0.718 \text{ kJ/kg.K} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} C_n &= C_v \left(\frac{n-\gamma}{n-1}\right) \\ &= 0.718 \left(\frac{1.3-1.4}{1.3-1}\right) \\ &= -0.2393 \text{ kJ/kg.K} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} Q &= m C_n (T_2 - T_1) \\ &= 0.0157 \times (-0.2393)(744 - 373) \\ &= -1.4 \end{aligned}$$

OR

$$\begin{aligned} Q &= W \frac{\gamma-n}{\gamma-1} \\ &= -5.6 \times \frac{1.4-1.3}{1.4-1} = -1.4 \text{ kJ} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta U &= Q - W \\ &= -1.4 - (-5.6) = 4.2 \text{ kJ} \end{aligned}$$

(5.71)

(160L)

(200L)

(470L)

(n)

$$2 \rightarrow 3 \Rightarrow \frac{V_2}{T_2} = \frac{V_3}{T_3} \Rightarrow \frac{T_2}{T_3} = \frac{V_2}{V_3} \Rightarrow \frac{T_2}{T_1} = \frac{V_2}{V_3} = \frac{0.2}{0.16} = 1.25$$

$$\frac{T_2}{T_1} = \left(\frac{V_1}{V_2}\right)^{n-1} \Rightarrow 1.25 = \left(\frac{470}{200}\right)^{n-1} \Rightarrow \ln 1.25 = (n-1) \ln 2.35$$

$$n = 1.26$$

(5.72)

$$(0.0135\text{m}^3) \cdot (Pv^{1.29}=C) \cdot (215^\circ\text{C}) \quad (27 \text{ bar})$$

$$() R () \gamma () \quad () \cdot (11.9 \text{ kJ}) \quad (49 \text{ kJ})$$

$$C_p=1.03 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$\frac{P_1 V_1}{T_1} = \frac{P_2 V_2}{T_2} \Rightarrow P_2 V_2 = P_1 V_1 \frac{T_2}{T_1}$$

$$W = \frac{P_1 V_1 - P_2 V_2}{n-1} = \frac{P_1 V_1 - P_1 V_1 \frac{T_2}{T_1}}{n-1}$$

$$W = \frac{P_1 V_1 \left(1 - \frac{T_2}{T_1}\right)}{n-1}$$

$$49 = \frac{2700 \times 0.0135 \left(1 - \frac{T_2}{488}\right)}{1.29 - 1}$$

$$T_2 = 298 \text{ K}$$

$$\Delta U = Q - W = 11.9 - 49 = -37.1 \text{ kJ}$$

$$mC_v = \frac{\Delta U}{T_2 - T_1}$$

$$= \frac{-37.1}{298 - 488} = \frac{37.1}{190} = \frac{mR}{\gamma - 1}$$

$$mR = \frac{P_1 V_1}{T_1}$$

$$= \frac{2700 \times 0.0135}{488} = 0.0746 \text{ kJ/K}$$

$$\frac{37.1}{190} = \frac{0.0746}{\gamma - 1}$$

$$\gamma = 1.38$$

$$C_v = \frac{C_p}{\gamma} = \frac{1.03}{1.38} = 0.747 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$R = C_p - C_v$$

$$= 1.03 - 0.747 = 0.283 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$m = \frac{mR}{R} = \frac{0.0746}{0.283} = 0.246 \text{ kg}$$

(5.73)

$$.(38^\circ\text{C}) \quad (0.085 \text{ m}^3) \quad (1.032 \text{ bar})$$

$$.(5.5 \text{ bar}) \quad (Pv^{1.3}=C)$$

$$C_v = 0.715 \text{ kJ/kg.K} \quad R = 0.287 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$T_2 = T_1 \left(\frac{P_2}{P_1}\right)^{\frac{n-1}{n}} = 311 \left(\frac{5.5}{1.032}\right)^{\frac{1.3-1}{1.3}} = 458 \text{ K}$$

$$m = \frac{P_1 V_1}{RT_1} = \frac{103.5 \times 0.085}{0.287 \times 311} = 0.0985 \text{ K}$$

$$\Delta U = mC_v \Delta T = 0.0985 \times 0.715 (458 - 311) = 10.35 \text{ kJ}$$

$$W = \frac{mR(T_1 - T_2)}{n-1} = \frac{0.0985 \times 0.287 (311 - 458)}{1.3 - 1} = -13.85 \text{ kJ}$$

$$Q = \Delta U + W = 10.35 + (-13.85) = -3.5 \text{ kJ}$$

(143)

(5.74)

(1.2MN/m<sup>2</sup>)

(25°C)

(120 kN/m<sup>2</sup>)

(0.1m<sup>3</sup>)

.(PV<sup>1.2</sup>=C<sub>1</sub>)

: . ( )

( ) ( ) :

**R=0.285 kJ/kg.K Cv=0.72 kJ/kg.K**

$$\begin{aligned}V_2 &= V_1 \left( \frac{P_1}{P_2} \right)^{\frac{1}{n}} = 0.1 \left( \frac{120}{1200} \right)^{\frac{1}{1.2}} \\ &= 0.0147 \text{ m}^3 \\ W &= \frac{P_1 V_1 - P_2 V_2}{n-1} \\ &= \frac{10^3 (120 \times 0.1 - 1200 \times 0.0147)}{0.2} \\ &= 28.2 \text{ kJ} \\ T_2 &= \frac{P_2 V_2 T_1}{P_1 V_1} = \frac{1200 \times 0.0147 \times 298}{120 \times 0.01} \\ &= 438 \text{ K}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}m &= \frac{P_1 V_1}{RT_1} = \frac{120 \times 0.1}{0.285 \times 298} = 0.141 \text{ kg} \\ \Delta U &= m C_v (T_2 - T_1) \\ &= 0.141 \times 0.72 (438 - 298) \\ &= 14.2 \text{ kJ} \\ Q &= \Delta U + W \\ &= 14.2 - 28.2 = -14 \text{ kJ}\end{aligned}$$

(5.75)

(27°C)

(1.1 bar)

(1kg)

:

(6.6 bar) (PV<sup>1.3</sup>=C<sub>1</sub>)

C<sub>p</sub>=1.75 kJ/kg.K (M=30) ( )

C<sub>p</sub>=0.515 kJ/kg.K : (M=40) ( )

$$T_2 = T_1 \left( \frac{P_2}{P_1} \right)^{\frac{n-1}{n}}$$

$$= 300 \left( \frac{6.6}{1.1} \right)^{\frac{1.3-1}{1.3}} = 453.6 \text{ K}$$

$$R = \frac{\bar{R}}{M} = \frac{8.314}{30}$$

$$= 0.277 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$C_v = C_p - R$$

$$= 1.75 - 0.277$$

$$= 1.473 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$\gamma = C_p / C_v = \frac{1.75}{1.473}$$

$$= 1.188$$

$$W = \frac{R(T_1 - T_2)}{n - 1}$$

$$= \frac{0.277(300 - 453.6)}{1.3 - 1}$$

$$= -141.3 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$Q = W \frac{\gamma - n}{\gamma - 1}$$

$$= -141.8 \frac{1.188 - 1.3}{1.188 - 1}$$

$$= 84.5 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

( )

$$R = \frac{\bar{R}}{M} = \frac{8.314}{40} = 0.208 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$C_v = C_p - R = 0.515 - 0.208$$

$$= 0.307 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$\gamma = C_p / C_v = \frac{0.515}{0.307} = 1.678$$

$$W = \frac{R(T_1 - T_2)}{n - 1}$$

$$= \frac{0.208(300 - 453.6)}{1.3 - 1}$$

$$= -106.5 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$Q = W \frac{\gamma - n}{\gamma - 1}$$

$$= -106.58 \frac{1.678 - 1.3}{1.678 - 1} = -59.4 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

(5.76)

$$\begin{array}{llll}
 .(121^\circ\text{C}) & & (0.95 \text{ bar}) & (45000\text{cm}^3) \\
 .(n) & (1) & .(8000 \text{ cm}^3) & (9\text{bar}) \quad (PV^n=C.) \\
 & & : & (3) \quad (2)
 \end{array}$$

**Cp=1.005 kJ/kg.K    R=0.287 kJ/kg.K**

$$\frac{P_2}{P_1} = \left(\frac{V_1}{V_2}\right)^n \Rightarrow \frac{9}{1} = \left(\frac{0.045}{0.008}\right)^n$$

**Ln(9) = n Ln (5.6)**

**n = 1.319**

$$\begin{aligned}
 T_2 &= \frac{P_2 V_2 T_1}{P_1 V_1} \\
 &= \frac{900 \times 0.008 \times 394}{95 \times 0.045} = 678.6 \text{ K}
 \end{aligned}$$

**Cv = Cp - R = 1.005 - 0.287**  
**= 0.718 kJ/kg.K**

$$m = \frac{P_1 V_1}{RT_1} = \frac{95 \times 0.045}{0.287 \times 394} = 0.0378 \text{ kg}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Delta U &= mCv(T_2 - T_1) \\
 &= 0.0378 \times 0.718 (678.6 - 394) \\
 &= 7.73 \text{ kJ}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 W &= \frac{P_1 V_1 - P_2 V_2}{n - 1} \\
 &= \frac{95 \times 0.045 - 900 \times 0.008}{1.319 - 1} \\
 &= -9.695 \text{ kJ}
 \end{aligned}$$

**Q = ΔU + W = 7.73 + (-9.695)**  
**= -1.971 kJ**

(5.77)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (0.28 \text{ m}^3) \quad (49^\circ\text{C}) \\
 & : \quad (PV^{1.27}=C.) \quad (15/1) \quad (110\text{kN/m}^2) \\
 & : \quad (2) \quad (1)
 \end{aligned}$$

$C_p=1.0 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$   $C_v=0.71 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$

$$\begin{aligned}
 P_2 &= P_1 \left( \frac{V_1}{V_2} \right)^n = 110 \left( \frac{15}{1} \right)^{1.27} \\
 &= 31.163 \text{ kN/m}^2 \\
 T_2 &= T_1 \left( \frac{V_1}{V_2} \right)^{n-1} = 322 \left( \frac{15}{1} \right)^{1.27-1} \\
 &= 668.96 \text{ K} \\
 m &= \frac{P_1 V_1}{RT_1} = \frac{110 \times 0.28}{0.29 \times 322} = 0.33 \text{ kg} \\
 R &= C_p - C_v = 1 - 0.71 \\
 &= 0.29 \text{ kJ/kg.K}
 \end{aligned}
 \quad \left| \quad \begin{aligned}
 W &= \frac{mR(T_1 - T_2)}{n-1} \\
 &= \frac{0.33 \times 0.29 (49 - 395.96)}{1.27 - 1} \\
 &= -122.92 \text{ kJ} \\
 \gamma &= C_p/C_v = 1/0.71 = 1.41 \\
 Q &= W \frac{\gamma - n}{\gamma - 1} = -122.92 \frac{1.41 - 1.27}{1.41 - 1} \\
 &= -41.973 \text{ kJ}
 \end{aligned}$$

(5.78)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (1/4) \quad (20^\circ\text{C}) \quad (1 \text{ bar}) \quad (1 \text{ kg}) \\
 & ( ) \quad ( ) \\
 & : \quad (n=1.25)
 \end{aligned}$$

$C_p=1 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$   $C_v=0.71 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$

$$\begin{aligned}
 R &= C_p - C_v \\
 &= 1 - 0.71 = 0.29 \text{ kJ/kg.K} \\
 V_1 &= \frac{mRT_1}{P_1} \\
 &= \frac{1 \times 0.29 \times 293}{100} = 0.85 \text{ m}^3 \\
 V_2 &= \frac{V_1}{4} = \frac{0.85}{4} = 0.2124 \text{ m}^3 \\
 P_2 &= \frac{mRT_2}{V_2} \\
 &= \frac{1 \times 0.29 \times 293}{0.2124} = 400 \text{ kN/m}^2
 \end{aligned}
 \quad ( ) \quad \left| \quad \begin{aligned}
 T_2 &= T_1 \left( \frac{V_1}{V_2} \right)^{\frac{1}{n-1}} \\
 &= 293(4)^{\frac{1}{1.25-1}} = 414.427 \text{ K} \\
 P_2 &= P_1 \left( \frac{V_1}{V_2} \right)^n \\
 &= 100(4)^{1.25} = 565.7 \text{ kN/m}^2 \\
 V_2 &= V_1 \left( \frac{T_1}{T_2} \right)^{\frac{1}{n-1}} \\
 &= 0.8497 \left( \frac{293}{414.43} \right)^{\frac{1}{0.25}} = 0.2123 \text{ m}^3
 \end{aligned}$$

(147)

(5.79)

$$C_v = 0.65 \text{ kJ/kg.K} \quad (0.06 \text{ m}^3) \quad (1000 \text{ kN/m}^2) \quad (0.8 \text{ kg})$$

$$C_v = 0.65 \text{ kJ/kg.K} \quad (0.14 \text{ m}^3) \quad (305 \text{ kN/m}^2)$$

$$R = 0.26 \text{ kJ/kg.K} \quad (0.197 \text{ m}^3) \quad (305 \text{ kN/m}^2)$$

$$\frac{P_2}{P_1} = \left( \frac{V_1}{V_2} \right)^n$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{305}{1000} = \left( \frac{0.06}{0.14} \right)^n$$

$$\Rightarrow n = 1.4$$

$$\gamma = \frac{R + C_v}{C_v} = \frac{0.26 + 0.65}{0.65}$$

$$= 1.4 = n$$

$$W_{12} = \frac{P_1 V_1}{\gamma - 1}$$

$$= \frac{1000 \times 0.06 - 305 \times 0.14}{1.4 - 1}$$

$$= 43.25 \text{ kJ}$$

$$Q_{12} = 0$$

$$\frac{P_2'}{P_1} = \left( \frac{V_1}{V_2'} \right)^n$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{305}{1000} = \left( \frac{0.06}{0.197} \right)^n$$

$$\Rightarrow n = 1$$

$$T_1 = \frac{P_1 V_1}{mR}$$

$$= \frac{1000 \times 0.06}{0.8 \times 0.26}$$

$$= 288.46 \text{ K}$$

$$Q_{12'} = W_{12'}$$

$$= mRT_1 \ln \frac{V_2'}{V_2}$$

$$= 0.8 \times 0.26 \times 288 \ln \frac{0.197}{0.06}$$

$$= 71.33 \text{ kJ}$$

(5.80)

$$(PV^{1.3}=C.) \quad (0.003 \text{ m}^3) \quad (1\text{MN}/\text{m}^2) \\ \vdots \quad (0.1\text{MN}/\text{m}^2)$$

$$\gamma=1.4 \quad C_v=0.718 \text{ kJ}/\text{kg}\cdot\text{K}$$

$$V_2 = V_1 \left( \frac{P_1}{P_2} \right)^{\frac{1}{n}} = 0.003 \left( \frac{1}{0.1} \right)^{\frac{1}{1.3}} = 0.0176 \text{ m}^3$$

$$Q = \frac{\gamma - n}{\gamma - 1} \times W = \frac{\gamma - n}{\gamma - 1} \times \frac{P_1 V_1 - P_2 V_2}{n - 1} \\ = \frac{1.4 - 1.3}{1.4 - 1} \times \frac{1 \times 0.003 - 0.1 \times 0.0176}{1.3 - 1} = 1.03 \text{ kJ}$$

$$C_n = C_v \frac{(\gamma - n)}{(n - 1)} = 0.718 \frac{1.4 - 1.3}{1.3 - 1} = 0.239 \text{ kJ}/\text{kg}\cdot\text{K} \quad (5.81)$$

$$(0.085 \text{ m}^3) \quad (600 \text{ mm})$$

$$(90\text{kg}) \quad (1\text{MN}/\text{m}^2)$$

$$(1.2\text{m})$$

$$(PV^{1.35}=C.)$$

$$(0.103 \text{ MN}/\text{m}^2)$$

$$V_2 = A \cdot L + V_1 = \frac{\pi \cdot D^2}{4} \cdot L + V_1 \\ = \frac{\pi \times 0.6^2}{4} \times 1.2 + 0.085 = 0.424 \text{ m}^3$$

$$P_2 = P_1 \left( \frac{V_1}{V_2} \right)^{1.35} = 1 \left( \frac{0.085}{0.424} \right)^{1.35} \\ = 0.114 \text{ MN}/\text{m}^2$$

$$W = \frac{P_1 V_1 - P_2 V_2}{n - 1} \\ = \frac{1 \times 0.085 - 0.114 \times 0.424}{1.35 - 1} \\ = 0.1049 \text{ MJ}$$

$$\Delta PE = mgz = 90 \times 9.81 \times 1.2 = 1060 \text{ J}$$

$$W = P_{\text{atm}} \cdot V = P_{\text{atm}} \cdot A \cdot L$$

$$= P_{\text{atm}} \cdot \frac{\pi \cdot D^2}{4} \cdot L$$

$$= 0.103 \frac{\pi \times 0.6^2}{4} \times 1.2$$

$$= 0.0343 \text{ MJ}$$

$$\frac{mc^2}{2} = \left( 0.1049 - 0.0343 - \frac{1060}{10^6} \right) 10^6 \text{ J}$$

$$= 69540 \text{ J}$$

$$\therefore C = \sqrt{\frac{2.69540}{90}}$$

$$= \sqrt{1545} = 39.3 \text{ m/s}$$

(5.82)

$$(38^\circ\text{C}) \quad (1.032 \text{ bar}) \quad (0.085 \text{ m}^3)$$

$$: \quad \quad \quad .(5.5 \text{ bar}) \quad (PV^{1.3}=C.)$$

$$C_v=0.75 \text{ kJ/kg.K} \quad R=0.287 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$T_2 = T_1 \left( \frac{P_2}{P_1} \right)^{\frac{n-1}{n}}$$

$$= 311 \left( \frac{5.5}{1.032} \right)^{\frac{1.3-1}{1.3}} = 458 \text{ K}$$

$$m = \frac{P_1 V_1}{R T_1} = \frac{103.5 \times 0.085}{0.287 \times 311}$$

$$= 0.0985 \text{ kg}$$

$$\Delta U = m C_v (T_2 - T_1)$$

$$= 0.0985 \times 0.715 (458 - 311)$$

$$= 10.35 \text{ kJ}$$

$$W = \frac{mR(T_1 - T_2)}{n-1}$$

$$= \frac{0.0985 \times 0.287 (311 - 458)}{1.3 - 1}$$

$$= -13.85 \text{ kJ}$$

$$Q = \Delta U + W$$

$$= 10.35 + (-13.85)$$

$$= -3.5 \text{ kJ}$$

(5.83)

$$(100^\circ\text{C}) \quad (14/1) \quad (0.013 \text{ kg})$$

$$: \quad \quad \quad .(PV^{1.3}=C.)$$

$$R=0.28 \text{ kJ/kg.K} \quad C_p=0.72 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$C_v = C_p - R = 0.72 - 0.28$$

$$= 0.44 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$\gamma = C_p / C_v = 0.72 / 0.44 = 1.636$$

$$T_2 = T_1 \left( \frac{V_1}{V_2} \right)^{n-1} = 373 (14)^{0.3}$$

$$= 823.28 \text{ K}$$

$$W = \frac{mR(T_1 - T_2)}{n-1}$$

$$= \frac{0.013 \times 0.28 (373 - 823.28)}{1.3 - 1}$$

$$= -5.463 \text{ kJ}$$

$$Q = W \frac{\gamma - n}{\gamma - 1}$$

$$= (-5.463) \times \frac{1.636 - 1.3}{1.636 - 1}$$

$$= -2.886 \text{ kJ}$$

(5.84)

$$(38^{\circ}\text{C}) \quad (1.38 \text{ bar}) \quad (0.14\text{m}^3)$$

$$(2) \quad (1) \quad (8.7\text{bar}) \quad (PV^{1.35}=C.)$$

 $\gamma=1.4 \quad R=0.264 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$ 

$$V_2 = V_1 \left( \frac{P_1}{P_2} \right)^{\frac{1}{n}} = 0.14 \left( \frac{138}{870} \right)^{\frac{1}{1.35}}$$

$$= 0.0358 \text{ m}^3$$

$$W_{12} = \frac{P_1 V_1 - P_2 V_2}{n - 1}$$

$$= \frac{138 \times 0.14 - 870 \times 0.0358}{1.35 - 1}$$

$$= -33.788 \text{ kJ}$$

$$Q_{12} = W_{12} \times \frac{\gamma - n}{\gamma - 1}$$

$$= 33.788 \frac{1.4 - 1.35}{1.4 - 1}$$

$$= -4.223 \text{ kJ}$$

$$\Delta U = Q - W$$

$$= -4.223 + 33.788$$

$$= 29.564 \text{ kJ}$$

(5.85)

$$(0.0111) \quad (0.06 \text{ m}^3) \quad (1 \text{ bar}) \quad (0.07 \text{ kg})$$

$$(9 \text{ bar}) \quad (PV^n=C.) \quad (200 \text{ kJ/kg})$$

$$. (370 \text{ kJ/kg}) \quad \text{m}^3$$

$$\frac{P_1}{P_2} = \left( \frac{V_2}{V_1} \right)^n \Rightarrow \frac{1}{9} = \left( \frac{0.0111}{0.06} \right)^n$$

$$\text{Ln} \frac{1}{9} = n \text{Ln} \left( \frac{0.0111}{0.06} \right)$$

$$n = 1.302$$

$$W = \frac{P_1 V_1 - P_2 V_2}{n - 1}$$

$$= \frac{100 \times 0.06 - 900 \times 0.011}{1.302 - 1}$$

$$= -13.2 \text{ kJ}$$

$$\Delta U = m \Delta \mu$$

$$= 0.07(370 - 200)$$

$$= 11.9 \text{ kJ}$$

$$Q = \Delta U + W$$

$$= 11.9 + (-13.2)$$

$$= -1.3 \text{ kJ}$$

(5.86)

$$q - w = \Delta\mu$$

$$-w = \Delta\mu$$

$$\frac{R(T_2 - T_1)}{\gamma - 1} = C_v(T_2 - T_1)$$

$$\frac{R}{\gamma - 1} = C_v$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} & \cdot (\gamma = \frac{C_p}{C_v}) \\ & \gamma - 1 = \frac{R}{C_v} \end{aligned} \right|$$

$$\gamma - 1 = \frac{R}{C_v}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \gamma &= \frac{R}{C_v} + 1 = \frac{C_p - C_v}{C_v} + 1 \\ &= \frac{C_p - C_v + C_v}{C_v} \end{aligned}$$

$$\gamma = \frac{C_p}{C_v}$$

(5.87)

$$(C_p = C_p)$$

$$\cdot (H_2 - H_1 = \gamma U)$$

$$H_2 - H_1 = \gamma U$$

$$(U_2 + P_2 V_2) - (U_1 + P_1 V_1) = \frac{C_p}{C_v} m C_v (T_2 - T_1)$$

$$\Delta U + mR(T_2 - T_1) = mC_p(T_2 - T_1)$$

$$mC_v \Delta T + mR \Delta T = mC_p \Delta T$$

$$C_v + C_p - C_v = C_p$$

$$\therefore C_p = C_p$$

(5.88)

$$Q - W = \Delta U$$

$$-W = \Delta U$$

$$\frac{P_2 V_2 - P_1 V_1}{\gamma - 1} = \Delta U$$

$$\frac{mR \Delta T}{\gamma - 1} = mC_v \Delta T$$

$$(R = C_p - C_v)$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} R &= C_v(\gamma - 1) \\ &= C_v\left(\frac{C_p}{C_v} - 1\right) \\ &= C_v\left(\frac{C_p - C_v}{C_v}\right) \\ R &= C_p - C_v \end{aligned} \right|$$

$$= C_v\left(\frac{C_p}{C_v} - 1\right)$$

$$= C_v\left(\frac{C_p - C_v}{C_v}\right)$$

$$R = C_p - C_v$$

(5.11)

$\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)$        $(20^\circ\text{C})$        $(1 \text{ bar})$        $(1 \text{ kg})$   
 $( )$  .  
 .  $(1.25)$        $( )$   
 :  $(P-V)$

**Cp=1 kJ/kg.K   Cv=0.71 kJ/kg.K**

**(-140.78 kJ   414.36 K   5.657 bar   -117.8 kJ   4 bar   0.2124 m<sup>3</sup>   0.85 m<sup>2</sup> ):**

(5.12)

.  $(0.1 \text{ m}^3)$        $(1 \text{ kg})$   
 .  $(50^\circ\text{C})$   
 $(1.01 \text{ bar})$        $(20 \text{ cmHg})$   
 :

**$\delta H_g = 13600 \text{ kg/m}^3$    Cv=0.7 kJ/kg.K**

**(12.77 kJ   37 kJ):**

(5.13)

$(100^\circ\text{C})$        $(14\text{L})$        $(0.95 \text{ bar})$  .  
 :  $\left(\frac{14}{1}\right)$   
 $(3)$        $(2)$        $(1)$   
 :

**n=1.3   Cp=0.72 kJ/kg.K   R=0.28 kJ/kg.K**

**(-2.818 kJ   2.516 kJ   -5.352 kJ) :**

(5.14)

(20°C) (1.2 bar)  
 (35°C) (0.4 m³)  
 Cp=1.005 kJ/kg.K Cv=0.717 kJ/kg.K :  
 (3) (2) (1) :

**(-3.77 kJ 9.42 kJ 13.2 kJ 0.368 m³) :**

(5.15)

(17°C) (1.5 bar) (0.2 kg)  
 (PV<sup>1.25</sup>=C.)  
 (2) (1) (0.13 m³)  
 (4) (3)

**Cv = 0.717 kJ/kg.K Cp = 1.005 kJ/kg.K**  
**(13.64 kJ 1.47 bar -3.71 kJ -9.9 kJ 331 K) :**

(5.16)

(5 bar) (0.5 kg)  
 (1.89 bar) (100°C)  
 (Cv=0.71 kJ/kg.K) (1 bar)  
 (2) (1) (T-S) (P-V)  
 (3)

**(0 -32.33 kJ 25.63 kJ 32.57 kJ 0.213 m³ 0.107 m³) :**

(5.17)

(1/4) (15°C) (1 bar) (0.03 m³)  
 (15°C)  
 : (T-S) (P-V) (γ=1.4) (1 bar)  
 (2) (1)  
**(-4.75 kJ 0.01723 m³ 165.4 K) :**

(5.18)

:(27°C) (1 bar)

A ( )

(3)

(3)

B ( )

.A

(3)

(2)

(1) :

: .

**Cv = 0.744 kJ/kg.K R = 0.297 kJ/kg.K**

:

) 1472.4kJ/kg 356.4kJ/kg 1116kJ/kg 1294.2kJ/k.g, 178.2kJ/kg 1116 kJ/kg (

(5.19)

.(0.4 m<sup>3</sup>)

(1.2 bar)

(0.5 kg)

.(200°C)

: .

**R=0.287 kJ/kg.K**

(0.06 m<sup>3</sup> 0.142 m<sup>3</sup>) :

(5.20)

.(1bar)

(20°C)

(0.3m<sup>3</sup>)

.(100°C)

.(γ=1.4)

.(T-S) (P-V)

(-29.37 kJ 0.277 m<sup>3</sup> 344.3 K) :

(5.21)

(15°C) (1 bar) (1kg)

(2)  $(PV^\gamma=C_1)$  (1)  $(\frac{1}{4})$

(1) (6.6°C)

$\gamma=1.4$   $R=0.29$  kJ/kg.K

(0.0095 kJ/K -159.3 kJ -154.5 kJ) :

(5.22)

(280L) (1.5 bar) (0.5 kg)

$(PV^{1.2}=C_1)$  (100L)

(T-S) (P-V)

(2) (1)

$C_v = 0.724$  kJ/kg.K  $C_p = 1.02$  kJ/kg.K

(54.99 kJ -57.054 kJ 1.84 bar 360.88 K 5.16 bar) :

(5.23)

(1) :  $(\frac{17}{1})$

$(PV^{1.3}=C_1)$  (2)

(0.425 10.85 0.634) :

(5.24)

(40°C) (2 bar) (2L)

$(PV^{1.3}=C_1)$

(1) (T-S) (P-V)

(2)

$C_v = 0.62$  kJ/kg.K  $C_p = 0.92$  kJ/kg.K

(-0.389 kJ 0 1.04 kJ 0.0945 kJ -0.534 kJ 1.44 kJ 0.482 kJ 0.4 kJ)

(5.25)

( )

(1.48 bar) (6 bar)

: (P-V) (R) (2.21 bar)  
Cp = 1.005 kJ/kg.K

(0.287 kJ/kg.K) :

(5.26)

(17)

(PV<sup>1.3</sup>=C.)

(0.425 0.634) :

(5.27)

(1/6)

(1/6) (PV<sup>1.36</sup>=C.)

(1.72) :

(5.28)

(PV<sup>1.3</sup>=C.)

(1/17)

γ = 1.4 R = 0.293 kJ/kg.K

(5.97) :

(5.29)

(100°C)

(0.106m<sup>3</sup>)

(1/3)

(0.5 m<sup>3</sup>) :

(5.30)

(100bar)

(1.31 L)

(600°C)

(n=1.3)

(28.65kJ)

(46 L 0.978 bar 27°C) :

(5.31)

(268 °C)

(1.02 bar)

(1000°C)

(0.032 m<sup>3</sup>)

(51 bar)

(2) .

(1) : (P-V)

:

R = 0.287 kJ/kg.K γ=1.4

(-157.5 kJ -63.72 kJ 0.272 m<sup>3</sup> 0.681 m<sup>3</sup>) :

(5.32)

(18°C)

(3.1 MN/m<sup>2</sup>)

(300 L)

(1.7 MN/m<sup>2</sup>)

(15°C)

(Cp=0.91 kJ/kg.K) (γ=1.4)

:

( )

( )

( )

(1.72 MN/m<sup>2</sup> 10.725 kJ 5.5 kg) :

(5.33)

(20°C)

(1 bar)

(0.75 kg)

(P-

(PV<sup>1.3</sup>=C.)

:

(Cp=1 kJ/kg.K) (Cv=0.718 kJ/kg.K :

V)

-

-

-

:

(36.46 kJ 11.3 kJ 47.73 kJ -43 kJ 360.7K 5bar 2bar 0.1549m<sup>3</sup> 0.3098m<sup>3</sup> 0.6197m<sup>3</sup>)

(5.34)

:

(7 bar) (2 bar) (1)

(2)

(3)

( $Q_{in}$ )

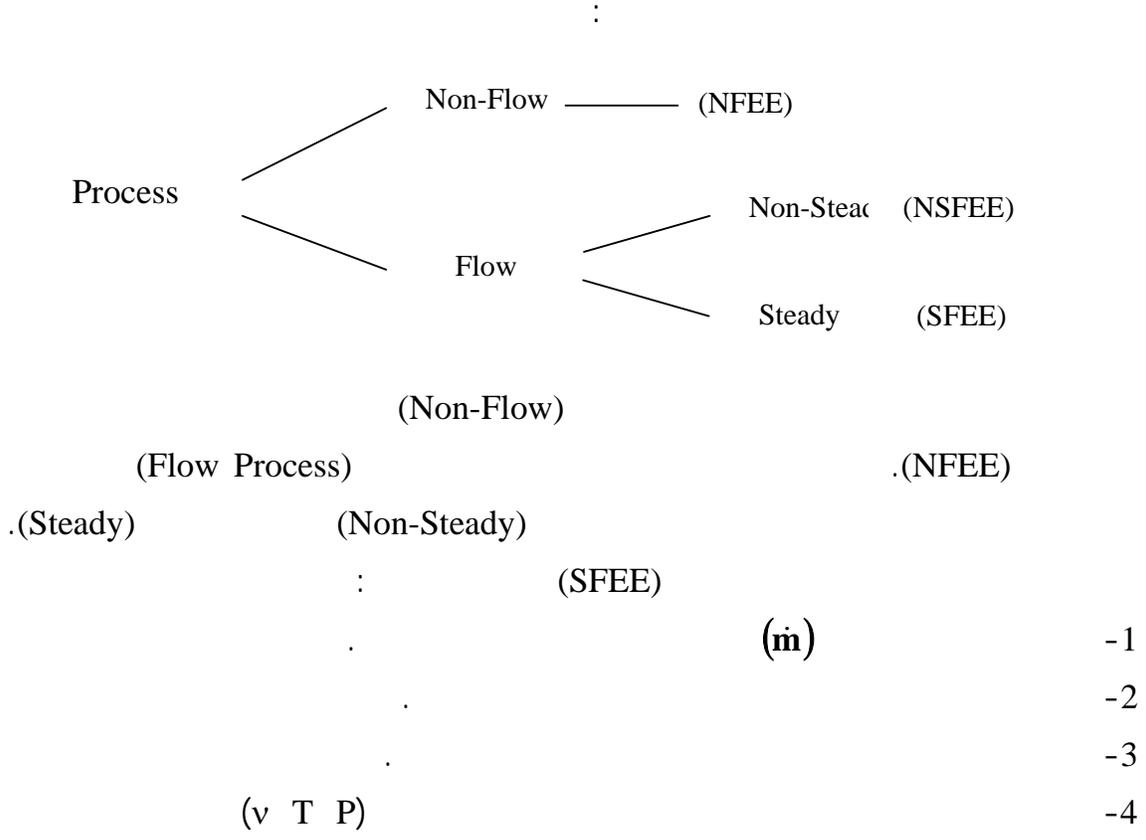
( $Q_o$ )

(P-V)

$\left(\frac{Q_o}{Q_{in}}\right)$

(0.5) :

**The Open Systems** -(6.1)



(6.3-b)

**Net Work** -(6.2)

:

**Shaft Work**

**-(6.2.1)**

(W)

.(Ws)

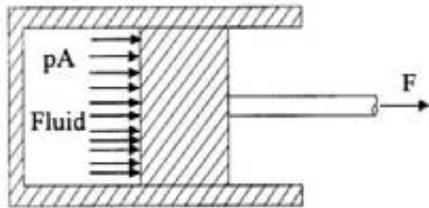
.(Ws)

(External Work Done)

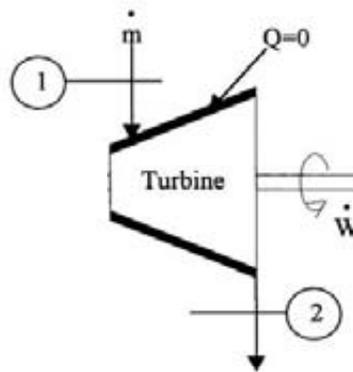
(6.1-a)

(6.1)

.(6.1-b)



ترددی (b)



دورانی (a)

(Ws)

-(6.1)

**Flow Work**

**-(6.2.2)**

(Flow Work)

(6.2-a)

(V-dot<sub>1</sub>)

(P<sub>1</sub>)

(m-dot)

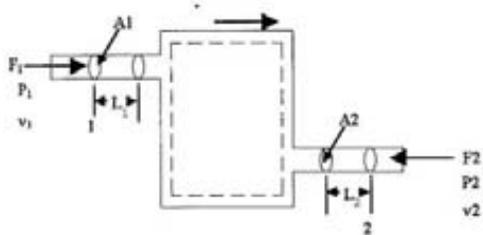
(V-dot<sub>2</sub>, P<sub>2</sub>)

.(W<sub>Flow</sub>)

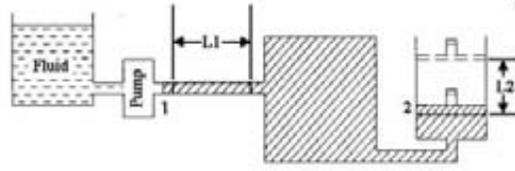
(A)

(2) (1)

∴



شغل جریان (a)



شغل إزاحي (b)

-(6.2)

:(W<sub>Flow</sub>)<sub>in</sub> -1

∴ (L<sub>1</sub>) (m)

$$(W_{Flow})_{in} = F_1 L_1 = P_1 A_1 L_1 = P_1 \dot{V}_1 = P_1 v_1 \dot{m} \quad \dots\dots (6.1)$$

∴ (1kg/s) (v)

$$(w_{Flow})_{in} = P_1 v_1 \quad \dots\dots (6.2)$$

∴ (F<sub>2</sub>) (W<sub>Flow</sub>)<sub>out</sub> -2

L<sub>2</sub> (m)

$$(W_{Flow})_{out} = F_2 L_2 = P_2 A_2 L_2 = P_2 \dot{V}_2 = P_2 v_2 \dot{m} \quad \dots\dots (6.3)$$

$$(w_{Flow})_{out} = P_2 v_2 \quad \dots\dots (6.4)$$

∴

$$\Delta w_{Flow} = (w_{Flow})_{out} - (w_{Flow})_{in} \quad \dots\dots (6.5)$$

$$\Delta w_{Flow} = P_2 v_2 - P_1 v_1 = \Delta P v \quad \dots\dots (6.6)$$

(w)

: (W<sub>net</sub>)

**w<sub>net</sub> = ws + Δw<sub>Flow</sub> = ws + ΔPv** ..... (6.7)

OR

**W<sub>net</sub> = Ws + ΔPV** ..... (6.8)

(Wdis.)

(6.2-b)

**Δw<sub>net</sub> = Δw<sub>Disp.</sub> = P<sub>2</sub>v<sub>2</sub> - P<sub>1</sub>v<sub>2</sub> = ΔPv** ..... (6.9)

OR

**W<sub>net</sub> = ΔPV** ..... (6.10)

**Energy Equation for Open System**

**-(6.3)**

**(ṁ<sub>in</sub> ≠ ṁ<sub>out</sub>)**

.(USFEE)

.(Unsteady Flow Energy Equation)

.(6.3-a)

(Steady Flow)

(Steady Flow Energy Equation)

.(6.3-b)

(SFEE)

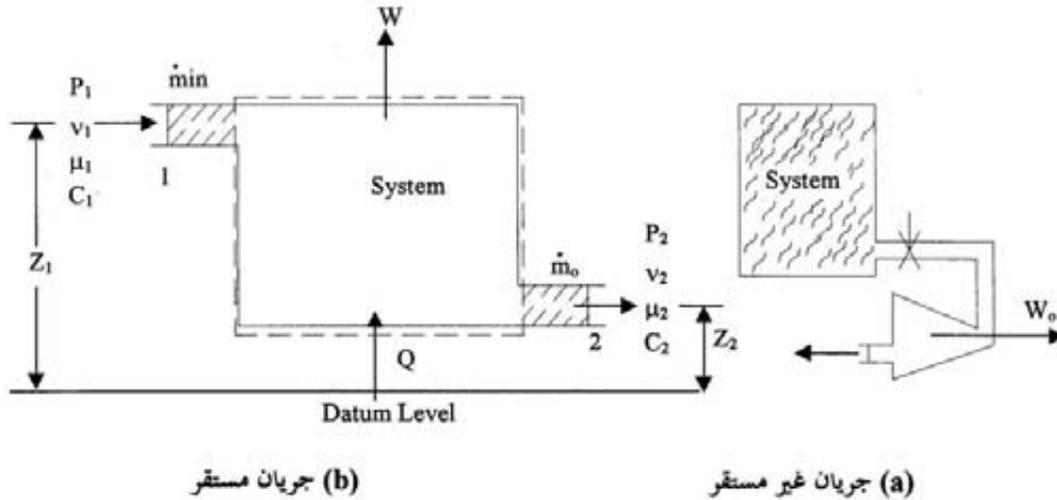
:

(Flow Rate)

**(ṁ)**

.1

.2



-(6.3)

(6.3-b)

	(1kg)	(C <sub>2</sub> μ <sub>2</sub> v <sub>2</sub> P <sub>2</sub> )	(C <sub>1</sub> μ <sub>1</sub> v <sub>1</sub> P <sub>1</sub> )
:		.(Pv)	-1
		.(μ)	-2
		. (C <sup>2</sup> / 2)	-3
		.(gz)	-4
		(q)	

:

$$(E_{in}) = (E_{out})$$

$$q + (ws) =$$

$$q + P_1 v_1 + \mu_1 + \frac{C_1^2}{2} + g z_1 = w_s + P_2 v_2 + \mu_2 + \frac{C_2^2}{2} + g z_2$$

$$q = (\mu_2 - \mu_1) + \frac{C_2^2 - C_1^2}{2} + g \Delta z_{12} + \Delta P v + w_s$$

$$q = \Delta \mu + \Delta KE + \Delta PE + \Delta P v + w_s$$

(NFEE)

$$q - (\Delta P v + w_s) = \Delta \mu \quad \dots \dots \dots (6.11)$$

$$\therefore q - w_{net} = \Delta \mu \quad \dots \dots \dots (6.12)$$

$$q - w_s = \Delta\mu + \Delta Pv = \Delta(\mu + Pv) \quad \dots\dots\dots (6.13)$$

$$\therefore q - w_s = \Delta h \quad \dots\dots\dots (6.14)$$

$$\dot{W} = \dot{m} \cdot w_s \quad \dots\dots\dots (6.15)$$

$$\dot{Q} = \dot{m} \cdot q \quad \dots\dots\dots (6.16)$$

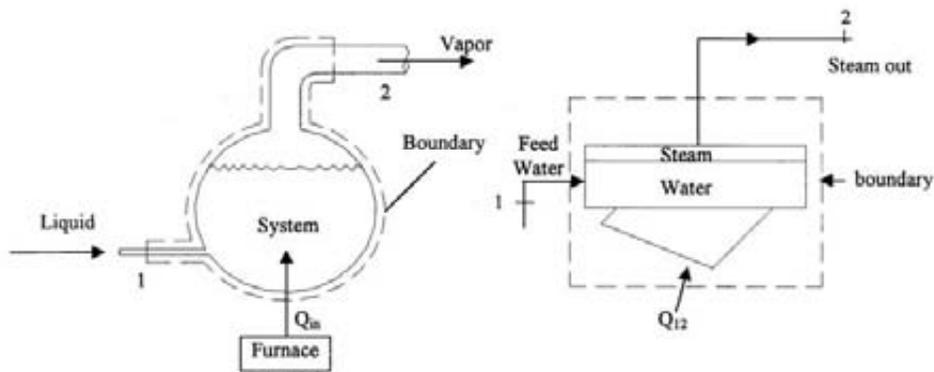
$$\dot{W} = \dot{m} \cdot w_s \quad \dots\dots\dots (6.15)$$

$$\dot{Q} = \dot{m} \cdot q \quad \dots\dots\dots (6.16)$$

**Application of the First Law of Thermodynamics on the Open System**  
 (Energy Equation

(Unsteady for Open System)  
 (Steady Flow Process) Flow Process)

**Boiler & Steam Condenser** -(6.4.1)



-(6.4)

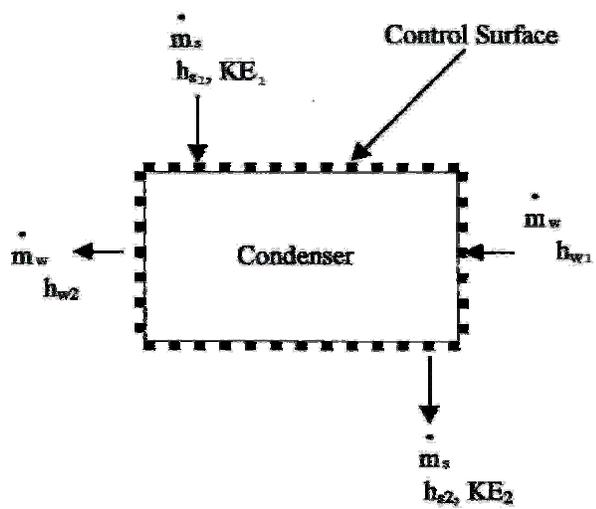
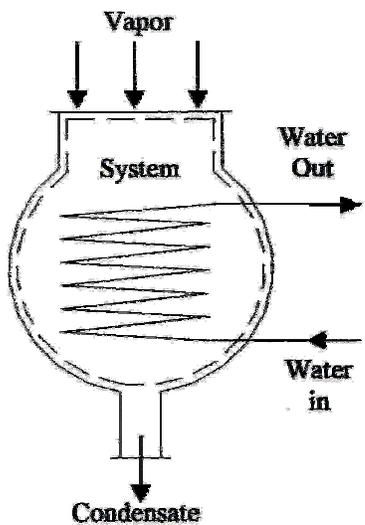
-1  
-2  
-3  
-4

$$\dot{Q}_{12} = \Delta \dot{H}_{12} = \dot{m}_s (h_2 - h_1) = \dot{m} \cdot C_p (T_2 - T_1) \quad \dots\dots\dots (6.17)$$

(Q<sub>in</sub>)

(Q<sub>12</sub>)

$$\eta_{th} = \frac{\dot{Q}_{12}}{\dot{Q}_{in}} = \frac{\dot{m}_s (h_2 - h_1)}{\dot{m}_f \cdot LCV} \quad \dots\dots\dots (6.18)$$



-(6.5)

(kg/s)

( m<sub>f</sub> ) (kg/s)

( m<sub>s</sub> )

(kJ/kg)

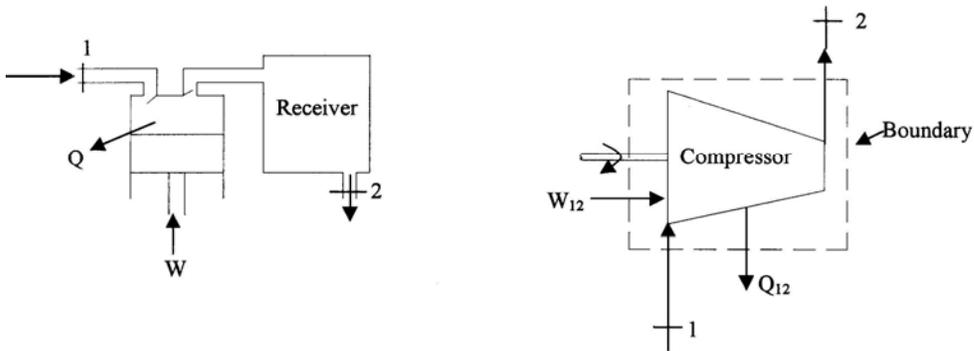
(LCV)

(6.5)

$$\dot{Q}_{12} = \Delta \dot{H}_{12} = \dot{m}_w (h_2 - h_1) = \dot{m}_w \cdot C_{p_w} (T_2 - T_1) \quad \dots\dots\dots (6.19)$$

$$h_1 > h_2$$

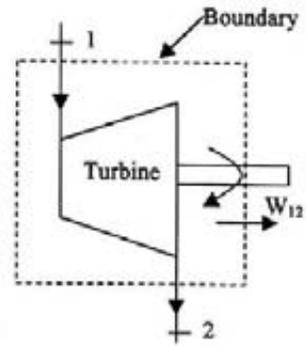
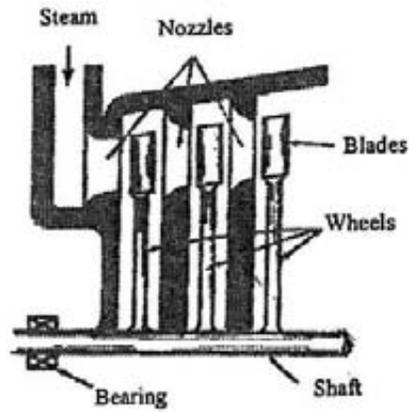
**Compressor & Turbine** -(6.4.2)



-(6.6)

.(6.6)

.(6.7)



-(6.7)

:

-1

.(Q=0)

-2

-3

:

$$-\dot{W}_s = \Delta\dot{H}_{12} = \dot{m} (h_2 - h_1) = \dot{m} \cdot C_p \cdot (T_1 - T_2)$$

..... (6.20)

( $\dot{W}_s$ )

-(6.4.3)

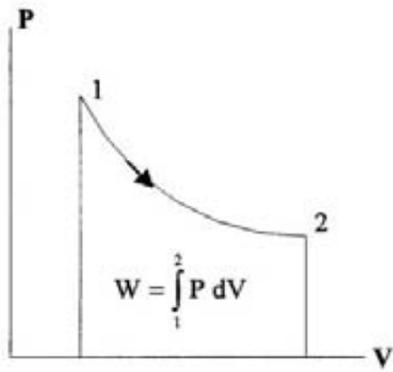
### Theoretical Sequence of Processes

.(6.8-a)

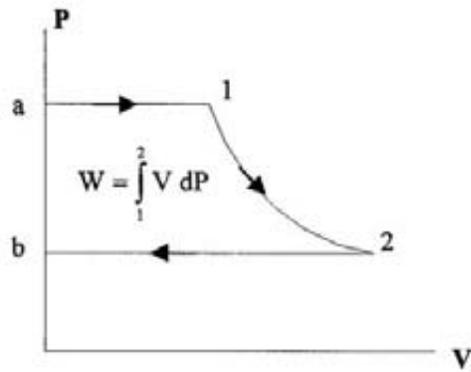
(P-v)

: (dv)

$$w = \int_1^2 P dv$$



نظام مغلق (a)



نظام مفتوح (b)

شكل (6.8) - الشغل الإزاحي في الأنظمة

(2) (1) (b) (2) (1) (a) : (dP) (6.8-b)

$$w_T = \int_1^2 dPv = Pdv + vdP \dots\dots\dots (6.21)$$

(6.9) (3)

:

(1) (a) -1

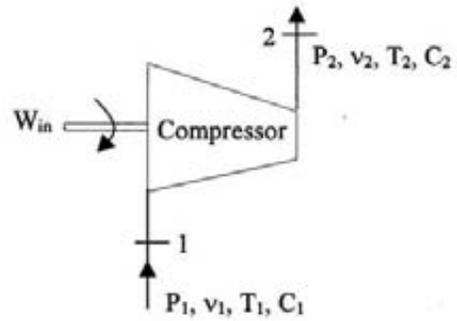
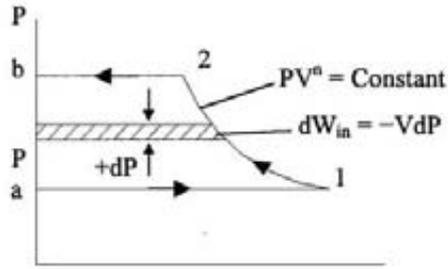
: (Va=0) .

$$w_{ai} = P\Delta v = P_1(v_1 - v_a) = P_1v_1 \dots\dots\dots (6.22)$$

: (2) (1) -2

$$q^{=0} - w = \Delta\mu = \mu_2 - \mu_1$$

$$w = \mu_1 - \mu_2 \dots\dots\dots (6.23)$$



-(6.9)

( $V_b=0$ )

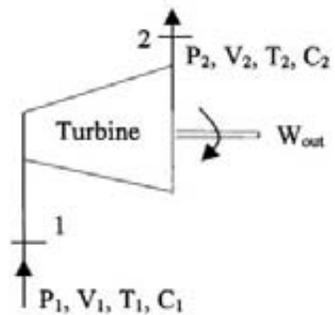
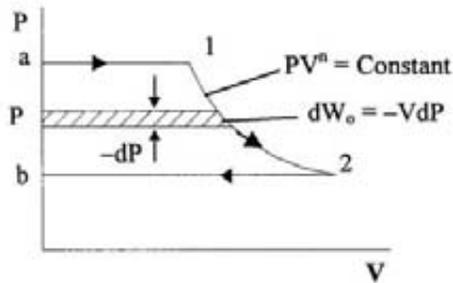
(b) (2)

-3

$w_{2b} = P\Delta v = P_2 (v_b - v_2) = -P_2 v_2$  ..... (6.24)

$w_T = P_1 v_1 + (\mu_1 - \mu_2) + (-P_2 v_2)$   
 $= (P_1 v_1 + \mu_1) - (P_2 v_2 + \mu_2)$   
 $= h_1 - h_2$  ..... (6.25)

(6.10)



-(6.10)

( )

### 1- Adiabatic Process

$$w_{12} = -\int_1^2 v dP \quad \dots\dots\dots (6.26)$$

$$= -\int_1^2 \left(\frac{C}{P}\right)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} \cdot dP = -\int_1^2 C^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} \cdot P^{-\frac{1}{\gamma}} \cdot dP \quad \because Pv^{\gamma} = C.$$

$$\therefore v = \left(\frac{C}{P}\right)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}}$$

$$= -C^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} \left[ \frac{P^{-\frac{1}{\gamma}+1}}{-\frac{1}{\gamma}+1} \right]_{P_1}^{P_2} = -\left(Pv^{\gamma}\right)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} \left[ \frac{P^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}}}{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} \right]_{P_1}^{P_2}$$

$$= -\left[ \frac{P^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} \cdot P^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} \cdot v^{\gamma \cdot \frac{1}{\gamma}}}{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} \right]_{P_1}^{P_2} = -\left[ \frac{P \cdot v}{\gamma-1} \right]_{P_1}^{P_2}$$

$$= -\frac{\gamma(P_2 v_2 - P_1 v_1)}{\gamma-1} = -\frac{\gamma R(T_2 - T_1)}{\gamma-1} \quad \dots\dots\dots (6.27)$$

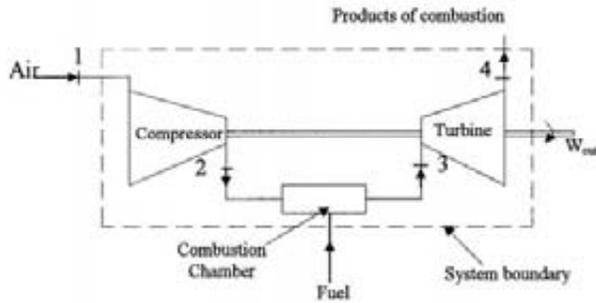
### 2- Isothermal Process

$$w_{12} = -\int_1^2 v dP \quad \dots\dots\dots (6.28)$$

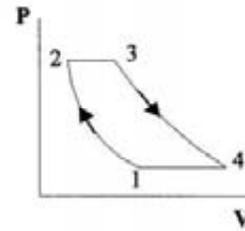
$$= -\int_1^2 C \frac{dP}{P} = -C \text{Ln} \frac{P_2}{P_1} \quad \because Pv = C.$$

$$\therefore v = \frac{C}{P}$$

$$= -Pv \text{Ln} \frac{P_2}{P_1} = -RT \text{Ln} \frac{P_2}{P_1} \quad \dots\dots\dots (6.29)$$



(a) تدوير ضاغط ومروحة



(b) تسلسل العمليات

-(6.11)

(6.11-a)

: (6.11-b)

(1→2) -1

(2→3) -2

(W<sub>out</sub>) (3→4) -3

(4→1) -4

(6.1)

(27°C)

(101 kPa)

(5/1)

(1050°C)

( ) .

( ) :

(1kg)

$C_p=1,004 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$   $\gamma=1,4$  :

(6.11)

$$T_2 = T_1 \cdot \left(\frac{P_2}{P_1}\right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} = 300 (5)^{\frac{0.4}{1.4}} = 475.4 \text{ K}$$

$$T_4 = T_3 \cdot \left(\frac{P_4}{P_3}\right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} = 1323 \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{\frac{0.4}{1.4}} = 835.4 \text{ K}$$

$$w_T = C_p (T_3 - T_4) = 1.004 (1323 - 835.4) = 489.67 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$w_c = C_p (T_1 - T_2) = 1.004 (300 - 475.4) = -175.92 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$w_{net} = w_T + w_c = 489.67 + (-175.92) = 313.75 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$q_{in} = C_p (T_3 - T_2)$$

$$= 1.004 (1323 - 475.37)$$

$$= 851.17 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$\eta = \frac{w_{net}}{q_{in}} = \frac{313.75}{851.17} = 0.369$$

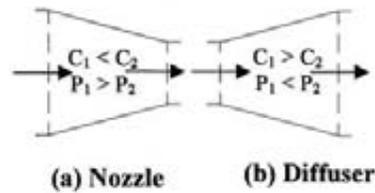
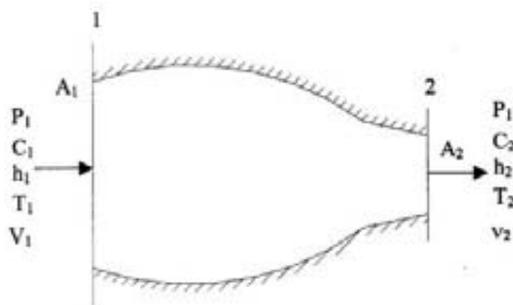
Nozzle & Diffuser ( )

( )

6.4.5

(6.12-a)

(6.12-b)



( )

-(6.3)

.(w=0)

(C<sub>1</sub>)

.(ΔPE=0)

.(q=0)

:

$$0 = \Delta h_{12} + \Delta KE_{12} \quad \dots\dots\dots (6.30)$$

$$= \Delta h_{12} + \frac{C_2^2 - C_1^2}{2}$$

$$\therefore C_2^2 = C_1^2 - 2\Delta h_{12} \quad \dots\dots\dots (6.31)$$

(kJ/kg = 10<sup>3</sup> m<sup>2</sup>/s<sup>2</sup>)

: (6.31) (kJ/kg) (Δh)

$$C_2^2 = C_1^2 - 2\Delta h_{12} \Rightarrow \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{s}^2} - 2\text{kJ/kg} \cdot \frac{10^3 \text{m}^2/\text{s}^2}{\text{kJ/kg}} \Rightarrow \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{s}^2} - 2 \times 10^3 \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{s}^2}$$

$$\therefore C_2^2 = C_1^2 - 2 \times 10^3 \Delta h_{12} \quad \dots\dots\dots (6.32)$$

.( $\frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$ ) (C)

(6.2)

.(10°C)

(0.7m/s)

(35°C)

-1

$$C_p = 1.005 \text{ kJ / kg} \cdot \text{K}$$

$$\Delta h_{12} = C_p (T_2 - T_1) = 1.005 (10 - 35) = -25.125 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}} \quad \begin{matrix} t_1=35^\circ\text{C} \\ t_2=10^\circ\text{C} \end{matrix}$$

$$C_2 = \sqrt{C_1^2 - 2000\Delta h_{12}}$$

$$= \sqrt{(0.7)^2 - 2000 \times (-25.125)} = \sqrt{0.49 + (50250)} \quad \begin{matrix} C_2=? \\ C_1=0.7\text{m/s} \end{matrix}$$

$$= 224.166 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$$

-2

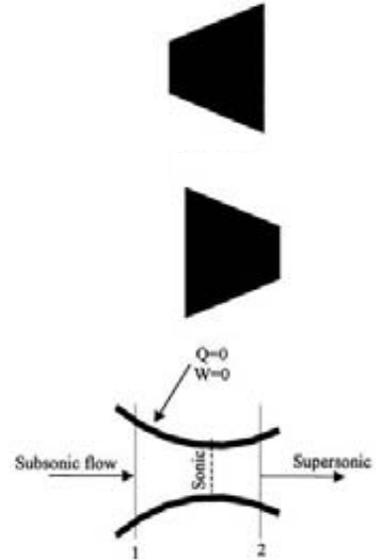
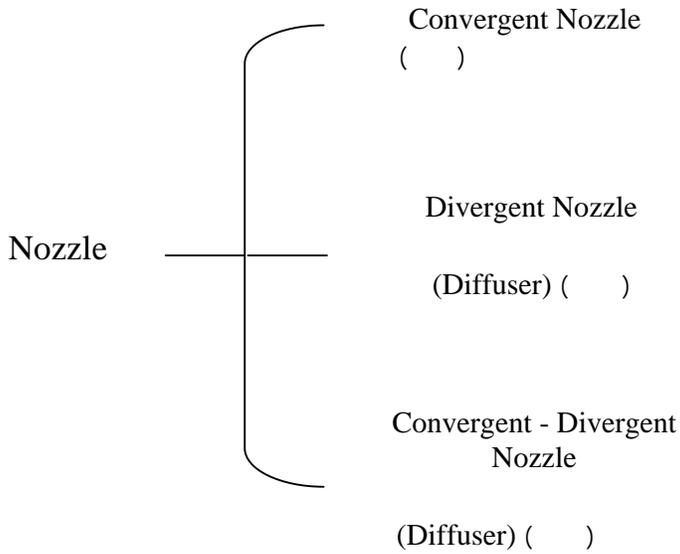
$$C_2 = \sqrt{0 - 2000\Delta h_{12}} = \sqrt{0 - 2000(-25.125)} =$$

$$= \sqrt{50250} = 224.165 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$$

(174)

( $\Delta h$ )

$(PV^\gamma = C.)$



Air Craft Propulsion ( )

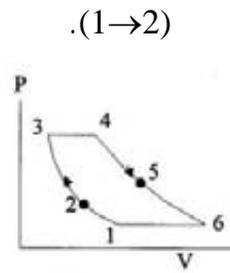
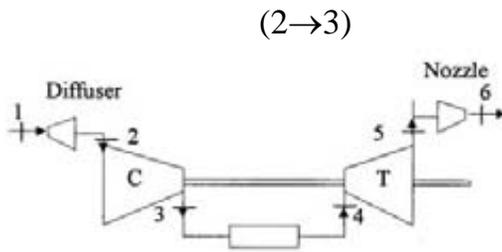
-(6.4.6)

(800Km/h)

: (6.13-b)

(6.13-a)

-1



أجزاء المحرك النفاث (a)

تسلسل العمليات (b)

( )

-(6.13)

(3→4) (P<sub>3</sub>=P<sub>4</sub>) -2

(4→5) -3

(5→6)

(4→5→6)

(200m/s)

(200m/s)

(C<sub>6</sub>)

:

(a)

(F)

(6.13-a)

(C<sub>1</sub>)

$$\mathbf{a} = \frac{\mathbf{C}_6 - \mathbf{C}_1}{t} \quad \text{..... (6.33)}$$

$$\mathbf{F} = \mathbf{m} \cdot \mathbf{a} = \frac{\mathbf{m}}{t} (\mathbf{C}_6 - \mathbf{C}_1) = \dot{\mathbf{m}} (\mathbf{C}_6 - \mathbf{C}_1) \quad \text{..... (6.34)}$$

(6.3)

(-24,6°C)

.(800Km/h)

.(280kPa)

.(46.6kPa)

.(1090°C)

: .(95 kg/s)

(2) . (1)

$$C_p = 1.004 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$\gamma = 1.4$$

(6.13)

$$C_1^2 = \frac{800 \times 100}{3600} = 222.2 \text{ m/s}$$

$$C_1^2 = 2000 \Delta h_{12} = 2000 C_p \Delta t_{12}$$

$$\Delta t_{12} = \frac{C_1^2}{2000 C_p} = \frac{(222,2)^2}{2000 \times 1.004}$$

$$= 24.6^\circ \text{ C} = t_2 - t_1$$

$$t_2 = \Delta t_{12} + t_1 = 24.6 + (-24.6) = 0^\circ \text{ C}$$

$$P_2 = P_1 \left( \frac{T_2}{T_1} \right)^{\frac{\gamma}{\gamma-1}} = 46.6 \left( \frac{273}{248.6} \right)^{1.4}$$

$$= 64.8 \text{ kPa}$$

$$T_3 = T_2 \left( \frac{P_3}{P_2} \right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} = 273 \left( \frac{280}{64.8} \right)^{0.4}$$

$$= 414.94 \text{ K}$$

$$w_T = w_C = C_p (T_3 - T_2)$$

$$= 1.004 (414.94 - 273) = 142.36 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}}$$

$$w_T = C_p (T_4 - T_5) \Rightarrow 142.36$$

$$= 1.004 (1336 - T_5)$$

$$T_5 = 1221.36 \text{ K}$$

$$P_5 = P_4 \left( \frac{T_5}{T_4} \right)^{\frac{\gamma}{\gamma-1}} = 280 \left( \frac{1221,36}{1336} \right)^{1.4}$$

$$= 190.64 \text{ kPa}$$

$$T_6 = T_5 \left( \frac{P_1}{P_5} \right)^{\frac{\gamma}{\gamma-1}} = 1221.36 \left( \frac{46.6}{190.64} \right)^{0.4}$$

$$= 816.52 \text{ K}$$

$$C_6 = \sqrt{2000 C_p (T_6 - T_5)}$$

$$= \sqrt{2000 \times 1.004 (816.52 - 1221.36)}$$

$$= 901.6 \text{ m/s}$$

$$: (C_1 \quad C_6)$$

$$F = \dot{m} (C_6 - C_1)$$

$$= 95 (901.6 - 222.2) = 64.54 \text{ N}$$

(6.4)

(-33°C)

.(200 m/s)

(9)

.(0.6m<sup>2</sup>)

(558K)

(0.4m<sup>3</sup>)

:

( )

(4)

(3)

(2)

(1)

$$C_p = 1.004 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$\gamma = 1.4$$

(6.13)

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{m}_1 &= \rho_1 A_1 C_1 = \frac{P_1}{RT_1} \times A_1 C_1 \\ &= \frac{50}{0.287 \times 240} \times 0.6 \times 200 \\ &= 87.11 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{s}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{m}_1 &= \dot{m}_6 = 87.11 = \frac{P_6}{RT_6} \times A_6 C_6 \\ &= \frac{50}{0.287 \times 558} \times 0.4 \times C_6 \end{aligned}$$

$$C_6 = 697.5 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\Delta t_{12} = \frac{C_1^2}{2000 C_p} = \frac{200^2}{2008} = 19.9$$

$$\begin{aligned} t_2 &= \Delta t_{12} + t = 19.9 + (-33) \\ &= -13^\circ \text{C} \Rightarrow T_2 = 260 \text{ K} \end{aligned}$$

$$T_3 = T_2 \left( \frac{P_3}{P_2} \right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}}$$

$$= 260(9)^{0.286} = 487 \text{ K}$$

$$w_T = w_C = C_p (T_3 - T_2)$$

$$= 1.004 (487 - 260) = 227.9 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}}$$

:

C<sub>6</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>

$$\begin{aligned} F &= \dot{m} (C_6 - C_1) = 87.11 (697.5 - 200) \\ &= 43.3 \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

$$P = \frac{a}{t} = F.C$$

$$P = 43.3 \times 200 = 8.66 \times 10^6 \text{ W}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{Q}_{16} &= \dot{W}_{16} + \dot{m} \left[ C_p (T_6 - T_1) + \frac{C_6^2 - C_1^2}{2000} \right] \\ &= 87.11 \left[ 1.004 (558 - 240) + \frac{697.5^2 - 200^2}{2000} \right] \\ &= 4.8 \times 10^4 \text{ kW} \end{aligned}$$

$$\eta_{th} = \frac{8.66 \times 10^3}{4.8 \times 10^4} = 18\%$$

(178)

**Continuity Equation**

**-(6.4.7)**

:

-1

(Mass Flow Rate) ( $\dot{m}$ )

-2

(A)  $\dot{m}$  (kg/s)  $(\dot{m})$  (6.12)

(C) (m) (D) (m<sup>2</sup>)  $(A = \frac{\pi D^2}{4})$   
 : (kg/m<sup>3</sup>) ( $\rho$ ) (m/s)

$\dot{m}_1 = \dot{m}_2 = \text{Const.}$  ..... (6.35)

$A_1 C_1 \rho_1 = A_2 C_2 \rho_2 = A C \rho = \text{Const}$  ..... (6.36)

**-(6.4.8)**

**Throttle Valve (Throttling) ( )**

-1

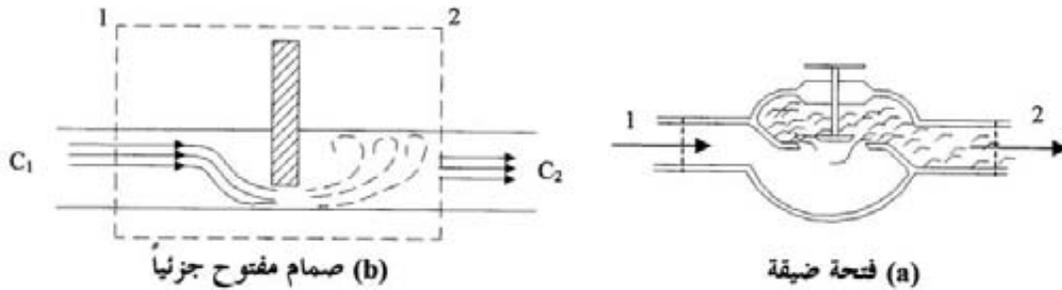
(6.15-a)

(6.15-b)

.(q=0)

(C<sub>2</sub>) (C<sub>1</sub>)

.(w=0)



**-(6.15)**

(30 m/s)

(2500 kJ/kg)

(0.5 kJ/kg)

$h_1 = h_2$  ..... (6.37)

(Cp=Const.)

(h=CpT)

### Internal Combustion Engine

-2

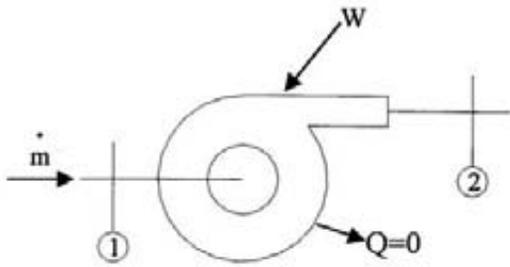
(Open Circuit)

(Steady Flow)

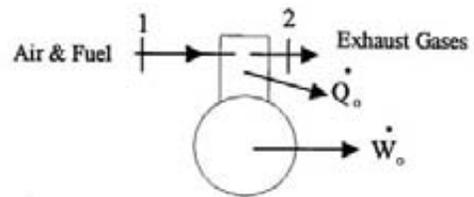
(quasi-steady Flow)

(Silencers)

(Air Filters)



مضخة (b)



محرك إحتراق داخلي (a)

-(6.16)

(6.16-a)

$\dot{Q}_F = \dot{Q}_{in} = \dot{W}_o + \dot{Q}_o + \Delta H$  ..... (6.38)

$\dot{Q}_{in} - (\dot{W}_o + \dot{Q}_o) = \Delta H$  ..... (6.39)

Pump -3

(6.16-b)

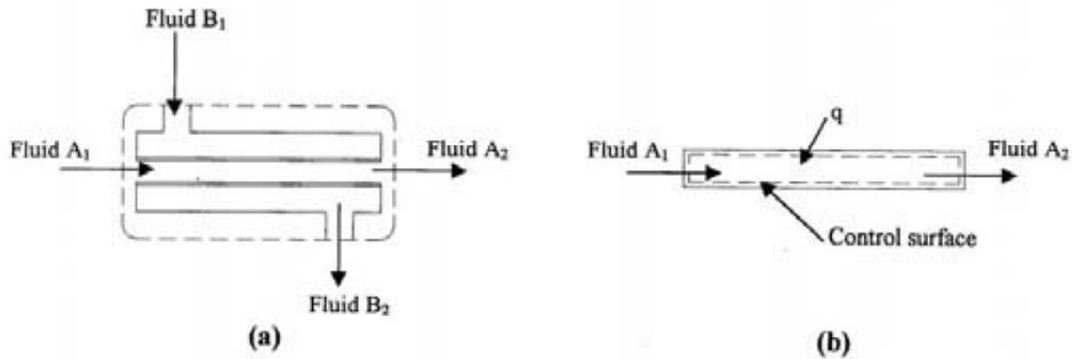
$$\dot{W} = \Delta \dot{H}$$

..... (6.40)

Heat Exchanger -4

(B) (A)

.(6.17)



-(6.17)

$$Q_{12} = \Delta H_{12}$$

: (A)

$$(Q_{12})_A = (\Delta H_{12})_A$$

: (B)

$$(Q_{12})_B = (\Delta H_{12})_B$$

(-) (B) (A)

:

$$(Q_{12})_A = - (Q_{12})_B$$

$$m_A C_A (T_2 - T_1) = m_B C_B (T_1 - T_2) \quad \text{..... (6.41)}$$

(6.5)

(25°C)

: (40°C) (80°C) (40°C)

$C_w = 4.2 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$

$C_{pa} = 1.005 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$

$$\frac{m_a}{m_w} = \frac{C_w (T_1 - T_2)_w}{C_{pa} (T_2 - T_1)_a} = \frac{4.2 (80 - 40)}{1.005 (40 - 25)} = 11.14$$

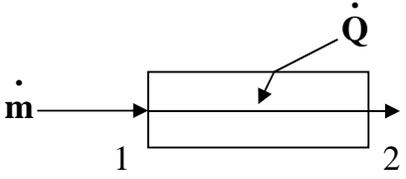
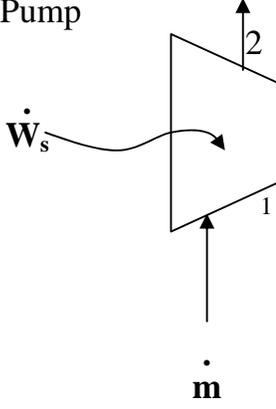
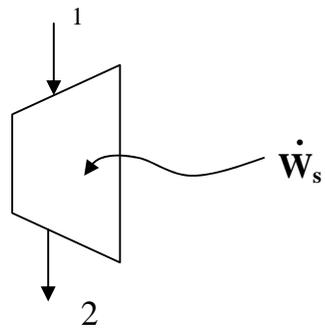
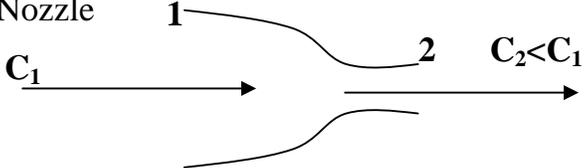
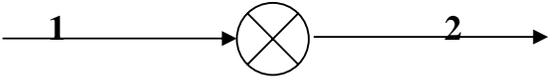
(6.2)

### Summary of Open Systems

(6.1)

(6.2)

(6.1)

System	Energy
<p>1. Boiler</p> 	$\dot{Q} = \Delta \dot{H} = \dot{m}(h_2 - h_1)$ $\eta_b = \frac{\dot{m}_s(h_2 - h_1)}{\dot{m}_f \cdot CV}$
<p>2. Compressor or Pump</p> 	$-\dot{W} = \Delta \dot{H} = \dot{m}(h_2 - h_1)$
<p>3. Turbine</p> 	$\dot{W} = \dot{m}(h_1 - h_2)$
<p>4. Nozzle</p> 	$0 = \Delta h_{12} + \frac{C_2^2 - C_1^2}{2}$ $C_2^2 = C_1^2 - 2\Delta h_{12}$
<p>5. Throttle Valve</p> 	$h_2 = h_1$

## (6.2)

Process $PV^n=C$	W		Q	
	Closed = $Pdv$	Open = $-\int v dP$	Closed = $W + \Delta U$	Open = $W + \Delta H$
$V = C, n = \infty$ $\frac{P_2}{P_1} = \frac{T_2}{T_1}$	Zero	$= -v(P_2 - P_1)$ $= v(P_1 - P_2)$ $= R(T_1 - T_2)$	$= C_v dt$	$= C_v dt$
$p = C, n = 0$ $\frac{V_2}{V_1} = \frac{T_2}{T_1}$	$= R(T_2 - T_1)$ $= P(V_2 - V_1)$	Zero	$= C_p dt$	$= C_p dt$
$T = C, n = 1$ $\frac{P_2}{P_1} = \frac{V_1}{V_2}$	$= P_1 V_1 \ln \frac{V_2}{V_1}$ $= RT_1 \ln \frac{V_2}{V_1}$	$= P_1 V_1 \ln \frac{V_2}{V_1}$ $= RT_1 \ln \frac{V_2}{V_1}$	Q=W	Q=W
$S = C, n = \gamma = \frac{C_p}{C_v}$ $\frac{T_2}{T_1} = \left(\frac{V_1}{V_2}\right)^{\gamma-1} = \left(\frac{P_2}{P_1}\right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}}$	$= -\Delta U$ $= C_v(T_1 - T_2)$	$= -\Delta H$ $= C_p(T_1 - T_2)$	Zero	Zero
$PV^n = C$ $\frac{T_2}{T_1} = \left(\frac{V_1}{V_2}\right)^{n-1} = \left(\frac{P_2}{P_1}\right)^{\frac{n-1}{n}}$	$= \frac{R}{n-1}(T_1 - T_2)$ $= \frac{P_1 V_1 - P_2 V_2}{n-1}$	$= \frac{nR}{n-1}(T_1 - T_2)$ $= \frac{n(P_1 V_1 - P_2 V_2)}{n-1}$	$= C_v \frac{n-\gamma}{n-1} dt$ $= C_n dt$	$= C_v \frac{n-\gamma}{n-1} dt$ $= C_n dt$



(6.10)

(1kg/s)

(58m) (91 m/s) (232 kJ/kg)

(3.35m) (15m/s) (230kJ/kg)

(kJ/min)

(10 kJ/s)

$$\Delta h_{12} = h_2 - h_1 = 232 - 230 = 2 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta KE_{12} &= \frac{C_2^2 - C_1^2}{2000} = \frac{(91)^2 - (15)^2}{2000} \\ &= 4.028 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta PE_{12} &= \frac{g(z_2 - z_1)}{1000} \\ &= \frac{9.81(3.35 - 58)}{1000} = -0.54 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}} \end{aligned}$$

$$q_{12} - w_{12} = \Delta h_{12} + \Delta KE_{12} + \Delta PE_{12}$$

$$-10 - w_{12} = 2 + 4.028 + (-0.54)$$

$$w_{12} = 16.955 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}}$$

$$\dot{W} = \dot{m} \cdot w_{12} = 1 \times 16.955 = 16.955 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{s}}$$

$$= 1017.3 \text{ kJ/min.}$$

(6.11)

(4.5 kg/s)

(0.3 m<sup>3</sup>/kg)

(250m/s)

(6 bar)

(15m)

(2400 kJ/kg)

(0.9 m<sup>3</sup>/kg)

(80m/s)

(1.6bar)

:

(1800 kJ/kg)

(kW)

(120 kW)

$$\begin{aligned} h_1 &= \mu_1 + P_1 v_1 = 2400 + 600 \times 0.3 \\ &= 2580 \text{ kJ/kg} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} h_2 &= \mu_2 + P_2 v_2 = 1800 + 160 \times 0.9 \\ &= 1944 \text{ kJ/kg} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta h &= h_2 - h_1 = 1944 - 2580 \\ &= -636 \text{ kJ/kg} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta KE &= \frac{C_2^2 - C_1^2}{2000} = \frac{80^2 - 250^2}{2000} \\ &= -28.05 \text{ kJ/kg} \end{aligned}$$

$$z_2 = z_1 - 15$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta PE &= \frac{g(z_2 - z_1)}{1000} \\ &= \frac{9.81(z_2 - 15 - z_1)}{1000} = -0 \\ &= -0.147 \text{ kJ/kg} \end{aligned}$$

$$-w = \Delta h + \Delta KE + \Delta PE - q_{12}$$

$$w = -\Delta h - \Delta KE - \Delta PE + q_{12}$$

$$= -(-636) - (-28.05) - (-0.147) + \left(-\frac{120}{415}\right)$$

$$= 637.53 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$\dot{W} = \dot{m} \cdot w = 4.5 \times 637.53$$

$$= 2868.887 \text{ kW}$$

(186)

(6.12)

(0°C)

(300m/s)

(900m/s) (140 kN/m<sup>2</sup>)

$\gamma=1.4$  :

**R=0.289 kJ/kg.K**

$$\Delta KE = -\Delta h = -C_p(T_2 - T_1)$$

$$= \frac{R\gamma}{\gamma-1}(T_1 - T_2)$$

$$\frac{300^2 - 900^2}{2000} = \frac{0.289 \times 1.4}{1.4 - 1}(273 - T_2)$$

$$T_2 = 629 \text{ K}$$

$$P_2 = P_1 \left( \frac{T_2}{T_1} \right)^{\frac{\gamma}{\gamma-1}} = 140 \left( \frac{629}{273} \right)^{1.4}$$

$$= 2590 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}^2}$$

$$\Delta \mu_{12} = C_v(T_2 - T_1)$$

$$= 0.717 \times 356$$

$$= 255 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

(6.13)

(300m/s)

(620 kN/m<sup>2</sup>)

(4 kg/s)

(0.37 m<sup>3</sup>/kg)

(2100 kJ/kg)

(1500 kJ/kg)

(150 m/s)

(130 kN/m<sup>2</sup>)

(30 kJ/kg)

(1.2 m<sup>3</sup>/kg)

(kW)

$$\Delta h = (\mu_1 - \mu_2) + (P_1 v_1 - P_2 v_2) = (2100 - 1500) + (620 \times 0.37 - 130 \times 1.2)$$

$$= 673 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$\Delta KE = \frac{C_1^2 - C_2^2}{2} = \frac{300^2 - 150^2}{2 \times 10^3}$$

$$= 33.75 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$w = \Delta h + \Delta KE - q$$

$$= 673 + 33.75 - 30 = 676.75 \text{ KJ/Kg}$$

$$\dot{W} = w \cdot \dot{m} = 676.75 \times 4$$

$$= 2707 \text{ kW}$$

(187)

(6.14)

$$\begin{array}{rcl}
 (2700 \text{ kJ/kg}) & & (3000 \text{ kg/h}) \\
 (1\text{kg}) & & (280 \text{ kJ/kg}) \\
 & & (80\%) \quad (28000 \text{ kJ/kg})
 \end{array}$$

$$\eta_b = \frac{\dot{Q}_{12}}{\dot{Q}_{in}} = \frac{\dot{m}_s \cdot q_{12}}{\dot{m}_f \cdot \text{LCV}} = \frac{\dot{m}_s (h_2 - h_1)}{\dot{m}_f \cdot \text{LCV}}$$

$$\dot{m}_s = \frac{\eta_b \cdot \dot{m}_f \cdot \text{LCV}}{h_2 - h_1} = \frac{0.8 \times 3000 \times 28000}{2700 - 280} = 27768.6 \text{ kg/h}$$

(6.15)

$$\begin{array}{rcl}
 (400^\circ\text{C}) & & (20 \text{ bar}) \\
 (6\text{bar}) & & (2946\text{kJ/kg}) \quad (3248\text{kJ/kg}) \\
 & & (2958\text{kJ/kg}) \quad (250^\circ\text{C}) \\
 & & : \quad (2722 \text{ kJ/kg}) \\
 & & ( ) \\
 & & ( ) \\
 & & ( ) \quad ( )
 \end{array}$$

(a)  $w_{12} = -\Delta\mu_{12} = \mu_1 - \mu_2 = 2946 - 2722 = 224 \text{ kJ/kg}$

(b)  $w_{12} = -\Delta h_{12} = h_1 - h_2 = 3248 - 2958 = 290 \text{ kJ/kg}$

(c)  $C_2 = \sqrt{2000 \times \Delta h} = \sqrt{2000 \times 290} = 761.6 \text{ m/s}$

(6.16)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{(1000 kg/h)} & \text{(15 bar)} & & & \\
 & \text{(2200 kJ/kg)} & & \text{(13 m/s)} & \text{(165 kJ/kg)} & \\
 & \text{(65\%)} & \text{(16m)} & & \text{(33 m/s)} & \\
 & & & & & \text{(32000 kJ/kg)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Delta h &= h_2 - h_1 = 2200 - 165 = \\
 &= 2035 \text{ kJ/kg}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Delta KE &= \frac{C_2^2 - C_1^2}{2000} = \frac{32^2 - 13^2}{2000} \\
 &= 0.43 \text{ kJ/kg}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Delta PE &= g \Delta Z = 9.81 \times 16 \times 10^{-3} \\
 &= 0.157 \text{ kJ/kg}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 q &= \Delta h + \Delta KE + \Delta PE \\
 &= 2035 + 0.43 + 0.157 \\
 &= 2035.6 \text{ kJ/kg}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$0.65Q = \dot{m} \cdot q = 1000 \times 205.6$$

$$Q = \frac{2.056 \times 10^6}{0.65} = 3.13 \times 10^6 \text{ kJ/h}$$

$$\dot{m}_f = \frac{Q}{CV} = \frac{3.13 \times 10^6}{32000} = 97.86 \text{ kJ/h}$$

(6.17)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{(5.5 kg/s)} & \text{(112 kJ/kg)} & & & \\
 & & & & \text{(3500 kJ/kg)} & \\
 & & & & \text{(5900 kW)} &
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 h_2 &= q_{12} + h_1 = 3500 + 112 \\
 &= 3612 \text{ kJ/kg}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$H_2 = \dot{m} h_2 = 5.5 \times 3612 = 19866 \text{ kW}$$

$$-W_{23} = \Delta H_{23} = H_3 - H_2$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 W_{23} &= H_2 - H_3 \\
 5900 &= (19866 - H_3) \\
 H_3 &= 13966 \text{ kJ}
 \end{aligned}$$

(6.18)

$$\begin{array}{l} (2200 \text{ kJ/kg}) \quad (35 \text{ kg/min}) \\ (730 \text{ kg/min}) \quad \cdot (255 \text{ kJ/kg}) \\ \cdot \quad \cdot (92 \text{ kJ/kg}) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \dot{Q}_c = \dot{m}_c \Delta h_c = 35(255 - 2200) \\ \quad = -68075 \text{ kJ/min} \\ \dot{Q}_w = \dot{m}_w \Delta h_w = 730 \times 92 \\ \quad = 67160 \text{ kJ/min} \end{array} \quad \left| \quad \dot{Q}_o = 68075 - 67160 = 915 \text{ kJ/min} \right.$$

(6.19)

$$\begin{array}{l} (366 \text{ m/s}) \quad (2400 \text{ kJ/kg}) \\ \cdot (6 \text{ m/s}) \quad (162 \text{ kJ/kg}) \end{array}$$

(1 kg)

$$\begin{aligned} q_{12} &= (h_2 - h_1) + \frac{C_2^2 - C_1^2}{2000} \\ &= (162 - 2400) + \frac{6^2 - 366^2}{2000} = -2305 \text{ kJ/kg} \end{aligned}$$

(6.20)

$$\begin{array}{llll}
 (15^\circ\text{C}) & & (1.2 \text{ m}^3) & \\
 (84\%) & (18 \text{ kW}) & & (3.3 \text{ bar}) \\
 (12.7 \text{ bar}) & (49^\circ\text{C}) & & (5 \text{ min.}) \\
 (15^\circ\text{C}) & (7^\circ\text{C}) & & \\
 (34^\circ\text{C}) & & & (10.4 \text{ kg/min})
 \end{array}$$

$$C_w=4.1868 \text{ kJ/kg.K} \quad C_{p_{\text{air}}}=1.005 \text{ kJ/kg.K} \quad R=0.287 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \dot{Q}_{12} &= \dot{m}_w \cdot C_{p_w} \cdot \Delta T \\
 &= 10.4 \times 4.187 \times (15 - 7) \\
 &= 348.5 \text{ kJ/min}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \dot{W}_{12} &= \dot{Q} \cdot \eta_{\text{motor}} = \\
 &= 18 \times 0.84 \times 60 \\
 &= 907 \text{ kJ/min}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$m_1 = \frac{P_1 V_1}{RT_1}, \quad m_2 = \frac{P_2 V_2}{RT_2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \dot{m}_a &= \frac{1}{5}(m_2 - m_1) = \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{P_2 V_2}{RT_2} - \frac{P_1 V_1}{RT_1} \right) \\
 &= \frac{V}{5R} \left( \frac{P_2}{T_2} - \frac{P_1}{T_1} \right) = \frac{1.2}{5 \times 0.287} \left( \frac{1270}{522} - \frac{330}{285} \right) \\
 &= 2.4 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{min}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \dot{Q} - \dot{W} &= \Delta \dot{H} = \dot{m}_a C_{p_a} (t_2 - t_1) \\
 -348.3 - (-907) &= 2.4 \times 1.005 (t_1 - 34) \\
 t_2 &= 271.5^\circ\text{C}
 \end{aligned}$$

(6.21)

	(1 bar)	(6m/s)	(0.4 kg/s)	
(0.16	(4.9 bar)	(4.5 m/s)		(0.85 m <sup>3</sup> /kg)
	(.88 kJ/kg)			(.m <sup>3</sup> /kg)
	(.kW)			(.59 kJ/s)

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta h &= h_2 - h_1 = (\mu_2 + P_2 v_2) - (\mu_1 + P_1 v_1) \\ &= \Delta \mu_{12} + (P_2 v_2 - P_1 v_1) \\ &= 88 + (490 \times 0.16 - 100 \times 0.85) \\ &= 81.4 \text{ kJ/kg} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta KE &= \frac{C_2^2 - C_1^2}{2000} = \frac{4.5^2 - 6^2}{2000} \\ &= -0.00787 \text{ kJ/kg} \end{aligned}$$

$$q = \frac{\dot{Q}}{\dot{m}} = \frac{59}{0.4} = 147.5 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$\begin{aligned} w &= -[\Delta h + \Delta KE - q] \\ &= -[81.4 + (-0.00787 - 147.5)] \end{aligned}$$

$$w = -228.9 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{W} &= m \times w = 0.4 \times 223.9 \\ &= 91.56 \text{ kW} \end{aligned}$$

$$A_1 = \frac{\dot{m} \times v_1}{C_1} = \frac{0.4 \times 0.85}{6} = 0.057 \text{ m}^2$$

$$A_2 = \frac{\dot{m} \times v_2}{C_2} = \frac{0.4 \times 0.16}{4.5} = 0.014 \text{ m}^2$$

(6.22)

(.60kW)	(.0.5 kg/s)	
	(60%)	(30%)
:	(.20°C)	(1 bar)
		<b>Cp=1.005 kJ/kg.K</b>

$$\dot{Q} = 60 \times 0.3 = 18 \text{ kW}$$

$$\dot{W} = 60 \times 0.6 = 36 \text{ kW}$$

$$Q - W = \Delta H = mC_p(T_2 - T_1)$$

$$-18 - (-36) = 0.5 \times 1.005 (T_2 - 293)$$

$$T_2 = 365 \text{ K} = 92^\circ \text{ C}$$

$$T_2 - T_1 = \frac{Q}{mC_p} = \frac{60 \times 0.6}{0.5 \times 1} = 72$$

$$T_2 = 72 + 20 = 92^\circ \text{ C}$$

(6.23)

(20°C) (100 kPa)  
 (90cm<sup>2</sup>) (50 m/s)  
 (5cm<sup>2</sup>) (120 m/s) (1 MPa)  
 (kW) (10%)

**R=0.287 kJ/kg.K Cp=1.004 kJ/kg.K**

$$\begin{aligned}\dot{m}_{in} &= \frac{A_1 C_1}{v_1} = \frac{A_1 C_1 P_1}{RT_1} \\ &= \frac{9 \times 10^{-3} \times 50 \times 100}{0.287 \times 293} \\ &= 0.535 \text{ Kg/s}\end{aligned}$$

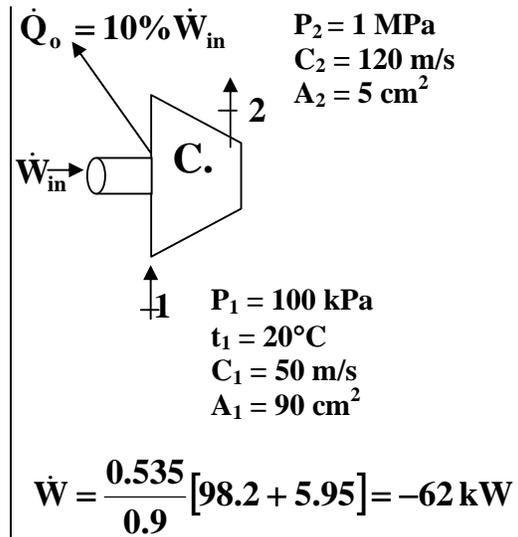
$$\dot{m}_{in} = 0.535 = \dot{m}_o = \frac{A_2 C_2 P_2}{RT_2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}T_2 &= \frac{A_2 C_2 P_2}{\dot{m}_o R} \\ &= \frac{5 \times 10^{-4} \times 120 \times 10^3}{0.535 \times 0.287} \\ &= 390.8 \text{ K}\end{aligned}$$

$$\dot{Q} - \dot{W} = \Delta H + \Delta KE$$

$$= \dot{m} \left[ C_p (T_2 - T_1) + \frac{C_2^2 - C_1^2}{2} \right]$$

$$0.1 \dot{W} - \dot{W} = 0.535 \left[ 1.004 (390.8 - 293) + \frac{120^2 - 50^2}{2 \times 10^3} \right]$$



(6.24)

(20°C)

.(50 liter/s)

.(18cm)

.(15cm)

.(60kW)

.(100m)

 $C_w=4.2 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$ 

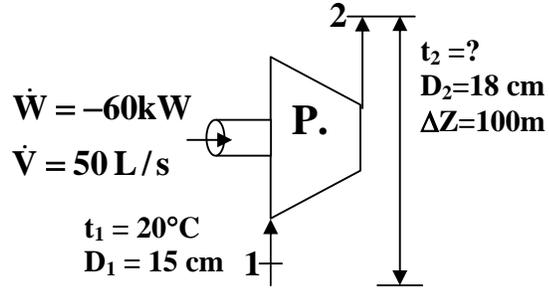
$$\dot{m} = \frac{AC}{v} \Rightarrow \dot{m}v = AC \Rightarrow \dot{V} = AC$$

$$C_1 = \frac{\dot{V}_1}{A_1} = \frac{50 \frac{\text{L}}{\text{s}} \cdot \frac{1\text{m}}{1000\text{L}}}{\pi \cdot 0,15^2} = 2,83 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$$

$$C_2 = \frac{\dot{V}_2}{A_2} = \frac{50 \cdot 10^{-3}}{\pi \cdot 0,18^2} = 1,96 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$$

$$\dot{m} = \frac{\dot{V}}{v} = \delta \cdot \dot{V} = 10^3 \cdot 50 \cdot 10^{-3} = 50 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{s}}$$

$$-\dot{W} = \dot{m} \left[ C_v(T_2 - T_1) + \frac{C_2^2 - C_1^2}{2000} + \frac{g\Delta Z}{1000} \right]$$



$$-(-60) = 50 \left[ 4,2(T_2 - 293) + \frac{1,96^2 - 2,83^2}{2000} + \frac{9,81 \times 100}{1000} \right]$$

$$T_2 = 293,05 \text{ K} = 20,05^\circ \text{ C}$$

(6.25)

(15 L/s)

(60cm)

(5m)

(20cm)

.(15cm)

.(1°C)

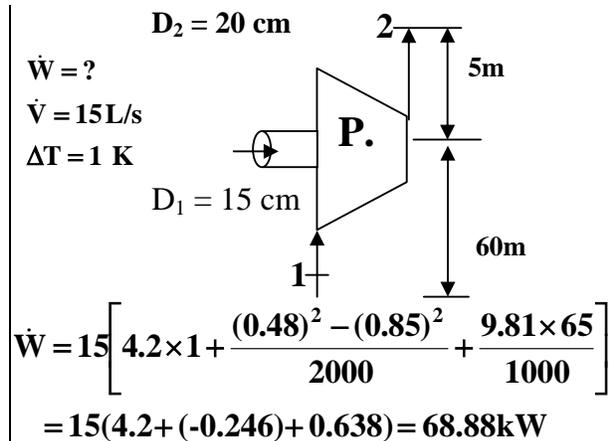
 $C_w=4.2 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$ 

$$\dot{m} = \delta_w \cdot \dot{V} = 10^3 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3} \times 0,015 \frac{\text{m}^3}{\text{s}} = 15 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{s}}$$

$$C_1 = \frac{\dot{m}}{\delta A_1} = \frac{15}{10^3 \times \frac{\pi \times (0,15)^2}{4}} = 0,85 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$$

$$C_2 = \frac{\dot{m}}{\delta A_2} = \frac{15}{10^3 \times \frac{\pi \times (0,2)^2}{4}} = 0,48 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$$

$$\dot{W}_{\text{sh.in}} = \dot{m} \left[ C_w \Delta T + \frac{C_2^2 - C_1^2}{2000} + \frac{g(Z_2 - Z_1)}{1000} \right]$$



$$\dot{W} = 15 \left[ 4,2 \times 1 + \frac{(0,48)^2 - (0,85)^2}{2000} + \frac{9,81 \times 65}{1000} \right]$$

$$= 15(4,2 + (-0,246) + 0,638) = 68,88 \text{ kW}$$

(194)

(6.26)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (46 \text{ kJ/kg}) \quad \cdot (45 \text{ kg/min}) \\
 & \quad \cdot (105 \text{ kJ/min}) \quad \cdot (175 \text{ kJ/kg}) \\
 & ( \quad ) \\
 & \quad \cdot (85\%)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\dot{q} - \dot{w} = \dot{m} \Delta h$$

$$\left( -\frac{105}{60} \right) - \dot{W} = \frac{45}{60} (175 - 46)$$

$$\dot{W} = -98.5 \text{ kW}$$

$$P = \frac{\dot{W}}{\eta} = \frac{98.5}{0.85} = 115.9 \text{ kW} \quad (6.27)$$

$$(2.1 \text{ bar}) \quad (1 \text{ bar})$$

$$(56 \text{ kJ/kg})$$

$$\cdot (0.5 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}) \quad (0.825 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg})$$

$$\cdot (135 \text{ kg/min})$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 w_{12} &= -(h_2 - h_1) = -[(\mu_2 + P_2 v_2) - (\mu_1 + P_1 v_1)] = -[(\mu_2 - \mu_1) + (P_2 v_2 - P_1 v_1)] \\
 &= -[(\Delta\mu_{12}) + (P_2 v_2 - P_1 v_1)] = -[56 + (210 \times 0.5 - 100 \times 0.825)] = -785 \text{ kJ/kg}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\dot{W} = \dot{m} \cdot w_{12} = \frac{135}{60} \times (-78.5) = 176.7 \text{ kW}$$

(6.28)

$$\cdot (580 \text{ kJ/kg}) \quad \cdot (45 \text{ kg/min})$$

$$\cdot (2100 \text{ kJ/min})$$

$$\dot{Q} - \dot{W} = \Delta H = \dot{m} \Delta h$$

$$(-2100) - \dot{W} = 45(-580) = -24000$$

$$\dot{W} = 400 \text{ kW}$$

(6.29)

(3080kJ/kg)

(140 m/s)

(2260 kJ/kg)

(kW)

(0.92)

(12.5 kg/s)

$$\Delta h = h_2 - h_1 = 2260 - 3080 = -820 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$\Delta KE = \frac{C_2^2 - C_1^2}{2000} = \frac{140^2 - 0}{2000}$$

$$= 9.81 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$-w = \Delta h + \Delta KE = -820 + 9.81$$

$$= -810.2 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$w = 810.2 \times 0.92 = 745 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$\dot{W} = \dot{m} \times w = 12.5 \times 745 =$$

$$= 9312.5 \text{ kW}$$

(6.30)

(2480 kJ/kg)

(45kg/min)

(2100kJ/min)

(1900kJ/kg)

(kW)

$$\Delta h = h_2 - h_1 = 1900 - 2480$$

$$= -580 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$w = -(\Delta h - q) = -\left[(-580) - \left(-\frac{2100}{60}\right)\right]$$

$$w = 545 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$\dot{W} = \dot{m} \times w = \frac{45}{60} \times 545 =$$

$$= 408.75 \text{ kW}$$

(6.31)

(2990kJ/kg)

(16m/s)

(2530kJ/kg)

(37m/s)

(324000kg/h)

(25kJ/kg)

(kW)

$$\Delta h = h_2 - h_1 = 2530 - 2990$$

$$= -460 \text{kJ/kg}$$

$$\Delta KE = \frac{C_2^2 - C_1^2}{2000} = \frac{37^2 - 16^2}{2000}$$

$$= -1.11 \text{kJ/kg}$$

$$w = -(\Delta h + \Delta KE - q)$$

$$w = -[(-460) + (-0.11) - (-25)]$$

$$= 435.11 \text{kJ/kg}$$

$$\dot{W} = \dot{m} \times w = \frac{324000}{3600} \times 435.11$$

$$= 39159.9 \text{ kW}$$

(6.32)

(15 m/s)

(4500 kg/hr)

(180 m/s)

(420 kJ/kg)

(23 kJ/kg)

(kW)

$$\Delta KE = \frac{C_2^2 - C_1^2}{2000} = \frac{180^2 - 15^2}{2000}$$

$$= 16.09 \text{kJ/kg}$$

$$w = -[\Delta h + \Delta KE - q]$$

$$= -[(-420) + 16.09 - (-23)]$$

$$w = 381 \text{ KJ / Kg}$$

$$\dot{W} = \dot{m} \times w = \frac{4500}{3600} \times 381$$

$$= 476.14 \text{ kW}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{(14000kW)} & & \text{(6.33)} \\
 & \text{(60m/s)} & & \text{(17kg/s)} \\
 & & & \text{(360kJ/kg) (1200kJ/kg)} \\
 & \text{(kW)} & & \text{(150m/s)} \\
 & & & \text{(0.5m}^3\text{/kg)} \\
 \Delta h = h_2 - h_1 = 360 - 1200 = -840 \text{kJ/kg} & \quad \quad \quad \mathbf{q = -7.02 \text{kJ/kg}} \\
 \Delta \text{KE} = \frac{C_2^2 - C_1^2}{2000} = \frac{150^2 - 60^2}{2000} = 9.45 \text{kJ/kg} & \quad \quad \quad \mathbf{\dot{Q} = \dot{m} \times q = 17 \times (-7.02) = -119.3 \text{kW}} \\
 \mathbf{q = \Delta h + \Delta \text{KE} + w = -840 + 9.45 + \frac{14000}{17}} & \quad \quad \quad \mathbf{A_1 = \frac{m \cdot v_1}{C_1} = \frac{17 \times 0.5}{60} = 0.142 \text{m}^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{(9m/s)} & \text{(650}^\circ\text{C)} & & \text{(7bar)} & & \text{(6.34)} \\
 & \text{(Cp=1.11 kJ/kg.K)} & \text{(\gamma=1.333)} & & \text{(45m/s)} & \text{(1bar)} \\
 & & & & \text{(1 kg)} \\
 \mathbf{T_2 = T_1 \left( \frac{P_2}{P_1} \right)^{\frac{\gamma}{\gamma-1}} = 923 \left( \frac{1}{7} \right)^{\frac{1.333}{1.333-1}} & \quad \quad \quad \mathbf{\Delta \text{KE} = \frac{C_2^2 - C_1^2}{2000} = \frac{45^2 - 9^2}{2000}} \\
 & & & & \mathbf{= 0.972 \text{kJ/kg}} \\
 & & & & \mathbf{w = -(\Delta h + \Delta \text{KE})} \\
 & & & & \mathbf{= -[(-39.16) + 0.972]} \\
 & & & & \mathbf{= 394.2 \text{kJ/kg}} \\
 \mathbf{\Delta h = h_2 - h_1 = Cp(T_2 - T_1)} & & & & \\
 \mathbf{= 1.11(567 - 923)} & & & & \\
 \mathbf{= -395.16 \text{kJ/kg}} & & & &
 \end{aligned}$$

(6.35)

(50m/s)

.(400°C)

(2MPa)

(180m/s)

(15kPa)

(10m)

.(5Mw)

.(6m)

.(kg/s)

$$C_p = 1.004 \text{ kJ/kg.K} \quad \gamma = 1.4$$

$$T_2 = T_1 \left( \frac{P_2}{P_1} \right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} = 673 \left( \frac{0.015}{2} \right)^{\frac{1.4-1}{1.4}}$$

$$= 166 \text{ K}$$

$$\Delta h = C_p(T_2 - T_1) = 1.004(166 - 673)$$

$$= -509 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$\Delta KE = \frac{C_2^2 - C_1^2}{2000} = \frac{(180)^2 - (50)^2}{2000}$$

$$= 14.95 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

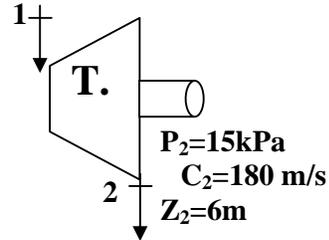
$$\Delta PE = g(z_2 - z_1) = 9.81(6 - 10) \times \frac{1}{1000}$$

$$= -0.04 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$w_o = -(\Delta h + \Delta KE + \Delta PE)$$

$$= -(-509 + 14.95 - 0.04) = 494.1 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$P_1 = 2 \text{ MPa}$   
 $t_1 = 400^\circ \text{C}$   
 $C_1 = 50 \text{ m/s}$   
 $Z_1 = 10 \text{ m}$



$$\frac{1 \text{ kJ/kg}}{1000 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}^2}$$

$$\dot{m} = \frac{\dot{W}}{w} = \frac{5000}{494.1} = 10.12 \text{ Kg/s}$$

(6.36)

(0.045m<sup>3</sup>)

(30kg/s)

.(3582.3 kJ/kg)

(0.02491 m<sup>3</sup>/kg)

.(2675.5 kJ/kg)

(1.694 m<sup>3</sup>/kg).(0.31 m<sup>2</sup>)

.(MW)

$$C_1 = \frac{\dot{m} v_1}{A_1} = \frac{30 \times 0.2491}{0.045} = 16.6 \text{ m/s}$$

$$C_2 = \frac{\dot{m} v_2}{A_2} = \frac{30 \times 1.694}{0.31} = 163.9 \text{ m/s}$$

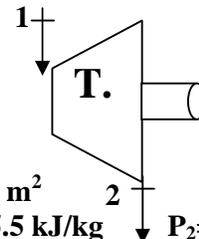
$$-\dot{W} = \dot{m} \left[ (h_2 - h_1) + \frac{C_2^2 - C_1^2}{2} \right]$$

$$= 30 \left[ (2675.5 - 3582.3) + \frac{(163.9^2 - 16.6^2) \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{s}^2}}{2 \left( \frac{1 \text{ kg.m}}{\text{N.s}^2} \times 10^3 \frac{\text{N.m}}{\text{kJ}} \right)} \right]$$

$$= -26800 \text{ kW}$$

$$W = 26.8 \text{ MW}$$

$A_1 = 0.045 \text{ m}^2$        $P_1 = 15 \text{ MPa}$   
 $h_1 = 3582.3 \text{ kJ/kg}$        $t_1 = 600^\circ \text{C}$   
 $v_1 = 0.02491 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}$



$A_2 = 0.31 \text{ m}^2$        $P_2 = 100 \text{ kPa}$   
 $h_2 = 2675.5 \text{ kJ/kg}$   
 $v_2 = 1.694 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}$

(199)

(6.37)

(90m/s)

(15cm)

(60cm)

(0.018m<sup>3</sup>/kg)

(0.634 m<sup>3</sup>/kg)

$$\dot{m}_1 = \delta_1 A_1 C_1 = \frac{1}{0.018} \times \frac{\pi \times 0.15^2}{4} \times 90$$

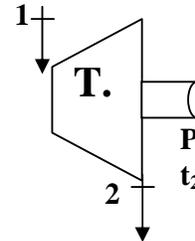
$$= 88.3 \text{ kg/s}$$

$$\dot{m}_1 = \dot{m}_2 = 88.3 \text{ kg/s}$$

$$C_2 = \frac{\dot{m}_2}{\delta_2 A_2} = \frac{88.3}{\frac{1}{0.634} \times \left( \frac{\pi \times 0.6^2}{4} \right)}$$

$$= 196.1 \text{ m/s}$$

$D_1 = 15 \text{ cm}$     $P_1 = 20 \text{ MPa}$   
 $C_1 = 90 \text{ m/s}$     $t_1 = 600^\circ \text{C}$   
 $v_1 = 0.018 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}$



$D_2 = 60 \text{ cm}$   
 $v_2 = 0.634$

(6.38)

(283.14kJ/kg)

(10°C)

(80kPa)

(0.4m<sup>2</sup>)

(kW)

$R = 0.287 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$

$$\delta_1 = \frac{P_1}{RT_1} = \frac{80}{0.287 \times 283} = 0.985 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

$$\dot{m} = \delta C_1 A_1 = 0.985 \times 200 \times 0.4$$

$$= 78.8 \text{ kg/s}$$

$$0 = h_2 - h_1 + \frac{C_2^2 - C_1^2}{2000}$$

$$h_2 = h_1 - \left( \frac{-C_1^2}{2000} \right) = 283.14 + \frac{40000}{2000}$$

$$= 303.14 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$\dot{H}_2 = h_2 \times \dot{m} = 303.14 \times 78.8$$

$$= 23887.4 \text{ kW}$$

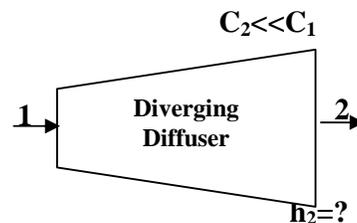
$P_1 = 80 \text{ kPa}$

$t_1 = 10^\circ \text{C}$

$C_1 = 200 \text{ m/s}$

$A_1 = 0.4 \text{ m}^2$

$h_1 = 283.14 \text{ kJ/kg}$



(200)

(6.39)

(100°C)

(300kPa)

(3kg/s)

.(0.01m<sup>2</sup>)

:

**C<sub>p</sub>=1.01 kJ/kg.K R=0.287 kJ/kg.K**

$$\delta_1 = \frac{P_1}{RT_1} = \frac{300}{0.287 \times 373} = 2.803 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

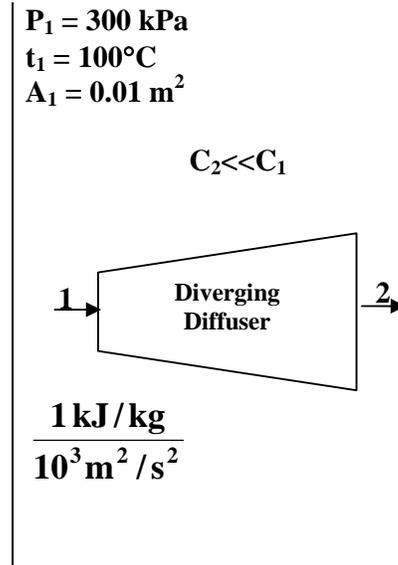
$$C_1 = \frac{\dot{m}}{\delta_1 A_1} = \frac{3}{2.803 \times 0.01} = 107 \text{ m/s}$$

$$0 = (h_2 - h_1) + \frac{C_2^2 - C_1^2}{2000}$$

$$= C_p(T_2 - T_1) + \left( \frac{-C_1^2}{2000} \right)$$

$$T_2 = \frac{C_1^2}{2000 C_p} + T_1 = \frac{107^2}{2000 \times 0.01} + 373$$

$$= 378.7 \text{ K}$$



(6.40)

(2.94kJ/kg)

.(0.195m<sup>3</sup>/kg)

(55m/s)

.(0.354m<sup>3</sup>/kg)

(2.79kJ/kg)

: .(1.5kg/s)

.(cm<sup>2</sup>)

( ) .

( )

$$\Delta h_{12} = h_2 - h_1 = 2.79 - 2.94$$

$$= -0.15 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$q_{12} = \Delta h_{12} + \Delta KE$$

$$0 = -0.15 + \frac{C_2^2 - 55^2}{2000}$$

$$C_2 = 545 \text{ m/s}$$

$$A_1 = \frac{\dot{m} \times v_1}{C_1} = \frac{1.5 \times 0.195 \times 10^4}{55}$$

$$= 53 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A_2 = \frac{\dot{m} \times v_2}{C_2} = \frac{1.5 \times 0.354 \times 10^4}{545}$$

$$= 9.75 \text{ cm}^2$$

(6.41)

$$\begin{aligned} & (14\text{kg/s}) \quad ( ) \\ & (2250\text{kJ/kg}) \quad (2800\text{kJ/kg}) \\ & \quad \quad \quad (1.25\text{m}^3/\text{kg}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} C_2 &= \sqrt{2 \times 10^3 (h_1 - h_2)} \\ &= \sqrt{2000(2800 - 2250)} \\ &= 1050\text{m/s} \\ m &= \frac{A_2 C_2}{v_2} \end{aligned} \quad \left| \quad \begin{aligned} A_2 &= \frac{m v_2}{C_2} = \frac{14 \times 1.25}{1050} \\ &= 0.0166\text{m}^2 \end{aligned} \right.$$

(6.42)

$$\begin{aligned} & (508\text{m/s}) \quad (1.3\text{kg/s}) \\ & \quad (820\text{m/s}) \quad (0.0997\text{m}^3/\text{kg}) \\ & \quad \quad \quad (0.2\text{m}^3/\text{kg}) \end{aligned}$$

$$A_1 = \frac{\dot{m} a \times v_1}{C_1} = \frac{1.3 \times 0.0997}{508} = 0.000255\text{m}^2$$

$$A_2 = \frac{\dot{m} a \times v_2}{C_2} = \frac{1.3 \times 0.2}{820} = 0.000317\text{m}^2$$

(6.43)

$$\begin{aligned} & ( ) \quad (0^\circ\text{C}) \quad (140\text{kN/m}^2) \\ & \quad (1\text{kg}) \quad (900\text{m/s}) \\ & \quad \quad \quad : \quad (30\text{m/s}) \end{aligned}$$

$$C_p = 1.006\text{kJ/kg.K} \quad C_v = 0.717\text{kJ/kg.K}$$

$$0 = \Delta h + \Delta KE = C_p(T_1 - T_2) + \frac{C_2^2 - C_1^2}{2}$$

$$\frac{C_2^2 - C_1^2}{2000} = C_p(T_1 - T_2)$$

$$\frac{300^2 - 900^2}{2000} = 1.006(273 - T_2)$$

$$T_2 = 629\text{K} \Rightarrow \Delta T = T_2 - T_1 = 629 - 273 = 356\text{K}$$

$$P_2 = P_1 \left( \frac{T_2}{T_1} \right)^{\frac{\gamma}{\gamma-1}} = 140 \left( \frac{629}{273} \right)^{\frac{1.4}{1.4-1}} = 2590\text{kN/m}^2$$

$$\Delta P = P_2 - P_1 = 2590 - 140 = 2450\text{kN/m}^2$$

$$\Delta U = C_v(T_2 - T_1) = 0.717(629 - 273) = 255\text{kJ/kg}$$

(202)

(6.44)

$$(10\text{bar}) \quad (550\text{m/s}) \quad (1000\text{kg/h}) \quad (1\text{bar}) \quad (70\text{m/s})$$

$$C_p = 1.004 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$\Delta \dot{H} = -\Delta \text{KE} = -\left(\frac{C_2^2 - C_1^2}{2000}\right) \cdot \dot{m} = \begin{cases} \Delta H = m C_p \Delta T_{12} \\ -41.333 = \frac{1000}{3600} \times 1.004 \times \Delta T_{12} \\ \Delta T_{12} = -148.2 \text{ K} \end{cases}$$

$$= -\frac{550^2 - 70^2}{2000} \times \frac{1000}{3600}$$

$$= -41.333 \text{ kW}$$

(6.45)

$$(50^\circ\text{C}) \quad (70^\circ\text{C})$$

$$(4.2\text{kJ/kg.K}) \quad (0.25\text{kg/s})$$

$$(1\text{kg/s}) \quad (28^\circ\text{C}) \quad (10^\circ\text{C})$$

$$(20\%)$$

$$0.8 \dot{Q}_w = \dot{Q}_a$$

$$0.8 \dot{m}_w \cdot C_w \cdot \Delta T_w = \dot{m}_a \cdot C_a \Delta T_a$$

$$0.8 \times (0.25) \times 4.2 \times (50 - 70) = 1 \times C_a \times (28 - 10)$$

$$C_a = -0.933 \text{ kJ/kg.K} \quad (6.46)$$

$$(1\text{bar}) \quad (10\text{bar})$$

$$(1.8\text{m}^3/\text{kg}) \quad (0.3\text{m}^3/\text{kg})$$

$$h_1 = h_2$$

$$h_1 = \mu_1 + P_1 v_1$$

$$h_2 = \mu_2 + P_2 v_2$$

$$\begin{cases} \mu_2 - \mu_1 = (h_2 - h_1) - (P_2 v_2 - P_1 v_1) \\ = 0 - (100 \times 1.8 - 10 \times 0.3) \\ = 120 \text{ kJ/kg} \end{cases}$$

(6.47)

$$(1\text{bar}) \quad (7\text{bar}) \quad (30^\circ\text{C})$$

$$C_v = 0.72 \text{ kJ/kg.K} \quad (0.96\text{m}^3/\text{kg}) \quad (0.12\text{m}^3/\text{kg})$$

$$h_2 = h_1$$

$$\mu_2 + P_2 v_2 = \mu_1 + P_1 v_1$$

$$\mu_2 - \mu_1 = P_1 v_1 - P_2 v_2$$

$$C_v (T_2 - T_1) = P_1 v_1 - P_2 v_2$$

$$\begin{cases} 0.7 (T_2 - 30) = 700 \times 0.12 - 100 \times 0.96 \\ T_2 = 286 \text{ K} \end{cases}$$

(203)

(6.48)

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 \cdot (1500\text{kJ/kg}) & \cdot (40\text{kg/s}) \quad (5000\text{kJ/kg}) \\
 (20\%) & (20\text{kg/h}) \quad (50\text{kJ/kg})
 \end{array}$$

(1)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \dot{W}_C &= \dot{W}_T \\
 \dot{m}(h_1 - h_2) &= \dot{m}_T(h_1 - h_2) \\
 \frac{20}{3600}(50 - 1500) &= 40(5000 - h_2) \\
 h_2 &= 5000.2\text{kJ/kg} \\
 H_2 = \dot{m} \cdot h_2 &= 40 \times 5000.2 \\
 &= 200008.1\text{kW}
 \end{aligned}$$

(2)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \dot{m}_c &= 20 + 0.2 \times 20 = 24 \text{ kg/h} \\
 \dot{W}_C &= \dot{W}_T \\
 \dot{W}_C = \dot{m}_c(h_1 - h_2) &= \dot{m}_T(h_1 - h_2) \\
 \frac{24}{3600}(50 - 1500) &= 40(5000 - h_2) \\
 h_2 &= 5000.24\text{kJ/kg} \\
 \dot{H}_2 = \dot{m}h_2 &= 40 \times 5000.24 \\
 &= 200\,009.6 \text{ kW} \\
 200009.6 - 200008.1 &= 1.5\text{kW}
 \end{aligned}$$

(6.49)

$$(18.3^\circ\text{C}) \quad (1:4)$$

$$\cdot (704^\circ\text{C})$$

$$: (375 \text{ kW})$$

$$C_p = 1.005 \text{ kJ/kg}\cdot\text{K} \quad \gamma = 1.4$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 T_2 &= T_1 \left( \frac{P_2}{P_1} \right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} = 291.3 (4)^{\frac{1.4-1}{1.4}} \\
 &= 432 \text{ K}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 T_4 &= T_3 \left( \frac{P_2}{P_1} \right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} = 977 (4)^{\frac{1.4-1}{1.4}} \\
 &= 657 \text{ K}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 q_{in} &= C_p(T_3 - T_2) = 1.005(977 - 432) \\
 &= 548\text{kJ/kg}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 q_o &= C_p(T_4 - T_1) = 1.005(657 - 291.3) \\
 &= 367 \text{ kJ/kg}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$w = q_{in} - q_o = 548 - 367 = 181\text{kJ/kg}$$

$$\eta = \frac{W}{q_{in}} = \frac{181}{548} = 0.328$$

$$\dot{m}_a = \frac{\dot{W}}{w} = \frac{375}{181} = 2.07 \text{ kg/s}$$

(6.50)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (-24.6^\circ\text{C}) \quad ( \quad ) \quad .(800 \text{ Km/h}) \\
 & .(280\text{kPa}) \quad .(46.6 \text{ kPa}) \\
 & (95 \text{ kg/s}) \\
 & .(\text{kW}) \quad .\gamma=1.4 \quad C_p=1.004\text{kJ/kg.K}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 C_1 &= \frac{800 \times 1000}{3600} = 222.2 \text{ m/s} \\
 C_1^2 &= 2000 \Delta h_{12} = 2000 C_p \Delta t_{12} \\
 \Delta t_{12} &= \frac{C_1^2}{2000 C_p} = \frac{(222.2)^2}{2000 \times 1.004} \\
 &= 24.6^\circ\text{C} = t_2 - t_1 \\
 t_2 &= \Delta t_{12} + t_1 = 24.6 + (-24.6) = 0^\circ\text{C} \\
 P_2 &= P_1 \left( \frac{T_2}{T_1} \right)^{\frac{\gamma}{\gamma-1}} = 46.6 \left( \frac{273}{248.6} \right)^{\frac{1.4}{1.4-1}} \\
 &= 64.8\text{kPa}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 T_3 &= T_2 \left( \frac{P_3}{P_2} \right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} = 273 \left( \frac{280}{64.8} \right)^{\frac{0.4}{1.4}} \\
 &= 414.94 \text{ K} \\
 w_C &= w_T = C_p(T_3 - T_2) \\
 &= 1.004(414.94 - 273) \\
 &= 142.36 \text{ K} \\
 &= 142.30 \text{ kJ/kg} \\
 \dot{W}_T &= w_T \times \dot{m} = 142.36 \times 95 \\
 &= 13524.2 \text{ kW}
 \end{aligned}$$

(6.51)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left( \frac{4.4}{1} \right) \\
 & .(390^\circ\text{C}) \quad (15^\circ\text{C}) \\
 & (1\text{kg}) \quad (1) \\
 & : \quad (2)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$C_p=1.005 \text{ kJ/kg.K} \quad \gamma=1.4$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 T_2 &= T_1 \left( \frac{P_1}{P_2} \right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} = 288(4.4)^{\frac{1.4-1}{1.4}} \\
 &= 400 \text{ K} \\
 T_3 &= T_2 + \Delta T = 440 + 390 = 830 \text{ K} \\
 T_4 &= T_3 \left( \frac{P_3}{P_4} \right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} = 830 \left( \frac{1}{4} \right)^{\frac{1.4-1}{1.4}} \\
 &= 543 \text{ K} \\
 W_c &= C_p(T_2 - T_1) = 1.005(440 - 288) \\
 &= 153\text{kJ/kg}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 W_T &= C_p(T_3 - T_4) = 1.005(830 - 543) \\
 &= 288 \text{ kJ/kg}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 W_{\text{net}} &= W_T - W_C = 288 - 153 \\
 &= 135 \text{ kJ/kg}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\eta_{\text{th}} = \frac{W_{\text{net}}}{Q_{\text{in}}} = \frac{135}{1.005 \times 390} = 0.343$$

(205)

(6.52)

(800kPa)

(101kPa)

(25°C)

(2)

(1)

$R=0.287 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$   $\gamma=1.4$

(1)

$$T_2 = T_1 \left( \frac{P_2}{P_1} \right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} = 298 \left( \frac{800}{101} \right)^{0.286}$$

$$= 538 \text{ K}$$

$$w_{12} = - \frac{\gamma R (T_2 - T_1)}{\gamma - 1}$$

$$= - \frac{1.4 \times 0.287 (538 - 298)}{0.4}$$

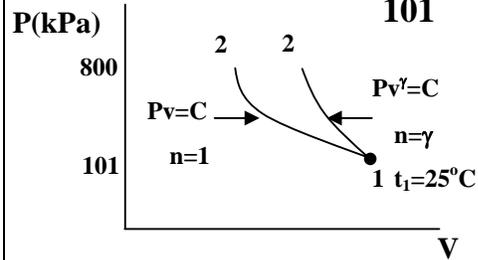
$$= -241.1 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

(2)

$$T_2 = T_1 = 298 \text{ K}$$

$$w_{12'} = RT \ln \frac{P_2}{P_1}$$

$$= -0.287 \times 298 \times \ln \frac{800}{101}$$



$$\therefore w_{12} = -177 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

(6.53)

(900kPa)

(200kPa)

(30°C)

$R=4.124 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$   $n=1.25$

$$T_2 = T_1 \left( \frac{P_2}{P_1} \right)^{\frac{n-1}{n}} = 303 \left( \frac{900}{200} \right)^{\frac{1.25-1}{1.25}} = 409.3 \text{ K}$$

$$w_{12} = - \frac{nR(T_2 - T_1)}{n - 1}$$

$$= - \frac{1.25 \times 4.124 (409.3 - 303)}{1.25 - 1}$$

$$= -2193 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

(6.1)

(1.3kg/m<sup>3</sup>)      (8bar)      (1bar)      (50kg/h)  
 (30 kg/min)      (2m/s)      (9m/s)  
 (2.5kW)      (6kg/m<sup>3</sup>)  
 (1)      (2)  
 (181.2 K    145.5 K) :

(6.2)

(11.5kW)      (138kg/h)  
 (35kJ)  
 (15m/s)      (65m/s)      (1bar)  
 (7.5bar)      (237kJ/kg)      (0.92m<sup>3</sup>/kg)  
 (437kJ/kg)      (0.182m<sup>3</sup>/kg)  
 (0.063 kg/s) :

(6.3)

(300K)      (1bar)  
 (100m/s)      (480K)      (4bar)      (20m/s)  
 (900kg/min)      (Cp=1.005kJ/kg.K)  
 (10%)  
 (2532.3 kW) :

(6.4)

(0.7m/s)      (35°C)      (5bar)      ( )  
 (γ=1.4)      (10°C)      (1bar)  
 (2)      (1)      (Cv=0.718 kJ/kg.K)  
 (1.23 kg/m<sup>3</sup>    5.65 kg/m<sup>3</sup>    224.16 m/s) :

(6.5)

(2m/s) (30°C) (4bar) ( )  
(Cv=0.717 kJ/kg.K γ=.14) .(175m/s) (1.2bar)

:

(1)

(2)

(3.147 kg/m<sup>3</sup> -15.25 K) :

(6.6)

(1bar) (165kg/h)  
(8bar) (60m/s) (0.9m<sup>3</sup>/kg)  
(12m/s) (0.18m<sup>3</sup>/kg)  
(14kW) (200kJ/kg)

(-8774.7 kJ/h) :

(6.7)

(6m) (50m/s) (100kg/min)  
(3m) (200m/s) (3138kJ/kg)  
(5.7kJ/kg) (2562kJ/kg)

(919.3 kW) :

(6.8)

(50m/s) (0.8kg/s)  
(250°C) (100m/s) (900°C)  
(120 kJ/kg)

Cp=1.005 kJ/kg.K

(423.6 kW) :

(6.9)

.(18kW) (34°C)  
 .(1.2m<sup>3</sup>) (84%)  
 (15°C) (33 bar) (5)  
 (10.4kg/min) .(49°C) (12.7 bar)  
 .(4.2 kJ/kg.K) .(15°C) (7°C)

(271.17°C) :

(6.10)

.(325kJ/kg) (3600m/min)  
 .(720kJ/min) (140kg/h)  
 (0.18m<sup>3</sup>/kg) (8 bar)  
 (90%) .(15 m/s) (440 kJ/kg)  
 .(1.429kg/min)  
 . (4.2kJ/kg.K)

(18 K) :

(6.11)

(650°C) (7bar)  
 .(45m/s) (294.65°C) (1bar) .(9m/s)  
 : .(1 kg)

**Cv=0.834 kJ/kg.K    γ=1.333**

(394.18 kJ/kg) :

(6.12)

(400°C) (20kg/s)  
 (80°C) (Cp=0.97kJ/kg.K) (800°C)  
 ( ) ( )  
**(787.9 m/s 7760 kW) :**

(6.13)

(2.4kg/min) (12kW)  
 (8m) (3600m/min) (0.9m<sup>3</sup>/kg) (100kN/m<sup>2</sup>)  
 (4m) (15m/s) (0.18m<sup>3</sup>/kg) (8bar)  
 (80%) (299kJ/kg)  
 (20K) (4.2 kJ/kg.K)  
**(70.3 kg/h) :**

(6.14)

(15m/s) (4500kg/h)  
 (172kJ/kg) (0.82m<sup>3</sup>/kg) (6bar)  
 (0.8m<sup>3</sup>/kg) (1bar) (180m/s)  
 (10%) (164kJ/kg)  
 (kW)  
**(458.75 kW) :**

(6.15)

(5kg/s) .  
 .(25m/s) (20m/s) (2800kJ/kg)  
 (7000kW) (120kJ/kg)  
 : .(6300kW)

(2) ( ) (1)

(3)

.(4.2 kJ/kg.K) . (15°C 10°C)

**(333.3 kg/s 1520 kJ/kg 101 kW) :**

(6.16)

.(300W) (60kg/min)  
 (25°C) (40°C) (1bar)

**(0.0153 kJ/kg 265.34 kJ/kg) :**

(6.17)

(0.86m<sup>3</sup>/kg) (1bar)  
 .(4.5kg/min) (0.17m<sup>3</sup>/kg) (7 bar)  
 . (110kJ/kg) (28kJ/kg)  
 . (76kJ/kg)  
 .(kW)

**(-14.3 kW) :**

(6.18)

(5bar) (10kg/s)  
 .(T<sub>2</sub>) (1bar) .(900K)  
 Cv=0.718 : (kW) .(100m/s)

Cp=1.005 kJ/kg.K kJ/kg.K

**(0.172 m<sup>3</sup> 3284 kW) :**

(211)

(6.19)

(800°C) (15°C)  
 ( ) .(30m/s)  
 ( ) : (2kg/s) .(500°C)  
 ( ) ( )

(553 m/s 298.8 kW 1577.85 kJ) :

(6.20)

(93°C) (389.6kJ/kg)  
 .(1.5kW) .(182 kg/min)  
 (15m) (42204kJ/min)  
 ( ) . (kW) ( ) .  
 .(4.2 kJ/kg.K)

(38°C 479.5 kW) :

(6.21)

(290K) (0.095MPa)  
 . (1200K) .(0.38MPa)  
 .(40000kW)  
 .(kg/s) .(MW)  
 : (T-s) (P-v)

**Cp=1.005 kJ/kg.K γ=1.4**

(158.4 kg/s 62.42 MW) :

(6.22)

(4bar) (300K) (1bar)  
(1000K)

( )

:(1kg)

(2) (1)

**Cp=1.005 kJ/kg.K Cv=0.712 kJ/kg.K**

**(715.5 m/s 146.7 kJ/kg) :**

(6.23)

(70%)

(10kg/s) (900kJ/kg)

(500kJ/kg)

(40kJ/kg)

(20%)

(8kg/s)

**(269.143 kJ/kg 374.3 kJ/kg) :**

(6.24)

(1bar)

(360m/min)

(0.4kg/s)

(270m/min)

(0.8m<sup>3</sup>/kg)

(0.16m<sup>3</sup>/kg)

(6.9bar)

:( ) (57%)

(88kJ/kg)

( )

(kW)

( )

(27°C)

(20°C)

(4.2kJ/kg.K)

(kg/s)

**(0.558 kg/s 28.8 kW) :**

(213)

(6.25)

(900°C) . (15°C) (0.1MN/m<sup>2</sup>)  
.(0.5MN/m<sup>2</sup>)

.( )

:

**Cp=1.005 kJ/kg.K    γ=1.4**

**(36.8%    265 kJ/kg) :**

(6.24)

(140kg/h) (12kW)  
(8bar) .(60m/s) (0.9m<sup>3</sup>/kg) (1bar)  
(205kJ/kg) .(15m/s) (0.18m<sup>3</sup>/kg)  
(80%)  
(4.2kJ/kg.K) .(20K)

**(69 kg/hr) :**

(6.27)

(0.1MN/m<sup>2</sup>) (15°C)  
.(0.44MN/m<sup>2</sup>)  
(390°C)  
.(36000kW)

: .(Cp=1.005 kJ/kg.K    γ=1.4)

(3) (2) (1kg) (1)  
(MW) (4) (kg/s)

**(76.53 Mw    265.34 kg/s    0.345    135 kJ/kg) :**

(6.28)

(-24.6°C) .(280kPa) .(46.6kPa)

(95 kg/s) .(800°C)

( )

.(γ=1.4 Cp=1.005 kJ/kg.K)

(2) (kW) (1)

**(725.644 m/s 15867.95 kW) :**

(6.29)

)

.(120°C) (2MN/m<sup>2</sup>) .(0.75kg/s) (

.(78.5cm<sup>2</sup>) .(6.6°C) (1.45MN/m<sup>2</sup>)

: .(R=0.165 kJ/kg.K) (Cv=0.709kJ/kg.K)

.(kW) (2) (1)

**(-74.3 kW -0.018 kJ/kg) :**

(6.30)

(-15°C) (0.1MPa)

.(0.4MPa)

: .(800°C)

(2) (1)

R=0.287 kJ/kg.K γ=1.4 :

**(692.45 kJ/kg 126.63 kJ/kg) :**

(6.31)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (1000^\circ\text{C}) \quad (10\text{bar}) \\
 & \quad (1\text{bar}) \quad (5\text{bar}) \\
 & \quad : \quad (C_v=0.72 \text{ kJ/kg.K}) \quad (\gamma=1.4) \\
 & \quad \quad (2) \quad (1)
 \end{aligned}$$

(881.12 m/s 230.8 kJ/kg) :

(6.32)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \quad (27^\circ\text{C}) \quad (101\text{kPa}) \\
 & \quad \quad (5) \\
 & \quad \quad (1050^\circ\text{C}) \\
 & \quad : \quad (1\text{kg}) \quad ( ) \quad ( )
 \end{aligned}$$

$C_p=1.004 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$   $\gamma=1.4$  :

(0.369 313.75 kJ/kg) :

(6.33)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (600^\circ\text{C}) \quad (6\text{bar}) \\
 & \quad (\dot{W}=5000\text{kJ/s}) \quad (1\text{bar}) \\
 & \quad (27^\circ\text{C}) \\
 & \quad (20^\circ\text{C}) \quad (4.2 \text{ kJ/kg.K}) \\
 & \quad : \quad (\text{kg/s}) \\
 & (R=0.287 \text{ kJ/kg.K}) \quad (\gamma=1.4)
 \end{aligned}$$

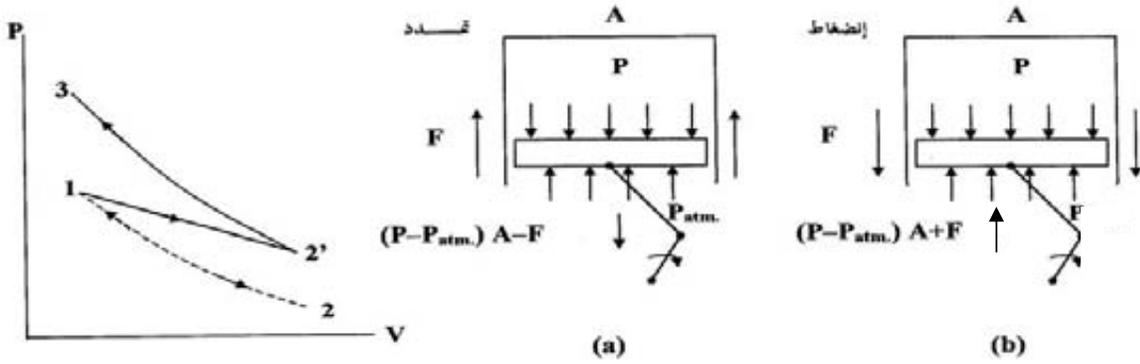
(38 kg/s) :

Friction  $-(7.1)$

Mechanical Friction .1

(P)

(F)  $(P_{atm})$  (7.1)  
(A)



$-(7.1)$

(7.1.B)

(7.1.a)

- .... PA .1
- ...  $P_{atm} A$  .2
- ...F .3

(7.1) (P-V)

(1  $\rightarrow$  2)

(1 → 2)

(2 → 3)

(a) -	(b) -	
$(P - P_{atm}) A - F$	$(P - P_{atm}) A + F$	(1)
$dw_o = [(P - P_{atm}) A - F] dL$	$dw_{in} = [(P - P_{atm}) A + F] dL$	(dL) (2)

$$\therefore dw_{in} > dw_o$$

**Fluid Friction**

.2

-(7.2)

**Reversibility or Reversible Process**

:

:

.1

:

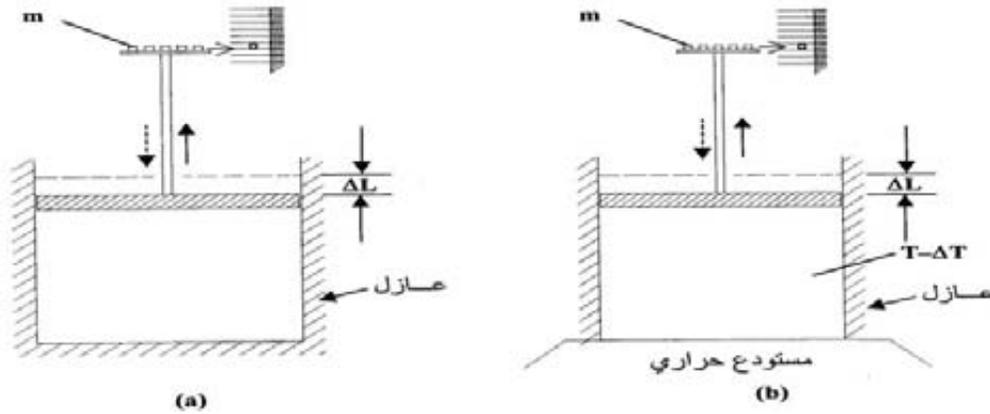
.2

(Path)

**Irreversible Process**

**-(7.3)**

.(7.2.a)



-(7.2)

( $\Delta L$ )

(7.2.b) (T)

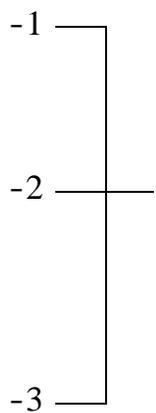
( )

(m) (7-2-b)

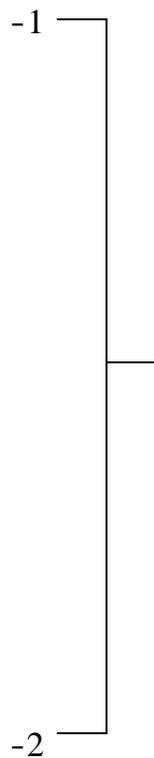
(T- $\Delta T$ ) (T)

-(7.4)

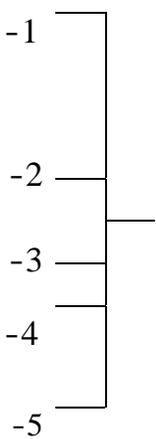
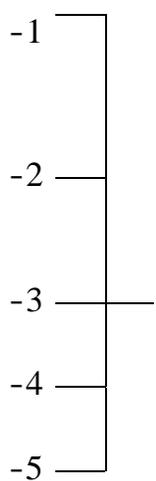
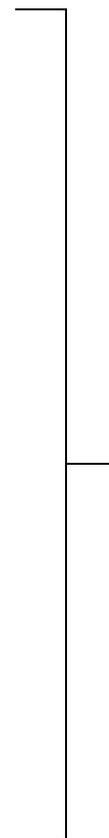
:



:



-1



# The Heat Engine

-(7.5)

$(Q_{in})$

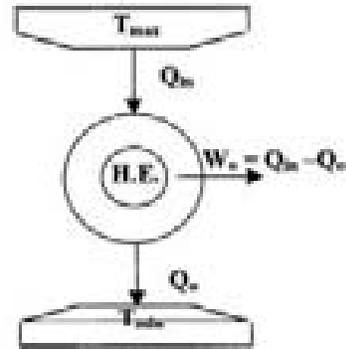
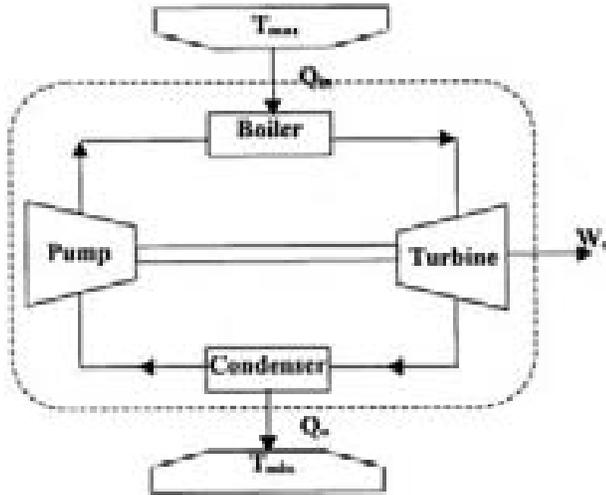
$(Q_o)$

$(W_o)$

$(T_{max})$

(7.3)

$(T_{min})$



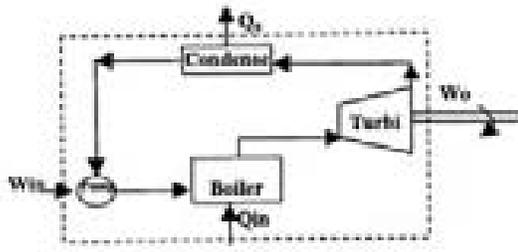
-(7.3)

(HE)

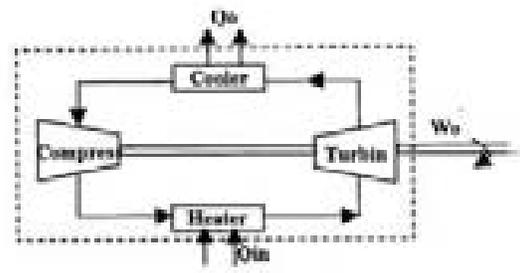
$$W_o = Q_{in} - Q_o \dots\dots\dots(7.1)$$

(7.4-b)

(7.4-a)



سائیکل رانکین (a)



سائیکل توربین (b)

-(7.4)

- (Q<sub>in</sub>) .1
  - (W<sub>out</sub>) .2
  - (Q<sub>out</sub>) .3
  - (W<sub>in</sub>) .4
- (ΔE<sub>se</sub>=0)

$Q - W = \Delta E_{se} \dots\dots\dots(7.2)$

$Q = W$

$\sum Q = \sum W$

$Q_{in} + (-Q_o) = W_o + (-W_{in})$

$Q_{in} - Q_o = W_o - W_{in} = W_{net} \dots\dots\dots(7.3)$

- .1
- .2
- .3

- (7.6)

**Efficiency of Energy Conversion System or Engine Thermal Efficiency**  
 $(Q_{in}) \quad (\sum dQ = \sum dW)$

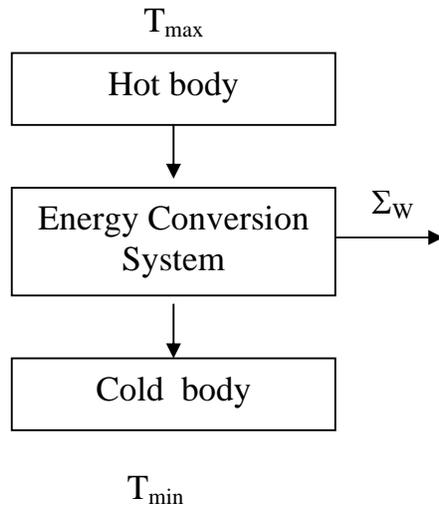
$(W_{in})^*$

$$W_{net} = Q_{in} - Q_o \dots \dots \dots (7.4)$$

(7.5) (Heat Engine)

$(\eta_{th})$

$$\eta_{th} = \frac{W_{net}}{Q_{in}} = \frac{Q_{in} - Q_o}{Q_{in}} = 1 - \frac{Q_o}{Q_{in}} \dots \dots \dots (7.5)$$



-(7.5)

(7.5)

$(Q_o)$        $(Q_o=0)$       (100%)  
 (100%)

$(W_o)$        $(W_{done})$        $(W_{net})$       \*

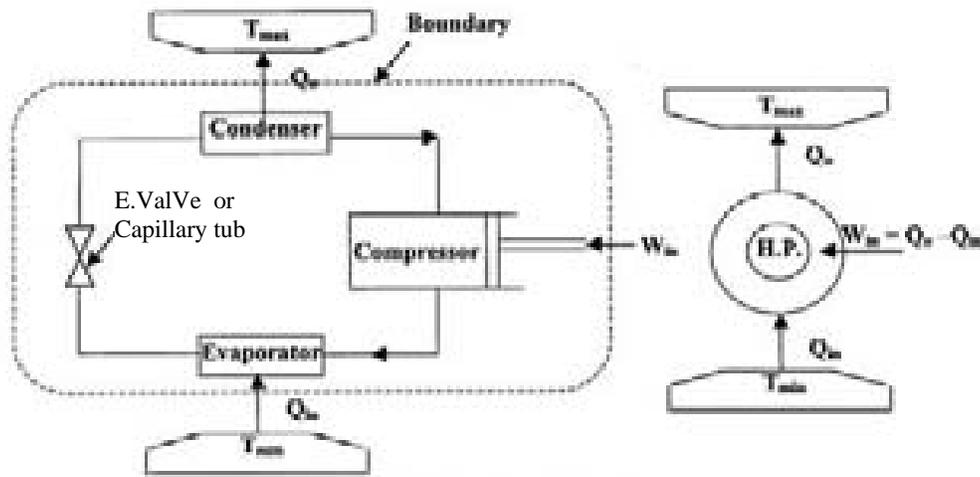
$$\eta_{th} = \frac{\dot{W}_o}{\dot{m}_f \times LCV} \dots\dots\dots(7.6)$$

(LCV) (kg/s) : (kW) ( $\dot{W}_o$ ) ( $\dot{m}_f$ ) (kJ/kg)

$$( ) \dots\dots\dots(7.7)$$

**Reversed Heat Engine (Heat pump)**

$$\frac{(Q_{in})}{(W_{in})} = \frac{(Q_o)}{(T_{min})} - \frac{(Q_o)}{(T_{max})} \dots\dots\dots(7.6)$$



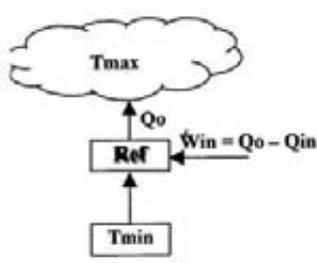
-(7.6)

(Refrigerator)

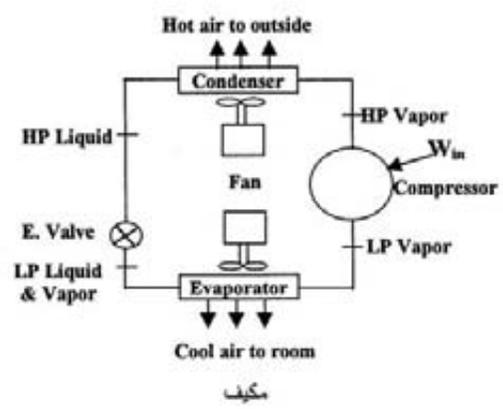
$$\dots\dots\dots(7.7-a)$$

(T\_max)

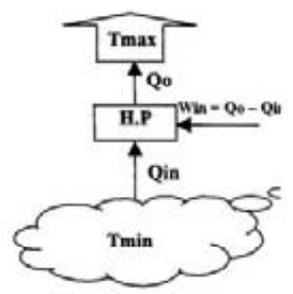
$$\dots\dots\dots(7.7-b)$$



تلاجة (a)



مكيف



تدفئة (b)

-(7.7)

Coefficient of Performance  
(C.O.P)

-(7.8)

$$(\text{COP})_{\text{H.P}} = \frac{Q_o}{W_{\text{in}}} = \frac{Q_o}{Q_o - Q_{\text{in}}} \dots\dots\dots(7.7)$$

(Qo)

(Qin)

$$(\text{COP})_{\text{Ref}} = \frac{Q_{\text{in}}}{W_{\text{in}}} = \frac{Q_{\text{in}}}{Q_o - Q_{\text{in}}} \dots\dots\dots(7.8)$$

$$\eta_{\text{HE}} = \frac{1}{\text{COP}} \dots\dots\dots(7.9)$$

$$(\text{COP})_{\text{H.P}} = \frac{Q_o}{W_{\text{in}}} = \frac{Q_{\text{in}} + W_{\text{in}}}{W_{\text{in}}} = \frac{Q_{\text{in}}}{W_{\text{in}}} + \frac{W_{\text{in}}}{W_{\text{in}}} \\ = (\text{COP})_{\text{Ref}} + 1 \dots\dots\dots(7.10)$$

## The second Law of Thermodynamics

(100%)

(flow)

1.

.2

.1

.2

.1

(Fly Wheel)

.2

.3

:

:

.4

:

.(1)

.(2)

(1824)

(Sadi Carnot)

(20) (James Prescott Joule)

.(Clausius)

(Kelvin-Planck)

(W. Ostwald)

**The Second Law Statements**

**-(7.10)**

:

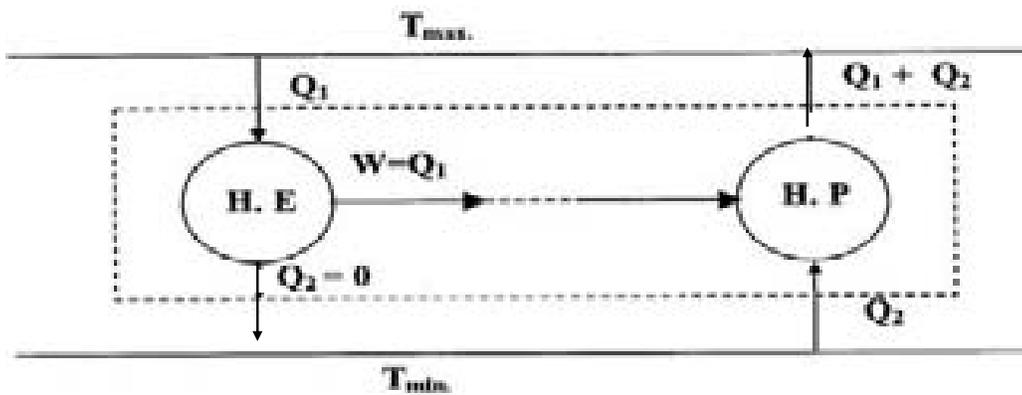
.1

-

.2

$(\eta \neq 1), (Q \neq W), (W_o = Q_{in} - Q_o)$

( ) - (7.11)



-(7.8)

(Q1)

.(7.8)

:

$W = Q_1 \dots \dots \dots (7.11)$

(Q<sub>0</sub>) (T<sub>min</sub>) (Q<sub>2</sub>)

:

(T<sub>max</sub>)

$W = Q_0 - Q_2 \dots \dots \dots (7.12)$

$$Q_1 = Q_0 - Q_2$$

$$Q_0 = Q_1 + Q_2 \dots\dots\dots(7.13)$$

(T<sub>max</sub>)

(T<sub>min</sub>)

(Q2)

(7.1)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (70\text{ton/h}) & (200 \text{ MW}) & & \\
 & (20^\circ\text{c}) & & & .(41000\text{kJ/kg}) \\
 & : & ( ) & ( ) & .(28\text{c}) \\
 & & & & .C_w=4.2 \text{ kJ/kg.K}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \eta_{\text{th}} &= \frac{\dot{W}}{\dot{Q}_{\text{in}}} = \frac{\dot{W}}{\dot{m}_f \times \text{LCV}} \\
 &= \frac{200 \cdot 10^3}{\frac{70 \cdot 10^3}{3600} \times 41000} = 0.25
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \dot{Q}_o &= \dot{Q}_{\text{in}} - \dot{W} = \dot{m}_f \times \text{LCV} - \dot{W} \\
 &= 70 \times 10^3 \times 41000 - 200 \times 10^3 \\
 &= 215 \times 10^7 \text{ kJ/h}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \dot{m} &= \frac{\dot{Q}_o}{C_w \times \Delta T_{12}} = \frac{215 \times 10^7}{4.2 \times (28 - 20)} \\
 &= 642 \times 10^6 \text{ kg/h}
 \end{aligned}$$

(7.2)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & .(43\text{MJ/kg}) & (20.4\text{kg/h})
 \end{aligned}$$

.(20%)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \dot{W}_{12} &= \eta \times \dot{Q}_{\text{in}} = \dot{m}_f \times \text{LCV} \\
 &= 0.2 \times \frac{20.4}{3600} \times 43 \times 10^3 = 48.73 \text{ kW} \\
 \dot{Q}_o &= \dot{Q}_{\text{in}} - \dot{W}_{12} = \dot{m}_f \times \text{LCV} - \dot{W}_{12} \\
 &= \frac{20.4}{60} \times 43 - 48.733 \times \frac{60}{1000} = 11.7 \text{ MJ/min}
 \end{aligned}$$

(7.3)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (28\%) & .(500\text{MW})
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & .(29.5\text{MJ/kg})
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \eta &= \frac{\dot{W}}{\dot{Q}_{\text{in}}} \Rightarrow \dot{Q}_{\text{in}} = \frac{\dot{W}}{\eta} = \frac{500 \times 3600}{0.28} = 6 \times 43 \times 10^6 \text{ MJ/h} \\
 \dot{m}_f &= \frac{\dot{Q}_{\text{in}}}{\text{L.C.V}} = \frac{6 \times 43 \times 10^6}{29.5} = 217917 \text{ kg/h}
 \end{aligned}$$

(7.4)

.(4.1MW)

.(3.045 t/h)

.(28MJ/kg)

$$\dot{m}_f = \frac{3.045 \times 10^3}{3600} = 0.846 \text{ kg/s}$$

$$\eta_{th} = \frac{\dot{W}}{\dot{m}_f \times \text{L.C.V}} = \frac{4.1}{0.846 \times 28} = 0.173$$

(7.5)

.(43MJ/kg)

(20.4kg/h)

.(20%)

$$\dot{Q}_{in} = \dot{m}_f \times \text{CV} = 20.4 \times 43 = 877.2 \text{ MJ/h} = 243.7 \text{ kW}$$

$$\dot{W} = \eta \cdot \dot{Q}_{in} = 0.2 \times 877.2 = 175.44 \text{ MJ/h} = 48.7 \text{ kW}$$

$$\dot{Q}_O = \dot{Q}_{in} - \dot{W} = 243.7 - 48.7 = 195 \text{ kW} = 11698 \text{ kJ/min}$$

(7.6)

(313°C)

.(750000kW)

.(20°C)

(70%)

(60%)

(165m<sup>3</sup>/s)

.(4.2kJ/kg.K)

$$\eta_{the} = 1 - \frac{T_{min}}{T_{max}} = 1 - \frac{293}{586} = 0.5$$

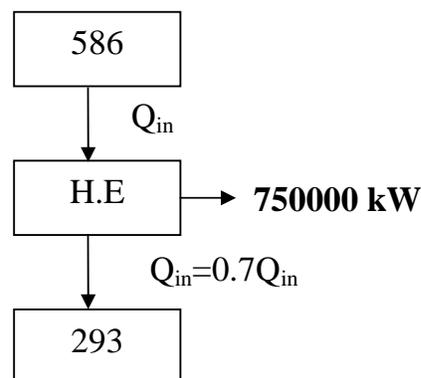
$$\eta_{Act} = 0.6 \times 0.5 = 0.3$$

$$\dot{Q}_{in} = \frac{\dot{W}}{\eta} = \frac{750000}{0.3} = 25 \times 10^5 \text{ kW}$$

$$\dot{Q}_O = 0.7 \times 25 \times 10^5 = 175 \times 10^4 \text{ kW}$$

$$\dot{m}_w = 165 \times 10^3 \text{ Kg/s}$$

$$\Delta T = \frac{\dot{Q}_{in}}{\dot{m} \times C_w} = \frac{25 \times 10^5}{165 \times 10^3 \times 4.2} = 2.54 \text{ K}$$



(7.7)

(0°C)

( )

(100°C)

(2254kJ)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{COP})_{\text{HP}} &= \frac{Q_o}{W} = 1 - \frac{T_{\text{min}}}{T_{\text{max}}} \\ &= \frac{2254}{W} = 1 - \frac{273}{373} \end{aligned}$$

$$W = 604\text{kJ}$$

$$\begin{aligned} Q_{\text{in}} &= Q_o - W \\ &= 2254 - 604 = 1650\text{kJ} \end{aligned}$$

(7.8)

(A)

(T)

(27c)

( )

(B) (A)

(627°C)

(A)

( ) (c) (T)

(A)When :  $W_A = W_B$

$$Q_{\text{inA}} - Q_{\text{oA}} = Q_{\text{inB}} - Q_{\text{oB}}$$

$$Q_{\text{inA}} - Q_{\text{oA}} = Q_{\text{oA}} - Q_{\text{oB}}$$

$$Q_{\text{inA}} - Q_{\text{oB}} = Q_{\text{oA}} + Q_{\text{oA}} = 2Q_{\text{oA}}$$

$$(627 + 273) + (27 + 273) = 2T$$

$$T = 600\text{K}$$

(B)When :  $-\eta_A = -\eta_B$

$$\frac{T_{\text{max}}}{T_{\text{max}} - T_{\text{min}}})_A = \frac{T_{\text{max}}}{T_{\text{max}} - T_{\text{min}}})_B$$

$$\frac{900}{900 - T} = \frac{T}{T - 300}$$

$$T = 519.6\text{K}$$

(7.9)

	(A)		(B)		(A)
(421°C)		(200kJ)		(A)	(B)
	(4.4°C)			(B)	(A)
		(B)		(A)	
(3)		(2)		(1)	

$$W_A = 2W_B$$

$$Q_{inA} - Q_{oA} = 2(Q_{inB} - Q_{oB})$$

$$Q_{inA} - Q_{oA} = 2(Q_{O1} - Q_{oB})$$

$$T_{max} - T_m = 2(T_m - T_{min})$$

$$T_m = 416k$$

$$\eta_A = 1 - \frac{T_m}{T_{max}} = 1 - \frac{416}{694} = 0.4$$

$$\eta_B = 1 - \frac{T_{min}}{T_m} = 1 - \frac{277.4}{416} = 0.33$$

$$W_A = \eta_A \cdot Q_{inA} = 0.4 \times 200 = 80kJ$$

$$Q_{oA} = Q_{inA} - W_A = 200 - 80 = 120kJ$$

$$W_B = \frac{W_1}{2} = \frac{80}{2} = 40kJ$$

$$Q_{oB} = Q_{inB} - W_B$$

$$= Q_{oA} - W_B = 120 - 40 = 80kJ$$

(7.10)

(-8°C)		(27°C)
	( )	( )
(kJ/hr)		(200.000kJ/hr)
	(kW)	( )

$$COP = \frac{T_{max}}{T_{max} - T_{min}}$$

$$= \frac{300}{300 - 265} = 8.57$$

$$8.57 = \frac{Q_o}{W_{in}} = \frac{200000}{W_{in}}$$

$$W_{in} = 23337.2kJ/h$$

$$Q_{in} = Q_o - W_{in}$$

$$Q_{in} = 176662.8kJ/h$$

$$= 49.073kW$$

(7.11)

( )

(70kJ) (57kJ)

( )

( )

(COP)

(8 kW)

( )

( )

$$Q_{in} = W + Q_o = 57 + 70 = 127kJ$$

$$\eta = \frac{W}{Q_{in}} = \frac{57}{127} = 45\%$$

$$(COP)_{H.P} = \frac{1}{\zeta} = \frac{1}{0.45} = 2.23$$

$$\dot{W} = \frac{\dot{Q}_o}{(COP)_{HP}} = \frac{8}{2.23} = 3.6kW$$

$$\zeta - (COP)_{ref} = (COP)_{HP} - 1$$

$$= 2.23 - 1 = 1.23$$

(7.12)

(38K)

(1230W)

(306K)

(kW)

$$(COP)_{ref} = \frac{\dot{Q}_{in}}{\dot{W}} = \frac{T_{min}}{T_{max} - T_{min}}$$

$$\frac{1230}{\dot{W}} = \frac{238}{306 - 238}$$

$$\dot{W} = 351.4W$$

$$\dot{Q}_o = \dot{W} + \dot{Q}_{in}$$

$$= 351.4 + 1230 = 1.582KW$$

(7.13)

(T<sub>1</sub>)

(Q<sub>1</sub>)

(Q<sub>3</sub>)

(T<sub>2</sub>)

(Q<sub>2</sub>)

( $\frac{Q_3}{Q_1}$ )

(T<sub>4</sub>)

(Q<sub>4</sub>)

(T<sub>3</sub>)

$$W_{HE} = W_{HP}$$

$$\eta_{HE} \times Q_1 = \frac{Q_3}{(COP)_{HP}}$$

$$\frac{Q_3}{Q_1} = \eta_{HE} \times (COP)_{HP}$$

$$= \frac{T_1 - T_2}{T_1} \times \frac{T_3}{T_4 - T_3}$$

(7.1)

.(120000kJ/h)

.(2.4)

.(0.9)

**(15.4kW) :**

(7.2)

(50%)

(333K) (944K)

(- 6.7°c)

(50%)

(32.2°c)

**(0.8) :**

(7.3)

(40000kJ/kg)

(60%)

.(26000kJ/kg)

.(80 °c)

**(844K) :**

(7.4)

(43)

(1450kJ)

(80%)

(820°c)

.(kW)

(2) .

(1)

.(40°c)

**(19.26kW , 621.76kJ) :**

(7.5)

$(10^{\circ}\text{C})$   $(26^{\circ}\text{C})$   
 $(90\%)$   $(527^{\circ}\text{C})$   
 $(70\%)$

(7.57) :

(7.6)

$(Q_A)$   $(50\%)$   
 $(60^{\circ}\text{C})$   $(671^{\circ}\text{C})$   
 $(Q_B)$   $(-6.7^{\circ}\text{C})$   
 $(50\%)$   $(32.2^{\circ}\text{C})$   
 $(\frac{Q_A}{Q_B})$

(0.8) :

(7.7)

$(87^{\circ}\text{C})$   $(2^{\circ}\text{C})$   
 $(5500\text{kg/hr})$   $(4^{\circ}\text{C})$   $(7^{\circ}\text{C})$   
 $(20^{\circ}\text{C})$   $(10^{\circ}\text{C})$   
(1)  
 $(1\text{bar})$   $(20^{\circ}\text{C})$  (2)  
(3)

$R=0.295 \text{ kJ /kg. K}$  ,  $\gamma=1.4$  ,  $C_w=4.2\text{kJ/kg. K}$

**(5.95kW, 2.109m<sup>3</sup>/S, 2.44kg/s) :**

(20 °c) (7.8)  
(48000kJ/hr) (0 °c)

(0.91kW) :

(7.9)  
( )  
(25 °c)  
) (2400kJ/hr.K)

(.1kW)  
(49.09 °c) :

(60%) . (7.10)  
(1000kJ)

: (2.4) (40%) (1)

(2)

(3)

(816kJ, 576kJ, 600kJ) :

**Ideal Gas Cycle**

-( 8.1)

(processes)

$$\oint dQ = \oint dW$$

$$\oint dW$$

(P-V)

(Q<sub>o</sub>)

(Q<sub>in</sub>)

$$\eta_{th} = 1 - \frac{Q_o}{Q_{in}} \dots\dots\dots(8.1)$$

( )

**Carnot Principle**

-(8.2)

(Sadi Carnot)

(1824)

( )

(25)

:

(1)

(Reversible Process)

(2)

(Isothermal Process)

(3)

(4)

( )

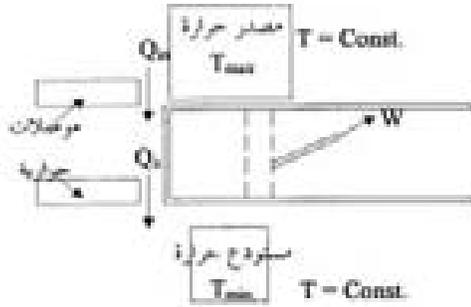
(5)

(Q<sub>0</sub>)

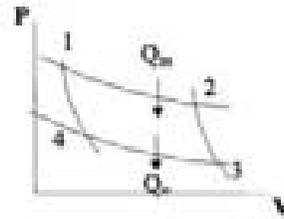
(8.1-a)

(8.1-b) (P-V)

:



(a) محرك



(b)

-( 8.1)

(1 → 2) (1)

( )

(2 → 3) (2)

(3 → 4) (3)

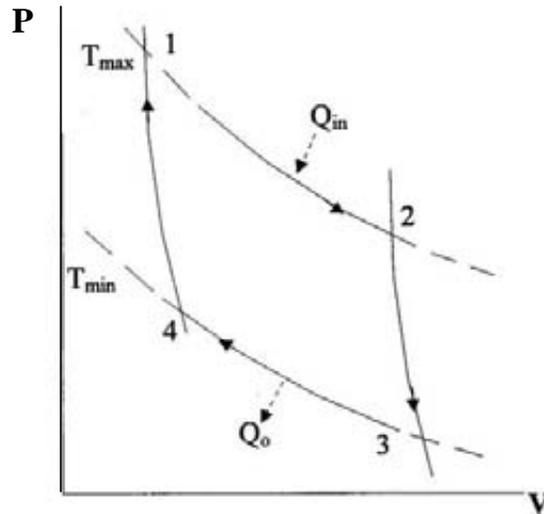
( )

(4 → 1) (4)

(P-V)

(8.1-b)

(8.2)



(8.2)

(Q<sub>in</sub>)

(1 → 2) (1)

(T<sub>max</sub>)

$$Q_{in} = P_1 V_1 \ln \frac{V_2}{V_1} = mRT_1 \ln \frac{V_2}{V_1} \dots \dots \dots (8.2)$$

(2 → 3) (2)

$$\frac{T_2}{T_3} = \left(\frac{V_3}{V_2}\right)^{\gamma-1} \dots \dots \dots (8.3)$$

(Q<sub>o</sub>)

(3 → 4) (3)

(T<sub>min</sub>)

$$Q_o = P_3 V_3 \ln \frac{V_3}{V_4} = mRT_3 \ln \frac{V_3}{V_4} \dots \dots \dots (8.4)$$

: 4 → 1 (4)

$$\frac{T_1}{T_4} = \left(\frac{V_4}{V_1}\right)^{\gamma-1} \dots \dots \dots (8.5)$$

(8.5)

(8.3)

(T<sub>3</sub>=T<sub>4</sub>)

(T<sub>1</sub>=T<sub>2</sub>)

$$\frac{V_4}{V_1} = \frac{V_3}{V_2} \dots\dots\dots \text{OR} \dots\dots \frac{V_2}{V_1} = \frac{V_3}{V_4} \dots\dots\dots(8.6)$$

:

$$\begin{aligned} W_{\text{net}} &= Q_{\text{in}} - Q_{\text{O}} = mRT_1 \ln \frac{V_2}{V_1} - mRT_3 \ln \frac{V_3}{V_4} \\ &= mR \ln \frac{V_2}{V_1} (T_1 - T_3) \dots\dots\dots(8.7) \end{aligned}$$

$$\eta_c = \frac{W_{\text{net}}}{Q_{\text{in}}} = \frac{mR \ln \frac{V_2}{V_1} (T_1 - T_3)}{mRT_1 \ln \frac{V_2}{V_1}} = \frac{T_1 - T_3}{T_1} = 1 - \frac{T_3}{T_1}$$

$$= 1 - \frac{T_{\text{min}}}{T_{\text{max}}} = 1 - \frac{Q_{\text{O}}}{Q_{\text{in}}} \dots\dots\dots(8.8)$$

.(\Sigma W)

(W<sub>ent</sub>)

(W<sub>o</sub>)

)

:

(T)

(Q)

(

$$\eta_c = 1 - \frac{Q_{\text{O}}}{Q_{\text{in}}} = 1 - \frac{T_{\text{min}}}{T_{\text{max}}} \dots\dots\dots(8.9)$$

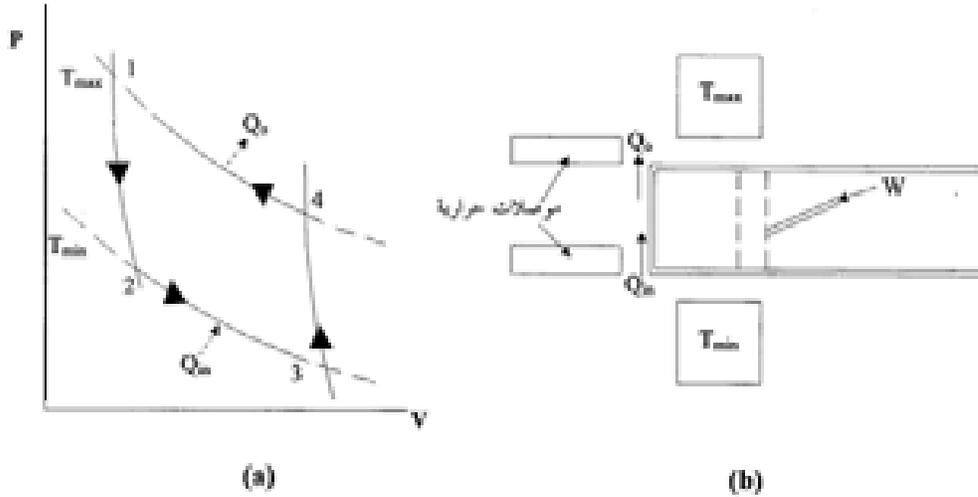
(T<sub>max</sub>) (T<sub>min</sub>)

:

$$\frac{V_2}{V_1} \cdot \frac{V_3}{V_2} = \frac{V_3}{V_1} \dots\dots\dots(8.10)$$

The Reversed Carnot Cycle

-(8.5)



-(8.3)

$$\frac{(Q_o)}{(Q_{in})} = \frac{(W_{in})}{(Q_{in})} \quad (8.3-b)$$

(8.3-a) (P-V)

(8.3-b)

(Refrigerator)

(Heat Pump)

$$(COP)_{HP} = \frac{Q_o}{W_{in}} = \frac{Q_o}{Q_o - Q_{in}} = \frac{T_{max}}{T_{max} - T_{min}} \dots\dots\dots(8.11)$$

$$(COP)_{ref} = \frac{Q_{in}}{W_{in}} = \frac{Q_o}{Q_o - Q_{in}} = \frac{T_{min}}{T_{max} - T_{min}} \dots\dots\dots(8.12)$$

(ref)

(HP)

- (8.6)

**The Carnot Cycle and The Absolute Temperature**

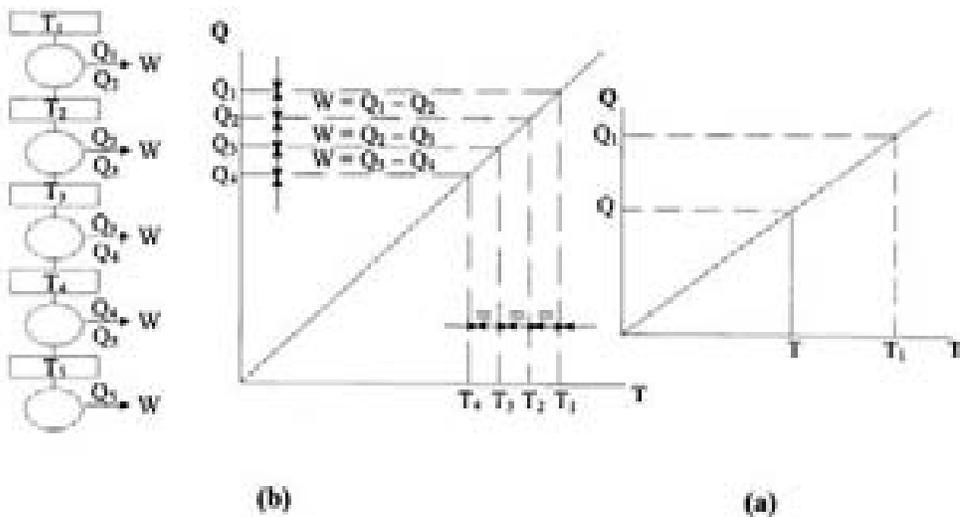
$$\eta_c = 1 - \frac{Q_o}{Q_{in}} = 1 - \frac{T_{min}}{T_{max}} \dots\dots\dots(8.13)$$

$$\therefore T_{min} = \frac{Q_o}{Q_{in}} \cdot T_{max} \dots\dots\dots(8.14)$$

$$(Q_o, Q_{in}) \qquad (T_{max}) \qquad (T_{min}) \qquad (1)$$

$$(2)$$

$$(8.4-a) \qquad (T_{min}=0) \qquad (Q_o=0) \qquad (3)$$



- (8.4)

(8.4-b)

$$\sum W = W_1 + W_2 + W_3 + W_4 + W_5 = Q_{in} - Q_o = 0 \dots\dots\dots(8.15)$$

(T<sub>min</sub>=0)

(Q<sub>o</sub>=0)

(Q<sub>5</sub>)

(100%)

(T<sub>min</sub>)

(8.1)

$$. (6\text{bar}) \quad (27^\circ\text{C}) \quad (2\text{bar}) \quad (4\text{kg})$$

(2) . (1)

$n=1.15, C_p=1.55\text{kJ/kg. K}, C_v=1.25\text{kJ/kg. K}$

$$T_2 = T_1 \left( \frac{P_2}{P_1} \right) = 300 \left( \frac{6}{2} \right) = 900\text{K}$$

$$T_3 = T_1 \left( \frac{P_3}{P_1} \right)^{\frac{n-1}{n}} = 300 \left( \frac{6}{2} \right)^{\frac{1.15-1}{1.15}} = 346\text{K}$$

$$Q_{23} = mC_p(T_3 - T_2) = 4 \times 1.55(346 - 900) = -3434.8\text{kJ}$$

$$V_1 = \frac{mRT_1}{P_1} = \frac{4 \times 0.3 \times 300}{200} = 1.8\text{m}^3 = V_2$$

$$V_3 = V_2 \cdot \frac{T_3}{T_2} = 1.8 \times \frac{346.2}{900} = 0.69\text{m}^3$$

$$W_{23} = P(V_3 - V_2) = 600(0.69 - 1.8) = -666\text{kJ}$$

$$W_{31} = \frac{mR(T_3 - T_1)}{n-1} = \frac{4 \times 0.3(346 - 300)}{1.15 - 1} = 368\text{kJ}$$

$$W_T = 0 + (-666) + 368 = -298\text{kJ}$$

(8.2)

(1kg)

(20bar)

(1bar)

(20°C)

 $C_p=1.005\text{kJ/kg}\cdot\text{K}$ ,  $R=0.287\text{kJ/kg}\cdot\text{K}$ 

$$\gamma = \frac{C_p}{C_p - R} = \frac{1.005}{1.005 - 0.287}$$

$$= 1.399$$

$$T_1 = T_3 \left(\frac{P_1}{P_3}\right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} = 293 \left(\frac{20}{1}\right)^{\frac{1.399-1}{1.399}}$$

$$= 688.1\text{K}$$

$$\therefore P_2 = T_2 \frac{P_3}{T_3} = 688.1 \left(\frac{1}{293}\right)$$

$$= 2.35\text{bar}$$

$$q_{12} = W_{12} = RT_1 \ln \frac{P_1}{P_2}$$

$$= 0.287 \times 688.1 \ln \frac{20}{2.35}$$

$$= 423\text{kJ/kg}$$

$$q_{23} = C_v(T_3 - T_2)$$

$$= (C_p - R)(T_3 - T_2)$$

$$= 0.718(293 - 688)$$

$$= -2840\text{kJ/kg}$$

$$w_{31} = -\Delta u_{31}$$

$$= -C_v(T_1 - T_3)$$

$$= -[0.718 - (688.1 - 293)]$$

$$= -284\text{kJ/kg}$$

(8.3)

(5bar)

(2bar)

(37°C)

(1kg)

 $R=0.287\text{kJ/kg}\cdot\text{K}$ ,  $\gamma=1.4$ 

$$V_1 = \frac{mRT_1}{P_1} = \frac{1 \times 0.287 \times 310}{200}$$

$$= 0.445\text{m}^3$$

$$V_2 = \frac{P_1 V_1}{P_2} = \frac{200 \times 0.445}{500}$$

$$= 0.178\text{m}^3 = V_3$$

$$P_3 = P_1 \left(\frac{V_1}{V_3}\right)^\gamma = 200 \left(\frac{0.445}{0.178}\right)^{1.4}$$

$$= 721.35\text{kN/m}^2$$

$$T_3 = \frac{P_3 T_2}{P_2} = \frac{721.35 \times 310}{500}$$

$$= 447.3\text{K}$$

(8.4)

:

$$\left(\frac{1}{7}\right) \quad (25^\circ\text{C})$$

.

$$\gamma = 1.4: \quad \left(\frac{W_{\text{net}}}{Q_{\text{in}}}\right)$$

(1)

$$T_3 = T_1 \left(\frac{V_1}{V_3}\right)^{\gamma-1} = 298(7)^{1.4-1}$$

$$= 649.016\text{K}$$

$$W_{12} = mRT_1 \ln \frac{V_2}{V_1}, W_{23} = 0$$

$$W_{31} = \frac{mR}{\gamma-1} (T_3 - T_1)$$

$$Q_{\text{in}} = mC_v(T_3 - T_2)$$

$$= \frac{mR}{\gamma-1} (T_3 - T_2)$$

$$\frac{W_{\text{net}}}{Q_{\text{in}}} = \frac{mRT_1 \ln \frac{V_2}{V_1} + 0 + \frac{mR}{\gamma-1} (T_3 - T_1)}{\frac{mR}{\gamma-1} (T_3 - T_2)}$$

$$= \frac{298 \ln \frac{1}{7} + \frac{1}{0.4} (649 - 298)}{\frac{1}{0.4} (649 - 298)}$$

$$= 0.339$$

(2)

$$\frac{P_2}{P_1} = \frac{V_1}{V_2} = 7$$

$$\frac{P_3}{P_1} = \frac{P_2}{P_1} = \left(\frac{V_1}{V_3}\right)^\gamma = 7$$

$$\frac{V_1}{V_3} = 7^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} = 4$$

$$T_3 = T_1 \left(\frac{V_1}{V_3}\right)^{\gamma-1} = 298(4)^{0.4}$$

$$= 519.9\text{K}$$

$$\frac{W_{\text{net}}}{Q_{\text{in}}} = \frac{W_{12} + W_{23} + W_{31}}{Q_{23}}$$

$$= \frac{mRT_1 \ln \frac{V_2}{V_1} + mR(T_3 - T_2) + \frac{mR}{\gamma-1} (T_3 - T_2)}{mR \frac{\gamma}{\gamma-1} (T_3 - T_2)}$$

$$= 0.253$$

(8.5)

$$. (800\text{K}) \quad (0.2\text{MPa}) \quad (300\text{K})$$

$$. (0.2\text{MPa})$$

$$. (\gamma=1.4)$$

$$= \frac{R\gamma}{\gamma-1} = 3.5R, C_v = \frac{R}{\gamma-1} = 2.5R$$

$$= mC_p(T_3 - T_1) = 1750mR$$

$$= mC_v(T_2 - T_1) + mRT_2 \ln \frac{P_2}{P_3}$$

$$= 2032.66mR$$

$$\frac{P_2}{P_3} = \frac{P_2}{P_1} = \frac{T_2}{T_1}$$

$$\eta = 1 - \frac{Q_o}{Q_{\text{in}}} = 1 - \frac{1750mR}{2034.66mR}$$

$$= 0.14$$

(250)

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(\frac{1}{8}\right) & (37^\circ\text{C}) & (1\text{bar}) & (1\text{kg}) & (8.6) \\ & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ & (3) & (2) & & & (1) \end{aligned}$$

$C_p=1.25\text{kJ/kg. K}$ ,  $C_v=0.75\text{kJ/kg. K}$

$$\begin{aligned} R &= C_p - C_v = 1.25 - 0.75 \\ &= 0.5\text{kJ/kg.K} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} Q_{12} = W_{12} &= mR \ln \frac{V_2}{V_1} \\ &= 1 \times 0.5 \times \ln \frac{\frac{1}{8}V_1}{V_1} \\ &= -322.313\text{kJ} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \gamma &= C_p / C_v = 1.25 / 0.75 \\ &= 1.666 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} V_1 &= \frac{mRT_1}{P_1} = \frac{1 \times 0.5 \times 310}{100} \\ &= 1.55\text{m}^3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P_2 &= \frac{mRT_2}{V_2} = \frac{1 \times 0.5 \times 310}{\frac{1}{8} \times 1.55} \\ &= 800\text{kN/m}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} T_3 &= T_1 \left(\frac{P_3}{P_1}\right)^{\frac{\gamma}{\gamma-1}} = 310 \left(\frac{800}{100}\right)^{\frac{1.66-1}{1.66}} \\ &= 712\text{K} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} Q_{23} &= mC_p(T_3 - T_2) \\ &= 1 \times 1.25(712 - 310) \\ &= 502.5\text{kJ} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} V_3 &= \frac{V_2 T_3}{T_2} = \frac{\frac{1}{8}V_1 \times T_3}{T_2} \\ &= \frac{\frac{1}{8} \times 1.55 \times 712}{310} \\ &= 0.445\text{m}^3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} W_{23} &= P_2(V_3 - V_2) \\ &= 800(0.445 - 0.193) \\ &= 201\text{kJ} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta U_{23} &= Q_{23} - W_{23} \\ &= 502.5 - 201 = 301.5\text{kJ} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} W_{31} &= -\Delta U_{31} \\ &= -mC_v(T_1 - T_3) \\ &= -1 \times 0.75(310 - 712) \\ &= 301.5\text{kJ} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum W &= -322.313 + 201 + 301.5 \\ &= 180\text{kJ} \end{aligned}$$

(8.7)

(200°C) (5bar) (15°C)  
 (15°C) (100°C)

(2) (1)

$$R=0.287\text{kJ/kg.K}, \quad \gamma=1.4$$

$$V_2 = V_1 \cdot \frac{T_2}{T_1} = 10^{-3} \times \frac{473}{288}$$

$$= 1.64 \times 10^{-3} \text{m}^3$$

$$V_3 = V_2 \cdot \left(\frac{T_3}{T_2}\right)^{\frac{1}{\gamma-1}}$$

$$= 1.64 \times 10^{-3} \left(\frac{373}{473}\right)^{\frac{1}{0.4}}$$

$$= 2.973 \times 10^{-3} \text{m}^3$$

$$m = \frac{PV}{RT} = \frac{500 \times 0.001}{0.287 \times 288}$$

$$= 0.006 \text{kg}$$

$$C_v = \frac{R}{\gamma-1} = \frac{0.287}{0.4}$$

$$= 0.718 \text{kJ/kg.K}$$

$$C_p = \frac{R\gamma}{\gamma-1} = \frac{0.287 \times 1.4}{0.4}$$

$$= 1.005 \text{kJ/kg.K}$$

$$Q_{12} = mC_p\Delta T$$

$$= 0.006 \times 1.005(473 - 288)$$

$$= 1.12 \text{kJ}$$

$$Q_{34} = mC_v\Delta T$$

$$= 0.006 \times 0.718(373 - 288)$$

$$= 0.366 \text{kJ}$$

$$Q_{41} = mRT \ln \frac{V_4}{V_1}$$

$$= 0.006 \times 0.287 \times 288 \ln \frac{2.973}{1}$$

$$= 0.523 \text{kJ}$$

$$W_{\text{net}} = Q_{12} + 0 + (-Q_{34}) + (-Q_{41})$$

$$= 1.12 - 0.366 - 0.523$$

$$= 0.212 \text{kJ}$$

$$\eta = \frac{W}{Q_{\text{in}}} = \frac{0.212}{1.12} = 0.189$$

(8.8)

(0.97bar)

$$(PV^\gamma = C_o) \quad \left(\frac{1}{18}\right) \quad (PV^\gamma = C_o) \quad (60^\circ\text{C})$$

$$(PV^\gamma = C_o) \quad (1220^\circ\text{C})$$

**Cp=1.005kJ/kg. K,  $\gamma=1.4$** 

$$P_2 = P_1 \left(\frac{V_1}{V_2}\right)^\gamma = 0.97 \cdot (18)^{1.4}$$

$$= 56\text{bar} = P_3$$

$$T_2 = T_1 \left(\frac{V_1}{V_2}\right)^{\gamma-1}$$

$$= 333 \times (18)^{0.4} = 1060\text{K}$$

$$T_3 = T_2 + \Delta T$$

$$= 1060 + 1220 = 2280\text{K}$$

$$\frac{V_3}{T_3} = \frac{V_2}{T_2} \Rightarrow \frac{V_3}{V_2} = \frac{T_3}{T_2}$$

$$= \frac{2280}{1060} = 2.15$$

$$\frac{V_4}{V_3} = \frac{18}{2.15} = 8.35$$

$$P_4 = P_3 \left(\frac{V_3}{V_4}\right)^\gamma = 56 \left(\frac{1}{2.15}\right)^{1.4}$$

$$= 2.87\text{bar}$$

$$T_4 = T_1 \left(\frac{P_4}{P_1}\right) = 333 \left(\frac{2.87}{0.97}\right)$$

$$= 985\text{K}$$

$$C_v = \frac{C_p}{\gamma} = \frac{1.005}{1.4}$$

$$= 0.718\text{kJ/kg.K}$$

$$q_{in} = C_p \Delta T = 1.005 \times 1220$$

$$= 1226\text{kJ/kg}$$

$$q_o = C_v \Delta T = 0.718 \times 652$$

$$= 468\text{kJ/kg}$$

$$w_{net} = q_{in} - q_o = 1226 - 468$$

$$= 758\text{kJ/kg}$$

(8.9)

(1.1 bar)

(0.01m<sup>3</sup>)

(0.09kg)

(0.07m<sup>3</sup>)

(PV<sup>1.25</sup> =C.)

(-4.22kJ)

( )

( )

( )

$$P_2 = P_1 \left( \frac{V_1}{V_2} \right)^\gamma = 1.1 \left( \frac{0.07}{0.01} \right)^{1.4}$$

$$= 16.8 \text{ bar}$$

$$P_3 = P_2 \left( \frac{V_3}{V_2} \right)^\gamma = 16.8 \left( \frac{0.01}{0.07} \right)^{1.25}$$

$$= 1.47 \text{ bar}$$

$$W_{12} = \frac{P_1 V_1 - P_2 V_2}{\gamma - 1}$$

$$= \frac{110 \times 0.07 - 1680 \times 0.01}{1.4 - 1}$$

$$= -22.8 \text{ kJ}$$

$$W_{23} = \frac{P_2 V_2 - P_3 V_3}{n - 1}$$

$$= \frac{1680 \times 0.01 - 147 \times 0.07}{1.25 - 1}$$

$$= 26 \text{ kJ}$$

$$\sum Q = \sum W$$

$$Q_{12} + Q_{23} + Q_{31} = W_{12} + W_{23} + W_{31}$$

$$0 + Q_{23} + (-4.22) = -22.8 + 26 + 0$$

$$Q_{23} = 7.42 \text{ kJ}$$

$$\Delta U_{12} = Q_{12} - W_{12}$$

$$= 0 - (-22.8) = 22.8 \text{ kJ}$$

$$\Delta U_{23} = Q_{23} - W_{23}$$

$$= 7.42 - 26 = -18.58 \text{ kJ}$$

$$\Delta U_{31} = Q_{31} - W_{31}$$

$$= -4.22 - 0 = -4.22 \text{ kJ}$$

(8.10)

(1000K)

(3MPa)

(0.5kg)

(300K)

(0.5MPa)

R = 4.124 kJ/kg.K:

(2)

(1)

$$V_1 = V_4 = \frac{mRT_1}{P_1}, V_3 = V_2 = \frac{mRT_3}{P_3}$$

$$\frac{V_1}{V_2} = \frac{V_4}{V_3} = \frac{\frac{mRT_1}{P_1}}{\frac{mRT_3}{P_3}}$$

$$= \frac{P_3 T_1}{P_1 T_3} = \frac{0.5 \times 1000}{3 \times 300} = 0.55$$

$$Q_{12} = W_{12} = mRT_1 \ln \frac{V_2}{V_1}$$

$$= 0.5 \times 4.124 \times 100 \times \ln \frac{1}{0.55}$$

$$= 1212 \text{kJ}$$

$$Q_{34} = W_{34} = mRT_3 \ln \frac{V_4}{V_3}$$

$$= 0.5 \times 4.124 \times 300 \ln 0.55$$

$$= -363.6 \text{kJ}$$

$$W_{\text{net}} = W_{12} + W_{34}$$

$$= 1212 + (-363.6)$$

$$= 848.4 \text{kJ}$$

$$\eta = 1 - \frac{T_{\text{min}}}{T_{\text{max}}}$$

$$= 1 - \frac{300}{1000} = 0.7$$

(8.11)

$$(3) \quad (175^\circ\text{C}) \quad (1.73\text{MN/m}^2) \quad (1\text{kg})$$

(6)

()

: . ( ) .

( ) .

$$R = 0.29\text{kJ/kg. K. } \gamma = 1.4$$

$$V_1 = \frac{mRT_1}{P_1} = \frac{1 \times 0.29 \times 448}{1730}$$

$$= 0.075\text{m}^3$$

$$V_2 = 3V_1 = 3 \times 0.075$$

$$= 0.225\text{m}^3$$

$$V_3 = 6V_1 = 6 \times 0.075$$

$$= 0.45\text{m}^3$$

$$P_2 = P_1 \frac{V_1}{V_2} = 1730 \times \frac{1}{3}$$

$$= 576.7\text{kN/m}^2$$

$$T_3 = T_2 \left(\frac{V_2}{V_3}\right)^{\gamma-1}$$

$$= 448 \left(\frac{0.225}{0.45}\right)^{1.4-1} = 340\text{K}$$

$$P_3 = P_2 \left(\frac{V_2}{V_3}\right)^\gamma = 576.7 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{1.4}$$

$$= 219\text{kN/m}^2$$

$$\frac{T_1}{T_4} = \frac{T_2}{T_3} = \left(\frac{V_4}{V_1}\right)^{\gamma-1}$$

$$= \left(\frac{V_3}{V_2}\right)^{\gamma-1}$$

$$\therefore \frac{V_4}{V_1} = \frac{V_3}{V_2} = 2$$

$$V_4 = 2V_1 = 2 \times 0.075$$

$$= 0.15\text{m}^3$$

$$P_4 = P_3 \frac{V_3}{V_2} = 219 \frac{0.45}{0.15}$$

$$= 657\text{kN/m}^2$$

$$\eta_{\text{th}} = 1 - \frac{T_{\min}}{T_{\max}} = 1 - \frac{340}{448}$$

$$= 0.24$$

$$W = mR \ln \frac{V_2}{V_1} (T_1 - T_2)$$

$$= 1 \times 0.29 \times \ln 3 (448 - 340)$$

$$= 34.4\text{kJ}$$

(8.12)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & : \quad (1000^\circ\text{C}) \quad (0.032\text{m}^3) \quad (51\text{bar}) \\
 & (3) \cdot (268^\circ\text{C}) \quad (2) \cdot \quad (0.08\text{m}^3) \quad (1) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad (4) \cdot \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad (R=0.287\text{kJ/kg}\cdot\text{K}) \quad (\gamma=1.4)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 m &= \frac{Pv}{RT} \\
 &= \frac{5100 \times 0.032}{0.287 \times 1273} = 0.457\text{kg}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 P_2 &= \frac{P_1 V_1}{V_2} \\
 &= \frac{51 \times 0.032}{0.08} \\
 &= 20.4\text{bar}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 P_3 &= P_2 \left(\frac{T_3}{T_2}\right)^{\frac{\gamma}{\gamma-1}} \\
 &= 20.4 \left(\frac{541}{1273}\right)^{1.4} \\
 &= 1.02\text{bar}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 V_4 &= V_1 \left(\frac{T_1}{T_4}\right)^{\frac{1}{\gamma-1}} \\
 &= 0.032 \left(\frac{1273}{541}\right)^{0.4} = 0.256\text{m}^3
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 P_4 &= P_1 \left(\frac{T_4}{T_1}\right)^{\frac{\gamma}{\gamma-1}} \\
 &= 51 \left(\frac{541}{1273}\right)^{1.4} \\
 &= 2.55\text{bar}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 Q_{\text{in}} &= mRT_2 \ln \frac{P_1}{P_2} \\
 &= 0.457 \times 0.287 \times 1273 \ln \frac{51}{20.4} \\
 &= 152.9\text{kJ}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 Q_o &= mRT_3 \ln \frac{P_4}{P_3} \\
 &= 0.457 \times 0.287 \times 541 \ln \frac{2.55}{1.02} \\
 &= 63.45\text{kJ}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \sum Q &= Q_{\text{in}} - Q_o \\
 &= 152.9 - 63.45 \\
 &= 89.45\text{kJ}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$Q_{12} = W_{12} = 152.9\text{kJ}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 C_v &= \frac{R}{\gamma - 1} = \frac{0.287}{1.4 - 1} \\
 &= 0.718\text{kJ/kg}\cdot\text{K}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 W_{23} &= (U_2 - U_3) \\
 &= mC_v(T_2 - T_3) \\
 &= 0.457 \times 0.718(1273 - 541) \\
 &= 240\text{kJ}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$Q_{34} = W_{34} = -63.45\text{kJ}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 W_{41} &= -\Delta U_{41} \\
 &= mC_v(T_4 - T_1) \\
 &= 0.457 \times 0.718(541 - 1273) \\
 &= -240.2\text{kJ}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \sum W &= 152.9 + 240.2 - 63.45 - 240.2 \\
 &= 89.45\text{kJ}
 \end{aligned}$$

(8.13)

$$(55\%) \quad (400^\circ\text{C})$$

$$(a) \quad (\gamma=1.4) \quad (2.8)$$

(C) . (b) .

$$\eta_C = 1 - \frac{T_{\min}}{T_{\max}} \Rightarrow 0.55 = 1 - \frac{T_{\min}}{673}$$

$$T_{\min} = 303\text{K}$$

$$\frac{V_3}{V_2} = \left(\frac{T_2}{T_3}\right)^{\frac{1}{\gamma-1}} = \left(\frac{673}{303}\right)^{\frac{1}{1.4-1}} = 7.1$$

$$\frac{V_3}{V_1} = \left(\frac{V_3}{V_2} \cdot \frac{V_2}{V_1}\right) = 7.1 \times 2.8 = 19.9$$

(8.14)

$$(300\text{K}) \quad (700\text{K})$$

(6.5 bar)

: (1 kg)

$$R = 0.287\text{kJ/kg} \cdot \text{K}$$

$$\eta_C = 1 - \frac{T_{\min}}{T_{\max}} = 1 - \frac{300}{700} = 0.57$$

$$v_1 = \frac{RT_1}{P_1} = \frac{0.287 \times 700}{650} = 0.31\text{m}^3$$

$$v_2 = 2v_1 = 2 \times 0.31 = 0.62\text{m}^3$$

$$q_{12} = w_{12} = P_1 V_1 \ln \frac{v_2}{v_1} = 650 \times 0.31 \ln 2 = 139.66\text{kJ}$$

$$w_{\text{net}} = \eta_C \times q_{\text{in}} = 0.57 \times 139.66 = 79.6\text{kJ/kg}$$

(8.15)

$$\left(\frac{1}{16}\right) \quad (53\text{kJ}) \quad : \quad (W, Q_o) \quad (295\text{K})$$

$$\gamma = 1.399$$

$$T_2 = T_1 \left(\frac{V_2}{V_1}\right)^{\gamma-1} = 295(16)^{1.399-1} = 891.8\text{K}$$

$$\eta_c = 1 - \frac{T_{\min}}{T_{\max}} = 1 - \frac{Q_o}{Q_{in}}$$

$$1 - \frac{295}{891.8} = 1 - \frac{Q_o}{53}$$

$$Q_o = 17.53\text{kJ}$$

$$W = Q_{in} - Q_o = 53 - 17.53 = 35.65\text{kJ}$$

(8.16)

$$(15^\circ\text{C}) \quad (260^\circ\text{C})$$

(kW)

(88kJ/s)

$$\eta_c = \frac{W}{Q_{in}} = 1 - \frac{T_{\min}}{T_{\max}} = 1 - \frac{288}{533} = 0.46$$

$$W = Q_{in} \times \eta_c = 88 \times 0.46 = 40.4\text{kW}$$

$$Q_o = Q_{in} - W = 88 - 40.4 = 47.6\text{kW}$$

(8.17)

$$(0.075\text{m}^3/\text{kg}) \quad (15\text{bar})$$

$$: \quad (7^\circ\text{C})$$

$$(20\text{kJ/kg})$$

$$() \quad (1\text{kg})$$

$$() \quad ()$$

$$R = 0.29\text{kJ/kg} \cdot \text{K}$$

$$T_{\max} = T_2 \frac{P_2 v_2}{R} = \frac{1500 \times 0.075}{0.29} = 388\text{K}$$

$$q_{in} = RT_{\max} \ln \frac{v_2}{v_1}$$

$$20 = 0.29 \times 388 \times \ln \frac{v_2}{v_1}$$

$$\ln \frac{v_2}{v_1} = \frac{20}{0.29 \times 388} = 1.18$$

$$v_1 = 0.063\text{m}^3/\text{kg}$$

$$\eta_c = 1 - \frac{T_{\min}}{T_{\max}} = 1 - \frac{280}{388} = 0.28$$

$$w = \eta \times q_{in} = 0.28 \times 20 = 5.6\text{kJ/kg}$$

(8.18)

(334kJ) .(400K) (418kJ)  
( ) . ( ) .

$$\eta_{th} = 1 - \frac{Q_o}{Q_{in}} = 1 - \frac{334}{418} = 0.2$$

$$\eta_{th} = 1 - \frac{T_{min}}{T_{max}}$$

$$0.2 = 1 - \frac{T_{min}}{400} = 1 - \frac{T_{min}}{400} \Rightarrow T_{min} = 320K$$

(8.19)

(50°C) (300°C) (0.23kg)  
(2) . (1) .(2.5)

R =0.28kJ/kg. K :

$$\eta_c = 1 - \frac{T_{min}}{T_{max}} = 1 - \frac{323}{573} = 0.437$$

$$W = mR \ln \frac{V_2}{V_1} (T_{max} - T_{min})$$
$$= 0.23 \times 0.28 \ln 2.5 (250) = 14.75kJ$$

$$Q_{in} = \frac{W}{\eta} = \frac{14.75}{0.437} = 33.8kJ$$

$$Q_o = Q_{in} - W = 33.8 - 14.8 = 19kJ$$

(8.20)

(400kJ/h) (40%)  
(25°C)

$$W = \eta \times Q_{in} = 0.4 \times \frac{400}{3600} = 0.044kW$$

$$\eta_c = 1 - \frac{T_{min}}{T_{max}} \Rightarrow 0.4 = 1 - \frac{298}{T_{max}}$$

$$\therefore T_{max} = 496.6K$$

(8.21)

(T<sub>min</sub>) (T<sub>max</sub>)  
(.Sink) (sourCe)

$$\eta = \frac{T_{\max} - T_{\min}}{T_{\max}}$$

$$\eta_a = \frac{(T_{\max} + \Delta T) - T_{\min}}{(T_{\max} + \Delta T)} = \frac{T_{\max} - T_{\min} + \Delta T}{T_{\max} + \Delta T} \dots\dots\dots(a)$$

$$\eta_b = \frac{T_{\max} - (T_{\min} - \Delta T)}{T_{\max}} = \frac{T_{\max} - T_{\min} + \Delta T}{(T_{\max})} = \dots\dots\dots(b)$$

: (b) (a) (b) (a)

$\eta_b > \eta_a$

. Δ T

(8.22)

(300K) (450K)

(1000°C) (450J)

$$\eta_{HE} = \frac{W}{Q_{in}} = \frac{450}{1000} = 0.45$$

$$\eta_{HE} = 1 - \frac{T_{min}}{T_{max}} = 1 - \frac{300}{450} = 0.33$$

(0.33)

(8.23)

(.50%)

(.40%)

(280K)

( )

( ) .

(466.66K)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{(a) } \eta &= 1 - \frac{T_{\min}}{T_{\max_1}} \\
 0.4 &= 1 - \frac{280}{T_{\max_1}} \\
 T_{\max_1} &= 466.6\text{K} \\
 0.5 &= 1 - \frac{280}{T_{\max_2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 T_{\max_2} &= 560\text{K} \\
 \Delta T &= T_{\max_2} - T_{\max_1} \\
 &= 560 - 466.6 = 93.4\text{K} \\
 \text{(b) } \Delta T &= T_{\max_1} - T_{\min} \\
 &= 466.6 - 280 = 186.66\text{K}
 \end{aligned}$$

(8.24)

(600J)

(200K.400K)

$$\begin{aligned}
 (\text{COP})_{\text{ref}} &= \frac{Q_{\text{in}}}{Q_o - Q_{\text{in}}} = 0.5 \frac{T_{\min}}{T_{\max} - T_{\min}} \\
 &= \frac{600}{Q_o - 600} = 0.5 \frac{200}{400 - 200} \\
 Q_o &= 1800\text{kJ}
 \end{aligned}$$

(8.25)

(557°C)

(15°C)

$$\eta_{HE} = 1 - \frac{T_{min}}{T_{max}} = 1 - \frac{15}{273} = 0.661$$

$$W_{HE} = \eta_{HE} \times Q_{in_1} = 0.661 Q_{in_1} = W_{ref}$$

$$(COP)_{HP} = (COP)_{ref} + 1$$

$$\frac{1}{\eta_{HE}} = \frac{(Q_{in})_{ref}}{W_{ref}} + 1$$

$$\frac{1}{0.661} = \frac{Q_{in_2}}{0.661 \times Q_{in_1}} + 1$$

$$\frac{Q_{in_1}}{Q_{in_2}} = 3.1$$

(8.26)

(30kJ)

(33°C) (927°C)

(270kJ)

(33°C)

$$\eta_{HE} = 1 - \frac{T_{min}}{T_{max}} = 1 - \frac{Q_o}{Q_{in}}$$

$$1 - \frac{33}{1200} = 1 - \frac{30}{Q_{in}}$$

$$Q_{in} = 117.6 \text{kJ}$$

$$W = Q_{in} - Q_o = 117.6 - 30 = 87.6 \text{kJ}$$

$$(COP)_{HP} = \frac{Q_{in}}{W} = \frac{T_{min}}{T_{max} - T_{min}}$$

$$= \frac{270}{87.6} = \frac{T_{min}}{306 - T_{min}}$$

$$T_{min} = 2.31 \text{K}$$

(8.27)

(450kW)

.(43000kJ/kg)

(0.015kg/s)

.(220K)

.(830K)

.(306K)

$$\eta_c > \eta_{HE}, (\text{COP})_{\text{ref}} < (\text{COP})_{\text{ref}}$$

$$\eta_c = 1 - \frac{T_{\text{min}}}{T_{\text{max}}} = 1 - \frac{220}{830} = 0.735$$

$$\eta_{HE} = \frac{\dot{W}}{\dot{Q}_{\text{in}}} = \frac{\dot{W}}{\text{mf.LCV}}$$
$$= \frac{450}{0.015 \times 43000} = \frac{450}{645} = 0.698$$

(HE)

$$\eta_c > \eta_{HE}$$

$$(\text{COP})_c = \frac{T_{\text{min}}}{T_{\text{max}} - T_{\text{min}}}$$
$$= \frac{220}{306 - 220} = 2.6$$

$$(\dot{W})_{\text{HEC}} = \eta_c \times \dot{Q}_{\text{in}}$$
$$= 0.735 \times 645 = 474.4 \text{ kW}$$

$$(\dot{Q}_o)_{\text{HE}} = (\dot{Q}_{\text{in}})_{\text{ref}}$$
$$= \dot{Q}_{\text{inHE}} - \dot{W}_{\text{HE}}$$
$$= 645 - 474.07$$
$$= 170.9 \text{ kW}$$

$$(\text{COP})_{\text{ref}} = \frac{(\dot{Q}_{\text{in}})_{\text{ref}}}{\dot{W}}$$
$$= \frac{170.9}{474.07} = 0.361$$

$$\therefore (\text{COP})_c > (\text{COP})_{\text{ref}}$$

(8.28)

(38 °C) .(5kW) .(kJ/min) (15 °C)

$$\begin{aligned}
 (\text{COP})_{\text{ref}} &= \frac{Q_{\text{in}}}{W} = \frac{T_{\text{min}}}{T_{\text{max}} - T_{\text{min}}} \\
 &= \frac{\dot{Q}_{\text{in}}}{5 \times 60} = \frac{288}{311 - 255}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\dot{Q}_{\text{in}} = 3756.52 \text{kJ/min}$$

(8.29)

(200kJ) .(25%) : .(5°C)  
( ) . ( ) . ( )

$$\eta_c = 1 - \frac{T_{\text{min}}}{T_{\text{max}}} = 0.25 \Rightarrow \frac{T_{\text{min}}}{T_{\text{max}}} = 0.75$$

$$\text{COP} = \frac{Q_{\text{in}}}{W_{\text{in}}} = \frac{T_{\text{min}}}{T_{\text{max}} - T_{\text{min}}} = \frac{1}{\frac{T_{\text{max}}}{T_{\text{min}}} - 1} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{0.75} - 1} = 3$$

$$W_{\text{in}} = \frac{200}{3} = 66.66 \text{kJ}$$

$$\Delta s = \frac{Q}{T_{\text{min}}} = \frac{200}{278} = 0.72 \text{kJ/kg}$$

(8.30)

.(20%)

( ) . ( ) :

(a)

$$(\text{COP})_{\text{HP}} = \frac{1}{\eta} = \frac{1}{0.20} = 5$$

(b)

$$(\text{COP})_{\text{HP}} = (\text{COP})_{\text{ref}} + 1$$

$$5 = (\text{COP})_{\text{ref}} + 1$$

$$(\text{COP})_{\text{ref}} = 5 - 1 = 4$$

(8.31)

(15)

: (21°C) (260°C)

( )

$\gamma = 1.4$ : ( )

$$\frac{T_1}{T_4} = \frac{T_2}{T_3} = \left(\frac{V_4}{V_1}\right)^{\gamma-1} = \left(\frac{V_3}{V_2}\right)^{\gamma-1}$$

$$\therefore \frac{V_4}{V_1} = \frac{V_3}{V_2} = \left(\frac{T_1}{T_4}\right)^{\frac{1}{\gamma-1}}$$

$$= \left(\frac{533}{294}\right)^{\frac{1}{1.4-1}} = 4.42$$

$$\frac{V_3}{V_4} = \frac{V_3}{V_1} \cdot \frac{V_1}{V_4}$$

$$= 15 \cdot \frac{1}{4.42} = 3.39$$

$$\eta = 1 - \frac{T_{\min}}{T_{\max}} = 1 - \frac{294}{533} = 0.45$$

(8.32)

(550K)

(35%)

(750kJ)

(300K)

:

(3)

(2)

(1)

$$Q_{in} = \frac{W_{net}}{\eta} = \frac{750}{0.35} = 2143 \text{kJ}$$

$$Q_o = W_{net} - Q_{in} = 750 - 2143 = -1393 \text{kJ}$$

$$\eta_c = 1 - \frac{T_{\min}}{T_{\max}} = 1 - \frac{300}{550} = 0.455$$

$$Q_{in} = \frac{W_{net}}{\eta} = \frac{750}{0.455} = 1648 \text{kJ}$$

$$Q_o = W_{net} - Q_{in} = 750 - 1648 = -898 \text{kJ}$$

(8.33)

$$\left(\frac{6}{5}\right) \quad \left(\frac{5}{4}\right) \quad \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)$$

$C_p=0.293\text{kJ/kg. K}$  ,  $C_v=0.209\text{kJ/kg. K}$

$$T_2 = T_1 \left(\frac{P_2}{P_1}\right) = \frac{6}{5} T_1$$

$$q_{12} = C_v \Delta T = 0.209 \left(\frac{6}{5} T_1 - T_1\right) \\ = 0.042 T_1$$

$$T_3 = T_2 \left(\frac{V_3}{V_2}\right) = \frac{6}{5} T_1 \left(\frac{\frac{5}{4} V_1}{V_1}\right) = \frac{3}{2} T_1$$

$$q_{23} = C_p \Delta T = 0.293 \left(\frac{3 T_1}{10}\right) \\ = 0.088 T_1$$

$$T_4 = T_3 \left(\frac{P_4}{P_3}\right) = \frac{3}{2} T_1 \left(\frac{P_1}{\frac{5}{4} T_1}\right) = \frac{5}{4} T_1$$

$$q_{34} = C_v \Delta T = 0.209 \left(\frac{5}{4} T_1 - \frac{3}{2} T_1\right) \\ = -0.05 T_1$$

$$q_{41} = C_v \Delta T = 0.293 \left(T_1 - \frac{5}{4} T_1\right) \\ = -0.07 T_1$$

$$q_{in} = q_{12} + q_{23} = 0.13 T_1$$

$$q_o = q_{34} + q_{41} = 0.12 T_1$$

$$w = q_{in} - q_o = 0.01 T_1$$

$$\eta = \frac{w}{q_{in}} = \frac{0.01 T_1}{0.13 T_1} = 0.077$$

$$\eta_c = 1 - \frac{T_1}{T_3} = \frac{T_1}{\frac{3}{2} T_1}$$

$$= 1 - 0.66 = 0.34$$

$$\frac{0.077}{0.34} = 0.226$$

(8.1)

(20°C) (1.01bar)

( $\frac{18}{1}$ )

(1kg)

( $\gamma = 1.4$ ) (69bar)

(144.6kJ/kg 166.3kJ/kg) :

(8.2)

(1kg)

(600K)

**R = 0.287kJ/kg. K**

(32.58kJ , 1.285) :

(8.3)

(10bar)

(35bar)

(T-S) (P-V)

(50% ):

(8.4)

(360 °C) (1.4MN/m<sup>2</sup>)

(360°C)

(100MN/m<sup>2</sup>)

(220kN/m<sup>2</sup>)

(1) : (0.23kg)

(P-V)

(3) .

(2)  $\gamma$ .

(Cp=1.005kJ/kg. K)

( $\oint dQ = \oint dW$ )

(-24.12kJ, -55.9kJ, 1.427) :

(8.5)

$$\left(\frac{1}{12}\right) (PV^{1.4}=C) \quad (15^\circ\text{C})$$

$$(1100^\circ\text{C})$$

$$(2) \quad (1) : \quad (1\text{kg})$$

**R=0.287kJ/kg. K**

**(346.6kJ/kg , 346.7kJ/kg) :**

(8.6)

$$(3.45\text{kN/m}^2) \quad (230^\circ\text{C}) \quad (1\text{kg})$$

$$(235\text{K}) \quad (140\text{kN/m}^2) \quad (2\text{MN/m}^2)$$

$$(3) \quad (2) \quad (1) \quad (C_p=1.006\text{kJ/kg.K})$$

(P-V)

**(-192.3kJ, 44.3kJ, 192.3kJ) :**

(8.7)

$$(67^\circ\text{C}) \quad (219\text{kN/m}^2) \quad (1\text{kg})$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{6}\right)$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)$$

(175°C)

$$(1) : \quad (T-S) \quad (P-V)$$

$$(3) \quad (2)$$

**R=0.29kJ/kg. K ,  $\gamma=1.4$**

**(34.4kJ, 24.1%, 577.6kPa, 1733kPa, 657kPa):**

(8.8)

$(\frac{1}{18})$  (60 °C) (0.97bar)  
(1220 °C)

$\gamma = 1.4, C_p = 1.005 \text{kJ/kg} \cdot \text{K}$  :

(1kg)

(T-S) (P-V)

(758kJ/kg, 985K, 2280K, 1060K, 2.87bar, 56bar) :

(8.9)

(74.2CmHg)

$(\frac{1}{7})$

(360°C)

(1.01bar)

(100kPa)

$(C_p = 1.005 \text{kJ/kg} \cdot \text{K})$

(2)  $(\gamma)$

(1) : (1kg)

(P-V)

(4) .

(3) .

(234.5kJ/kg, -234.5kJ/kg, -325kJ/kg, 1.356) :

(8.10)

(30°C)

(5°C)

$(- 0.1 \text{kJ/kg} \cdot \text{K})$

(2) .

(1) : (T-S) (P-V)

(1bar)

(4)

(3) .

$\gamma = 1.4, R = 0.278 \text{kJ/kg} \cdot \text{K}$

(11.12, 1.917bar, -2.5kJ/kg, 12.12) :

(8.11)

(15°C)

(20MW)

(40%)

(30000kW, 50000kW, 480K) :

(8.12)

(10°C)

(600°C)

(- 20°C)

(1000kJ)

(T-S) (P-V)

(2)

(1)

(3)

(175.46kJ, -0.2009kJ/K, 0.2009kJ/K, 118.58kJ, 56.88kJ):

(8.13)

(662°C,12°C)

(127kJ)

(-0.135kJ/K, 0.135kJ/K, 38.7kJ) :

(8.14)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (T_2) \quad (Q_2) \quad (T_1) \quad (Q_1) \\
 & (Q_3) \quad (T_4) \quad (Q_4) \\
 & (T_3) \\
 & (72\text{kJ}) \\
 & (75.6\text{kJ}) :
 \end{aligned}$$

(8.15)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (-60^\circ\text{C}) \\
 & (30^\circ\text{C}) \\
 & (120\text{kJ}) \\
 & (2) \quad (1) \quad (3) \\
 & (\text{kW}) \\
 & (0.46\text{kW}, \quad 0.385\text{kW}, \quad 5.195, \quad 254\text{K}) :
 \end{aligned}$$

(8.16)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (20) \\
 & (0^\circ\text{C}) \\
 & (27^\circ\text{C}) \\
 & (227^\circ\text{C}) \\
 & (45000\text{kJ/kg}) \\
 & (335\text{kJ/kg}) \\
 & (1.534\text{kg/h} \quad , \quad 7.67\text{kW}) :
 \end{aligned}$$

(8.17)

(30°C)  
 (5°C) : (30.3kJ/kg)  
 (1 bar)  
**R=0.278kJ/kg. K,  $\gamma=1.4$**   
**(1.917bar , 2.5kJ/kg) :**

(8.18)

(50°C) (0.97bar)  
 (930kJ/kg) ( $\frac{1}{5}$ )  
**Cv=0.717kJ/kg. K,  $\gamma=1.4$ .**  
 (2) . (1) (T-S) (P-V)  
 (kJ/kg) (3) .  
**(441.4kJ/kg, 0.831,0.475 ):**

(8.19)

(4 °C) (0.1kJ/kg.K)  
 : (1.5 bar) (30.2 kJ/kg)  
 (3) . (2) . (1)  
**R=0.278kJ/kg. K,  $\gamma=1.4$**   
**(-0.1kJ/kg , 1.05bar,12.08) :**

(8.20)

(10°C) (50°C)  
 (10kW)  
**(7.075, 8.075, 70.75kW, 80.75kW: )**

(8.21)

(27°C) (1727°C)

(200kJ/kg)

:(Cp=1.006kJ/kg. K) (γ =1.4) (1 bar)

(2) .(MN/m<sup>2</sup>) (1)

(1kg) (3) .

**(30kJ/kg, 162.6, 114.75, 108.4MN/m<sup>2</sup>) :**

(8.22)

(1000°C)

.(21600kJ/hr)

(5kW)

.(27°C)

**(83%, 70% ):**

(8.23)

(25°C)

.(2400kJ/min)

.(- 5°C)

(COP)

(25%)

(COP)

**(16.11kW) :**

(8.24)

.(20°C) (600°C)

(800kJ)

(3) .

(2) .

(1) .

**(336kJ, 579.3kJ, 0.42, 505.75K: )**

(8.25)

(17°C) (50%)  
 (62.4 bar) (1.04 bar)  
 (1) : (T-S) (P-V) (γ=1.4) (Cp=1.005kJ/kg. K)  
 (2) .  
**(0.712, 580K) :**

(8.26)

(50°C) (800°C)  
 (-10°C)  
 ( ) (80kJ) (50°C)  
 (T-S) (P-V)  
 (50%) ( )  
 (60%)  
**(73.53kJ, 245.1kJ) :**

(8.27)

(1000kJ)  
 (20°C) (400°C)  
 (50°C) (600kJ) (20°C)  
**(0.11) :**

(8.28)

(50°C) (1200°C)

.(1000kJ/s)

(60%)

.(- 5°C) (28°C)

(80%)

(3417.82kW, 531.6kW ):

(8.29)

(800°C)

( $\gamma=1.4$ )

( $\frac{5}{1}$ )

.(20°C)

: .(Cp=1.005kJ/kg. K)

(2) .

(1)

(-559.65kJ/kg, -135.3kJ/kg, 559.65kJ/kg, 1.6807 ):

(8.30)

(25°C)

.(2400kJ/min)

.(- 5°C)

(COP)

(25%)

(COP)

(16.11kW) :

(8.31)

(1000°C)

.(21600kJ/hr)

(5kW)

.(27 °C)

(83%, 70%) :



—

**Entropy**      **-(9.1)**

(S)

(...H, U, T, P)

$$\oint dp=0, \oint dT=0, \oint dV=0, \oint dH=0, \oint dS=0$$

( $\Delta S, \Delta H, \Delta U$ )

( $\Delta U$ )

(S, H, U)

( $\Delta S$ )

**Temperature – Entropy Diagram (T-S)**

—

**-(9.2)**

(S)

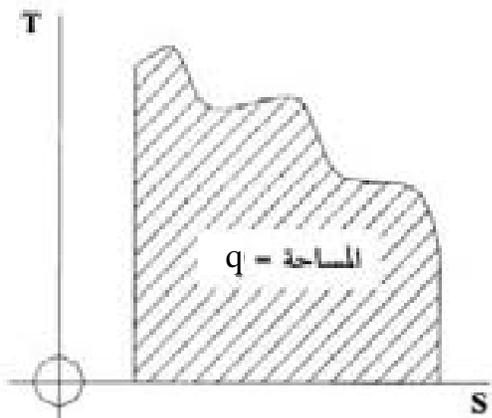
(T-S)

(T)

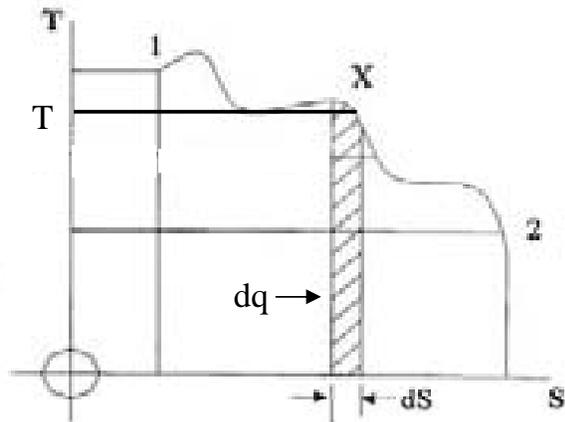
(P-V)

(T-S)

(9.1-a)



(a)



(b)

(T-S)

-(9.1)

(2) (1)

(9.1 -b)

(S) (T)

(X)

: (dS) (S)

(Tds) =

=(dq)

(1)

(2) (1)

=(q) (2) (1)

(2)

: (9.1-a)

$$q = \sum_{s_1}^{s_2} TdS = \int_{s_1}^{s_2} TdS \dots \dots \dots (9.1)$$

$$dq = TdS \dots \dots \dots (9.2)$$

$$dS = \frac{dq}{T}$$

$$\int dS = \int \frac{dq}{T} \dots \dots \dots (9.3)$$

$$\therefore \Delta S = \int \frac{dq}{T} \dots \dots \dots (9.4)$$

(dq)

(q)

(dS)

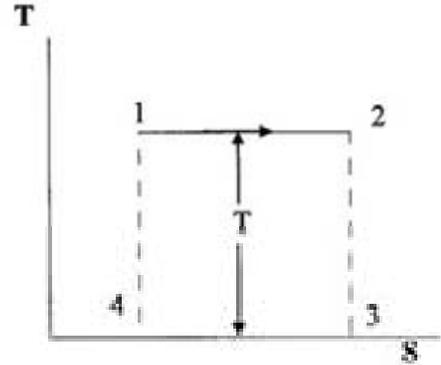
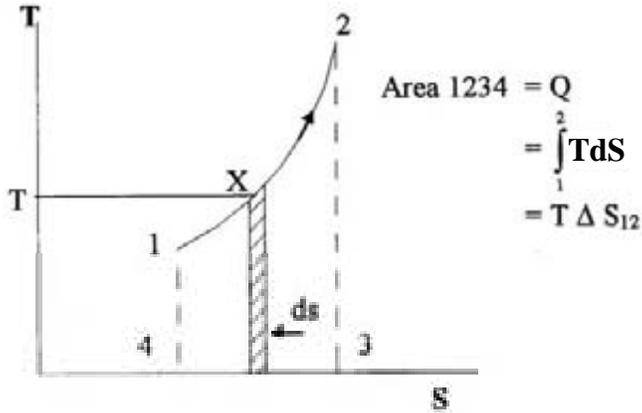
(kJ/kg.K)

(s)

(kJ/K)

$$(S_2) \quad (S_1) \quad (1)$$

$$(9.2-a)$$



(b) ثبوت الحجم أو الضغط

(a) عملية آيزوثرمية

$$-(9.2)$$

$$(T-S) \quad (1 \ 2 \ 3 \ 4)$$

$$dq = TdS \Rightarrow \int_1^2 dq = T \int_1^2 dS \dots \dots \dots (9.5)$$

$$\therefore q = T\Delta S_{12} = \text{area}1234 \dots \dots \dots (9.6)$$

$$(9.2-b)$$

$$(2)$$

$$(1 \rightarrow 2)$$

$$(x)$$

$$(T-S)$$

$$(T)$$

$$(ds)$$

$$(dq)$$

$$dq = TdS = \dots \dots \dots (9.7)$$

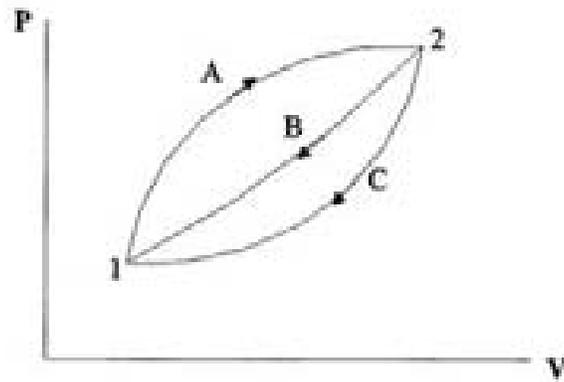
$$\int dq = T \int_{s_1}^{s_2} dS = \sum TdS = 1234 \dots \dots \dots (9.8)$$

$$\therefore q = T\Delta S_{12} = T(S_2 - S_1) = \text{area}1234 \dots \dots \dots (9.9)$$

$$(T-S)$$

-(9.3)

(B) (2) (1) (9.3) (A)  
 (1) (2)



-(9.3)

(Perfect Differential)

$$\oint \frac{dq}{T} = 0$$

:

$$\oint_R \frac{dq}{T} = \int_1^2 \left(\frac{dq}{T}\right)_A + \int_2^1 \left(\frac{dq}{T}\right)_B = 0$$

$$\therefore \int_1^2 \left(\frac{dq}{T}\right)_A = - \int_2^1 \left(\frac{dq}{T}\right)_B \dots \dots \dots (9.10)$$

: (1) (2) (C)

$$\int_1^2 \left(\frac{dq}{T}\right)_A = - \int_2^1 \left(\frac{dq}{T}\right)_C \dots \dots \dots (9.11)$$

: (9.11) (9.10)

$$\int_2^1 \left(\frac{dq}{T}\right)_B = \int_2^1 \left(\frac{dq}{T}\right)_C \dots \dots \dots (9.12)$$

$$\left(\int \frac{dq}{T}\right) \quad \cdot \quad (C) \quad (B)$$

-(9.4)

· Clausius Inequality ( )

(R. Clausius)

$$\eta_C = 1 - \frac{T_{\min}}{T_{\max}} = 1 - \frac{Q_o}{Q_{in}} \Rightarrow \frac{T_{\min}}{T_{\max}} = \frac{Q_o}{Q_{in}} \Rightarrow \frac{Q_{in}}{T_{\max}} = \frac{Q_o}{T_{\min}}$$

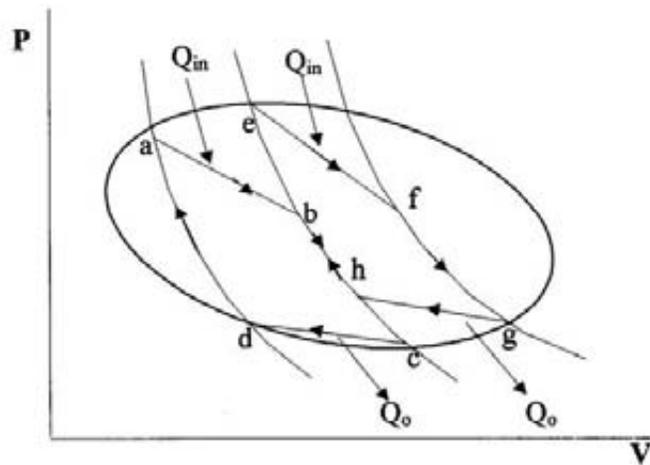
(Q<sub>o</sub>)

$$\frac{Q_{in}}{T_{\max}} = -\frac{Q_o}{T_{\min}} \Rightarrow \frac{Q_{in}}{T_{\max}} + \frac{Q_o}{T_{\min}} = 0$$

$$\therefore \sum \frac{dQ}{T} = 0 \dots \text{OR} \dots \oint \frac{dQ}{T} = 0 \dots \dots \dots (9.13)$$

· ( )

$$(efgh) \quad (abcd) \quad \cdot (9.4)$$



- (9.4)

$$\cdot \left(\oint \frac{dQ}{T} = 0\right)$$

$$\left(\sum \frac{dQ}{T} = 0\right)$$

(∮ )

· ( )

(1854)

$$\eta_c(\text{IRR}) < \eta_c(\text{REV}) \Rightarrow 1 - \frac{T_{\min}}{T_{\max}} < 1 - \frac{Q_o}{Q_{\text{in}}} \Rightarrow \frac{Q_{\text{in}}}{T_{\max}} < \frac{Q_o}{T_{\min}}$$

(Q<sub>o</sub>)

$$\frac{Q_{\text{in}}}{T_{\max}} < -\frac{Q_o}{T_{\min}} \Rightarrow \frac{Q_{\text{in}}}{T_{\max}} + \frac{Q_o}{T_{\min}} < 0$$

$$\therefore \sum \frac{dQ}{T} < 0 \dots \text{OR} \dots \oint \frac{dQ}{T} < 0 \dots (9.14)$$

$$\left( \sum \frac{dQ}{T} < 0 \right)$$

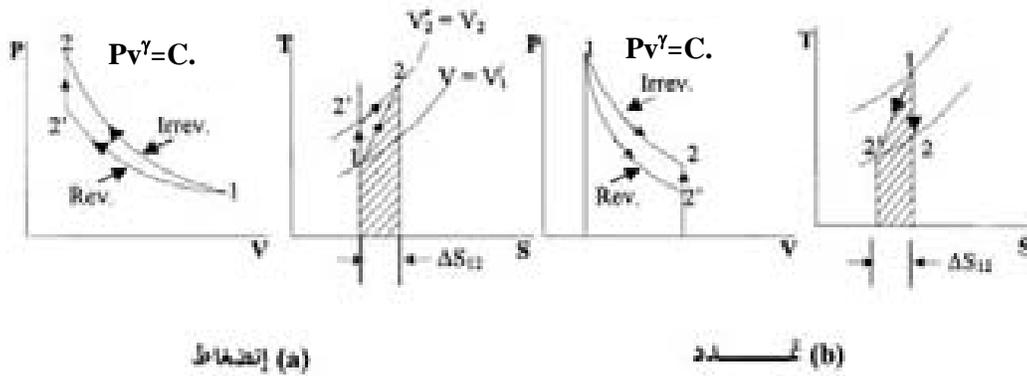
$$\left( \oint \frac{dQ}{T} < 0 \right)$$

$$\oint \frac{dq}{T} \leq 0 \dots (9.15)$$

$$\left( \oint \frac{dQ}{T} > 0 \right)$$

-(9.5)

(1)



-(9.5)

(9.5-b)

(9.5-a)

(9.5)

:(1 → 2') (1)

( $Pv^\gamma = C_1$ )

:(1 → 2) (2)

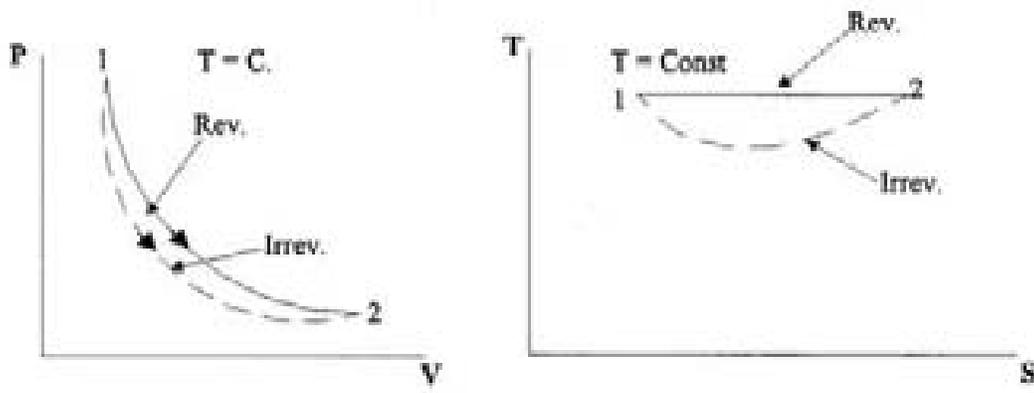
$\Delta S_{12} = (1 \rightarrow 2')$

+ (2' → 2)

$0 + C_v \ln \frac{T_2}{T_{2'}} = \Delta S_{22'}$

(2)

(T-S)



-(9.6)

(9.6)

(2)

(1)

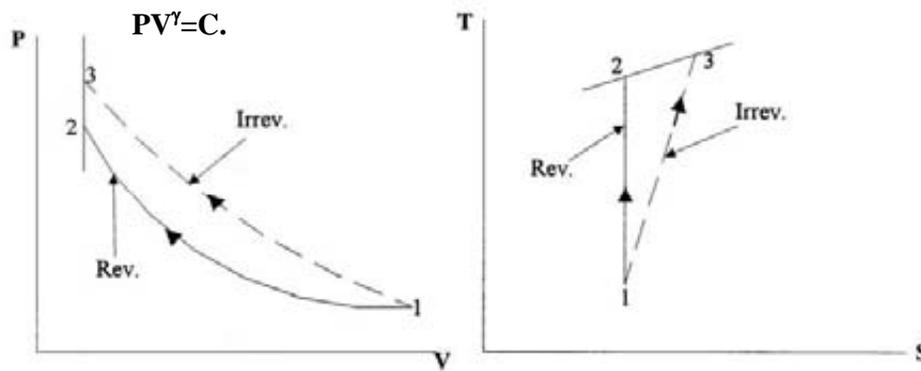
**Isentropic Efficiency**

-(9.6)

( $\Delta s=0$ )

(9.7)

(1→2)



-(9.7)

(Ws)

(Wtheo.)

(9.7) (1 → 3)

(Wa)

(Wact.)

$\dot{q} - \dot{w} = \Delta\mu = C_v(T_2 - T_1)$   
 $\dot{w} = -C_v(T_2 - T_1) \dots\dots\dots (9.16)$

$\dot{q} - \dot{w} = \Delta h = C_p(T_2 - T_1)$   
 $\dot{w} = -C_p(T_2 - T_1) \dots\dots\dots (9.17)$

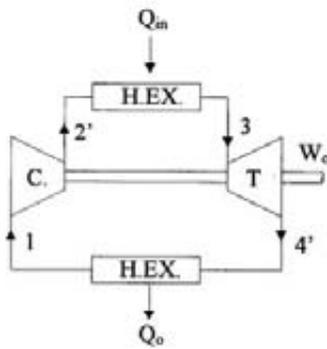
( )

( )

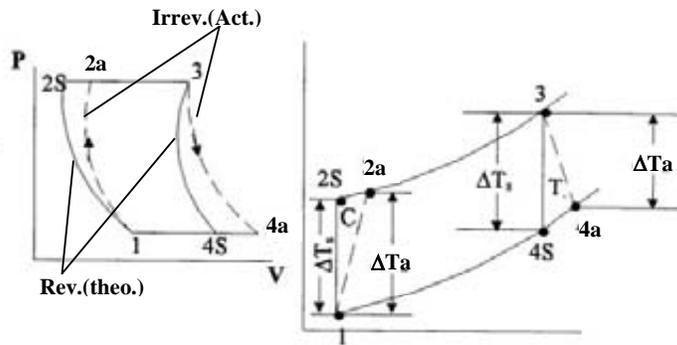
(η) (η<sub>is</sub>)

\*( )

( )



دورة آيزوتروبية



دورة إيزتروبية وحقيقية

-(9.8)

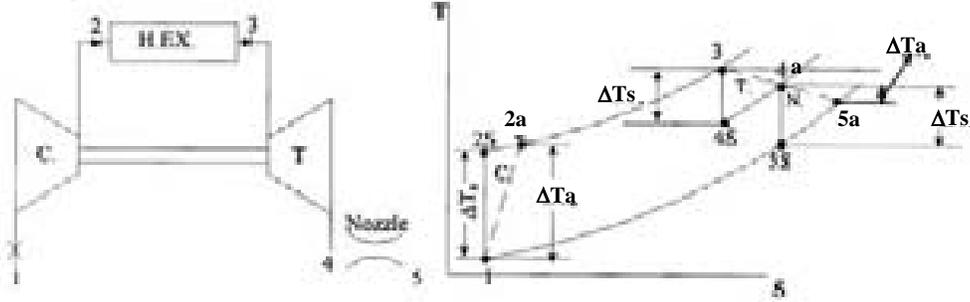
(a)

(s)

\*

(9.9) (9.8)

( )  
 (9.9) (9.8)



دورة آيزوتروبية

دورة آيزوتروبية وحقيقية

-(9.9)

:

(1)

$$\eta_N = \frac{\frac{(C_2)^2 a}{2}}{\frac{(C_2)^2 s}{2}} = \frac{(C_2)^2 a}{(C_2)^2 s} = \frac{\Delta h_a}{\Delta T_s} = \frac{\Delta T_a}{\Delta T_s} \dots\dots\dots(9.18)$$

(2)

$$\eta_D = \frac{P_{2a} - P_1}{P_{2S} - P_1} \dots\dots\dots(9.19)$$

(3)

$$\eta_T = \frac{w_a}{w_s} = \frac{\Delta h_a}{\Delta h_s} = \frac{\Delta T_a}{\Delta T_s} \dots\dots\dots(9.20)$$

(4)

$$\eta_C = \frac{w_s}{w_a} = \frac{\Delta h_s}{\Delta h_a} = \frac{\Delta T_s}{\Delta T_a} \dots\dots\dots(9.21)$$

(9.1)

$$(1.035 \text{ bar}) \quad (837 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}) \quad (4.14 \text{ bar})$$

$$(\gamma = 1.4) \quad (90\%)$$

(9.9)

$$T_2 = T_1 \left(\frac{P_2}{P_1}\right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} = 1110 \times \left(\frac{1.035}{4.14}\right)^{0.286} = 747\text{K}$$

$$\eta_{IS} = \frac{\Delta T_a}{\Delta T_s} = \frac{\Delta T_a}{T_{2S} - T_1}$$

$$\Delta T_a = 0.9 \times (1110 - 747) = 3267\text{K}$$

(9.2)

$$(125^\circ\text{C}) \quad (1\text{bar}) \quad (15^\circ\text{C}) \quad (1\text{kg/s})$$

$$(1\text{kg}) \quad (2.38 \text{ bar})$$

$$\gamma=1.4 \quad C_p=1.005 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

(9.8)

$$\Delta T_a = t_2 - t_1 = 125 - 15 = 110^\circ \text{C}$$

$$w = \Delta h = C_p \Delta T = 1.005 \times 110$$

$$= 110.5 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$T_{2S} = T_1 \left(\frac{P_2}{P_1}\right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} = 288 \left(\frac{2.38}{1}\right)^{0.4}$$

$$= 370\text{K}$$

$$\Delta T_s = T_{2S} - T_1 = 370 - 288 = 82^\circ \text{C}$$

$$\eta_{is} = \frac{\Delta T_s}{\Delta T_a} = \frac{82}{110} = 0.745$$

(9.3)

$$(6.83\text{kW})$$

$$(5.4 \text{ kW})$$

$$\eta_{(is)} = \frac{\dot{w}_s}{\dot{w}_a} = \frac{5.4}{6.83} = 0.79$$

(9.4)

$$\begin{aligned} & (4.14 \text{ bar}) & (15 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}) & (1.01352 \text{ bar}) \\ & & (760^\circ\text{C}) & \end{aligned}$$

$$(722\text{K})$$

$$(0.90) \quad (0.80) \quad (0.85)$$

(2)

(1)

$$\gamma = 1.4 \quad C_p = 1.005 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

(9.9)

$$T_{2s} = T_1 \left( \frac{P_2}{P_1} \right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} = 288 \left( \frac{4.14}{1.013} \right)^{0.286}$$

$$= 430\text{K}$$

$$\Delta T_s = T_{2s} - T_1 = 430 - 288$$

$$= 142\text{K}$$

$$w_s = C_p \Delta T_s = 1.005 \times 142$$

$$= 143 \text{ kJ / Kg}$$

$$\eta_{isc} = \frac{w_s}{w_a} \Rightarrow w_{ac} = \frac{143}{0.85}$$

$$= 168 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$w_{ac} = w_{at}$$

$$168 = C_p(T_3 - T_4) = 1.005(1033 - T_4)$$

$$T_4 = 866\text{K}$$

$$\eta_{ist} = \frac{\Delta T_a}{\Delta T_s} = \frac{T_3 - T_4}{\Delta T_s}$$

$$\Delta T_{st} = \frac{T_3 - T_4}{\eta_{ist}} = \frac{1033 - 866}{0.8}$$

$$= 208.75\text{K}$$

$$\eta_{isN} = \frac{\Delta T_a}{\Delta T_s} = \frac{\Delta T_a}{T_4 - T_{5s}} = \frac{\Delta T_a}{866 - 722}$$

$$\Delta T_{aN} = 144 \times 0.9 = 129.6\text{K}$$

(9.5)

(9.8)

$$\left(\frac{P_2}{P_1} = 6\right) \quad (288\text{K}) \quad (1000\text{K})$$

$$(90\%) \quad (85\%)$$

$\gamma=1.4 \quad C_p=1.005 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$

$$T_{2S} = T_1 \left(\frac{P_2}{P_1}\right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} = 288 \times (6)^{\frac{1.4-1}{1.4}}$$

$$= 481\text{K}$$

$$\eta_{is} = \frac{\Delta T_s}{\Delta T_a} \Rightarrow 0.85 = \frac{481 - 288}{T_2 - 288}$$

$$T_2 = 515\text{K}$$

$$T_{4S} = T_3 \left(\frac{P_4}{P_3}\right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} = 1000 \times \left(\frac{1}{6}\right)^{\frac{1.4-1}{1.4}}$$

$$= 599\text{K}$$

$$\eta_{isT} = \frac{\Delta T_a}{\Delta T_s} \Rightarrow 0.9 = \frac{1000 - T_4}{1000 - 599}$$

$$T_4 = 639\text{K}$$

$$w_C = -C_p(T_2 - T_1) = -1.005 \times (515 - 288)$$

$$= -288\text{kJ/kg}$$

$$w_T = -C_p(T_4 - T_3) = -1.005 \times (639 - 1000)$$

$$= 363\text{kJ/kg}$$

$$w_{net} = w_C + w_T = -288 + 363$$

$$= 135\text{kJ/kg}$$

$$q_{23} = C_p(T_3 - T_2) = 1.005 \times (1000 - 515)$$

$$= 487\text{kJ/kg}$$

$$\eta_{cycle} = \frac{w_{net}}{q_{23}} = \frac{135}{487} = 0.277$$

$$\text{kJ/kg} = \frac{\text{kJ/s}}{\text{kg/s}} = \text{kW/kg.s}$$

kW..per...kg/s

(9.6)

(6bar) (15°C) (1bar)  
 $\gamma = 1.4$  (650°C)

( $\frac{6}{1}$ )

$C_p = 1.005 \text{ kJ/kg}\cdot\text{K}$

(1kg)

(0.9)

(0.88)

( )

( )

( )

$$T_{2s} = T_1 \left( \frac{P_1}{P_2} \right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} = 288 \left( \frac{6}{1} \right)^{\frac{1.4-1}{1.4}}$$

$$= 481 \text{ K}$$

$$\eta_{isC} = \frac{\Delta T_s}{\Delta T_a} \Rightarrow 0.88 = \frac{481 - 288}{T_2 - 288}$$

$$T_2 = 507$$

$$T_{4s} = T_3 \left( \frac{P_4}{P_3} \right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} = 923 \left( \frac{1}{6} \right)^{\frac{1.4-1}{1.4}}$$

$$= 552$$

$$\eta_{isT} = \frac{\Delta T_a}{\Delta T_s} \Rightarrow 0.9 = \frac{923 - T_4}{923 - 552}$$

$$T_4 = 589 \text{ K}$$

$$w_C = C_p(T_2 - T_1) = 1.005 \times (219)$$

$$= 220 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$w_T = C_p(T_4 - T_3) = 1.005 \times 334$$

$$= 336 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$q_{in} = C_p(T_3 - T_2) = 1.005 \times 416$$

$$= 418 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$q_o = C_p(T_4 - T_1) = 1.005 \times 301$$

$$= 303 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$w_{net} = w_C + w_T = -220 + 336$$

$$= 116 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$\eta = \frac{w_{net}}{q_{in}} = \frac{116}{418} = 0.277$$

(9.7)

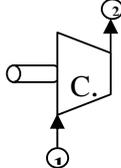
(90kg/h)

(223.63kJ/kg)

(189.7kJ/kg)

( )

(230.4kJ/kg)



$$\dot{W}_{12} = \dot{m}(h_1 - h_{2a})$$

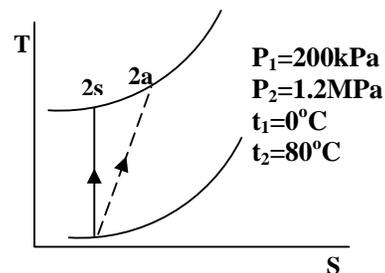
$$= \frac{90}{3600} (189.7 - 230.4)$$

$$= -1.02 \text{ kW}$$

$h_{2a} = 230.4 \text{ kJ/kg}$   
 $h_{2s} = 232.63 \text{ kJ/kg}$   
 $h_1 = 189.7 \text{ kJ/kg}$

$$\dot{W}_{12s} = \dot{m}(h_1 - h_{2s})$$

$$= \frac{90}{3600} (189.7 - 223.63) = -0.85 \text{ kW}$$



$$\eta_{is(c)} = \frac{\dot{W}_{12s}}{\dot{W}_{12a}} = \frac{-0.85}{-1.02} = 0.833$$

(290)

(9.8)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \cdot (373 \text{ K}) \qquad \cdot (300 \text{ kPa}) \qquad (450 \text{ K}) \\
 & \cdot (\quad) \qquad \cdot (\quad) \qquad \cdot (180 \text{ kPa}) \\
 & (3) \qquad (\quad) \qquad (2) \qquad (1) :
 \end{aligned}$$

$C_p = 5.19 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$  ,  $R = 2.078 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$

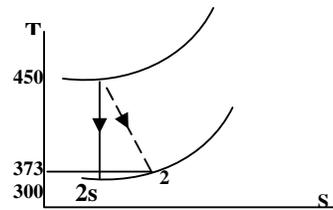
$\gamma = 1.667$

$$\begin{aligned}
 T_2 &= T_1 \left( \frac{P_2}{P_1} \right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} = 450 \left( \frac{180}{300} \right)^{\frac{1.667-1}{1.667}} \\
 &= 367 \text{ K}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 C_{2s} &= \sqrt{2C_p(T_1 - T_{2s})} \\
 &= \left[ 2 \times 5.19(450 - 367)10^3 \right]^{\frac{1}{2}} \\
 &= 928 \text{ m/s}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 C_{2a} &= \sqrt{2C_p(T_1 - T_2)} \\
 &= \left[ 2 \times 5.19(450 - 373) \times 10^3 \right]^{\frac{1}{2}} \\
 &= 894 \text{ m/s}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \eta_{is} &= \frac{h_1 - h_{2a}}{h_1 - h_{2s}} \\
 &= \frac{C_p(T_1 - T_{2a})}{C_p(T_1 - T_{2s})} = \frac{450 - 373}{450 - 367} = 0.93
 \end{aligned}$$



①  $C_1 < C_2$  ②  
 180kPa  
 300kPa 373K  
 450K

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Delta s_{12} &= S_2 - S_1 \\
 &= C_p \ln \frac{T_2}{T_1} - R \ln \frac{P_2}{P_1} \\
 &= 5.19 \ln \frac{373}{450} - 2.078 \ln \frac{180}{300} \\
 &= 0.088 \text{ kJ/kg.K} \\
 \text{kJ} &= 10^3 \text{ J} = 10^3 \cdot \text{N.m} \\
 &= 10^3 \text{ kg.m/s}^2 \cdot \text{m} \\
 &= 10^3 \text{ kg.m}^2/\text{s}^2 \\
 \text{kJ/kg} &= \frac{10^3 \cdot \text{kg.m}^2/\text{s}^2}{\text{kg}} \\
 &= 10^3 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

(9.9)

(101 kPa) (37°C)

(12)

(1566.1K)

: Cp=1.004kJ/kg.K  $\gamma = 1.4$ 

(2) (1)

(87%) (84%) ( )

(2)

(1)

$$T_{2S} = T_1 \left( \frac{P_2}{P_1} \right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} = 310(12)^{\frac{1.4-1}{1.4}}$$

$$= 630.96K$$

$$T_{4S} = T_3 \left( \frac{P_4}{P_1} \right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} = 1566 \left( \frac{1}{12} \right)^{0.286}$$

$$= 769.4K$$

$$w_{12S} = Cp(T_1 - T_{2S})$$

$$= 1.004(310 - 630.96)$$

$$= -322.3kJ/kg$$

$$w_{34S} = Cp(T_3 - T_{4S})$$

$$= 1.004(1566 - 769.4)$$

$$= 799.8kJ/kg$$

$$w_{net} = w_{34S} + (w_{12S})$$

$$= 796.1 + (-320.5)$$

$$= 475.6kJ/kg$$

$$q_{2S3} = Cp(T_3 - T_{2S})$$

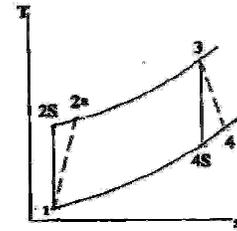
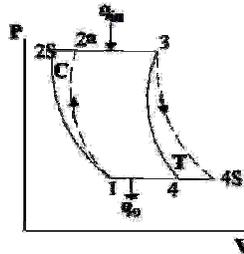
$$= 1.004(1566 - 630.96)$$

$$= -938.8kJ/kg$$

$$\eta_{th} = \frac{w_{net}}{q_{2S3}} = \frac{475.6}{938.8} = 0.506$$

$$\eta_c = \frac{T_{2S} - T_1}{T_{2a} - T_1}$$

$$\Rightarrow 0.84 = \frac{630.96 - 310}{T_{2a} - 310}$$



$$T_{2a} = 692.1K$$

$$q_{23} = Cp(T_3 - T_{2a})$$

$$= 1.004(1566 - 292.1)$$

$$= 877.4kJ/kg$$

$$\eta_{th} = \frac{w_{net}}{q_{23}} = \frac{281.7}{877.4} = 0.32$$

$$\eta_c = \frac{w_{12S}}{w_{12a}} \Rightarrow w_{12act} = \frac{-321}{0.84}$$

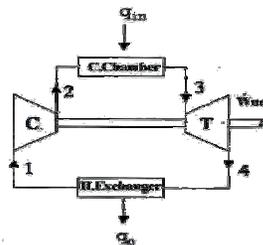
$$= -383.7kJ/kg$$

$$\eta_T = \frac{w_{34a}}{w_{34s}} \Rightarrow w_{34a} = 0.87 \times 764.8$$

$$= -665.4kJ/kg$$

$$\eta_{net} = w_{34act} + w_{12act} = 665.4 + (-383.7)$$

$$= 281.7kJ/kg$$



(292)

(9.10)

$$\begin{array}{lll}
 (10\text{kg/s}) & .(20^\circ\text{C}) & (100\text{kN/m}^2) \\
 & : & .(0.85) & .(\frac{5}{1}) \\
 & : & (\text{ kW}) & ( ) & ( )
 \end{array}$$

$$\gamma = 1.4 \quad C_p = 1.005 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

(9.8)

$$T_{2s} = T_1 \left(\frac{P_2}{P_1}\right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} = 293(5)^{\frac{0.4}{1.4}} = 464\text{K}$$

$$\eta_{is} = \frac{\Delta T_s}{\Delta T_a} = \frac{T_{2'} - T_1}{T_2 - T_1}$$

$$0.85 = \frac{464 - 293}{T_2 - 293}$$

$$T_2 = 494\text{K}$$

$$P_2 = 5P_1 = 5 \cdot 100 = 500\text{kN/m}^2$$

$$\dot{W}_c = \dot{m} C_p (T_1 - T_2)$$

$$= 10 \times 1.005 (293 - 494) = -2020\text{kW}$$

(9.11)

$$\begin{array}{lll}
 (1.3\text{kg/m}^3) & (15^\circ\text{C}) & (93\text{kN/m}^2) \\
 .(82\%) & .(0.17 \text{ kg/s}) & .(200\text{kN/m}^2) \\
 & : & .
 \end{array}$$

$$\gamma = 1.4 \quad C_p = 1.005 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

(9.8)

$$R = \frac{P_1}{\rho T} = \frac{93}{1.3 \times 288}$$

$$= 0.248\text{kJ/kg.K}$$

$$C_p = \frac{R\gamma}{\gamma - 1} = \frac{0.248 \times 1.38}{1.38 - 1}$$

$$= 0.902\text{kJ/kg.K}$$

$$T_{2s} = T_1 \left(\frac{P_2}{P_1}\right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} = 288 \left(\frac{200}{93}\right)^{\frac{1.38-1}{1.38}}$$

$$= 353\text{K}$$

$$\eta_{(is)c} = \frac{\Delta T_s}{\Delta T_a} = \frac{T_{2s} - T_1}{\Delta T_a}$$

$$\Delta T_a = \frac{T_{2s} - T_1}{0.82} = \frac{353 - 288}{0.82}$$

$$= 79.3\text{K}$$

$$\dot{W}_c = \dot{m} C_p \Delta T_a$$

$$= 0.17 \times 0.902 \times 79.3$$

$$= 12.16\text{kW}$$

(293)

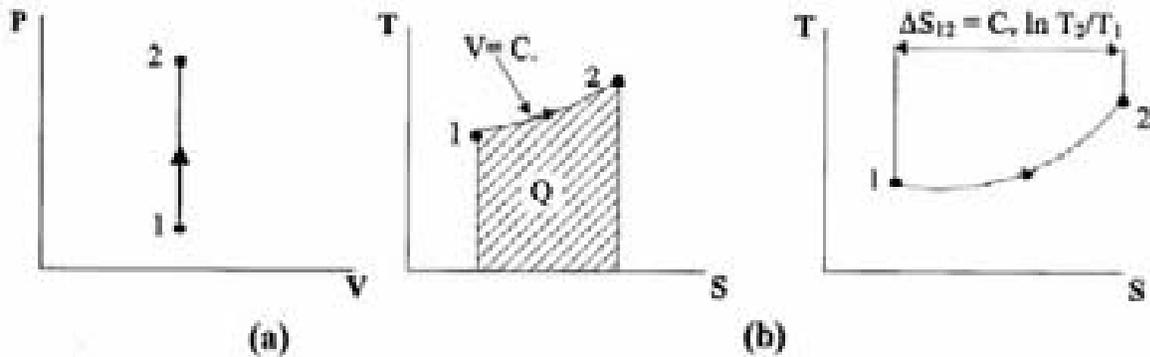
-(9.7)

(2) (1)

∴ (b) (T-S) (a) (P-V)  
**Iso-choric process** (1)

(9.10)

$$\Delta s_{12} = \int_1^2 \frac{dq}{T} = \int_1^2 \frac{C_v dT}{T} = C_v \ln \frac{T_2}{T_1} \dots\dots\dots(9.22)$$

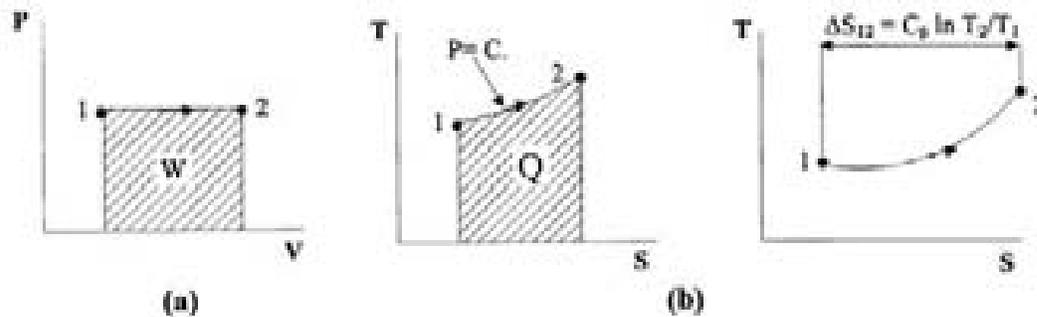


(9.10)

**Iso-baric process** (2)

(9.11)

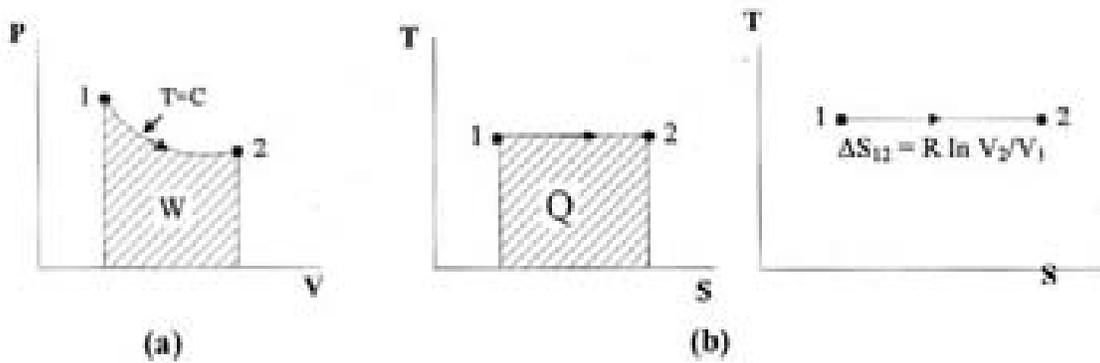
$$\Delta s_{12} = \int_1^2 \frac{dq}{T} = \int_1^2 \frac{C_p dT}{T} = C_p \ln \frac{T_2}{T_1} \dots\dots\dots(9.22)$$



-(9.11)

**Isothermal Process (3)**

(9.12)



-(9.12)

$$\Delta s_{12} = \int_1^2 \frac{dq}{T} = \int_1^2 \frac{PdV}{T} = \int_1^2 \frac{RTdV}{vT}$$

$$\therefore P = \frac{RT}{v}$$

$$\therefore \Delta s_{12} = R \int_1^2 \frac{dv}{v} = R \ln \frac{v_2}{v_1} \dots\dots\dots(9.24)$$

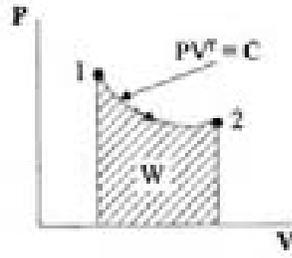
OR :

$$\Delta s_{12} = \frac{q}{T} = \frac{RT \ln \frac{v_2}{v_1}}{T} = R \ln \frac{v_2}{v_1} \dots\dots\dots 9.25)$$

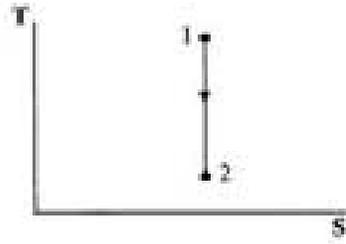
**Adiabatic Process (4)**

(γ) (9.13)

$$\Delta s_{12} = \int_1^2 \frac{dq}{T} = 0 \dots\dots\dots(9.26)$$



(a)



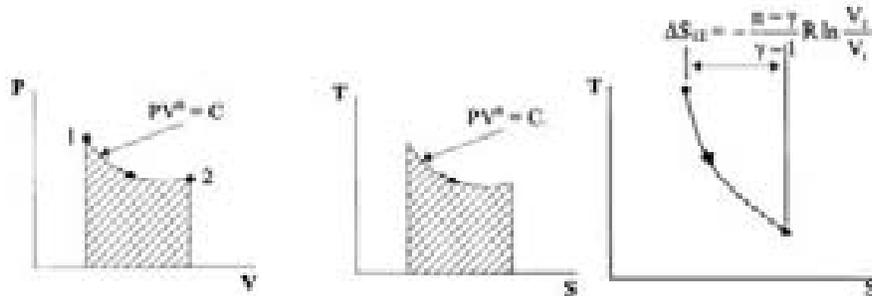
(b)

- (9.13)

**Polytropic Process**

(5)

(9.14)



(a)

(b)

- (9.14)

**dq = du + dw**

$$\int \frac{dq}{T} = \int \frac{du}{T} + \int \frac{pdv}{T} = \int \frac{du}{T} + \int \frac{RTdv}{vT}$$

$$\Delta s_{12} = \int \frac{C_v dT}{T} + R \int \frac{dv}{V}$$

$$= C_v \ln \frac{T_2}{T_1} + R \ln \frac{v_2}{v_1} \dots \dots \dots (9.27)$$

$$P = \frac{RT}{V}$$

(9.27)

:

$\begin{aligned} \therefore \Delta s_{12} &= C_v \ln \frac{T_2}{T_1} + R \ln \frac{v_2}{v_1} \\ \therefore C_v &= C_p - R \\ \therefore \Delta s_{12} &= (C_p \ln \frac{T_2}{T_1} - R \ln \frac{T_2}{T_1}) + R \ln \frac{v_2}{v_1} \\ &= C_p \ln \frac{T_2}{T_1} - R (\ln \frac{T_2}{T_1} - \ln \frac{v_2}{v_1}) \\ &= C_p \ln \frac{T_2}{T_1} - R \ln \frac{T_2 v_1}{T_1 v_2} \\ &= C_p \ln \frac{T_2}{T_1} - R \ln \frac{P_2}{P_1} \dots\dots\dots \end{aligned}$	$\begin{aligned} \therefore \Delta s_{12} &= C_v \ln \frac{T_2}{T_1} + R \ln \frac{v_2}{v_1} \\ \therefore R &= C_p - C_v \\ \therefore \Delta s_{12} &= C_v \ln \frac{T_2}{T_1} (C_p \ln \frac{v_2}{v_1} - C_v \ln \frac{v_2}{v_1}) \\ &= C_p \ln \frac{v_2}{v_1} + C_v (\ln \frac{T_2}{T_1} - \ln \frac{v_2}{v_1}) \\ &= C_p \ln \frac{v_2}{v_1} + C_v \ln \frac{T_2 v_1}{T_1 v_2} \\ &= C_p \ln \frac{v_2}{v_1} + C_v \ln \frac{P_2}{P_1} \dots\dots\dots(9.28) \end{aligned}$
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: (5.46)

(T)

$$\frac{p}{T} = \frac{R}{v} :$$

$$q = \frac{\gamma - n}{\gamma - 1} \cdot dw$$

$$\int \frac{dq}{T} = \frac{\gamma - n}{\gamma - 1} \cdot \int \frac{pdv}{T}$$

$$\Delta s_{12} = \frac{\gamma - n}{\gamma - 1} \cdot R \int \frac{dv}{v}$$

$$= \frac{\gamma - n}{\gamma - 1} \cdot R \cdot \ln \frac{v_2}{v_1} = \frac{\gamma - n}{\gamma - 1} \cdot C_v (\gamma - 1) \ln \frac{v_2}{v_1}$$

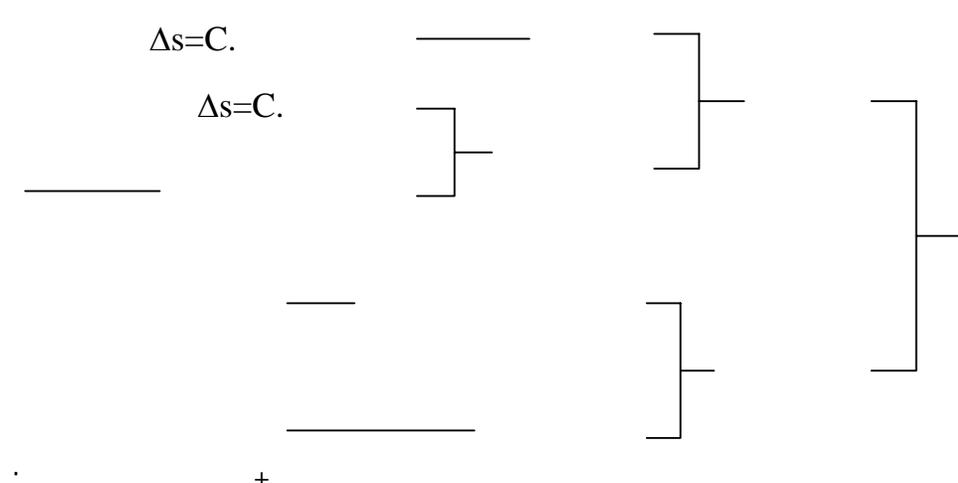
$$\Delta s_{12} = C_v (\gamma - n) \ln \frac{v_2}{v_1} \dots\dots\dots(9.29)$$

(9.29)

:

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \frac{T_2}{T_1} &= \left(\frac{v_1}{v_2}\right)^{\frac{n-1}{n}} = \left(\frac{p_2}{p_1}\right)^{\frac{n-1}{n}} \\ \left(\frac{T_2}{T_1}\right)^{\frac{1}{n-1}} &= \left(\frac{v_1}{v_2}\right) = \left(\frac{p_2}{p_1}\right)^{\frac{1}{n}} \\ \frac{v_2}{v_1} &= \left(\frac{T_1}{T_2}\right)^{\frac{1}{n-1}} = \left(\frac{p_1}{p_2}\right)^{\frac{1}{n}} \dots\dots\dots(9.30) \end{aligned}$$

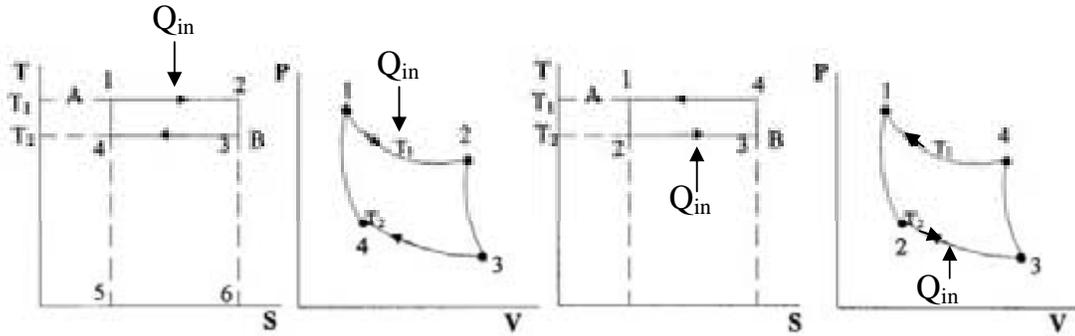
$\begin{aligned} \Delta s_{12} &= Cv(\gamma - n) \ln \frac{v_2}{v_1} \\ &= Cv(\gamma - n) \ln \left(\frac{p_1}{p_2}\right)^{\frac{1}{n}} \\ &= Cv \frac{\gamma - n}{n} \ln \frac{p_1}{p_2} \dots\dots\dots \end{aligned}$	$\begin{aligned} \Delta s_{12} &= Cv(\gamma - n) \ln \frac{v_2}{v_1} \\ &= Cv(\gamma - n) \ln \left(\frac{T_1}{T_2}\right)^{\frac{1}{n-1}} \\ &= Cv \frac{\gamma - n}{n - 1} \ln \frac{T_1}{T_2} \dots\dots\dots(9.31) \end{aligned}$
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$$\begin{aligned} \Delta s_{12} &= (\Delta s_{12})_{\text{heat transfer}} + (\Delta s_{12})_{\text{IRR}} \\ &= \int_1^2 \frac{dq}{T} + (\Delta s_{12})_{\text{IRR}} \\ \Delta s_{12} &> \int_1^2 \frac{dq}{T} \dots\dots\dots(9.32) \end{aligned}$$

(T-S) -(9.8)

(T-S) (P-V) (9.15-a)



دورة كارنو (a)

دورة كارنو العكسية (b)

(T-S) (P-V) -(9.15)

(1 → 2 → 6 → 5) (1 → 2)

(3 → 4 → 5 → 6) (3 → 4)

(1 → 2 → 3 → 4)

: (T-S)

$$\eta_{c.th} = \frac{W}{Q_{in}} = \frac{\text{area}(1 \Rightarrow 2 \Rightarrow 3 \Rightarrow 4)}{\text{area}(1 \Rightarrow 2 \Rightarrow 6 \Rightarrow 5)}$$

$$= \frac{(T_{max} - T_{min})(S_2 - S_1)}{T_{max}(S_2 - S_1)} = 1 - \frac{T_{min}}{T_{max}} \dots\dots\dots (9.33)$$

(9.15-b)

: (T-S) (P-V)

$$C.O.P = \frac{T_{min}(S_4 - S_1)}{(T_{max} - T_{min})(S_4 - S_1)}$$

$$= \frac{T_{min}}{T_{max} - T_{min}} \dots\dots\dots (9.34)$$

:

$$(9.12)$$

(1kg)

$$.(n = 1.3) \quad (1.05 \text{ bar}) \quad (550^\circ\text{C}) \quad (6.3 \text{ bar})$$

$$T_2 = T_1 \left( \frac{P_2}{P_1} \right)^{\frac{n}{n-1}} = 823 \left( \frac{1.05}{6.3} \right)^{\frac{1.3}{1.3-1}} = 545 \text{ K}$$

$$\Delta s_{12} = R \ln \frac{P_1}{P_2} - C_p \ln \frac{T_1}{T_2} = 0.287 \ln \frac{6.3}{1.05} - 1.005 \ln \frac{823}{545} = 0.1 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$(9.13)$$

(1kg)

:

$$\Delta s_{12} = R \ln \frac{v_2}{v_1} = 0.287 \ln \frac{2v_1}{v_1} = 0.199 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$(9.14)$$

(1bar)

(0.5kg)

:(63.9 kJ)

.(270 K)

:

( )

( )

$$R = 0.287 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$W_{12} = mRT_1 \ln \frac{P_1}{P_2}$$

$$-63.9 = 0.5 \times 0.287 \times 270 \ln \frac{1}{P_2}$$

$$P_2 = 5.2 \text{ bar}$$

$$\Delta S_{12} = mR \ln \frac{P_1}{P_2}$$

$$= 0.5 \times 0.287 \times \ln \frac{1}{5.2}$$

$$= -0.237 \text{ kJ/K}$$

(9.15)

.(15°C)

(1.05bar)

(0.03m<sup>3</sup>)

. (4.2 bar)

.(28 kg/kmol)

$$R = \frac{\bar{R}}{M} = \frac{8.314}{28} = 0.297 \text{kJ/kg.K}$$

$$m = \frac{PV}{RT} = \frac{105.0.03}{0.297.288} = 0.036 \text{kg}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta S_{12} &= -mR \ln \frac{P_2}{P_1} \\ &= -0.0368 \times 0.29 \ln \frac{4.2}{1.05} \\ &= -0.01516 \text{kJ/kg} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} Q_{12} &= T \Delta S_{12} \\ &= 288(-0.01516) = -4.37 \text{kJ} \end{aligned}$$

$$W_{12} = Q_{12} = -4.37 \text{kJ}$$

$$V_2 = \frac{mRT_2}{P_2} = 0.007 \text{m}^3$$

$$W = mRT \ln \frac{V_2}{V_1} = -4.37 \text{kJ}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta S_{12} &= \frac{Q_{12}}{T} \\ &= \frac{-4.37}{288} = -0.01516 \text{kJ/kg} \end{aligned}$$

(9.16)

(1kg)

(300K)

(2.5 bar)

(300 K)

(1bar)

(10kJ)

: (310 K)

:

(3)

(2)

(1)

**Cp=1.005 kJ/kg.K , Cv = 0.718 kJ/kg.K**

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta s_{12} &= C_p \ln \frac{T_2}{T_1} - R \ln \frac{P_2}{P_1} \\ &= 1.005 \ln \frac{310}{300} - R \ln \frac{2.5}{1} \\ &= -0.2 \\ &= -0.23 \text{kJ/kg.K} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta U &= m C_v \Delta T \\ &= 1 \times 0.718(310 - 300) = 718 \text{kJ} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} Q &= \Delta U + W \\ &= 7.18 + (-10) = -2.82 \text{kJ} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Delta S = \frac{Q}{T} = \frac{2.82}{300} = 0.0094 \text{kJ/K}$$

(301)

(9.17)

$$\begin{aligned} & (1.05 \text{ bar}) \quad (15^\circ\text{C}) \quad (0.02\text{m}^3) \\ & \qquad \qquad \qquad (4.2 \text{ bar}) \end{aligned}$$

: .

$$\qquad \qquad \qquad (2) \qquad (1)$$

**R=0.287 kJ/kg.K , Cv=0.718 kJ/kg.K**

$$m = \frac{P_1 V_1}{RT_1} = \frac{105 \times 0.02}{0.287 \times 288} = 0.0254\text{kg}$$

$$T_2 = T_1 \left(\frac{P_2}{P_1}\right) = 288 \left(\frac{4.2}{1.05}\right) = 1152\text{K}$$

$$\begin{aligned} Q_{12} - W_{12} &= \Delta U_{12} \\ &= mC_v(T_2 - T_1) \\ &= 0.0254 \times 0.718 \times (1152 - 288) \\ &= 15.75\text{kJ} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} Q_{23} &= mC_p(T_3 - T_2) \\ &= 0.0254 \times 1.005(288 - 1152) \\ &= -22.05\text{kJ} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} Q_{31} &= Q_{12} + Q_{23} = 15.75 - 22.05 \\ &= -6.3\text{kJ} = Q_o \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta S_{31} &= mC_p \ln \frac{T_3}{T_1} - mR \ln \frac{P_2}{P_1} \\ &= -0.0254 \times 0.287 \times \ln \frac{4.2}{1.05} \\ &= -0.01\text{kJ/K} \end{aligned}$$

(9.18)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (15^\circ\text{C}) \quad (1\text{bar}) && (1\text{kg}) \\
 & ( ) \cdot (PV^{1.4} = C) && ( ) \cdot \\
 & \cdot (6.6^\circ\text{C}) \quad ( )
 \end{aligned}$$

$$R = 0.29 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$1 \Rightarrow 2'$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 T_{2'} &= T_1 \left(\frac{V_1}{V_2}\right)^{\gamma-1} \\
 &= 288 \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{\gamma-1} = 501.1\text{K}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 w' &= \frac{R(T_1 - T_2)}{\gamma - 1} \\
 &= \frac{-0.287(501.1 - 288)}{1.4 - 1} \\
 &= -152.9\text{kJ/kg}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\Delta S_{12'} = 0$$

$$1 \Rightarrow 2$$

$$T_2 = 501.1 + 6.6 = 507.7\text{K}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 w &= -\Delta u_{12} = -C_v(T_2 - T_1) \\
 &= -\frac{R(T_2 - T_1)}{\gamma - 1} \\
 &= -\frac{0.29(507.7 - 288)}{1.4 - 1} \\
 &= -157.6\text{kJ/kg}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Delta s_{2'2} &= C_v \ln \frac{T_2}{T_{2'}} = \frac{R}{\gamma - 1} \ln \frac{T_2}{T_{2'}} \\
 &= 0.0093\text{kJ/kg.K}
 \end{aligned}$$

(9.19)

$$(1) \quad (0.02\text{m}^3) \quad (1.05 \text{ bar}) \quad (15^\circ\text{C})$$
$$: \quad (4.2 \text{ bar})$$
$$(2)$$

$$R=0.287\text{kJ/kg.K}$$

$$m = \frac{PV}{RT} = \frac{105 \times 0.02}{0.287 \times 288} = 0.0254\text{kg}$$

$$T_2 = T_1 \left( \frac{P_2}{P_1} \right) = 288 \left( \frac{4.2}{1.05} \right) = 1152\text{K}$$

$$Q_{12} = mC_v(T_2 - T_1)$$
$$= 0.0254 \times 0.718(1152 - 288)$$
$$= 15.75\text{kJ}$$

$$Q_{23} = mC_p(T_3 - T_2)$$
$$= 0.0254 \times 1.005(288 - 115.2)$$
$$= -22.05\text{kJ}$$

$$\sum Q = Q_{12} + Q_{23}$$
$$= 15.75 - 22.05 = -6.3\text{kJ}$$

$$\Delta S_{12} = mC_v \ln \frac{T_2}{T_1}$$
$$= 0.0254 \times 0.718 \ln \frac{1152}{288}$$
$$= 0.0253\text{kJ/kg}$$

$$\Delta S_{23} = mC_p \ln \frac{T_3}{T_2}$$
$$= 0.0254 \times 1.005 \ln \frac{288}{115}$$
$$= 0.0354\text{kJ/kg}$$

$$\Delta S_{31} = 0.0354 - 0.0253 = 0.0101\text{kJ/K.}$$

(9.20)

$$(2) \quad (25^\circ\text{C}) \quad (0.14\text{m}^3) \quad (140 \text{ kN/m}^2)$$

$$(1) : \quad (PV^{1.25} = C.) \quad (1.4\text{kN/m}^2)$$

$$C_p = 1.041 \text{ kJ/kg.K}, C_v = 0.743 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$R = C_p - C_v = 1.041 - 0.743$$

$$= 0.298 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$m = \frac{P_1 V_1}{RT} = \frac{140 \times 0.14}{0.298 \times 298}$$

$$= 0.221 \text{ kg}$$

$$V_2 = V_1 \left(\frac{P_1}{P_2}\right)^{\frac{1}{n}} = 0.14 \left(\frac{140}{1400}\right)^{\frac{1}{1.25}}$$

$$= 0.022 \text{ m}^3$$

$$\Delta s_{12} = C_p \ln \frac{V_2}{V_1} + C_v \ln \frac{P_2}{P_1}$$

$$= 1.041 \ln \frac{0.0222}{0.14} + 0.743 \ln \frac{1400}{140}$$

$$= -0.205 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$\Delta S_{12} = m \Delta s_{12} = 0.221 \times (-0.205)$$

$$= -0.0453 \text{ kJ/K}$$

$$W_{12} = \frac{P_1 V_1 - P_2 V_2}{n - 1}$$

$$= \frac{140 \times 0.14 - 1400 \times 0.0222}{1.25 - 1}$$

$$= -46.0 \text{ kJ}$$

$$Q_{12} = \frac{\gamma - n}{\gamma - 1} \cdot W_{12}$$

$$= \frac{1.4 - 1.25}{1.4 - 1} \times (-46) = -17.25 \text{ kJ}$$

:

 $\Delta s_{12}$ 

$$(1) \Delta s_{12} = C_p \ln \frac{T_2}{T_1} - R \ln \frac{P_2}{P_1}$$

$$= -0.205 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$(2) \Delta s_{12} = C_v \ln \frac{T_2}{T_1} + R \ln \frac{v_2}{v_1}$$

$$= -0.205 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$(3) \Delta s_{12} = C_v (\gamma - n) \ln \frac{v_2}{v_1}$$

$$= -0.205 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$(4) \Delta s_{12} = C_v \left(\frac{\gamma - n}{n - 1}\right) \ln \frac{T_1}{T_2}$$

$$= -0.205 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$(5) \Delta s_{12} = C_v \left(\frac{\gamma - n}{n}\right) \ln \frac{P_1}{P_2}$$

$$= -0.205 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{1}{4}\right) & (0.3\text{m}^3) & (1\text{ bar}) & (0.5\text{kg}) & \text{Co}_2 & (9.21) \\
 & (\gamma=1.306) & & & & & \\
 & & & & & & (R=0.189\text{ kJ/kg.K})
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Delta S_{12} &= 0 \\
 T_1 &= \frac{P_1 V_1}{mR} = \frac{100 \times 0.3}{0.5 \times 0.189} \\
 &= 317.46\text{K} \\
 T_2 &= T_1 \left(\frac{V_1}{V_2}\right)^{\gamma-1} \\
 &= 317.46 \left(\frac{V_1}{0.25V_1}\right)^{0.306} = 485.2\text{K} \\
 P_2 &= P_1 \left(\frac{V_1}{V_2}\right)^\gamma \\
 &= 100 \left(\frac{V_1}{0.25V_1}\right)^{1.306} = 611.35\text{kN/m}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 V_3 &= \frac{mRT_3}{P_3} \\
 &= \frac{0.5 \times 0.189 \times 317.46}{611.35} \\
 &= 0.05\text{m}^3 \\
 \Delta S_{23} &= mC_p \ln \frac{T_3}{T_2} \\
 &= m \frac{R\gamma}{\gamma-1} \ln \frac{T_3}{T_2} \\
 &= 0.5 \frac{0.189 \times 1.366}{1.306-1} \times \ln \frac{317.46}{485.2} \\
 &= 0.171\text{kJ/kg}
 \end{aligned}$$

(9.22)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (0.02\text{m}^3) & (20^\circ\text{C}) & (1\text{bar}) & & \\
 & & & & & (5\text{bar})
 \end{aligned}$$

$$C_p = 1.01\text{kJ/kg.K}, R = 0.287\text{kJ/kg.K}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 m &= \frac{P_1 V_1}{RT_1} \\
 &= \frac{100 \times 0.02}{0.287 \times 293} = 0.0238\text{kg}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 C_v &= C_p - R \\
 &= 1.01 - 0.287 = 0.723\text{kJ/kg.K}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$T_2 = T_1 \left(\frac{P_2}{P_1}\right) = 293 \left(\frac{5}{1}\right) = 1465\text{K}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Delta S_{12} &= mC_v \ln \frac{P_2}{P_1} = 0.0238 \times 0.723 \ln \frac{5}{1} \\
 &= 0.0277\text{kJ/K}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Delta S_{23} &= mC_p \ln \frac{T_3}{T_2} \\
 &= 0.0238 \times 1.01 \ln \frac{293}{1465} \\
 &= -0.0387\text{kJ/K}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Delta S_{31} &= \Delta S_{12} + \Delta S_{23} \\
 &= 0.0277 - 0.0387 \\
 &= -0.011\text{kJ/K}
 \end{aligned}$$

(9.23)

$$\begin{array}{lll}
 (1.03 \text{ bar}) & (38^\circ\text{C}) & (0.056\text{m}^3) \\
 ( ) & .(0.126\text{m}^3) & .(1.72\text{bar}) \\
 : & ( ) & ( )
 \end{array}$$

$R=0.287\text{kJ/kg.K}$  ,  $C_v=0.718 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$

$$\begin{aligned}
 m &= \frac{P_1 V_1}{RT_1} \\
 &= \frac{103 \times 0.056}{0.287} = 0.0647\text{kg}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 T_2 &= \frac{P_2 T_1}{P_1} \\
 &= \frac{1.72 \times (311)}{1.03} = 520\text{K}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Delta U_{12} &= mC_v(T_2 - T_1) \\
 &= 0.0647 \times 0.718 \times 209 \\
 &= 9.7\text{kJ} = Q_{12}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 T_3 &= \frac{V_3 T_2}{V_2} \\
 &= \frac{0.126 \times 520}{0.056} = 1170\text{K}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 Q_{23} &= mC_p(T_3 - T_2) \\
 &= 0.0647 \times 1.005(650) \\
 &= 42.23\text{kJ}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 W_{23} &= P(V_3 - V_2) \\
 &= 172(0.126 - 0.056) \\
 &= 12.05\text{kJ}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Delta U_{23} &= Q_{23} - W_{23} \\
 &= 42.23 - 12.05 \\
 &= 30.18\text{kJ}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \sum U &= \Delta U_{12} + \Delta U_{23} \\
 &= 9.7 + 30.18 = 39.88\text{kJ}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Delta S_{12} &= mC_v \ln \frac{T_2}{T_1} \\
 &= 0.0647 \times 0.718 \ln \frac{520}{311} \\
 &= 0.0238\text{kJ/K}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Delta S_{23} &= mC_p \ln \frac{T_3}{T_2} \\
 &= 0.0647 \times 1.005 \ln \frac{1170}{520} \\
 &= 0.0527\text{kJ/K}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \sum \Delta S &= \Delta S_{12} + \Delta S_{23} \\
 &= 0.0238 + 0.0527 \\
 &= 0.0765\text{kJ/K}
 \end{aligned}$$

(307)

(9.24)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \cdot (T_2) & & (T_1) \\
 & (n) & & \cdot (T_1) & & (Pv^n=C) \\
 & : ( & & )
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\Delta S_{12} = \Delta S_{23}$$

$$mC_p \ln \frac{T_2}{T_1} = mC_v \left( \frac{n-\gamma}{n-1} \right) \ln \frac{T_3}{T_2}$$

$$mC_p \ln \frac{T_2}{T_1} = mC_v \left( \frac{\gamma-n}{n-1} \right) \ln \frac{T_2}{T_1}$$

$$C_p = C_v \left( \frac{\gamma-n}{n-1} \right)$$

$$\gamma = \left( \frac{\gamma-n}{n-1} \right)$$

$$n = \frac{2\gamma}{\gamma+1} = \frac{2 \frac{C_p}{C_v}}{\frac{C_p}{C_v} + 1} = \frac{2 \frac{C_p}{C_v}}{\frac{C_p + C_v}{C_v}} = \frac{2C_p}{C_p + C_v}$$

(9.25)

(20°C)

(0.5kg)

(0.1 kJ/K)

(400°C)

:

( )

( )

( )

R=0.287 kJ/kg.K

$$\eta = -1 \frac{T_{\min}}{T_{\max}} = 1 - \frac{293}{673} = 0.565$$

$$\Delta S_{12} = mR \ln \frac{V_2}{V_1}$$

$$\ln \frac{V_2}{V_1} = \frac{\Delta S_{12}}{mR} = \frac{0.1}{0.5 \times 0.287} = 0.697$$

$$\frac{V_2}{V_1} = e^{0.697} = 2$$

$$W_T = mR \ln \frac{V_2}{V_1} (T_1 - T_3)$$

$$= 0.5 \times 0.287 \times 0.697 (673 - 293)$$

$$= 38.6 \text{ kJ}$$

$W_T$

$$Q_{\text{in}} = mRT \ln \frac{V_2}{V_1}$$

$$= 0.5 \times 0.287 \times 673 \times 0.697 = 67.3 \text{ kJ}$$

$$W_T = \eta \cdot Q_{\text{in}} = 0.565 \times 67.3 = 38 \text{ kJ}$$

(9.26)

$$\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \quad (560\text{K})$$

$$(1) \quad (3)$$

$$(3) \quad (2)$$

$C_p=1 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$  ,  $R=0.287 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$  ,  $\gamma=1.4$

$$\begin{aligned} q_{12} = q_o &= RT_1 \ln \frac{V_2}{V_1} \\ &= 0.287 \times 560 \ln \frac{1}{2} \\ &= -11.4 \text{ kJ/kg} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{P_2}{P_1} = \frac{V_1}{V_2} = 2$$

$$\begin{aligned} T_3 &= T_1 \left(\frac{P_2}{P_1}\right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} \\ &= 560(2)^{0.287} = 683.2\text{K} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} q_{23} &= q_{in} \\ &= 1 \times (683.2 - 560) \\ &= 123.2 \text{ kJ/kg} \end{aligned}$$

$$\eta_{\text{cycle}} = 1 - \frac{q_o}{q_{in}} = 1 - \frac{111.4}{123.2} \times 0.1$$

$$\eta_c = 1 - \frac{T_{\min}}{T_{\max}} = 1 - \frac{560}{683.2} = 0.18$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta s_{12} &= R \ln \frac{V_2}{V_1} \\ &= 0.287 \ln \frac{1}{2} = -0.199 \text{ kJ/kg.K} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta s_{12} &= C_p \ln \frac{T_3}{T_2} \\ &= 1 \times \left(\frac{683.2}{560}\right) = 0.198 \text{ kJ/kg.K} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Delta s_{31} = 0$$

(9.27)

$$\begin{aligned} & (0.5\text{m}^3) \quad (2\text{bar}) \quad (1.2\text{kg}) \\ & \quad \quad \quad (28\text{bar}) \quad \quad \quad (\text{PV}^{1.3} = \text{C.}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & ( ) \quad \quad \quad ( ) : \\ & \quad \quad \quad : \quad \quad \quad ( ) \end{aligned}$$

$$\gamma = 1.4, R = 0.288 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$\frac{V_1}{V_2} = \left(\frac{P_2}{P_1}\right)^{\frac{1}{n}} = \left(\frac{28}{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{1.3}} = 7.62$$

$$\frac{T_2}{T_1} = \left(\frac{P_2}{P_1}\right)^{\frac{n-1}{n}} = \left(\frac{28}{2}\right)^{\frac{0.3}{1.3}} = 1.838$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta S_{12} &= mC_v \left(\frac{n-\gamma}{n-1}\right) \ln \frac{T_2}{T_1} \\ &= \frac{mR(n-\gamma)}{(\gamma-1)(n-1)} \ln \frac{T_2}{T_1} \\ &= \frac{1.2 \times 0.288 \times (1.3-1.4)}{(1.4-1)(1.3-1)} \times \ln 1.838 \\ &= -0.175 \text{ kJ/K} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} V_2 &= V_1 \left(\frac{P_1}{P_2}\right)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} \\ &= 0.5 \times \left(\frac{2}{28}\right)^{\frac{1}{1.4}} = 0.07 \text{ m}^3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} W_{12} &= \frac{P_1 V_1 - P_2 V_2}{n-1} \\ &= \frac{200 \times 0.5 - 2800 \times 0.07}{1.3-1} \\ &= -279 \text{ kJ} = Q_o \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} T_2 &= \frac{P_2 V_2}{mR} \\ &= \frac{2800 \times 0.07}{1.2 \times 0.288} = 531.5 \text{ K} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} W_{23} &= Q_{23} \\ &= mRT_2 \ln \frac{V_3}{V_2} = mRT_2 \ln \frac{V_1}{V_2} \\ &= 1.2 \times 0.288 \times 531.5 \times \ln \frac{0.5}{0.07} \\ &= 373.06 \text{ kJ} \end{aligned}$$

$$Q_{in} = 373.06 \text{ kJ}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \eta &= \frac{Q_{in} - Q_o}{Q_{in}} \\ &= \frac{373.06 - 279}{373.06} = 0.25 \end{aligned}$$

(9.28)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (0.465 \text{kJ/kg.K}) & (100^\circ\text{C}) & (2\text{kg}) \\
 & (30^\circ\text{C}) & (1\text{kg}) & \\
 & & & (0.388 \text{kJ/kg.K})
 \end{aligned}$$

$$t_m = \frac{m_1 C_1 t_1 + m_2 C_2 t_2}{m_1 C_1 + m_2 C_2} = 35.2 \text{K}$$

$$\Delta S_{\text{Fe}} = mC \ln \frac{T_m}{T_1} = -0.053 \text{kJ/K}$$

$$\Delta S_{\text{Cu}} = mC_v \ln \frac{T_m}{T_2} = 0.059 \text{kJ/K}$$

$$\Delta S_T = -0.053 + 0.059 = 0.006 \text{kJ/K}$$

(9.29)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (150^\circ\text{C}) & (0.014 \text{m}^3) & (700 \text{kN/m}^2) \\
 & & & (0.0844 \text{m}^3)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Delta S &= \frac{Q}{T} = \frac{W}{T} = \frac{P_1 V_1 \ln \frac{V_2}{V_1}}{T} \\
 &= \frac{700 \times 0.014}{423} \ln \frac{0.084}{0.014} = 0.0416 \text{kJ/K}
 \end{aligned}$$

(9.30)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (1\text{bar}) & (1.5\text{kg}) \\
 & : & (1.3) & (7^\circ\text{C}) & (0.2076 \text{m}^3) \\
 & & & & (2) & (1)
 \end{aligned}$$

Cp=1.035 kJ/kg.K , R=0.2966 kJ/kg.K

$$\begin{aligned}
 V_1 &= \frac{mRT_1}{P_1} \\
 &= \frac{1.5 \times 0.296 \times 280}{100} = 1.24 \text{m}^3
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 T_2 &= T_1 \left( \frac{V_1}{V_2} \right)^{n-1} = 280 \left( \frac{1.24}{0.2076} \right)^{1.3-1} \\
 &= 479.1 \text{K}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 W_{12} &= \frac{mR(T_1 - T_2)}{n-1} \\
 &= \frac{1.5 \times 0.296(-199)}{1.3-1} \\
 &= -295 \text{kJ}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 C_v &= C_p - R = 1.035 - 0.296 \\
 &= 0.739 \text{kJ/kg.K}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\gamma = \frac{C_p}{C_v} = 1.4$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 Q &= \frac{\gamma - n}{\gamma - 1} W \\
 &= \frac{1.4 - 1.3}{1.4 - 1} \times (-295) = -73.75 \text{kJ}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Delta S &= \frac{Q}{T} = \frac{-73.75}{280} \\
 &= -0.26 \text{kJ/K}
 \end{aligned}$$

(311)



(9.33)

(35°C)

(350kN/m<sup>2</sup>)

(0.3 kg)

.(700kN/m<sup>2</sup>)

.(0.2289m<sup>3</sup>)

**Cp =1.006kJ/kg.K Cv =0.717kJ/kg.K**

**R = Cp – Cv = 1.006 – 0.717  
= 0.289kJ/kg.K**

**V<sub>1</sub> =  $\frac{mRT_1}{P_1} = \frac{0.3 \times 0.289 \times 308}{350}$   
= 0.0763m<sup>3</sup>**

**T<sub>2</sub> = T<sub>1</sub>( $\frac{P_2}{P_1}$ ) = 308  $\frac{700}{350}$  = 616K**

**Δs<sub>12</sub> = Cv ln  $\frac{P_2}{P_1}$  = 0.717 ln  $\frac{700}{350}$   
= 0.496kJ/kg.K ⇒ Δs<sub>12</sub>.m  
= 0.496.03 = 1.488kJ/kg.K**

: Δs<sub>12</sub>

**(1)Δs = Cv ln  $\frac{T_2}{T_1}$**

**(2)Δs = Cp ln  $\frac{T_2}{T_1}$  – R ln  $\frac{P_2}{P_1}$**

**T<sub>3</sub> = T<sub>2</sub>  $\frac{V_3}{V_2} = 616 \frac{0.2289}{0.0763} = 1848K$**

**Δs<sub>23</sub> = Cp ln  $\frac{V_3}{V_2}$   
= 1.006 ln  $\frac{0.2289}{0.0763}$   
= 1.1066kJ/kg.K**

**ΔS<sub>23</sub> = Δs<sub>23</sub> × m = 1.1066 × 0.3  
= 0.332kJ/kg.K**

: Δs<sub>23</sub>

**(1)Δs<sub>23</sub> = Cp ln  $\frac{T_3}{T_2}$**

**(2)Δs<sub>23</sub> = Cp ln  $\frac{T_3}{T_2}$  + R ln  $\frac{V_3}{V_2}$**

(9.34)

$$(1.4\text{MN/m}^2) \quad (25^\circ\text{C}) \quad (0.14\text{m}^3) \quad (140\text{kN/m}^2)$$

$$(\quad) \quad (\quad) \quad (\quad) \quad (\text{PV}^{1.25}=\text{C.})$$

$$C_p=1.041 \text{ kJ/kg.K} \quad C_v=0.743 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$R = C_p - C_v = 1.041 - 0.743$$

$$= 0.298 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$m = \frac{P_1 V_1}{R T_1} = \frac{140 \times 0.14}{0.298 \times 298}$$

$$= 0.221 \text{ kg}$$

$$V_2 = V_1 \left( \frac{P_1}{P_2} \right)^{\frac{1}{n}}$$

$$= 0.14 \left( \frac{140}{1400} \right)^{\frac{1}{1.25}} = 0.022 \text{ m}^3$$

$$\Delta s_{12} = C_p \ln \frac{V_2}{V_1} + C_v \ln \frac{P_2}{P_1}$$

$$= 1.041 \ln \frac{0.0222}{0.14} + 0.743 \ln \frac{1400}{140}$$

$$= -0.205 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$\Delta S_{12} = \Delta s \times m = -0.205 \times 0.221$$

$$= -0.0453 \text{ kg.K}$$

$$W = \frac{P_1 V_1 - P_2 V_2}{n - 1}$$

$$= \frac{140 \times 0.14 - 1400 \times 0.0222}{1.25 - 1}$$

$$= -46 \text{ kJ}$$

$$\gamma = C_p / C_v = \frac{1.041}{0.743} = 1.4$$

$$Q = \frac{\gamma - n}{\gamma - 1} \times W = \frac{1.4 - 1.25}{1.4 - 1} \times (-46)$$

$$= -17.25 \text{ kJ}$$

$$T_2 = T_1 \left( \frac{V_1}{V_2} \right)^{n-1} = 298 (6.3)^{1.25-1} = 472 \text{ k}$$

$$\frac{472 + 298}{2} = 385 \text{ K}$$

$$\Delta S = \frac{Q}{T} = -\frac{17.25}{385} = -0.0448 \text{ kJ/K}$$

$$(\Delta s)$$

$$(1) \Delta s = C_p \ln \frac{T_2}{T_1} - R \ln \frac{P_2}{P_1}$$

$$(2) \Delta s = C_v \ln \frac{T_2}{T_1} + R \ln \frac{V_2}{V_1}$$

$$(3) \Delta s = C_v (\gamma - n) \ln \frac{V_2}{V_1}$$

$$(4) \Delta s = C_v \frac{\gamma - n}{n - 1} \ln \frac{T_1}{T_2}$$

$$(5) \Delta s = C_v \frac{\gamma - n}{n} \ln \frac{P_1}{P_2}$$

$$\Delta s = -0.205 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

(9.35)

$$(PV^n=C)$$

$$(\gamma=1.4)$$

(n)

$$\Delta S_{12} = \Delta S_{23}$$

$$mC_p \ln \frac{T_2}{T_1} = mC_v \ln \frac{T_1}{T_2} \left( \frac{n-\gamma}{n-1} \right)$$

$$\frac{n-\gamma}{n-1} = \frac{C_p \ln \frac{T_2}{T_1} - C_p \ln \frac{T_1}{T_2}}{C_v \ln \frac{T_1}{T_2} - C_v \ln \frac{T_1}{T_2}} = -\gamma$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \frac{n-1.4}{n-1} &= -1.4 \\ n &= 1.17 \end{aligned} \right|$$

(9.36)

(27°C)

(1kg)

$$(PV^{1.2}=C)$$

(2). (1)

$$R = 0.029 \text{ kJ/kg.K} \quad C_p = 0.532 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

1 ⇒ 2

$$T_2 = T_1 \left( \frac{V_2}{V_1} \right) = 300 \times 2$$

$$= 600 \text{ K}$$

$$Q_{12} = mC_p(T_2 - T_1)$$

$$= 1 \times 0.532 \times 300 = 159.6 \text{ kJ}$$

$$W_{12} = mR\Delta T_{12}$$

$$= 1 \times 0.029 \times 300 = 37.2 \text{ kJ}$$

$$\Delta U_{12} = Q_{12} - W_{12}$$

$$= 159.6 - 37.2 = 122.4 \text{ kJ}$$

$$\Delta S_{12} = mC_p \ln \frac{T_2}{T_1}$$

$$= 1 \times 0.532 \ln \frac{600}{300} = 0.369 \text{ kJ/K}$$

2 ⇒ 3

$$\Delta S_{23} = -\Delta S_{12} = -0.369 \text{ kJ/K}$$

$$Q_{23} = T_2 \Delta S_{23}$$

$$= 600 \times (-0.369)$$

$$= -221.4 \text{ kJ} = W_{23}$$

3 ⇒ 4

$$Q_{23} = mRT_2 \ln \frac{V_3}{V_2}$$

$$221.4 = 1 \times 0.029 \times 600 \ln \frac{V_3}{V_2}$$

$$\therefore \frac{V_3}{V_2} = 19.5$$

$$C_n = C_v \frac{n - \gamma}{n - 1} = 0.503 \frac{1.2 - 1.06}{1.2 - 1}$$

$$= -0.2015 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$\frac{V_4}{V_3} = \frac{V_1}{V_2} \times \frac{V_2}{V_3}$$

$$= \frac{V_1}{2V_1} \times 19.5 = 9.75$$

$$T_4 = T_3 \left( \frac{V_3}{V_4} \right)^{n-1}$$

$$= 600 \left( \frac{1}{9.75} \right)^{1.2-1} = 380.7 \text{ K}$$

$$Q_{34} = mC_n \Delta T_{34}$$

$$= 44.2 \text{ kJ}$$

$$\Delta S_{34} = mC_n \ln \frac{T_4}{T_3}$$

$$= 0.109 \text{ kJ/K}$$

$$\Delta U_{34} = mC_v \Delta T_{34}$$

$$= -88.5 \text{ kJ}$$

$$W_{34} = Q_{34} - \Delta U_{34}$$

$$= 132.7 \text{ kJ}$$

4 ⇒ 1

$$Q_{41} = mC_v \Delta T_{41}$$

$$= -32.5 \text{ kJ}$$

$$\Delta U_{41} = Q_{41}$$

$$= -32.5 \text{ kJ}$$

$$\Delta S_{41} = -\Delta S_{34}$$

$$= -0.109 \text{ kJ/K}$$

(316)

(9.37)

$$(1) : \begin{array}{l} (27.59 \text{ bar}) \\ (1 \text{ kg}) \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} (15^\circ\text{C}) \\ (3) \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} (1 \text{ bar}) \\ (2) \end{array} \quad (PV^{1.3}=C)$$

$$\gamma=1.4 \quad R = 0.287 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

(A)

$$v_1 = \frac{RT_1}{P_1} = \frac{0.287 \times 288}{100}$$

$$= 0.827 \text{ m}^3 / \text{kg}$$

$$v_2 = \frac{RT_2}{P_2} = \frac{0.287 \times 288}{100}$$

$$= 0.030 \text{ m}^3 / \text{kg}$$

$$q = w = RT \ln \frac{V_2}{V_1}$$

$$= 0.287 \times 288 \ln \frac{0.030}{0.827}$$

$$= -263.47 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$\Delta s = R \ln \frac{v_2}{v_1} + C_v \ln \frac{T_2}{T_1}$$

$$= 0.287 \ln \frac{0.03}{0.827} + 0$$

$$= -0.915 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

(B)

$$T_2 = T_1 \left( \frac{P_2}{P_1} \right)^{\frac{n-1}{n}}$$

$$= 288 \left( \frac{27.59}{1} \right)^{\frac{0.3}{1.3}} = 619.2 \text{ K}$$

$$\Delta U = C_v(T_2 - T_1) = \frac{R}{\gamma - 1}(T_2 - T_1)$$

$$= \frac{0.287}{0.402}(619.2 - 288) = 237.61 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$\Delta s = C_v \ln \frac{T_2}{T_1} - R \ln \frac{P_2}{P_1}$$

$$= \frac{\gamma}{\gamma - 1} R \ln \frac{T_2}{T_1} - R \ln \frac{P_2}{P_1}$$

$$= \frac{1.4}{0.4} \cdot 0.287 \ln \frac{619.2}{288} - 0.287 \ln \frac{27.59}{1}$$

$$= -0.186 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$w = \frac{P_1 v_1 - P_2 v_2}{n - 1} = \frac{R(T_1 - T_2)}{n - 1}$$

$$= \frac{0.287(-331.2)}{1.3 - 1}$$

$$= -316.84 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$q = w + \Delta u = -316.84 + 237.61$$

$$= -79.23 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

(317)

(9.38)

(1/8) (50°C) (110kPa)  
(900 °C)  
( $\gamma = 1.4$ )  
: (Cv=0.718 kJ/kg.K)  
(1)  
(2)

$$T_2 = T_1 \left(\frac{V_1}{V_2}\right)^{\gamma-1}$$
$$= 323(8)^{0.4} = 743\text{K}$$
$$T_4 = T_3 \left(\frac{V_3}{V_4}\right)^{\gamma-1} = 1173\left(\frac{1}{8}\right)^{0.4} = 511\text{K}$$
$$q_{23} - w_{23} = \mu_3 - \mu_2$$
$$= Cv(T_3 - T_2)$$
$$= 308.7\text{kJ/kg}$$
$$q_{41} = Cv(T_1 - T_4)$$
$$= 0.718(323 - 511) = -135\text{kJ/kg}$$
$$w_{\text{net}} = q_{\text{in}} + q_{\text{o}} = 308.7 + (-135)$$
$$= 173.7\text{kJ/kg}$$

$$\eta = \frac{W_{\text{net}}}{q_{\text{in}}} = \frac{173.7}{308.7} = 0.563$$
$$\eta_c = 1 - \frac{T_{\text{min}}}{T_{\text{max}}} = 1 - \frac{323}{1173} = 0.725$$
$$\Delta s_{23} = Cv \ln \frac{T_3}{T_2} = 0.718 \ln \frac{1173}{743}$$
$$= 0.328\text{kJ/kg.K}$$
$$\Delta s_{41} = Cv \ln \frac{T_1}{T_4} = 0.718 \ln \frac{323}{511}$$
$$= 0.329\text{kJ/kg.K}$$

(9.39)

 $(\frac{1}{17})$  (40°C)

(826K)

 $(\gamma = 1.4)$ 

: (R = 0.287 kJ/kg.K)

(1)

(2)

(3)

$$T_2 = T_1 \left( \frac{V_1}{V_2} \right)^{\gamma-1} = 313(17)^{0.4}$$

$$= 972\text{K}$$

$$T_3 = T_2 \left( \frac{V_3}{V_2} \right) = 972(2)$$

$$= 1944\text{K}$$

$$C_p = \frac{R\gamma}{\gamma-1} = \frac{0.287 \times 1.4}{0.4}$$

$$= 1.004\text{kJ/kg.K}$$

$$q_{23} = P_2(v_3 - v_2) + (\mu_3 - \mu_2)$$

$$= h_3 - h_2 = C_p(T_3 - T_2)$$

$$= 1.004(1944 - 972)$$

$$= 975.9\text{kJ/kg} = q_{in}$$

$$C_v = \frac{R}{\gamma-1} = \frac{0.287}{0.4} = 0.717\text{kJ/kg.K}$$

$$q_{41} = w_{41} + (\mu_1 - \mu_4)$$

$$= C_v(T_1 - T_4)$$

$$= 0.717(313 - 826)$$

$$= -367.8\text{kJ/kg}$$

$$W_{net} = q_{in} + q_o$$

$$= 975.9 + (-367.8)$$

$$= 608.1\text{kJ/kg}$$

$$\eta = \frac{W_{net}}{q_{in}} = \frac{608.1}{975.9} = 0.623$$

$$\eta_c = 1 - \frac{T_{min}}{T_{max}} = 1 - \frac{313}{1944} = 0.84$$

$$\Delta s_{23} = C_p \ln \frac{T_3}{T_2}$$

$$= 1.004 \ln \frac{1944}{972} = 0.696\text{kJ/kg.K}$$

$$\Delta s_{23} = \Delta s_{41}$$

$$= -0.696\text{kJ/kg.K}$$

(9.1)

(240 °C) (1kg)  
(90kJ) (115°C)

(T-S) (P-V)  
(3) (2) (1)

(-0.7kJ/K, 0.7kJ/K, -369.36, -90kJ, -148.77kJ, -518.13kJ, 459.36kJ)

(9.2)

(22°C) (0.24m³) (0.3kg)  
(2 bar)

(Cv =0.63 kJ/kg.K) : (0.2 m³)  
(T-S) (P-V) (Cp = 0.82 kJ/kg.K)  
(3) (2) (1)

(0.0162kJ/K, 0.0985kJ/K, -0.1148kJ/K, 0.066, 8.56kJ, 40.5kJ, -45.86kJ)

(9.3)

(40 °C) (1 bar) (0.3 kg)  
(PV<sup>1.35</sup>=C<sub>1</sub>)  
(1) (T-S) (P-V) (R=0.287kJ/kg.K , γ =1.4):  
(3) (2) (4)

(30%, 7.588kJ, 0.01136kJ/K, 0.108kJ/K, -0.11936kJ/K, 0.0965m³)

(9.4)

(3) (2 kg)

(T-S) (P-V)

(R=0.287kJ/kg.K ,  $\gamma = 1.4$ )

(0, -1.575kJ/K, -0.63kJ/K , 2.208kJ /K):

(9.5)

(500 °C) (25°C)

(15)

(2)

(1)

(0.614, 0.091kJ/kg.K) :

(9.6)

(0.09m<sup>3</sup>)

(0.12m<sup>3</sup>)

(27 °C)

(0.2 kg)

(2)

(1)

(T-S) (P-V)

(3)

(Cp = 0.82 kJ/kg.K) (Cv =0.63 kJ/kg.K)

(0.014kJ/K, -0.011kJ/K, -0.0032kJ/K, 20,4.22kJ, -3.41kJ, -1.036kJ)

(9.7)

(15°C)

(0.12m<sup>3</sup>)

(0.2kg)

(0.5m<sup>3</sup>)

(T-S) (P-V)

(Cp=0.91kJ/kg.K ,Cv=0.65kJ/kg.K)

(4)

(3)

(2)

(1)

(0.309kJ/K, 0.7855kJ/K, 118.56kJ, 89.05kJ, 89.05kJ, 118.56kJ)

(321)

**(9.8)**

(27°C) (327°C) (1kg)  
 : (T-S) (P-V) (0.35 bar) (7 bar)  
 (4) (3) (2) (1)

**(98.2kJ, 49.08kJ, 0.002kJ/K, 0.62bar, 1.4m<sup>3</sup>):**

**(9.9)**

(300K) (1bar) (1kg)  
 : (T-S) (P-V)  
 (5) (4) (3) (2) (1)

**(9.10)**

(5bar) (1.89bar) (100°C)  
 (Cv=0.71kJ/kg.K) (1bar) |  
 : (T-S) (P-V)  
 (3) (2) (5) (4) (1)

**(0.09kJ/K, 4.72kg/m<sup>3</sup>, -32.3kJ, 25.55kJ, 32.33kJ, 0.212m<sup>3</sup>, 0.106m<sup>3</sup>)**

**(9.11)**

(V<sub>2</sub>=2.15m<sup>3</sup>) (t<sub>1</sub>=15°C) (P<sub>1</sub>=1 bar) (2) (1)  
 (: (2) (1) (t<sub>2</sub>=15°C) (P<sub>2</sub>=5 bar) (V<sub>1</sub>=10.7m<sup>3</sup>)  
 ( ) ( )  
 (P-V) (2) (1) ( )  
 (2) (1) (T-S)  
 (3)

(9.12)

$$(n) \quad \frac{(T_2)}{(T_1)} = \left( \frac{(P_2)}{(P_1)} \right)^{\frac{\gamma}{\gamma-1}} \quad (PV^\gamma = C_1)$$

$$(\gamma = 1.67)$$

(T-S) (P-V)  
(1.25) :

(9.13)

$$\left( \frac{1}{18} \right) \quad (20^\circ\text{C}) \quad (1 \text{ bar})$$

$$\left( \frac{1}{3} \right)$$

:(T-S) (P-V) (69 bar) ( ) ( )

(R=0.287kJ/kg.K)

(0.116kJ/kg.K, 0.135kJ/kg.K, 76.7%, 67%, 183.8kJ/kg) :

(9.14)

$$(0.37 \text{ Mpa}) \quad (120^\circ\text{C}) \quad (0.5 \text{ kg})$$

$$(PV^{1.25} = C) \quad (1.48 \text{ MPa})$$

$$(3) \quad (2) \quad C_p \quad C_v \quad (1)$$

:(T-S) (P-V)

(R=0.1883kJ/kg.K)

(-0.5kJ/K, 0.5kJ/K, 66.7kJ, 0.752, 0.94) :

(9.15)

$$(30^\circ\text{C}) \quad (5 \text{ bar}) \quad (0.2\text{m}^3)$$

$$(PV^\gamma = C.)$$

:(T-S) (P-V)

$$(2) \quad (1)$$

R = 0.287kJ/kg.K , Cp = 1.005kJ/kg.K

(0.32kJ/K, 0.228kJ/K, 125.08kJ, -205kJ, 79.7kJ, -30kJ, -29.7kJ):

(9.16)

$$\begin{array}{l}
 (0^\circ\text{C}) \quad (1\text{bar}) \\
 (15\text{bar}) \quad (25^\circ\text{C}) \\
 : \quad (T-S) \quad (P-V) \\
 (2) \quad (1)
 \end{array}$$

**Cp = 1.005 kJ/kg.K , Cv = 0.717kJ/kg.K**

**(-232.4kJ/kg, 25.125kJ/kg, 7.2kJ/kg, -0.78kJ/kg.K, 0.088kJ/kg.K)**

(9.17)

$$\begin{array}{l}
 (280\text{L}) \quad (100^\circ\text{C}) \quad (1.1\text{bar}) \\
 (Cp=1\text{kJ/kg.K}) \quad (\frac{1}{14}) \quad (Pv^{1.28}=C.) \\
 : \quad (Cv = 0.71\text{kJ/kg.K}) \\
 (3) \quad (2) \quad (1) \\
 (-0.07\text{kJ/K}, -38\text{kJ}, -120.4\text{kJ}, 3224\text{kPa}):
 \end{array}$$

(9.18)

$$\begin{array}{l}
 (4) \quad (36^\circ\text{C}) \quad (101\text{bar}) \\
 (401\text{K}) \\
 : \quad (Cp = 1.004\text{kJ/kg.K}) \quad (\gamma = 1.4) \\
 (2) \quad (1) \\
 (3) \\
 (0.14, -151.5, -60, 40.16) :
 \end{array}$$

(9.19)

$$\begin{array}{l}
 (M=28.5\text{kg/kmol}) \quad (0.5\text{kg}) \\
 (6\text{bar}) \quad (220\text{kJ}) \quad (2\text{bar}) \\
 : \quad (T-S) \quad (P-V) \quad (\gamma = 1.39) \\
 (3) \quad (2) \quad (1)
 \end{array}$$

**R = 0.292 kJ/kg.K**

**(0.41kJ/K, 0.214m<sup>3</sup>, 881.19K, 293.73K) :**

**Element, Compound and Mixture**

**-(10.1)**

(N,H,O)

(Hg)

(S,C)

( )

**-(10.2)**

**The Atomic and Relative Atomic Mass (Atomic Weight)**

(Triatomic) (S,C) (Diatomic) (N<sub>2</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>, O<sub>2</sub>)  
(H<sub>2</sub>O, CO<sub>2</sub>) (CO)  
(polyatomic) (CH<sub>4</sub>)

....(12)

(16)

(1)

(16)

( )

**-(10.3)**

**The Molecule and Relative Molecular Mass (Molecular Weight)**

(Molecule)

.( ...CH<sub>4</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>O, CO<sub>2</sub>, CO, N<sub>2</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>, O<sub>2</sub>)

.(S, C)

(2H<sub>2</sub>O)

(CO, CO<sub>2</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>O)

(4CO<sub>2</sub>)

.(O<sub>2</sub>)

(H<sub>2</sub>)

(H<sub>2</sub> + O<sub>2</sub> → H<sub>2</sub>O)

(M)

.(Molecular Mass)

(S, C)

(N<sub>2</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>, O<sub>2</sub>)

.(12.1 + 4.1=16)

(CH<sub>4</sub>)

...(12.1 + 16.1=44) (CO<sub>2</sub>)

-(10.1)

		S=32	C=12	N=14	H=1	O=16	
H <sub>2</sub> O=18	CO=28			N <sub>2</sub> =28	H <sub>2</sub> =2	O <sub>2</sub> =32	(M) (kg/kmol)

.(10.1)

.(M)

( )

**The Mole (N)**

-(10.4)

(m)

:(kmol)

(kg)

(m)

$$N = \frac{m}{M} \left[ \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{kg/kmol}} = \text{kmol} \right] \dots\dots\dots(10.1)$$

:



**Properties of Ideal Gaseous Mixture**

**-(10.7)**

(Dalton's Law)

$$P = P_1 + P_2 + P_3 + \dots$$

(Gibbs-Dalton's Law)

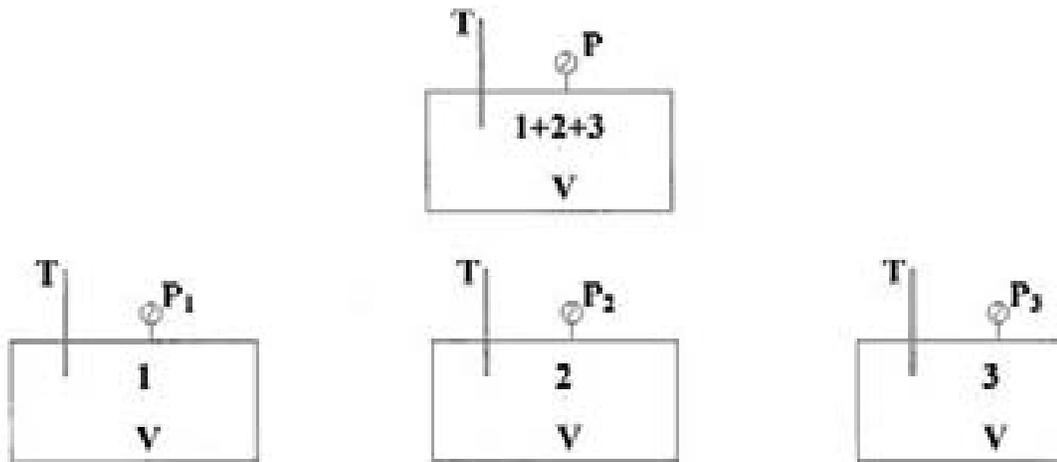
$$(1)$$

$$(2)$$

$$(3)$$

**Mixture & Partial Pressure**

**-(10.8)**



$$(V, T = \text{Const.}) \quad \text{-(10.1)}$$

(1, 2, 3, ...)

(10.1)

- (1)
- (2)
- (3)

(Partial Pressure)

: (Dalton's Law of Partial Pressure)

(P<sub>T</sub>)

(Mass Ratio) (W) (1, 2, 3, ..)

: (m<sub>T</sub>)

$$P_T = P_1 + P_2 + P_3 + \dots \text{(10.3)}$$

$$m_T = m_1 + m_2 + m_3 + \dots \text{(10.4)}$$

$$W_1 = \frac{m_1}{m_T}, W_2 = \frac{m_2}{m_T}, W_3 = \frac{m_3}{m_T} \dots \text{(10.5)}$$

$$W_1 + W_2 + W_3 = 1$$

(R<sub>T</sub>)

$$\frac{m_T R_T T}{V} = \frac{m_1 R_1 T}{V} + \frac{m_2 R_2 T}{V} + \frac{m_3 R_3 T}{V}$$

$$m_T R_T = m_1 R_1 + m_2 R_2 + m_3 R_3$$

$$R_T = \frac{m_1 R_1 + m_2 R_2 + m_3 R_3}{m_T} = W_1 R_1 + W_2 R_2 + W_3 R_3 \dots \text{(10.6)}$$

$$(N_T) \quad ( \quad ) \quad \text{-(10.9)}$$

(8.314 kJ/kmol.K)

(R̄)

(M)

$$N = \frac{m}{M}, R = \frac{\bar{R}}{M} \dots \text{(10.7)}$$

$$PV = mRT = NMRT = NM \cdot \frac{\bar{R}}{M} \cdot T = N\bar{R}T \dots \text{(10.8)}$$

$$\therefore P_T = P_1 + P_2 + P_3$$

$$\frac{N_T \bar{R}T}{V} = \frac{N_1 \bar{R}T}{V} = \frac{N_2 \bar{R}T}{V} = \frac{N_3 \bar{R}T}{V}$$

$$N_T = N_1 + N_2 + N_3 \dots \text{(10.9)}$$

( $\bar{R}$ )                      ( $V_{mol}$ )                      **-(10.10)**

**Molar Volume & Universal Gas Constant**  
 .(kmol)

:                      (S. T. P.)

$$V = \frac{N\bar{R}T}{P}$$

$$\frac{V}{N} = \frac{\bar{R}T}{P}$$

$$V_{mol} = \frac{\bar{R}T}{P} = \frac{M\bar{R}T}{P} = \frac{8.314 \times 273.15}{101.325} = 22.4 \text{ m}^3 / \text{kmol}$$

:                      .(22.4 m<sup>3</sup>/kmol)                      (S. T. P.)

$V_{mol 1} = V_{mol 2} = V_{mol 3} = V_{mol}$

$$\frac{M_1 R_1 T}{P} = \frac{M_2 R_2 T}{P} = \frac{M_3 R_3 T}{P} = \frac{M R T}{P}$$

$$M_1 R_1 = M_2 R_2 = M_3 R_3 = M R = \bar{R} = 8.314 \text{ kJ / kmol.K} \dots \dots \dots (10.11)$$

.(S. T. P.)

(P)

(                      )

. (T)

(v)

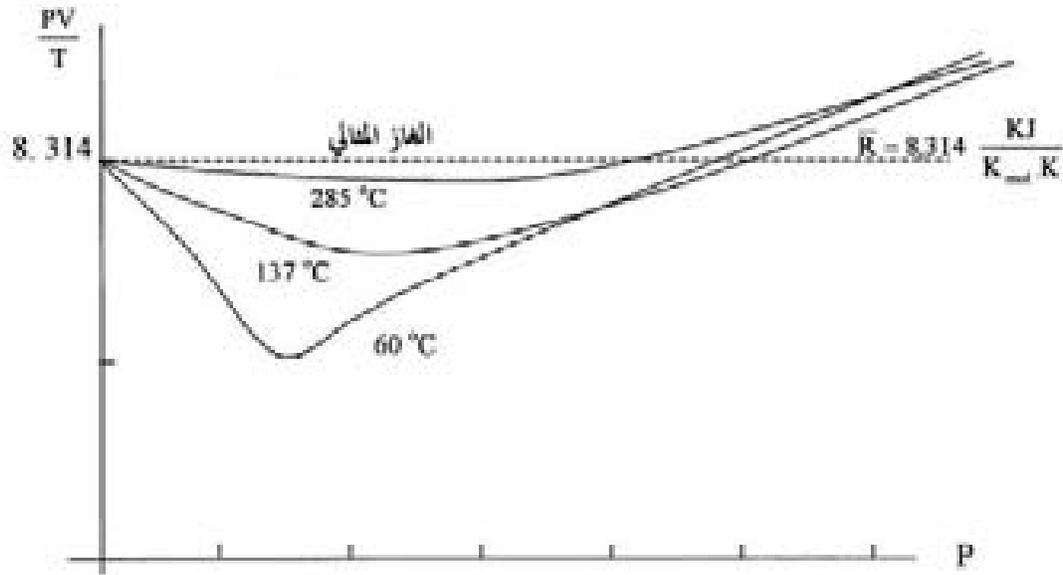
$$\cdot \left( \frac{pv}{T} \right)$$

(CO<sub>2</sub>)

.(10.2)

.T

$$\left( \frac{pv}{T} \right)$$



-(10.2)

(v) (Pa) (P)  
: (m<sup>3</sup>/kmol.K)

$$\frac{PV}{T} = \bar{R} = 8.314 \text{ kJ/kmol.K}$$

(10.2)

.( $\bar{R}$ ) (8.314)

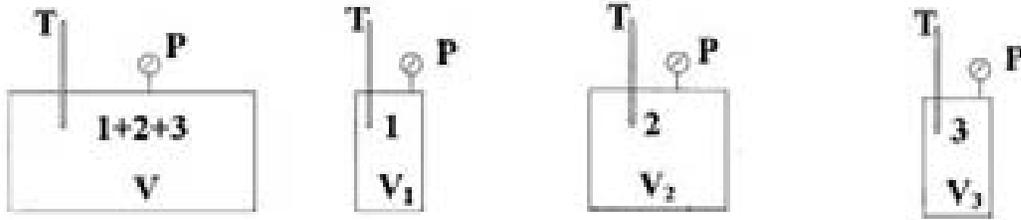
**Mole Ratio or Mole Fraction ( )** **-(10.11)**

.(X)

(1,2 ,3 ,...)

: .(10.3)

$$P_T V_T = N_T \bar{R} T \Rightarrow \frac{V_T}{N_T} = \frac{\bar{R} T}{P}$$



$$(P, T = \text{Const.}) \quad \text{---(10.3)}$$

(10.3)

$$P_1 V_1 = N_1 \bar{R} T \Rightarrow \frac{V_1}{N_1} = \frac{\bar{R} T}{P} \Rightarrow \therefore X_1 = \frac{V_1}{V_T} = \frac{P_1}{P_T} \dots \dots \dots (10.12)$$

(Amagat's Law)

$$V_T = V_1 + V_2 + V_3 \dots \dots \dots (10.13)$$

$$P_1 V_T = N_1 \bar{R} T \quad \quad \quad :$$

$$P_T V_1 = N_1 \bar{R} T \quad \quad \quad :$$

$$\therefore X_1 = \frac{V_1}{V_T} = \frac{P_1}{P_T} \dots \dots \dots (10.14)$$

(i)  $\quad \quad \quad (10.14) \quad (10.12)$

$$X_i = \frac{V_i}{V_T} = \frac{N_i}{N_T} = \frac{P_i}{P_T} \dots \dots \dots (10.15)$$

$$X_1 + X_2 + X_3 = 1$$

$$(\quad) \quad \text{---(10.12)}$$

**Average Relative Molecular Mass of a Gas Mixture**

$$M_T = \frac{m_T}{N_T} = \frac{m_1 + m_2 + m_3}{N_T} = \frac{M_1 N_1 + M_2 N_2 + M_3 N_3}{N_T}$$

$$= M_1 X_1 + M_2 X_2 + M_3 X_3 = \sum M_i X_i \dots\dots\dots(10.16)$$

$$W_i = \frac{m_i}{m_T} = \frac{M_i N_i}{M_T N_T} = \frac{M_i \cdot X_i N_T}{M_T \cdot N_T} = \frac{M_i X_i}{\sum M_i X_i} \dots\dots\dots(10.17)$$

**The Density of Gas Mixture**

$$\rho_T = \frac{M_T}{V_{mol}} \left[ \frac{kg}{kmol} \times \frac{kmol}{m^3} = \frac{kg}{m^3} \right]$$

**Volumetric and Weight Analysis** ---(10.13)

(21%) (79%)

:

(i)

(1)

$$W_i = \frac{m_i}{m_T}, \Rightarrow W_1 + W_2 + W_3 = 1$$

(2)

$$X_i = \frac{V_i}{V_T} = \frac{N_i}{N_T}, \Rightarrow X_1 + X_2 + X_3 = 1$$

(3)

$$W_i = \frac{M_i \cdot X_i}{\sum M_i \cdot X_i}$$

(10.1)

(CO<sub>2</sub>=7kg) (O<sub>2</sub>=3kg) (H<sub>2</sub>=5kg)

$$W_I = \frac{m_i}{m_T}$$

$$W_{H_2} = \frac{5}{15} = 0.333, \quad W_{O_2} = \frac{3}{15} = 0.2, \quad W_{CO_2} = \frac{7}{15} = 0.467$$

(10.2)

(23%O<sub>2</sub>) (75% N<sub>2</sub>) ( )

(MN<sub>2</sub>=28) (MO<sub>2</sub>=32)

$$N_i = \frac{m_i}{M_i} \Rightarrow N_{N_2} = \frac{0.75}{28} = 0.02696$$

$$N_{O_2} = \frac{0.23}{32} = 0.00723$$

$$N_T = 0.03419$$

$$X_i = \frac{N_i}{N_T} \Rightarrow X_{N_2} = \frac{0.02696}{0.03419} = 0.7809$$

$$X_{O_2} = \frac{0.00723}{0.03419} = 0.2115$$

(10.3)

(0.21O<sub>2</sub>) (0.79N<sub>2</sub>) ( )

(MN<sub>2</sub>=28) (MO<sub>2</sub>=32) ( )

$$W_i = \frac{m_i}{m_t} = \frac{M_i X_i}{\sum M_i X_i} \Rightarrow W_{N_2} = \frac{28 \times 0.79}{28 \times 0.79 + 32 \times 0.21} = 0.767$$

$$W_{O_2} = \frac{32 \times 0.21}{28 \times 0.79 + 32 \times 0.21} = 0.233$$

(10.4)

( 0.95% ) (21%O<sub>2</sub>) (78,05%N<sub>2</sub>)

( M=39.9 ) (MO<sub>2</sub>=32) (MN<sub>2</sub>=28)

$$M_T = \frac{m_T}{N_T} = \frac{m_1 + m_2 + m_3}{N_T} = \frac{M_1 N_1 + M_2 N_2 + M_3 N_3}{N_T}$$

$$M = \frac{28 \times 78.05 + 32 \times 21 + 39.9 \times 0.95}{78.05 + 21 + 0.95} = 28.95 \text{ kg/kmol}$$

**Internal Energy, Enthalpy, Specific Heat and Entropy of Mixture**  
(Extensive Properties)

(S, H, U)

$$U_T = U_1 + U_2 + U_3 \dots \dots \dots (10.19)$$

$$\mu_T m_T = \mu_1 m_1 + \mu_2 m_2 + \mu_3 m_3$$

$$\mu_T = \frac{\mu_1 m_1 + \mu_2 m_2 + \mu_3 m_3}{m_T} = W_1 \mu_1 + W_2 \mu_2 + W_3 \mu_3 \dots \dots (10.20)$$

$$(C_v = \frac{\mu}{T}) \quad (\mu = C_v T) \quad (C_v T)$$

$$: (T) \quad (10.20)$$

$$\frac{\mu_T}{T} = W_1 \frac{\mu_1}{T} + W_2 \frac{\mu_2}{T} + W_3 \frac{\mu_3}{T}$$

$$C_v = W_1 C_{v1} + W_2 C_{v2} + W_3 C_{v3} \dots \dots \dots (10.21)$$

$$H_T = H_1 + H_2 + H_3 \dots \dots \dots (10.22)$$

$$h_T m_T = h_1 m_1 + h_2 m_2 + h_3 m_3$$

$$h_T = \frac{h_1 m_1 + h_2 m_2 + h_3 m_3}{m_T} = W_1 h_1 + W_2 h_2 + W_3 h_3 \dots \dots \dots (10.23)$$

$$(C_p = \frac{h}{T}) \quad (h = C_p T) \quad (C_p T)$$

$$: (T) \quad (10.23)$$

$$\frac{h_T}{T} = W_1 \frac{h_1}{T} + W_2 \frac{h_2}{T} + W_3 \frac{h_3}{T}$$

$$C_{pT} = W_1 C_{p1} + W_2 C_{p2} + W_3 C_{p3} \dots \dots \dots (10.24)$$

$$s_T = s_1 + s_2 + s_3 \dots \dots \dots (10.25)$$

$$s_T m_T = s_1 m_1 + s_2 m_2 + s_3 m_3$$

$$s_T = \frac{s_1 m_1 + s_2 m_2 + s_3 m_3}{m_T} = W_1 s_1 + W_2 s_2 + W_3 s_3 \dots \dots \dots (10.26)$$

$$(0.287 \text{ kJ/kg.K}) \quad (C_p, C_v, \gamma, R, M) \quad (R)$$

$$\text{Mollar Heat Capacity} \quad ( \quad ) \quad - (10.15)$$

$$\text{(kmol)} \quad \text{(kg)} \quad (C) \quad (c) \quad \text{(kJ/kmol.K)} \quad (M = C/c)$$

$$\therefore c_p - c_v = R$$

M

$$M c_p - M c_v = M R = \bar{R} = 8.314$$

$$C_p - C_v = 8.314 \dots \dots \dots (10.29)$$

$$M c_v = C_v$$

$$M c_p = C_p$$

$$\gamma = \frac{C_p}{C_v} = \frac{8.314 + C_v}{C_v} \dots \dots \dots (10.27)$$

or

$$\gamma = \frac{C_p}{C_v} = \frac{C_p}{C_p - 8.314} \dots \dots \dots (10.28)$$

-(10.16)

**Average Molar Heat Capacity of Gas Mixture**

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (C_{v_{av.}}) && (N_T) \\
 & && (N_1, N_2, N_3, \dots) \\
 & && (C_{v_1}, C_{v_2}, C_{v_3}, \dots) \\
 & (N) && \\
 & : && (NC_v)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$N_T C_{v_T} = N_1 C_{v_1} + N_2 C_{v_2} + N_3 C_{v_3} = \sum Ni C_{v_i} \dots \dots \dots (10.30)$$

$$C_{v_T} = \frac{\sum Ni C_{v_i}}{N_T} = \sum \frac{Ni}{N_T} C_{v_i} = \sum Xi C_{v_i} \dots \dots \dots (10.31)$$

$$N_T C_{p_T} = N_1 C_{p_1} + N_2 C_{p_2} + N_3 C_{p_3} = \sum Ni C_{p_i} \dots \dots \dots (10.32)$$

$$C_{p_T} = \frac{\sum Ni C_{p_i}}{N_T} = \sum \frac{Ni}{N_T} C_{p_i} = \sum Xi C_{p_i} \dots \dots \dots (10.33)$$

(10.5)

.(52% N<sub>2</sub>) (4% CO<sub>2</sub>) (3% CH<sub>4</sub>) (12% H<sub>2</sub>) (29% CO)

				:	
				:	cv , Cv, cp, Cp
<b>M</b>	<b>CO</b>	<b>H<sub>2</sub></b>	<b>CH<sub>4</sub></b>	<b>CO<sub>2</sub></b>	<b>N<sub>2</sub></b>
<b>CP</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>28</b>
	<b>29.27</b>	<b>28.89</b>	<b>35.8</b>	<b>37.22</b>	<b>29.14</b>

$$C_{p_T} = \sum X_i C_{p_i}$$

$$= 0.29 \times 29.27 + 0.12 \times 28.89 + 0.03 \times 35.8 + 0.04 \times 37.22 + 0.52 \times 29.14$$

$$= 29.676 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$C_{v_T} = C_{p_T} - \bar{R} = 29.676 - 8.314 = 21.362 \text{ kJ/kmol.K}$$

$$M_T = \sum M_i X_i$$

$$= 28 \times 0.29 + 2 \times 0.12 + 16 \times 0.03 + 44 \times 0.04 + 28 \times 0.52$$

$$= 25.2 \text{ kg/kmol}$$

$$c_{p_T} = \frac{C_{p_T}}{M_T} = \frac{29.676}{25.2} = 1.178 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$c_{v_T} = \frac{C_{v_T}}{M_T} = \frac{21.362}{25.2} = 0.847 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

(10.17)

### Entropy Change Due to Mixing of Perfect Gases

$$(1, 2, 3, \dots) \quad (P)$$

(10.4)



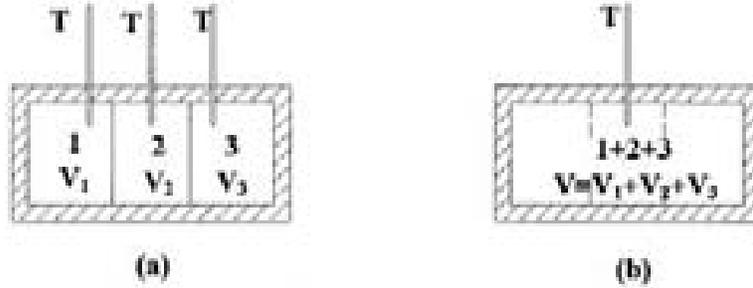
(P, T = Const.)

-(10.4)

(P)

(P1, P2, P3, ...)

$$\begin{aligned} & \cdot (Q, W = 0) \\ & \quad (\Delta U = 0) \end{aligned} \quad \cdot (10.5)$$



$$\cdot (10.5)$$

$$\Delta S_i = C_v \ln \frac{T}{T_i} + R \ln \frac{V}{V_i} = C_p \ln \frac{T}{T_i} - R \ln \frac{P}{P_i} \dots (10.34)$$

$$\because T = T_i$$

$$\therefore \Delta S_i = R \ln \frac{V}{V_i} = R \ln \frac{P}{P_i} \dots (10.35)$$

$$\Delta S = \sum \Delta S_i > 0$$

$$(V > V_i)$$

$$\Delta S = C_v \ln \frac{T}{T_i} + R \ln \frac{v}{v_i} \dots (10.36)$$

$$= \frac{\gamma - n}{\gamma - 1} R \ln \frac{v}{v_i} \dots (10.37)$$

$$= C_v \frac{n - \gamma}{n - 1} \ln \frac{T}{T_i} \dots (10.38)$$

$$(10.18)$$

**Mixture of Perfect Gases at Different Initial Pressures and Temperatures**



-(10.6)

.(10.6)

$$T_T = \frac{m_1 C_{v1} T_1 + m_2 C_{v2} T_2 + m_3 C_{v3} T_3}{m_T C_{vT}}$$

$$= \frac{W_1 C_{v1} T_1 + W_2 C_{v2} T_2 + W_3 C_{v3} T_3}{C_{vT}} \dots\dots\dots(10.39)$$

(10.6)

.(15°C)	(800g)	
.(0.234 kJ/kg.K)		.(250g)
	.(100°C)	(200g)
.(4.2kJ/kg.K)		.(19.24°C)

$$t_T = \frac{m_w C_w t_w + m_s C_s t_s + m_a C_a t_a}{m_w C_w + m_s C_s + m_a C_a}$$

$$19.24 = \frac{0.8 \times 4.2 \times 15 + 0.25 \times 0.23 \times 15 + 0.2 \times C_a \times 100}{0.8 \times 4.2 + 0.25 \times 0.234 + 0.2 C_a}$$

Ca = 0.88kJ/kg.K

(10.7)

.(98.4°C)	(90L)	(160°C)	(160L)
-----------	-------	---------	--------

$$t_T = \frac{m_1 c_1 t_1 + m_2 c_2 t_2}{m_1 c_1 + m_2 c_2} = \frac{160 \times c \times 150 + 90 \times c \times 98.4}{160 \times c + 90 \times c} = 131.424^\circ C$$

(10.8)



(10.9)

(15 liter)

( ) . ( ) . ( ) . ( ) . (18°C) (110 bar)

$M_{CO_2} = 44 \text{ kg/kmol}$ ,  $R = 0.185 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$

$$R = \frac{\bar{R}}{M} = \frac{8.314}{44} = 0.185 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$m = \frac{PV}{RT} = \frac{110 \times 10^2 \times 0.015}{0.185 \times 291} = 3.064 \text{ kJ}$$

$$V_{\text{mol}} = \frac{\bar{R}T}{P} = \frac{8.314 \times 291}{110 \times 10^2} = 0.22 \text{ m}^3/\text{kmol}$$

$$\rho = \frac{m}{v} = \frac{3.064}{0.015} = 204.27 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

$$N = \frac{V}{V_{\text{mol}}} = \frac{0.015}{0.22} = 0.0682 \text{ kmol}$$

(10.10)

(O<sub>2</sub>) (H<sub>2</sub>) (1kg)  
 (15°C) (1 bar) (2/1)

$$N_{H_2} = \frac{m_{H_2}}{M_{H_2}} = \frac{1}{2} = 0.5$$

$$N_{O_2} = \frac{m_{O_2}}{M_{O_2}} = \frac{m_{O_2}}{32}$$

$$\frac{N_{H_2}}{N_{O_2}} = \frac{2}{1} = \frac{0.5}{\frac{m_{O_2}}{32}}$$

$$m_{O_2} = \frac{32 \times 0.5}{2} = 8$$

$$N_T = N_{O_2} + N_{H_2} = 0.5 + \frac{8}{32} = 0.75$$

$$V = \frac{N_T \bar{R} T}{P} = \frac{0.75 \times 8.314 \times 288}{100} = 17.96 \text{ m}^3$$

(10.11)

(200kN/m<sup>2</sup>) (H<sub>2</sub> =0.8 kg) (CO<sub>2</sub> =1 kg)

: H<sub>2</sub> CO (18°C)

Cp H<sub>2</sub> =14.31 kJ/kg.K CpCO =1.042 kJ/kg.K

( ) ( ) Cv , Cp , R ( )

(1)

R<sub>CO</sub> =  $\frac{\bar{R}}{M} = \frac{8.314}{12+16} = 0.297 \text{kJ/kg.K}$

R<sub>H<sub>2</sub></sub> =  $\frac{\bar{R}}{M} = \frac{8.314}{2} = 4.157 \text{kJ/kg.K}$

R =  $\frac{\sum m_i R_i}{\sum m_i} = \frac{1 \times 0.297 + 0.8 \times 4.157}{1 + 0.8} = 2.015 \text{kJ/kg.K}$

C<sub>P</sub> =  $\frac{\sum m_i C_{p_i}}{\sum m_i} = \frac{1 \times 1.042 + 0.8 \times 14.31}{1 + 0.8} = 6.938 \text{kJ/kg.K}$

C<sub>V</sub> = C<sub>P</sub> - R = 6.938 - 2.015 = 4.923 kJ/kg.K

(2)

V =  $\frac{mRT}{P} = \frac{1.8 \times 2.015 \times 291}{200} = 5.277 \text{m}^3$

v =  $\frac{V}{m} = \frac{5.277}{1.8} = 2.931 \text{m}^3/\text{kg}$

N<sub>CO</sub> =  $\frac{m}{M} = \frac{1}{28} = 0.0357 \text{Mol}$

N<sub>H<sub>2</sub></sub> =  $\frac{m}{M} = \frac{0.8}{2} = 0.4 \text{Mol}$

N =  $\sum N_i = 0.0357 + 0.4 = 0.4357 \text{Mol}$

P<sub>CO</sub> = P  $\frac{N_{CO}}{N} = 200 \cdot \frac{0.0347}{0.4357} = 16.4 \text{kPa}$

P<sub>H<sub>2</sub></sub> = P  $\frac{N_{H_2}}{N} = 200 \cdot \frac{0.4}{0.4357} = 183.6 \text{kPa}$

(10.12)

(m kg CO<sub>2</sub>) (7 kg N<sub>2</sub>) (8 kg O<sub>2</sub>)  
 : (1 kmol) (60 °C) (416kN/m<sup>2</sup>)  
 ( ) .CO<sub>2</sub> (m) ( )  
 : (228°C) ( )

$$M_{O_2} = 32, M_{N_2} = 28, M_{CO_2} = 44$$

$$N_i = \frac{m_i}{M_i}$$

$$N_{O_2} = \frac{8}{32} = 0.25 \text{ kmol}$$

$$N_{N_2} = \frac{7}{28} = 0.25 \text{ kmol}$$

$$N_{CO_2} = \frac{m_{CO_2}}{44} = \text{kmol}$$

$$N_T = N_{O_2} + N_{N_2} + N_{CO_2}$$

$$1 \text{ kmol} = 0.25 + 0.25 + \frac{m_{CO_2}}{44}$$

$$m_{CO_2} = 22 \text{ kg}$$

$$N_{CO_2} = \frac{22}{44} = 0.5 \text{ kmol}$$

$$(2) P_{O_2} = p \frac{N_{O_2}}{N} = 416 \frac{0.25}{1} = 104 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$P_{N_2} = p \frac{N_{N_2}}{N} = 416 \frac{0.25}{1} = 104 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$P_{CO_2} = p \frac{N_{CO_2}}{N} = 416 \frac{0.5}{1} = 208 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$(3) V = \frac{\bar{N}RT}{P} = \frac{1.8 \times 314 \times 333}{416} = 6.7 \text{ m}^3$$

$$m = m_{O_2} + m_{H_2} + m_{CO_2} = 8 + 7 + 22 = 37 \text{ kg}$$

$$\rho = \frac{m}{V} = \frac{37}{6.7} = 5.5 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

$$(4) V = V_{O_2} = V_{N_2} = V_{CO_2} = 6.7 \text{ m}^3$$

$$P = \frac{\bar{N}RT}{V} = \frac{1 \times 8.314 \times 501}{6.7} = 625.9 \text{ kN/m}^3$$

$$P_2 = \frac{mRT_2}{V} = \frac{37 \times 0.225 \times 501}{6.7} = 625.9 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

(10.13)

: (7 mol Air) (4 mol CO) (3 mol N<sub>2</sub>) (2 mol He)  
 (γ) (Cv) (Cp) ( ) .(R) ( )  
 (N<sub>2</sub> =79%)

: (O<sub>2</sub> =21%)

	He	N <sub>2</sub>	CO	O <sub>2</sub>
Cp (kJ/kg.K)	2.22	1.046	1.046	0.92
Cv (kJ/kg.K)	0.17	0.754	0.754	0.67
M (kg/kmol)	4	28	28	32

$$N_{N_2} = 3 + 7 \times 0.79 = 8.53 \text{ Mol}$$

$$N_{O_2} = 7 \times 0.21 = 1.47 \text{ Mol}$$

$$N = N_{He} + N_{N_2} + N_{CO} + N_{air} \\ = 2 + 3 + 4 + 7 = 16 \text{ Mol}$$

or

$$N = N_{He} + N_{N_2} + N_{CO} + N_{O_2} \\ = 2 + 8.53 + 4 + 1.47 = 16 \text{ Mol}$$

$$X_{He} = \frac{N_{He}}{N} = \frac{2}{16} = 0.125$$

$$X_{N_2} = \frac{N_{N_2}}{N} = \frac{8.53}{16} = 0.533$$

$$X_{CO} = \frac{N_{CO}}{N} = \frac{4}{16} = 0.25$$

$$X_{O_2} = \frac{N_{O_2}}{N} = \frac{1.47}{16} = 0.092$$

$$M = X_{M_{He}} + X_{M_{N_2}} + X_{M_{CO}} + X_{M_{O_2}} \\ = 0.125 \times 4 + 0.533 \times 28 + 0.25 \times 28 \\ + 0.092 \times 32 = 25.368 \text{ kg/kmol}$$

$$R = \frac{\bar{R}}{M} = \frac{8.314}{25.368} \\ = 0.327 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

(2)

$$M_i = \frac{m_i}{N_i} \Rightarrow m_i = N_i M_i$$

$$m_{He} = 2 \times 10^{-3} \times 4 = 0.008 \text{ kg}$$

$$m_{N_2} = 8.53 \times 10^{-3} \times 28 = 0.239 \text{ kg}$$

$$m_{CO} = 4 \times 10^{-3} \times 28 = 0.112 \text{ kg}$$

$$m_{O_2} = 1.47 \times 10^{-3} \times 32 = 0.047 \text{ kg}$$

$$C_p = \frac{\sum m_i C_{pi}}{\sum m_i} \\ = \frac{0.008 \times 2.22 + 0.239 \times 1.046 + 0.112 \times 1.047 + 0.0047 \times 0.92}{0.008 + 0.239 + 0.112 + 0.047} \\ = 1.053 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$C_v = C_p - R = 1.053 - 0.327 \\ = 0.726 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$\gamma = \frac{C_p}{C_v} = \frac{1.053}{0.726} = 1.45$$

(10.14)

(CO) .(20% CO) (80% H<sub>2</sub>)  
 (CO) (mol) .(50% CO) (50% H<sub>2</sub>)  
 .MCO = 28 MH<sub>2</sub> = 2 :

$$M_m = \sum \frac{V_i}{V} \cdot M$$

$$= 0.8 \times 2 + 0.2 \times 28 = 7.2$$

$$N_m = \frac{mm}{M_m} = \frac{mm}{7.2}$$

$$N_{H_2} = N_m \cdot \frac{V_{H_2}}{V_T} = \frac{mm}{7.2} \times 0.8$$

$$= \frac{mm}{9}$$

$$N_{H_2} = 0.8 \times 1 = 0.8$$

$$N_{H_2} = 0.8 - \frac{mm}{9}$$

(50%CO) (50%H) (mol)

$$0.8 - \frac{mm}{9} = 0.5$$

$$m_m = (0.8 - 0.5) \times 9 = 2.7\text{kg}$$

$$\frac{mm}{7.2} = \frac{m_{co}}{28}$$

$$m_{co} = \frac{2.7 \times 28}{7.2} = 10.5\text{kg}$$

(10.15)

(1 bar) . (3.5 kmol) (CO<sub>2</sub>) (1 kmol)  
 (1) .(79% N<sub>2</sub>) (21% O<sub>2</sub>) .(15°C)  
 . (3) Rm ,Mm (2) . (N<sub>2</sub>) (O<sub>2</sub>) (CO<sub>2</sub>)

$$N_i = \frac{V_i}{V} \cdot N$$

$$N_{o_2} = 0.21 \times 3.5 = 0.735\text{kmol}$$

$$N_{N_2} = 0.79 \times 3.5 = 2.765\text{kmol}$$

$$m = N \cdot M$$

$$m_{co_2} = 1.44 = 44\text{kg}$$

$$m_{o_2} = 0.735 \times 32 = 23.55\text{kg}$$

$$m_{N_2} = 2.765 \times 28 = 77.5\text{kg}$$

$$m_m = 23.55 + 77.5 = 145.05\text{kg}$$

(12kg) (M=12)

.(CO) (1kmol)

$$\%C = \frac{12}{145.05} = 8.27\%$$

$$N_m = N_{co_2} + N_{o_2} + N_{N_2} = 4.5\text{kmol}$$

$$M_m = \sum \frac{N_i}{N} \cdot M_i$$

$$= \frac{1}{4.5} \times 44 + \frac{0.735}{4.5} \times 32 + \frac{2.765}{4.5} \times 28$$

$$= 32.2\text{kg/kmol}$$

(346)

(10.16)

$$(0.05\% \text{ CO}_2) \quad (1.28\% \text{ Ar}) \quad (75.58\% \text{ N}_2) \quad (23.14\% \text{ O}_2)$$

$$: \quad (M) \quad (\bar{R})$$

$$M_{\text{O}_2} = 32, M_{\text{N}_2} = 28, M_{\text{Ar}} = 40, M_{\text{CO}_2} = 44.$$

$$R_i = \frac{\bar{R}}{M_i}$$

$$R_{\text{O}_2} = \frac{8.314}{32} = 0.259 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$R_{\text{N}_2} = \frac{8.314}{28} = 0.2468 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$R_{\text{Ar}} = \frac{8.314}{40} = 0.208 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$R_{\text{CO}_2} = \frac{8.314}{44} = 0.1889 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$PV = mRT = T \sum m_i R_i$$

$$mR = \sum m_i R_i$$

$$R = \sum \frac{m_i}{m} R_i = 0.2314 \times 0.2598 + 0.7553 \times 0.296$$

$$+ 0.0128 \times 0.208 + 0.0005 \times 0.1889$$

$$= 0.287 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$R = \frac{\bar{R}}{M}$$

$$M_{\text{air}} = \frac{\bar{R}}{R} = \frac{8.314}{0.2871} = 28.96 \text{ kg/kmol}$$

(10.17)

(1 bar)

$$N_i = \frac{m_i}{M_i}$$

$$N_{\text{O}_2} = \frac{0.2314}{32} = 0.00723 \text{ kg/kmol}$$

$$N_{\text{N}_2} = \frac{0.7553}{28} = 0.02696 \text{ kg/kmol}$$

$$N_{\text{Ar}} = \frac{0.0128}{40} = 0.0032 \text{ kg/kmol}$$

$$N_{\text{CO}_2} = \frac{0.0005}{44} = 0.00001 \text{ kg/kmol}$$

$$N = \sum N_i = 0.03452 \text{ kg/kmol}$$

$$\frac{V_i}{VT} = \frac{N_i}{NT} = \frac{P_i}{PT} = X_i$$

$$X_{\text{O}_2} = \frac{0.00723}{0.03452} = 20.95\%$$

$$X_{\text{N}_2} = \frac{0.02696}{0.03452} = 78.09\%$$

$$X_{\text{Ar}} = \frac{0.00032}{0.03452} = 0.93\%$$

$$X_{\text{CO}_2} = \frac{0.00001}{0.03452} = 0.03\%$$

$$P_{\text{O}_2} = 0.2095 \times 1 = 0.2095 \text{ bar}$$

$$P_{\text{N}_2} = 0.7809 \times 1 = 0.7809 \text{ bar}$$

$$P_{\text{Ar}} = 0.0093 \times 1 = 0.0093 \text{ bar}$$

$$P_{\text{CO}_2} = 0.0003 \times 1 = 0.0003 \text{ bar}$$

(347)

(10.18)

(1kg Air) (0.45kg CO) (15°C) (0.4m<sup>3</sup>)

: (76.7% N<sub>2</sub>) (23.3% O<sub>2</sub>)

M CO=28 ,M N<sub>2</sub>=28, M O<sub>2</sub>=32.

$$m_{O_2} = \frac{23.3}{100} \times 1 = 0.233\text{kg}$$

$$m_{N_2} = \frac{76.7}{100} \times 1 = 0.767\text{kg}$$

$$N_i = \frac{m_i}{M_i}$$

$$N_{O_2} = \frac{0.233}{32} = 0.0073\text{kmol}$$

$$N_{N_2} = \frac{0.767}{28} = 0.0274\text{kmol}$$

$$N_{CO} = \frac{0.45}{28} = 0.01\text{kmol}$$

$$P_i = \frac{N_i \bar{R} T}{V}$$

$$P_{O_2} = \frac{0.0073 \times 8.314 \times 288}{0.4} = 43.59\text{kN/m}^2$$

$$P_{N_2} = \frac{0.0274 \times 8.314 \times 288}{0.4} = 164\text{kN/m}^2$$

$$P_{CO} = \frac{0.0161 \times 8.314 \times 288}{0.4} = 96.2\text{kN/m}^2$$

$$P = \sum P_i = 43.59 + 164 + 96.2 = 303.8\text{kN/m}^2$$

(10.19)

$$\begin{array}{lll} (4\text{kg O}_2) & (7\text{kg CO}) & (15^\circ\text{C}) \\ & & (0.3\text{m}^3) \\ & & (40^\circ\text{C}) \end{array}$$

$$N_i = \frac{m_i}{M_i}$$

$$N_{\text{O}_2} = \frac{4}{32} = 0.125\text{kg/kmol}$$

$$N_{\text{CO}} = \frac{7}{28} = 0.250\text{kg/kmol}$$

$$N = 0.125 + 0.250 = 0.375\text{kg/kmol}$$

$$P_1 = \frac{\bar{N}RT_1}{V} = \frac{0.375 \times 8.314 \times 288}{0.3}$$
$$= 29.93\text{bar}$$

$$P_2 = P_1 \left( \frac{T_2}{T_1} \right) = 29.93 \left( \frac{313}{288} \right)$$
$$= 32.53\text{bar}$$

$$\frac{V_i}{VT} = \frac{N_i}{NT}$$

$$\frac{V_{\text{O}_2}}{V} = \frac{0.125}{0.375} = 0.333$$

$$\frac{V_{\text{CO}}}{V} = \frac{0.25}{0.375} = 0.667$$

$$M = \sum \frac{V_i}{V} M_i = 0.333 \times 32 + 0.667 \times 28$$
$$= 29.33\text{kg/kmol}$$

or

$$M = \frac{m}{N} = \frac{7 + 4}{0.375} = 29.33$$

$$R = \frac{\bar{R}}{M} = \frac{8.314}{29.33} = 0.283\text{kJ/kg.K}$$

(10.20)

(3% CH<sub>4</sub>) (29% CO) (12% H<sub>2</sub>) :

: (52% N<sub>2</sub>) (4% CO<sub>2</sub>)

(C<sub>v</sub>, C<sub>p</sub>) ( ) (C<sub>v</sub>, C<sub>p</sub>) ( )

: (C<sub>p</sub>)

C <sub>p</sub> (kJ/kg.K)	H <sub>2</sub>	CO	CH <sub>4</sub>	N <sub>2</sub>	CO <sub>2</sub>
	28.89	29.27	35.8	29.13	37.22

$$C_p = \sum \frac{V_i}{V} \cdot C_{pi}$$

$$= 0.12 \times 28.89 + 0.29 \times 29.27 + 0.03 \times 35.8 + 0.04 \times 37.22 + 0.52 \times 29.14$$

$$= 29.676 \text{ kJ/kmol}$$

$$C_v = C_p - R = 29.676 - 8.314 = 21.362 \text{ kJ/kmol.K}$$

$$M = \sum \frac{V_i}{V} \cdot M_i = 0.29 \times 28 + 0.12 \times 2 + 0.03 \times 16 + 0.044 + 0.52 \times 28 = 25.2 \text{ kg/kmol}$$

$$c_p = \frac{C_p}{M} = \frac{29.676}{25.2} = 1.178 \text{ kJ/kg.k}, \quad c_v = \frac{C_v}{M} = \frac{21.362}{25.2} = 0.847 \text{ kJ/kg.k}$$

(10.21)

50% )

(20% CO) (80% H<sub>2</sub>)

(CO)

(1 N)

(50% CO) (H<sub>2</sub>)

(P, V, T=C.)

:

(N)

.N = C

(P, V, T,  $\bar{R} = C.$ )

(P<sub>v</sub> = N  $\bar{R}$  T)

(N=1)

CO

(N) =

(Nd)

$$0.8Nd =$$

(H<sub>2</sub>)

(N)

$$NH_2 = 0.8 - 0.8Nd$$

=

(H<sub>2</sub>)

(N)

$$\frac{NH_2}{N} = 0.5 = \frac{NH_2}{1} = \frac{0.8 - 0.8Nd}{1} \Rightarrow Nd = 0.375$$

$$md = Nd \cdot \frac{V_{co}}{V} \cdot M_{co} + Nd \cdot \frac{V_{H_2}}{V} \cdot M_{H_2}$$

=

$$= 0.375 \times 0.2 \times 28 + 0.375 \times 0.8 \times 2 = 2.7 \text{ kg}$$

$$0.375 \times 28 = 10.5 \text{ kg}$$

=

CO

(350)

(10.22)

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 & (20\% \text{ N}_2) & (8\% \text{ CO}_2) & (60\% \text{ CH}_4) & (12\% \text{ H}_2) & & \\
 (1 \text{ kg}) & \cdot (0.5 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}) & & (1.2 \text{ bar}) & (32^\circ\text{C}) & & \\
 \cdot (\text{O}_2) & (1.5 \text{ kg}) & (\text{CH}_4) & (1 \text{ kg}) & (\text{O}_2) & (10 \text{ kg}) & (\text{H}_2) \\
 & (310 \text{ K}) & & (\text{m}^3/\text{s}) & & & \\
 & & & & & & : (1.5 \text{ bar})
 \end{array}$$

$$M_{\text{CH}_4}=16, M_{\text{H}_2}=2$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \dot{V}_{\text{H}_2} = 0.12 \times 0.5 = 0.06 \text{ m}^3/\text{s} \\
 \dot{V}_{\text{CH}_4} = 0.6 \times 0.5 = 0.3 \text{ m}^3/\text{s} \\
 \dot{m}_{\text{CH}_4} = \frac{PV}{RT} = \frac{150 \times 0.3}{8.314 \times 305} \\
 \quad = 0.284 \text{ kg/s} \\
 \dot{m}_{\text{H}_2} = \frac{PV}{RT} = \frac{150 \times 0.06}{8.314 \times 305} \\
 \quad = 0.0071 \text{ kg/s}
 \end{array}
 \left|
 \begin{array}{l}
 m_{\text{O}_2} = 0.2839 \times 1.5 + 0.0071 \times 10 \\
 \quad = 0.4968 \text{ kg/s} \\
 N_i = \frac{m_i}{M_i} \\
 N_{\text{O}_2} = \frac{0.4968}{32} = 0.0155 \\
 N_{\text{N}_2} = \frac{0.4968}{32} \times \frac{79}{21} = 0.0584 \\
 N = \sum N_i = 0.0739 \\
 \dot{V} = \frac{N\bar{R}T}{P} = \frac{0.0739 \times 8.314 \times 3.0}{150} \\
 \quad = 1.27 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}
 \end{array}
 \right.$$

(10.23)

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 (10\% \text{ O}_2) & (12\% \text{ CO}_2) & (78\% \text{ N}_2) \\
 & (550^\circ\text{C}) & (1 \text{ bar})
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 m_i = N_i M_i \\
 m_{\text{N}_2} = 0.78 \times 21 = 21.8 \text{ kg} \\
 m_{\text{CO}_2} = 0.12 \times 44 = 5.28 \text{ kg} \\
 m_{\text{O}_2} = 0.1 \times 32 = 3.2 \text{ kg} \\
 m_T = 30.32 \text{ kg} \\
 W_i = \frac{m_i}{m_T} \\
 W_{\text{N}_2} = \frac{21.84}{30.32} = 0.71
 \end{array}
 \left|
 \begin{array}{l}
 W_{\text{CO}_2} = \frac{5.28}{30.32} = 0.174 \\
 W_{\text{O}_2} = \frac{3.2}{30.32} = 0.105 \\
 M = \frac{m}{N} = \frac{30.32}{1} = 30.32 \\
 R = \frac{\bar{R}}{M} = \frac{8.314}{30.32} = 0.274 \text{ kJ/kg.K} \\
 PV = mRT \Rightarrow P = \frac{m}{v} RT \Rightarrow P = \rho RT \\
 \rho = \frac{P}{RT} = \frac{100}{0.274 \times 823} = 0.443 \text{ kg/m}^3
 \end{array}
 \right.$$

(351)

(10.24)

(79% N<sub>2</sub>) (21% O<sub>2</sub>)

: (γ, C<sub>v</sub>, C<sub>p</sub>, M, R)

$\bar{R}=8.314$  kJ/kg.K,  
 $M_{O_2}=32$ ,  $c_{v O_2}=0.66$  kJ/kg.K,  
 $M_{N_2}=28$ ,  $c_{v N_2}=0.735$  kJ/kg.K.

$$R = \frac{\bar{R}}{M}$$

$$R_{O_2} = \frac{8.314}{32} = 0.26 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$R_{N_2} = \frac{8.314}{28} = 0.297 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$PV = mRT$$

$$P \times 0.21 = m_{O_2} \times 0.26 \times T$$

$$P \times 0.79 = m_{N_2} \times 0.297 \times T$$

$$\frac{m_{O_2}}{m_{N_2}} = \frac{0.21}{0.79} \times \frac{0.297}{0.26} = \frac{1}{3.29}$$

OR

76.6%N<sub>2</sub>, 23.3%O<sub>2</sub>

$$R_T = \frac{23.3 \times 0.26 + 76.7 \times 0.297}{23.3 + 76.7}$$

$$= 0.287 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$M_T = \frac{8.314}{0.287} = 29.0$$

$$c_{v_T} = \frac{23.3 \times 0.66 + 76.6 \times 0.753}{100}$$

$$= 0.718 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$c_{p_T} = c_{v_T} + R_T = 0.718 + 0.287$$
$$= 1.005 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$\gamma_T = \frac{c_{p_T}}{c_{v_T}} = \frac{1.005}{0.718} = 1.4$$

(10.25)

$$(0.7\text{m}^3) \quad (20\% \text{O}_2) \quad (80\% \text{H}_2)$$

$$(\quad) \quad (\text{O}_2) \quad (\text{H}_2) \quad (\quad) \quad (350\text{kN/m}^3) \quad (38^\circ\text{C})$$

$$: \quad : \quad (393 \text{ K})$$

$$C_{p\text{H}_2} = 14.4 \text{ kJ/kg.K}, \quad C_{v\text{H}_2} = 10.4 \text{ kJ/kg.K},$$

$$C_{p\text{O}_2} = 0.92 \text{ kJ/kg.K}, \quad C_{v\text{O}_2} = 0.67 \text{ kJ/kg.K}.$$

(1)

$$\frac{m_{\text{H}_2}}{m} = \frac{M_{\text{H}_2} \cdot \frac{V_{\text{H}_2}}{V}}{\sum M_i \frac{V_i}{V}}$$

$$= \frac{2 \times 0.8}{2 \times 0.8 + 32 \times 0.2} = 0.2$$

$$\frac{m_{\text{O}_2}}{m} = \frac{M_{\text{O}_2} \cdot \frac{V_{\text{O}_2}}{V}}{\sum M_i \frac{V_i}{V}}$$

$$= \frac{32 \times 0.8}{2 \times 0.8 + 32 \times 0.2} = 0.8$$

$$C_p = \frac{\sum m_i C_{p_i}}{\sum m_i} = \frac{m_{\text{H}_2} C_{p\text{H}_2} + m_{\text{O}_2} C_{p\text{O}_2}}{m}$$

$$= \frac{m_{\text{H}_2} C_{p\text{H}_2}}{m} + \frac{m_{\text{O}_2} C_{p\text{O}_2}}{m}$$

$$= \frac{m_{\text{H}_2}}{m} C_{p\text{H}_2} + \frac{m_{\text{O}_2}}{m} C_{p\text{O}_2}$$

$$= 0.2 \times 14.4 + 0.8 \times 0.92$$

$$= 3.616 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$C_v = \frac{m_{\text{H}_2}}{m} C_{v\text{H}_2} + \frac{m_{\text{O}_2}}{m} C_{v\text{O}_2}$$

$$= 0.2 \times 10.4 + 0.8 \times 0.67$$

$$= 2.616 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$R = C_p - C_v = 3.616 - 2.616$$

$$= 1 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$m = \frac{PV}{RT} = \frac{350 \times 0.7}{1.311}$$

$$= 0.787 \text{ kg}$$

$$\frac{m_{\text{H}_2}}{m} = 0.2 \Rightarrow m_{\text{H}_2} = 0.2.m$$

$$= 0.2 \times 0.787$$

$$= 0.157 \text{ kg}$$

$$\frac{m_{\text{O}_2}}{m} = 0.8 \Rightarrow m_{\text{O}_2} = 0.8.m$$

$$= 0.8 \times 0.787$$

$$= 0.629 \text{ kg}$$

(2)

$$Q = m C_p (T_2 - T_1)$$

$$= 0.787 \times 3.616 \times (393 - 311)$$

$$= 233.35 \text{ kJ}$$

(10.26)

(3 mol CO) (5 mol H<sub>2</sub>) (2 mol O<sub>2</sub>)

: . (17°C) (24 bar)

: . ( ) .(R) ( ) . ( ) . ( )

**M<sub>O<sub>2</sub></sub>=32, M<sub>H<sub>2</sub></sub>=2, M<sub>CO</sub>=28.**

$$\frac{V_{O_2}}{V} = \frac{N_{O_2}}{N} = \frac{2}{2+5+3} = 0.2$$

$$\frac{V_{H_2}}{V} = \frac{N_{H_2}}{N} = \frac{5}{10} = 0.5$$

$$\frac{V_{CO}}{V} = \frac{N_{CO}}{N} = \frac{3}{10} = 0.3$$

$$\begin{aligned} M &= \frac{V_{O_2}}{V} M_{O_2} + \frac{V_{H_2}}{V} M_{H_2} + \frac{V_{CO}}{V} M_{CO} \\ &= 0.2 \times 32 + 0.5 \times 2 + 0.3 \times 28 \\ &= 15.8 \text{ kg/kmol} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} R &= \frac{\bar{R}}{M} = \frac{8.314}{15.8} \\ &= 0.526 \text{ kJ/kg.K} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P_{O_2} &= P \frac{N_{O_2}}{N} \\ &= 24 \times 0.2 = 4.8 \text{ bar} \end{aligned}$$

$$P_{H_2} = P \frac{N_{H_2}}{N} = 24 \times 0.5 = 12 \text{ bar}$$

$$P_{CO} = P \frac{N_{CO}}{N} = 24 \times 0.3 = 7.2 \text{ bar}$$

$$W_i = \frac{M_i X_i}{\sum M_i X_i}$$

$$\begin{aligned} W_{O_2} &= \frac{32 \times 0.2}{32 \times 0.2 + 2.0 \times 5 + 28 \times 0.3} \\ &= 40.5\% \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} W_{H_2} &= \frac{2 \times 0.5}{32 \times 0.2 + 2 \times 0.5 + 28 \times 0.3} \\ &= 6.3\% \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} W_{CO} &= \frac{28 \times 0.3}{32 \times 0.2 + 2 \times 0.5 + 28 \times 0.3} \\ &= 53.1\% \end{aligned}$$

(10.27)

.(Air=7 Moles) (CO=4Moles) (N<sub>2</sub>=3Moles) (He=2Moles)

: . ( ) ( ) :

	He	N <sub>2</sub>	CO	O <sub>2</sub>
M(kg/kmol)	4	28	28	32

$$\frac{N_i}{N} = \frac{V_i}{V}$$

$$\frac{N_{He}}{N} = \frac{N_{He}}{V} = \frac{2}{2+3+4+7} = 0.125$$

$$\frac{N_{N_2}}{N} = \frac{VN_2}{V} = \frac{3}{16} = 0.1875$$

$$\frac{N_{CO}}{N} = \frac{VN_2}{V} = \frac{4}{16} = 0.25$$

$$\frac{N_{O_2}}{N} = \frac{VO_2}{V} = \frac{7}{16} = 0.437$$

$$m_i = M_i \cdot N_i$$

$$m_{He} = 4.2 \times 10^{-3} = 0.008 \text{ kg}$$

$$m_{N_2} = 28.3 \times 10^{-3} = 0.084 \text{ kg}$$

$$m_{CO} = 28.4 \times 10^{-3} = 0.112 \text{ kg}$$

$$m_{O_2} = 32 \times 7 \times 10^{-3} = 0.224 \text{ kg}$$

$$m = \sum m_i = 0.428 \text{ kg}$$

$$W_i = \frac{m_i}{M_T}$$

$$W_{He} = \frac{0.008}{0.428} = 1.87\%$$

-:

$$W_{N_2} = 19.626\% , W_{CO} = 26.17\% , W_{O_2} = 52.336\%$$

(10.28)

(27°C)

(2 kg)

(1.5 bar)

. (50% O<sub>2</sub>) (25% CO<sub>2</sub>) (5% H<sub>2</sub>) (20% CO)

( ) . ( ) . ( ) . ( )

	CO	H <sub>2</sub>	CO <sub>2</sub>	O <sub>2</sub>
Cp(kJ/kg.K)	1.04	14.4	0.82	0.9
N	28	2	44	32

$W_i = \frac{m_i}{\sum m_i} \Rightarrow m_1 = W_i \cdot \sum m_i$ $m_{CO} = 0.2 \times 2 = 0.4 \text{ kg}$ $m_{H_2} = 0.1 \text{ kg}, m_{CO_2} = 0.5 \text{ kg},$ $m_{O_2} = 1 \text{ kg}$ $M_i = \frac{m_i}{N_i} \Rightarrow N_i = \frac{m_i}{M_i}$ $N_{CO} = \frac{0.4}{28} = 0.0143 \text{ kmoles}$ $N_{H_2} = \frac{0.1}{2} = 0.05 \text{ kmoles}$ $N_{CO_2} = \frac{0.5}{44} = 0.011364 \text{ kmoles}$ $N_{O_2} = \frac{1}{32} = 0.03125 \text{ kmoles}$ $N = 0.1060 \text{ kmoles}$ $\frac{V_{CO}}{V} = \frac{V_{CO}}{N} = \frac{0.0143}{0.1069} = 0.134$ $\frac{V_{H_2}}{VT} = \frac{V_{H_2}}{N} = \frac{0.05}{0.1069} = 0.468$ $\frac{V_{CO_2}}{VT} = \frac{N_{CO_2}}{NT} = \frac{0.011364}{0.1069} = 0.1063$ $\frac{V_{O_2}}{VT} = \frac{N_{O_2}}{NT} = \frac{0.03125}{0.1069} = 0.29233$		$M = \sum \frac{V_i}{V} M_i$ $= 3.742 + 0.9354 + 4.6772 + 9.353$ $= 18.704 \text{ kg/kmol}$ $R = \frac{\bar{R}}{M} = \frac{8.314}{18.704} = 0.4445 \text{ kJ/kg.k}$ $P_i = \frac{V_i}{V} \cdot P$ $P_{CO} = 0.134 \times 150 = 20.046 \text{ kN/m}^2$ $P_{H_2} = 0.468 \times 150 = 70.16 \text{ kN/m}^2$ $P_{CO_2} = 0.1063 \times 150 = 15.945 \text{ kN/m}^2$ $P_{O_2} = 0.2923 \times 150 = 43.85 \text{ kN/m}^2$ $C_p = \frac{\sum m_i C_{pi}}{\sum m_i}$ $= \frac{0.4 \times 1.04 + 0.1 \times 14.4 + 0.5 \times 0.82 + 1 \times 0.9}{2}$ $= 1.583 \text{ kJ/kg.k}$ $C_v = C_p - R = 1.583 - 0.4445$ $= 1.1385 \text{ kJ/kg.k}$ $\gamma = \frac{C_p}{C_v} = \frac{1.583}{1.1385} = 1.39$ $P_2 = P_1 \left( \frac{V_1}{V_2} \right)^\gamma = 150 \left( \frac{2}{1} \right)^{1.39} = 3.9323 \text{ bar}$
---	--	---

(356)

(10.29)

$$(0.7 \text{ m}^3)$$

$$(90^\circ\text{C}) \quad (7 \text{ bar})$$

$$T = 90 + 273 = 363 \text{ K } T' =$$

$$P = P' = 7 \text{ bar}, P_{O_2} = P_{N_2}$$

$$P = P_{O_2} + P_{N_2} = 3.5 + 3.5 = 7 \text{ bar}$$

$$V_{O_2} = V_{N_2} = 0.7 \text{ m}^3$$

$$R_{O_2} = \frac{\bar{R}}{M} = \frac{8.314}{32} = 0.26 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$R_{N_2} = \frac{\bar{R}}{M} = \frac{8.314}{28} = 0.297 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$m_{O_2} = \frac{PV}{RT} = \frac{350 \times 1.4}{0.26 \times 363} = 5.2 \text{ kg}$$

$$m_{N_2} = \frac{PV}{R} = \frac{350 \times 1.4}{0.297 \times 363} = 4.55 \text{ kg}$$

$$\Delta S = m_{O_2} R_{O_2} \ln \frac{P}{P_{O_2}} + m_{N_2} R_{N_2} \ln \frac{P}{P_{N_2}}$$

$$= (5.2 \times 0.26 + 4.55 \times 0.297) \ln \frac{7}{3.5}$$

$$= 1.87 \text{ kJ/kg}$$





(10.32)

$$\begin{array}{llll}
 (\text{O}_2) & & (1.4\text{m}^3) & \\
 (2 \text{ bar}) & (\text{CO}_2) & (150^\circ\text{C}) & (7 \text{ bar}) \\
 : & & & (15^\circ\text{C}) \\
 & & & -1 \\
 & & & -2
 \end{array}$$

$$C_{p\text{O}_2} = 0.656 \text{ kJ/kg.K},$$

$$C_{p\text{CO}_2} = 0.643 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$R_{\text{O}_2} = \frac{\bar{R}}{M_{\text{O}_2}} = \frac{8.314}{32}$$

$$= 0.26 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$C_{v\text{O}_2} = C_{p\text{O}_2} - R_{\text{O}_2} = 0.656 - 0.26$$

$$= 0.396 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$R_{\text{CO}_2} = \frac{\bar{R}}{M_{\text{CO}_2}} = \frac{8.314}{44}$$

$$= 0.189 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$C_{v\text{CO}_2} = C_{p\text{CO}_2} - R_{\text{CO}_2} = 0.643 - 0.189$$

$$= 0.454 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$N_{\text{O}_2} = \frac{PV}{RT} = \frac{700 \times 1.4}{8.314 \times 423} = 0.279 \text{ kmol}$$

$$N_{\text{CO}_2} = \frac{PV}{RT} = \frac{200 \times 1.4}{8.314 \times 288} = 0.117 \text{ kmol}$$

$$m_{\text{O}_2} = MN = 32 \times 0.279 = 8.928 \text{ kg}$$

$$m_{\text{CO}_2} = MN = 44 \times 0.117 = 5.148 \text{ kg}$$

$$Q - W = \Delta U = 0$$

$$U_m = U_a + U_b$$

$$T_m (m_a C_{v_a} + m_b C_{v_b}) = m_a C_{v_a} T_a + m_b C_{v_b} T_b$$

$$T_m = \frac{m_a C_{v_a} T_a + m_b C_{v_b} T_b}{m_a C_{v_a} + m_b C_{v_b}}$$

$$= \frac{8.928 \times 0.396 \times 423 + 5.148 \times 0.454 \times 288}{8.928 \times 0.396 + 5.148 \times 0.454}$$

$$= \frac{2168.6}{5.873} = 369 \text{ K}$$

$$M_{\text{O}_2} = 32 \text{ kg/kmol}$$

$$M_{\text{CO}_2} = 44 \text{ kg/kmol.}$$

$$N_T = 0.279 + 0.117 = 0.396 \text{ kmol}$$

$$P_m = \frac{N_T \bar{R} T}{V} = \frac{0.396 \times 8.314 \times 369}{100 \times 2.8}$$

$$= 4.04 \text{ bar}$$

(a)

$$\Delta S_i = m_i \left( C_{v_i} \ln \frac{T_m}{T_i} + R_i \ln \frac{V_m}{V_i} \right)$$

$$= 8.928 \left( 0.396 \ln \frac{369}{423} + 0.26 \ln \frac{2.8}{1.4} \right)$$

$$= 1.126 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

(b)

$$\Delta S_i = m_i \left( C_{v_i} \ln \frac{T_m}{T_i} + R_i \ln \frac{V_m}{V_i} \right)$$

$$= 5.148 \left( 0.454 \ln \frac{369}{288} + 0.189 \ln \frac{2.8}{1.4} \right)$$

$$= 1.1254 \text{ kJ/K}$$

$$\Delta S = \Delta S_a + \Delta S_b$$

$$= 1.126 + 1.254 = 2.4 \text{ kJ/K}$$

(10.33)

(3)

(21% O<sub>2</sub>)

γ, R, Cv, Cp, cv, cp

(95°C) (1bar)

(79% N<sub>2</sub>)

(1kg)

N<sub>CH4</sub>=1, N<sub>O2</sub>=3 :

$$N_{CH_4} = 1, \quad N_{O_2} = 3$$

$$\frac{N_{N_2}}{N_{O_2}} = \frac{V_{N_2}}{V_{O_2}} = \frac{0.79}{0.21} = \frac{N_{N_2}}{3}$$

$$N_{N_2} = 3 \times \frac{79}{21} = 11.286$$

$$N_T = 11.286 + 1 + 3 = 15.286$$

$$\begin{aligned} C_{p_m} &= \sum \frac{N_i}{N} \cdot C_{p_i} \\ &= \frac{1}{15.286} \times 35.797 + \frac{3}{15.286} \times 129.341 \\ &\quad + \frac{11.286}{15.286} \times 29.14 \\ &= 29.624 \text{ kJ/kmol.K} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} C_v &= C_p - \bar{R} = 29.624 - 8.314 \\ &= 21.31 \text{ kJ/Kmol.k} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} M_T &= \sum \frac{N_i}{N} \cdot M_i \\ &= \frac{1 \times 16}{15.286} + \frac{3 \times 32}{15.286} + \frac{11.286 \times 28}{15.286} = 28 \end{aligned}$$

$$c_p = \frac{C_p}{M} = \frac{29.624}{28} = 1.058 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$c_v = \frac{C_v}{M} = \frac{21.31}{28} = 0.761 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$R = \frac{\bar{R}}{M} = \frac{8314.4}{28} = 296.94 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

Cv	Cp	:
20.825	29.14	N <sub>2</sub>
21.076	129.341	O <sub>2</sub>
27.48	35.797	CH <sub>4</sub>

$$\gamma = \frac{C_p}{C_v} = \frac{1.058}{0.761} = 1.39$$

$$P_2 = P_1 \left( \frac{V_1}{V_2} \right)^\gamma = 1.5^{1.39} = 9.4 \text{ bar}$$

$$\begin{aligned} T_2 &= T_1 \left( \frac{V_1}{V_2} \right)^{\gamma-1} \\ &= 368(5)^{0.39} = 689 \text{ K} = 416^\circ \text{ C} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Delta s_{12} = s_2 - s_1 = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta \mu_{12} &= \mu_2 - \mu_1 = C_v(T_2 - T_1) \\ &= 0.761(415 - 95) = 241 \text{ kJ/kg} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} q_{12} - w_{12} &= \Delta \mu_{12} = \mu_2 - \mu_1 - W_{12} \\ &\quad - w_{12} = \mu_2 - \mu_1 \end{aligned}$$

$$w_{12} = \mu_1 - \mu_2 = -241 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

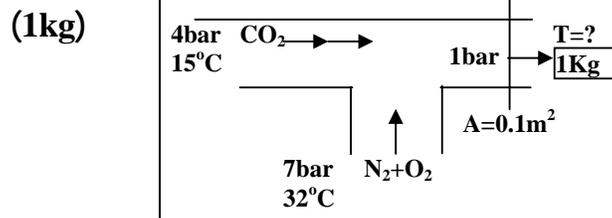
(361)

(10.34)

CO (1) (3)  
(O<sub>2</sub>) (N<sub>2</sub>) : (1 bar) (15°C) (4bar) CO  
(32°C) (7 bar) (1)  
(2)  
(1 kg/min) (CO) (3)  
(0.1 m<sup>2</sup>) (4)

Cp O<sub>2</sub>=0.9182 , Cp N<sub>2</sub>=1.04, Cp CO=1.041 kJ/kg.K

-:



$$\frac{m_{\text{air}}}{m_{\text{co}}} = 3, \quad \frac{m_{\text{co}}}{m} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\therefore m_{\text{air}} = 0.75\text{kg}$$

$$m_{\text{co}} = 0.25\text{kg}$$

-:

$$0.233\text{O}_2, 0.767 \text{N}_2$$

$$m_{\text{O}_2} = 0.233 \times 0.75 = 0.175\text{kg}$$

$$m_{\text{N}_2} = 0.767 \times 0.75 = 0.575\text{g}$$

=

$$(\sum mihi)_{\text{in}} = (\sum mihi)_{\text{out}}$$

$$\Rightarrow 0.175 \times 0.9182 \times 305 + 0.575 \times 1.05 \times 305$$

$$+ 0.25 \times 1.041 \times 288$$

$$= T(0.175 \times 0.9182 + 0.575 \times 1.04$$

$$+ 0.25 \times 1.041)$$

$$306.351 = 1.0189T$$

$$\therefore T = 300.7\text{K}$$

	$\frac{P_i}{P} = \frac{N_i}{N}$	$\frac{N_i}{N}$	$N = \frac{m}{M}$	
$P_{\text{O}_2}$	=0.156bar	0.1565	$\frac{0.175}{32} = 0.00547$	$\text{O}_2$
$P_{\text{N}_2}$	=0.588bar	0.588	$\frac{0.575}{28} = 0.0205$	$\text{N}_2$
$P_{\text{CO}}$	=0.255bar	0.2556	$\frac{0.25}{28} = 0.00893$	$\text{CO}$
			$N_T = 0.03494$	

$$\Delta s = \sum \Delta s_i$$

$$m = 0.175, T_1 = 305\text{K}$$

$$T_2 = 300.7\text{K}, P_1 = 7 \times 0.21$$

$$= 1.47\text{bar}, P_2 = 0.156\text{bar}$$

$$\therefore \Delta S_{\text{O}_2} = m(C_v \ln \frac{T_2}{T_1} + R \ln \frac{V_2}{V_1})$$

$$= m(C_p \ln \frac{T_2}{T_1} + R \ln \frac{P_1}{P_2})$$

$$= 0.175(0.9182 \ln \frac{300.7}{305} + \frac{8.314}{32} \ln \frac{1.47}{0.156})$$

$$= 0.1\text{kJ/K}$$

-:

$$m = 0.598, T_1 = 305\text{K}$$

$$T_2 = 300.7\text{K}, P_2 = 7 \times 0.79 = 5.53\text{bar},$$

$$P_1 = 0.588\text{bar}$$

$$\therefore \Delta S_{\text{N}_2} = m(C_p \ln \frac{T_2}{T_1} + R \ln \frac{P_2}{P_1})$$

$$= 0.598(1.04 \ln \frac{300.7}{305} + \frac{8.314}{28} \ln \frac{5.53}{0.588})$$

$$= 1.66\text{kJ/K}$$

-:CO -

$$m = 0.25, T_1 = 288\text{K}$$

$$T_2 = 300.7\text{K}, P_1 = 4\text{bar},$$

$$P_2 = 0.2556\text{bar}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\therefore \Delta s_{\text{co}} &= m(C_p \ln \frac{T_2}{T_1} + R \ln \frac{P_2}{P_1}) \\ &= 0.25(1.041 \ln \frac{300.7}{305} + \frac{8.314}{28} \ln \frac{0.2556}{4}) \\ &= -0.2\text{kJ/K}\end{aligned}$$

$$(\Delta S)_{\text{total}} = \sum \Delta S_i = 1.55\text{kJ/K}$$

(4)

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{m_{\text{CO}}}{m_{\text{T}}} &= \frac{1}{4} \Rightarrow 1\text{kg}(\text{CO}) \\ &= 4\text{kg}(\text{mixture})\end{aligned}$$

$$N = 4 \times 0.03494 = \therefore$$

$$\begin{aligned}\dot{V} &= \frac{NRT}{P} \\ &= \frac{4 \times 0.03494 \times 8.314 \times 300.7}{100}, \\ &= 3.494\text{m}^3/\text{min}\end{aligned}$$

$$\dot{V} = C.A$$

$$\begin{aligned}C &= \frac{\dot{V}}{A} = \frac{3.49\text{m}^3/\text{min}}{0.1\text{m}^2} \\ &= 34.9\text{m}^3/\text{min} \\ &= 0.58\text{m/s}\end{aligned}$$

(10.35)

$$\begin{array}{lll}
 (0.03\text{m}^3) & (7 \text{ bar}) (32 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}) & (0.3\text{m}^3) \\
 : & (21 \text{ bar}) (15 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}) & \text{O}_2 \\
 \gamma, M, R, & (4). & (2). & (1) \\
 & & (6). & (5) \cdot C_v, C_p \\
 & & & (10 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}) \\
 .(0.21 \text{ O}_2) & (0.79 \text{ N}_2) & & 
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 m_{\text{O}_2} &= \frac{PV}{RT} = \frac{700 \times 0 \times 3 \times 0.21}{\frac{8.314}{32} \times 305} \\
 &= 0.5565\text{kg}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 m_{\text{N}_2} &= \frac{PV}{RT} = \frac{700 \times 0.3 \times 0.79}{\frac{8.314}{28} \times 305} \\
 &= 1.8318\text{kg}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 m_{\text{O}_2} &= \frac{Pv}{RT} = \frac{100 \times 0.03}{\frac{8.314}{32} \times 288} \\
 &= 0.8419\text{kg}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 U_1 &= U_2 = [(m_{\text{O}_2})_1 T_1 + (m_{\text{O}_2})_2 T_2] C_{v\text{O}_2} \\
 &+ m_{\text{N}_2} C_{v\text{N}_2} T_1 \\
 &= (0.5565 \times 305 + 0.8419 \times 228) \times 0.6586 \\
 &+ 1.8318 \times 0.7436 \times 305 \\
 &= 686.923\text{kJ} = U_2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 U_2 &= (m_{\text{O}_2} C_{v\text{O}_2} + m_{\text{N}_2} C_{v\text{N}_2}) T \\
 T &= \frac{686.923}{(0.5565 + 0.8419)0.586 + 1.8318 \times 0.71 \times 36} \\
 &= 300.9\text{K}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 P_{\text{O}_2} &= \frac{m_{\text{O}_2} R_{\text{O}_2} T}{V_{\text{O}_2}} = \frac{(0.5565 + 0.8419)}{0.33} \\
 &\times \frac{8314.4}{32} \times 30 = 3.313\text{bar}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 P_{\text{N}_2} &= \frac{1.8318 \times 8314.4}{28.0.33} \times 300.9 \\
 &= 8.273\text{bar}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 N_i &= \frac{m_i}{M_i}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$N_{\text{O}_2} = \frac{1.3984}{32} = 0.0427$$

$$N_{\text{N}_2} = \frac{1.8318}{28} = 0.0654$$

$$N_T = 0.10912$$

$$\frac{V_{\text{O}_2}}{V} = \frac{N_{\text{O}_2}}{N} = \frac{0.0427}{0.10912} \times 100 = 40.1\%$$

$$\frac{V_{\text{N}_2}}{V} = \frac{N_{\text{N}_2}}{N} = \frac{0.0654}{0.10912} = 59.9\%$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 C_{v_m} &= \sum \frac{m_i}{m} C_{vi} \\
 &= \frac{(1.3984 \times 0.6586 + 1.8318 \times 0.743)}{3.2303} \\
 &= 0.7068\text{kJ/kg.K}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 C_{p_m} &= \sum \frac{m_i}{m} C_{pi} \\
 &= \frac{(1.3984 \times 0.9182 + 1.8318 \times 1.04)}{(1.3984 + 1.8318)} \\
 &= 0.9873\text{kJ/kg.K}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$R_m = C_p - C_v = 0.2805$$

$$M = \frac{\bar{R}}{R} = \frac{8314.4}{280.5} = 29.64$$

$$\gamma = C_p / C_v = 1.3969$$

(365)

$$m_{o_2} = 0.5565 \text{Kg} \times T_1 = 305 \text{K} \times T_2 = 300.9 \text{K}$$

$$V_1 = 0.3 \text{m}^3, V_2 = 0.33 \text{m}^3$$

$$\Delta S_i = m(C_v \ln \frac{T_2}{T_1} + R \ln \frac{v_2}{v_1})$$

$$\Delta S_1 = 0.5565(0.6586 \ln \frac{300.9}{305} + \frac{8.314}{32} \ln \frac{0.33}{0.3})$$

$$= 0.009 \text{kJ/K}$$

$$m_{o_2} = 0.8419 \text{kg} \times T_1 = 288 \text{K} \times T_2 = 300.9 \text{K}$$

$$V_1 = 0.03 \text{m}^3, V_2 = 0.33 \text{m}^3$$

$$\Delta S_2 = 0.8419(0.6586 \ln \frac{300.9}{288} + \frac{8.314}{32} \ln \frac{0.33}{0.03})$$

$$= 0.075 \text{kJ/K}$$

$$-1 \quad m_{N_2} = 1.8318 \text{Kg} \times T_1 = 305 \text{K} \times T_2 = 300.9 \text{K}$$

$$V_1 = 0.3 \text{m}^3, V_2 = 0.33 \text{m}^3$$

$$\Delta S_3 = 1.8318(0.7436 \ln \frac{300.9}{288}$$

$$+ \frac{8.314}{28} \ln \frac{0.33}{0.03}) = 1.342 \text{kJ/K}$$

$$(\Delta S)_{\text{total}} = \Delta S_1 + \Delta S_2 + \Delta S_3 = 1.1426 \text{kJ/Kg}$$

$$10^\circ \text{C}$$

$$U_2 - U_1 = m C_v (T_2 - T_1)$$

$$-2 \quad = (0.5565 + 0.8419 + 1.8318) \times 0.7068(10 - 27.7) = -40.4 \text{kJ}$$

$$\Delta H = m C_p \Delta T$$

$$= 3.23 \times 0.9873(10 - 27.7)$$

$$= -56.4 \text{kJ}$$

$$\Delta \mu = \frac{\Delta U}{m} = \frac{-40.4}{3.23} = -12.5 \text{kJ}$$

$$\Delta h = \frac{\Delta H}{m} = \frac{-56.4}{3.23} = -17.45 \text{kJ}$$

-3

\*

\*

(10.1)

(1.5) (5 Moles CO<sub>2</sub>) (10 Moles N<sub>2</sub>) (5 Moles O<sub>2</sub>)  
(2 bar) (23 °C)

(3) (2) (1)

	O <sub>2</sub>	N <sub>2</sub>	CO <sub>2</sub>
<b>Cv (kJ/kg.K)</b>	<b>0.65</b>	<b>0.727</b>	<b>0.639</b>
<b>M (kg/kmol)</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>44</b>
		<b>(66.05kJ,</b>	<b>90.9kJ, 0.246m<sup>3</sup>) :</b>

(10.2)

(4 bar) (150 °C)  
(14% CO<sub>2</sub>) (5% O<sub>2</sub>) (81% N<sub>2</sub>) :  
(15°C) (2.3 kg)

**MO<sub>2</sub>=32 kg/kmol, M CO<sub>2</sub>=44 kg/kmol, M N<sub>2</sub>=28 kg/kmol**  
**(0.453m<sup>3</sup>,3.24bar,0.20bar,0.56bar,0.745,0.053,0.202):**

(10.3)

(30% O<sub>2</sub>)  
(295kJ/kg)  
(20°C) (1.02 bar)  
(1) : (MO<sub>2</sub>=32kg/kmol, Cv N<sub>2</sub>=0.754kJ/kg.K, MN<sub>2</sub>=28kg/kmol)  
(3). (2)

**(67.1%, 32.9%, 0.714bar, 0.306bar, 0.645 kJ/kg.K):**

(10.4)

(40kg/kmol) (Ar) (4kg/kmol) (He) (1.2Kg/m<sup>3</sup>)  
 :  
 (3) (2) (1)  
**(94.56%, 5.43%, 0.365, 0.635, 0.309kJ/kg.K):**

(10.5)

(1bar) (Cv=14.3kJ/kg.K) (12mole H<sub>2</sub>)  
 (CO<sub>2</sub>) (15°C)  
 (2.45bar) (Cp=0.84kJ/kg.K)  
 : (40°C)  
 (Cp,Cv) (2) (CO<sub>2</sub>) ( ) (1)  
 (3)  
**(-0.557KJ, 0.983KJ/kg.K, 1.311KJ/kg.K, 15.05moles, 0.66kg):**

(10.6)

(4 moles O<sub>2</sub>) (6mol N<sub>2</sub>) (3moles CO<sub>2</sub>)  
 (300 °C) (20 bar)  
 :  
 (2) (1)  
 : (γ)(5) (4) (3)  

	CO <sub>2</sub>	O <sub>2</sub>	N <sub>2</sub>
<b>Cp (kJ/kg.K)</b>	<b>0.85</b>	<b>0.97</b>	<b>1.039</b>
<b>M (kg/kmol)</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>28</b>

**(1.36, 0.707kJ/kg.K, 0.074kJ/K, 42.5kJ, 300°C, 10bar,0.06m<sup>3</sup>):**

(10.7)

(1 bar) .(3.5 kmol Air) (1 kmol CO<sub>2</sub>)  
 : .(79% N<sub>2</sub>) (21% O<sub>2</sub>) .(15°C)  
 ( ) . ( ) . ( ) . ( )  
 : . ( ) .(Rm)

**M<sub>c</sub>=12kg/kmol, M<sub>O<sub>2</sub></sub> =32kg/kmol, M<sub>N<sub>2</sub></sub>=28 kmol.**

**(0.744m<sup>3</sup>/kg, 0.258kJ/kg.K, 32.2kg/kmol, 8.27%, 145.05kg):**

(10.8)

.(80% N<sub>2</sub>) (10% O<sub>2</sub>) (10% CO<sub>2</sub>)  
 (7) (PV<sup>1.25</sup>=C.) (1000°C)  
 : .  
 : (1 kg) (2) . (1)

	CO <sub>2</sub>	O <sub>2</sub>	N <sub>2</sub>
<b>M (kg/kmol)</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>28</b>

**(543kJ/kg, 0.747, 0.107, 0.147):**

(10.9)

(2.765 kmol) (0.735 kmol O<sub>2</sub>) (1 kmol CO<sub>2</sub>)  
 : .(15°C) (1 bar)  
 (3). (2). N<sub>2</sub>, O<sub>2</sub>, CO<sub>2</sub> (1)  
 : .(m<sup>3</sup>/kg) (4). (M)

**M<sub>CO<sub>2</sub></sub>=44, M<sub>O<sub>2</sub></sub>=32, M<sub>N<sub>2</sub></sub>=28**

**(0.7435m<sup>3</sup>/kg, 0.2581kJ/kg.K, 32.2,8.27%, 145.05kg, 77.5kg, 23.55kg, 44kg):**

(10.10)

(.75% C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>10</sub>) (15% N<sub>2</sub>) (10% H<sub>2</sub>)  
(6.5)

(1m<sup>3</sup>/s) (1m<sup>3</sup>/s) (27°C) (1 bar)  
(23.3%) ( )

	<b>O<sub>2</sub></b>	<b>N<sub>2</sub></b>	<b>H<sub>2</sub></b>	<b>C</b>
<b>M (kg/kmol)</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>12</b>

(23.3m<sup>3</sup>/s):

(10.11)

(90% C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>8</sub>) (27°C) (0.5 m<sup>3</sup>/s)  
(79% N<sub>2</sub>) (45°C) (10% H<sub>2</sub>)  
(H<sub>2</sub>) (1kg) (O<sub>2</sub>) (5kg) (1kg) (21% O<sub>2</sub>)  
: (1.1bar) (O<sub>2</sub>) (10kg)  
(m<sup>3</sup>/s) ( ) (m<sup>3</sup>/s) ( )

	<b>O<sub>2</sub></b>	<b>N<sub>2</sub></b>	<b>C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>8</sub></b>	<b>H<sub>2</sub></b>
<b>Cp (kJ/kg.K)</b>	<b>0.92</b>	<b>1.04</b>	<b>1.69</b>	<b>14.3</b>
<b>M (kg/kmol)</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>2</b>

(76.432, 20.317, 2.926, 0.325, 16.235m<sup>3</sup>/s, 316.67K, 15.77m<sup>3</sup>/s):



(10.14)

(71% N<sub>2</sub>) (19% O<sub>2</sub>) (10% CH<sub>4</sub>)  
(7bar) : (0,2m<sup>3</sup>) (25°C) (1bar)  
: : (2) . (1)

	O <sub>2</sub>	N <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>4</sub>
Cp (kJ/kg.K)	0.92	1.04	2.23
M (kg/kmol)	32	28	16

(0.721, 0.22, 0.05, -37.15kJ):

(10.15)

(1bar) (55% N<sub>2</sub>) (5% O<sub>2</sub>) (40% CO<sub>2</sub>)  
: : (2m<sup>3</sup>) (25°C)  
: : (3) . (γ) (2) . (1)

	CO <sub>2</sub>	O <sub>2</sub>	N <sub>2</sub>
Cp (kJ/kg.K)	0.846	0.92	0.743
M (kg/kmol)	44	32	28

(0.445kg, 0.046kg, 0.5kg, 1.428, 1.232kg, 0.128kg, 1.408kg):

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