

Effect of Conventional Multistage Savonius wind Turbines on the Performance of the Turbine at Low Wind Velocity

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Abstract--- This paper presents a model for the evaluation of the optimal design of Savonius vertical wind turbine by CFD analysis and experimental tests, through analyzing the stage number, number of blades and tip speed ratio. For this purpose, a full validation campaign has been carried out through a systematic comparison of numerical simulations with wind tunnel experiments data and other references for grid dependency and correlation coefficient. In this case, results show that the correlation coefficient (0.936) better than the correlation coefficient (0.93) in reference [17]. Also, grid dependency was included and described by average y^+ values between 1-5. The experiments were done for all Savonius wind turbine models by using a subsonic wind tunnel under open type test section with airflow speed was 3 m/s and different tip speed ratio TSR. The results show that the power coefficient C_p increases when TSR increases to a certain value then decreases for all models. The torque coefficient CT decreases when TSR increases for all models. Savonius wind turbine performance with two blades rotor good agreement was obtained between experimental and numerical results gave better results than other models at low wind speed. The maximum experimental C_p and CT for two brackets rotor are 0.23 at TSR 0.685 and 0.402 at TSR 0.175 respectively.

Keywords--- Savonius Wind Turbine, Multistage, Multi Blades, Two Stage, Low Wind Velocity.

Nomenclature		PAV	available power in the wind (W)
A	swept area of turbine (m^2)	PT	power produced from turbine (W)
C_p	power coefficient	P	static pressure
CT	torque coefficient	T	dynamic torque (N.m)
CTs	static torque coefficient	Ta	ambient temperature (K)
d	Blade chord length (mm)	Tor	torque (N.m)
D	rotor diameter (mm)	Ts	static torque (N.m)
Do	end plate diameter (mm)	TSR	tip speed ratio
e	overlap distance (mm)	\vec{u}	relative velocity of fluid
F	force (N)	V	free stream velocity (m/s)
H	blade height (mm)	RANS	Reynolds Averaged Navier-Stokes
H1	Stage one height (mm)	SST	Shear Stress Transport
H2	Stage two height (mm)	VAWT	Vertical axis wind turbine
n	number of experimental results	WT	Wind Turbine
R	radius of turbine rotor	$\vec{\Omega}$	rotational speed (rpm)
R^2	correlation coefficient	μ	viscosity(Pa.s)
Rg	gas constant (287 J/kg.K)	ρ	air density (kg/m^3)
\vec{r}	position vector	ω	angular velocity (rad/s)
rp	radius of pulley (mm)	Sui	Centrifugal and Coriolis force
Patm	atmospheric pressure (Pa)	τ_{ij}	Average shear stress